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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1900. LAST EDITION TWO CENTS

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At French & Bassett's for all you want. You need not have the cash to take advantage of the excellent bargains this store offers.

A large volume of business is what makes low prices possible. It is a fact that the sales here are as large as all similar Duluth stores combined—thus it is possible to sell each article at a small percentage of profit.

This store is run on a liberal plan and offers its customers the best of treatment under all circumstances.

That is why it has so many customers.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS. DULUTH, MINN.

Modern Houses in East End—
We have several for sale at low prices.
EAST SIDE AND WEST DULUTH—
Many houses in these suburbs cheap.
Acres and Business Property a specialty.
FOR RENT—
Well rented 2-story stores on Superior Street; rent in one year. Twenty-third avenue west, near side.
Offices in Masonic Block.
$1250
$1000
$1600
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5 per cent Money to Loan.
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We are Candidates for Campaign Printing Or anything else in our line. Best Work. Quickest Time.
PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Prompt Printers.

$5500 Will buy the nine-room modern dwelling, situated at 1508 E. Superior St. This is a bargain.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor, Providence Bldg.

Northern Security Company DULUTH & WEST DULUTH
We have a buyer for a good, modern house.
BARGAINS OFFERED:
Full East End Lot and Stone Foundation. East Third Street Lot, near Court House. East Sixth Street Corner.
OFFICES Banking Room, First Floor Paulsen Bldg. Merchants Bank Building, West Duluth.
CONSOLIDATED STOCK.

I WANT TO SEE these people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Why is Electric Light Best?
Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.
HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.
Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Superior St.

OFFICE SUPPLIES. The best line in the city.
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR, 323 W. Sup. St.

Ladies' Writing Desks—
Just received a lot of new styles, very tasty and attractive, very reasonable.
Ladies' Writing Desks, Mission finish, very tasty $7.50
Ladies' Writing Desks, Birch, Mahogany finish, cross leg, very neat and well worth double the money, for $12.00
Combination Writing Desks and Book Cases, at—
$12, $15, $18, $20 and $23
Folding Beds—
Just received a new lot, newest designs, small prices ..... $14 to $40
On Furniture—
We save you money—let give us a call and convince you.
See Our Hand Bill Circulars Out Today—
Every item is a money-saver to you. Take note of the specials for each day next week. Yours for trade,
R. R. FORWARD & CO.,
2021-23 West Superior St. Duluth, Minn.
Mail orders given prompt attention.
A $55.00 two-seated carriage for sale—only $39.00
A $65.00 Cleveland bicycle for sale—only $39.00

PREPARE TO START

All the Hazleton District Mines Are Getting Ready to Resume.

SOME STANDING OUT

Three Companies Will Probably Try to Start Without Granting Demands.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 27.—Preparations are being made today for the resumption of work at all the collieries in the Hazleton district. The railroads are filling their sidings near the mines with cars and it is expected that when operations are begun again the mines will be kept on full time all winter to supply the greatly depleted coal market.

No notices have yet been posted by G. B. Markle & Co. and Coxe Bros. & Co. offering the men the 10 per cent advance granted by all the other companies, neither has the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company, which offers the 10 per cent advance to abolish the sliding scale. The strikers have been requested to not return to the collieries operated by the three companies, but it is evidently the intention of the latter to start up without granting the concessions granted by the Scranton committee.

President Mitchell left at noon for Scranton, where he will be the guest of breaker boys of the S. H. and A. at breakfast tomorrow.

Shenandoah, Pa., Oct. 27.—Superintendent Thomas Baird of the Thomas Coal company, posted notices today to the effect that his company had agreed to make the same concessions to its mine workers as the Philadelphia, Reading Coal and Iron company.

The Shenandoah colliery at Windham, Pa., is the only one in this vicinity where the notices have not been posted. The men employed there held a meeting last night, at which it was decided to remain on strike until the notices are posted.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 27.—The Pennsylvania Coal company at 1 o'clock this afternoon issued its notices granting 10 per cent increase to its mine employes. Scrip will be issued at numerous towns and Pittston. The company cuts the price of miners' oil in half; puts the price of powder at $2.50 per keg and makes a 25 cents advance per ton for mining the coal. The decrease in powder and the increase for mining coal represents the 10 per cent increase asked for by the mine workers' convention. This brings into line every company in the Lackawanna region.

PROMISED ADVANCE.

Union Coal Company's Employes Are Given an Assurance.

Shamokin, Oct. 27.—A committee representing 400 employes of the Union Coal company waited on Superintendent Ryan-hardt today and was assured that the 10 per cent increase will be granted and all grievances arbitrated. Work will be resumed next Monday.

The miners will make a large demonstration here tonight in honor of the strike ending.

REPUBLICAN BLOW-OUT.

"Prosperity Day" Parade in Chicago a Great Effort.

Chicago, Oct. 27.—Perfect weather favored the "Prosperity day" commercial and industrial parade by the Republicans of Chicago today. Business generally was suspended. More than 100 brass bands furnished the music for the marching thousands. At Michigan avenue and Randolph street the parade formed at 10 a. m. It moved along Washington, Franklin, Madison, Dearborn, Monroe, Market and Adams streets and Jackson boulevard, passing the reviewing stand in Jackson boulevard between Clark and Lasalle streets. Take place honor in the reviewing stand was given to United States Senator Hanna, chairman of the Republican national committee. The senator was accompanied by Vice Chairman Henry C. Payne and National Committeemen Stewart of Illinois, New of Indiana and Kerens of Missouri, United States Senators Cullom and Mason, of Illinois.

Along the route nearly all the business houses, banks and office buildings were profusely decorated with the national colors and banners bearing Republican legends. At the head of the parade were two ponderous elephants each bearing the banners on which was emblazoned in glaring letters "G. O. P.—the real thing." Visiting clubs, among them the American club of Pittsburg, had a place of honor in the line, escorted by the Hamlin club of Chicago. Regiments of men in uniform, drawn from scores of business houses, which together with the banks, stock exchange and board of trade had closed for the occasion, followed. They carried "full dinner pails" and banners. The Women's Republican clubs, conspicuous among which were several representing the large packing houses of the stockyards, made a notable showing, as did the uniformed division of the Cook County Leagues, attired in khaki, under the leadership of Congressman William Lorimer.

Throughout the parade the industrial features were unique. A notable section was the Republican Students' league, made up of delegations from the various universities, law and medical colleges of this city. At various points among the line of march were telephonic stations arranged to carry the sound of cheering and music to distant cities, among which were Cleveland, Detroit, Cincinnati, Pittsburg and St. Louis. At Jackson boulevard and Market street the parade disbanded.

STORMS IN ENGLAND.

Gales With Snow and Rain Cause Serious Floods.

London, Oct. 27.—Violent gales, accompanied by snow and rain, have swept over parts of the country, causing floods. The northern districts of the lowlands are the most severe of the railroads are entirely impassable and trains have water up to the floors of the cars. At Newcastle, Hartlepool, Stockton, South Shields and elsewhere, people have been compelled to seek refuge in the upper stories of their houses, and traffic is carried on by means of boats.

HELD FOR FORGERY

Patrick and Jones, Millionaire Rice's Lawyer and Valet, Bound Over.

THE BAIL IS HEAVY

Bond Fixed at the Sum of Ten Thousand Dollars Each.

New York, Oct. 27.—Magistrate Brann announced his decision today in the case of Albert T. Patrick and Charles F. Jones, counsel and private secretary respectively for the late William M. Rice, holding them to await the action of the grand jury. Bail was fixed at $10,000 each.

The two prisoners are charged with having forged the signature of Mr. Rice, who died in his apartments in Madison avenue under strange circumstances, to a check for $25,000 drawn on the banking firm of Swensen & Sons. The check was made payable to Mr. Patrick. The check was presented at the bank for certification and, owing to an error in the spelling of Patrick's name, held up by the bank's employes. Inquiry at the home of Mr. Rice by telephone disclosed the fact that Mr. Rice had died the day before the check was presented.

POISON IS FOUND.

Expert Discovers Mercury and Arsenic In Rice's Stomach.

New York, Oct. 27.—Professor Witthaus, in his chemical analysis of the stomach of William Marsh Rice, reports that he found mercury and arsenic in the stomach.

EMPRESS ILL.

The Chinese Dowager is In a Serious Condition at Tai-Chuen-Fu.

Tien Tsin, Friday, Oct. 26.—Information has been received from Japanese sources that the empress dowager is seriously ill at Tai-Chuen-Fu and that the most prominent physicians in the empire have been called to attend her.

MICHIGAN AND ILLINOIS.

Close Football Game at Chicago Is Expected.

Chicago, Oct. 27.—The football teams of the Universities of Michigan and Illinois, one composed most of heavy but untried men, the other of comparatively light but experienced veterans, played on Marshfield this afternoon. The game was the first important one in the struggle for the Western championship, and, despite the fact that the game was played on neutral ground, the student bodies of the two varsities were present almost en masse. Both teams had been coached by Princeton graduates, Michigan by "Biff" Lea, and Illinois by Fred Smith, and Holt, the veteran Tiger lineman. Both teams, of late, have shown such excellent form on the defensive that although Michigan, by reason of superior weight and better physical condition, was a slight favorite, no one expected a large score and many believed that Mathews' kicking for Illinois would decide the game for Illinois.

Michigan, always sure in defending, had been carefully coached all week to overcome the one great weakness of the team, fumbling, and it was confidently asserted before the game that this had been accomplished. The teams lined up as follows:

Michigan.	Position.	Illinois.
Redden	left end	Rothgeb
White	left tackle	Pollock
Marks	left guard	Hanson
Wilson	center	Lowenthal
Kelley	right guard	Stahl
Boggs	right tackle	Lundgren
Shaw	right end	Alsit
Maulsby	quarterback	Mathews
Bernstein	left half	Hall
Steele	right half	Cook
Sweeney	full back	Lundgren

ROCKHILL CONFIRMS IT.

He Sends Word of the Suicide of Yu-Hsiang.

Washington, Oct. 27.—From an independent source, Secretary Hay has received confirmatory evidence of the reported suicide of Yu Hsiang, the fanatical governor of the province of Shan-Si, whose punishment was demanded by the powers for the massacre of a large number of missionaries. This message came from Special Commissioner Rockhill, as follows:

Shanghai, Oct. 22.—Have reliable information to the effect Yu Hsiang committed suicide Oct. 22. ROCKHILL."

A dispatch has been received from Mr. Conger disproving the stories of the reactionary tendencies of the imperial government. The state department had received reports from various points in China, through its agents, to the effect that the imperial government has ordered the removal from office of viceroys from the great Yang-Tse provinces of Nanking and Hankow, because of their pro-foreign sentiments. Secretary Hay cabled Mr. Conger to investigate the report and, if it were found to be true, to make a forcible protest to the imperial government through the Chinese commissioners at Pekin, Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching, against the proposed action.

Today Mr. Conger reported that, after careful investigation, the story of the change in administration had been found to be without foundation.

DISCREDIT IT.

Paris, Oct. 27.—The officials of the prefecture of police say they have investigated the Couturier story published by the Nouvelist De Lyons and find it without foundation. Couturier, they add, is a vulgar thief hungering for notoriety.

JOIN THE CLARKITES

All the Montana Union Labor State Candidates Withdraw From Ticket.

FUSION MEN PUT UP

The Entire Fusion Ticket Is Substituted to Fill the Vacancies.

St. Paul, Oct. 27.—A Helena, Mont., special says: At midnight, last night, the central committee of the Union Labor party, which had been in session here all day, filed with the secretary of state the resignation of J. A. Ferguson, candidate for governor, and the resignations of the other candidates on the same ticket, together with the nominations of candidates on the state ticket, together with the nominations of candidates on the fusion Democratic and Populist tickets to fill the vacancies.

The Union Labor party now has ex-Governor James K. Toole, fusion candidate for governor, at the head of its ticket. The fusion ticket is the W. A. Clark ticket, against which are now opposed the independent, or Daly Democrats and Republicans.

Ferguson says he withdrew to secure the election of Toole as he had no chance of winning himself.

This was the last day in which nominations could be made.

ROOSEVELT.

Is Much Pleased Because This Is His Forty-Third Birthday.

New York, Oct. 27.—Governor Roosevelt was up early today, at the residence of Mrs. Douglass Robinson, his sister, in Massachusetts avenue. After having breakfasted the governor and Mrs. Roosevelt entered a carriage at 8:20 and, escorted by a platoon of twenty mounted policemen, drove to the Erie railway ferry. In Jersey City the governor entered his special car to travel toward Binghamton, at which city he is scheduled to arrive at 6:40 p. m. On the way stops will be made and short speeches delivered at Suffern, Hillburn, Middletown, Port Jervis, Lackawaxen, Cochecton, Calicoon, Long Eddy, Deposit, Susquehanna and Great Bend.

At the Erie ferry in New York, and railway station in Jersey City, Governor Roosevelt was cheered by good-sized crowds which had assembled to see him.

Suffern, N. Y., Oct. 27.—Governor Roosevelt was in especially high spirits today, which fact he attributed to his satisfaction with the demonstration in New York last night and the occurrence of his 43rd birthday. Coming thither, when passing through Passaic, the governor was cheered by a large party of workmen employed in an iron foundry. One of the men displayed a large piece of brown paper on which was inscribed in large black letters, "Teddy is O. K." At Pattersen also there was a large assembly of working men, who cheered the governor.

At Suffern the governor spoke briefly from the platform of his car. He said:

"I appreciate you the voters of the future, coming type (referring to a little company of boys with caps and campaign capes on and American flags in their hands) and you guard the flag. You guard it because you honor it. Now, let us of the older generation see to it that it is honored."

Hillburn, N. Y., Oct. 27.—At this place is situated an iron plant recently enlarged. Governor Roosevelt, in going to the platform from which he was to speak, passed the ranks of a campaign club garbed like soldiers, and said:

"In the first place, I notice the company that receives me has Uncle Sam's uniform on it. We are not afraid of Uncle Sam's uniform—not at all. The Malay bandits and Chinese Boxers are afraid of it, but you are not. Mr. Bryan says you haven't your share of prosperity. The country as a whole certainly has prospered. In 1892 none of us were prosperous. Today there is a high average of prosperity, and your new iron works here is proof of it."

ORE FROM MICHIPICOTEN.

Shipments This Year Will Amount to Fifty Thousand Tons.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Oct. 27.—The last ore of the year to go from the Helen mine, Michipicoten range, will be carried down late this month. The four steamers of the Algoma Commercial company, operating the mine, are the boats chartered by the Carnegie Steel company for delivering a load of finished steel at English ports in November. These boats will carry steel to bring them to the draft of the St. Lawrence canals from Conneaut, and will load at Montreal with 1500 tons of wood pulp from their owners' mills at Sault Ste. Marie, which will be delivered to them by the barge.

The company has completed its preliminary survey from the Helen mine location to the Canadian Pacific road, eighty miles, and the contract has been let to James Conmee. The line from the Sault Ste. Marie north to a connection east of the Helen mine is under way and nearly fifty miles of steel have been laid.

It is said the Carnegie Steel company saves about $3 a ton in freight on the 1500 tons of steel taken from its works to Liverpool by way of the lakes and Canadian canals. Freights via New York from Pittsburg to Liverpool are now about $7.50 a ton, and $4 to $4.50 is the top possibility on the new route. The distance via New York is 3500 miles, but by the new route it is but 3200.

This route is from Pittsburg north to Lake Erie at Conneaut over the Carnegie company's railway, then down the lakes, through the Welland canal, down Lake Ontario and through the Canadian St. Lawrence canals to Montreal, then straight away to Liverpool. The route looks long, but is in reality very direct and there is but one break of bulk, at Conneaut.

The Algoma company's mine at Michipicoten will close the year with about 50,000 tons of shipments. Its first cargo was out late in July; a year ago this district was a wilderness.

BRYAN AT NEW HAVEN

Speaks to an Audience In Which Yale Students Are Prominent.

WELCOME IS CORDIAL

Presents Striking Contrast to Treatment of Him Four Years Ago.

New York, Oct. 27.—William J. Bryan left this morning on the 9:40 train over the New York, New Haven & Hartford road, for New Haven, where he will speak at noon. He will return on a train leaving New Haven at 12:45. He was accompanied by Charles F. Thayer and Homer Cummings, of the Connecticut Democratic state committee. Mr. Bryan breakfasted with his wife and Dr. Girdner at the latter's residence, and then, with an escort of mounted police, and accompanied by the local committee, was taken to the Grand Central station. There, people hastened from all parts of the building to greet him. The crowd, while not large, was vociferous and cheered repeatedly. Mr. Bryan hastened through the waiting room and went at once to the parlor car. Mrs. Bryan remained at Mr. Girdner's home, but will join Mr. Bryan on his return to New York this afternoon.

New Haven, Oct. 27.—The journey of Mr. Bryan and his party from New York to New Haven was uneventful. At South Norwalk, where the train stopped for a minute or two, a number of railroad employes jumped a high fence to get to Mr. Bryan to shake hands, and at two or three other places he left his seat and rushed to the rear platform to wave his hat to groups of people gathered by the roadside.

During a very brief stop at Bridgeport, a number of people rushed to the car and called for Mr. Bryan, demanding a handshake. He made no speech, although there were demands that he should "say something on the ice trust." During the trip up, Mr. Bryan had a talk with William Waldo Hyde, former mayor of Hartford, and an elector on the Palmer and Buckner ticket in 1896, at Mr. Hyde's request.

The Yale students today had their first meeting of the present campaign with Mr. Bryan. When Mr. Bryan first visited this city, during the presidential contest of 1896, he was not given a very agreeable reception. Twice since that time he has lectured here very successfully, speaking on other than political themes. Mr. Bryan arrived at 11 o'clock and was escorted directly to the Second regiment armory, a large hall, in which the meeting was held and in which many students had gathered. He was greeted as he entered the hall with general cheers. There were cries of "What's the matter with Bryan" and responses "He's all right."

When Mr. Bryan began to speak, there was general silence in the audience, and, while there were afterwards slight interruptions, it seemed evident from the beginning that there was no intention to make unfriendly demonstrations such as rendered remarkable Mr. Bryan's visit to New Haven four years ago, when Yale students literally broke up a vast open air meeting on the green. After expressing his pleasure at being once more in New Haven, Mr. Bryan said:

"We are now near the close of the campaign, so near to it that we can see what the Republicans have done, and we can guess at all that they will do between now and election day, and I want to call your attention to the fact that the Republican campaign is confessedly a failure. The Republican party today has failed to make the campaign that it started out to make, and today it is not in a position to defend itself before the public."

He then referred to the "full dinner pail" argument, and said that it is becoming generally understood that all dinner pails were not full—in the anthracite regions, for instance. He asserted that the laboring man's condition could never be considered prosperous so long as he was compelled to keep his children out of school and at work in order to keep the wolf from the door. "The Republican party," he said, "does not today stand for any policy that is good for the laborer. One of the present injustice of the Republicans is government by injunction. The meanest thief, the blackest murderer, is given a trial for his defense, and the man who labors has an equal right to that proceeding.

"Today the Republicans do not expect to get the votes of the great majority of the laboring men, and I will give you one evidence of it. As the election approaches you will find more and more evidence of an attempt to coerce. If the laboring men are prosperous, if they attribute their prosperity to the Republican party, why is it necessary for an employer to threaten them with idleness and starvation unless they vote the Republican ticket?

"I will give you an answer to that question. Whenever a man threatens to turn you out of work if you do not vote the Republican ticket, you tell him that if this country is half as prosperous as the Republicans say it is you will be able to get another job even if you do lose the one you have."

Presenting his remedies for the suppression of the trusts, Mr. Bryan said he would remove the tariff from all the trust made articles. Closing his remarks on trusts, the speaker denounced them as indefensible and as intolerable, and compared the trust magnate to the highwayman.

"The only difference," he said, "is that the highwayman takes great risks and gets a little bit, while the trust magnate takes little risk and gets a great deal."

EDWARD DEWEY DEAD.

Brother of the Admiral Succumbs to Kidney Trouble.

Montpelier, Vt., Oct. 27.—Edward Dewey, brother of Admiral Dewey, is dead at his home in this city. He had been ill several months with kidney trouble, but his death was unexpected. He was 71 years of age. He served in the civil war as quartermaster of the Eight Vermont regiment.

FOUR ARE CLAIMED

The Democrats Now Expect to Elect Four Congressmen In Minnesota.

INDIANA AND OHIO

Counted For Bryan Unless Hanna's Corruption Fund Can Swing Them.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Democratic national congressional campaign committee today received some interesting reports from Minnesota. According to this information four of the seven congressional districts in that state will probably elect Democratic representatives this fall. The members of the committee declined this afternoon to name the districts they are told the Democrats will carry. It is believed, however, that the districts now represented by Tawney, Fletcher, Eddy and Morris are the ones referred to.

* * *

The Republicans are to make one last and desperate effort to carry Indiana for McKinley and Roosevelt. Today information was received here that Hanna has just dumped $200,000 into the state in hopes that it can be saved for his candidates. Even with this great fund used against them the Democratic leaders here say the state is sure to go for Bryan. They also say that Hanna and his candidate for president are worried over the outlook in the latter's state. It is said here that the Indiana campaign fund will be doubled in Ohio to make that state safe for McKinley. Then there is still a possibility Bryan will carry it in November. The Republicans are also worried over Minnesota. They fear Governor Lind's popularity will swing the North Star state into the Bryan column, and bring about the election of an anti-Republican legislature.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

IS PLEASED.

Bryan Expresses Gratification at the Outcome of the Coal Strike.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 27.—W. J. Bryan was today asked for a statement of his views upon the settlement of the anthracite coal strike, and replied as follows:

> "I am very glad to learn that the strike is settled. The fact that the men have secured an advance is not only gratifying, but it shows that there was just cause for their complaint. But the fact that they were idle a month, and that the consumers of coal have had to pay a higher price for the coal which was the cause of the strike shows how important it is to have arbitration for the settlement of differences between labor and capital. A just system of arbitration would have secured to the miners the advantage which they have gained and, probably, a still greater advantage without the loss which they have suffered. It would, also, have saved the public the loss which has been visited upon it."

Mr. Bryan's itinerary for next Wednesday has been completed. All of that day will be given to the state of Ohio. He will complete the New York campaign at Dunkirk Tuesday night, and after his meeting there his private car will be attached to a regular train and taken to Toledo, arriving at Toledo at 8 a. m. Wednesday. He will speak there at 11 o'clock. He will then take a special train, and will speak in succession at Wauseon, Napoleon, Ottawa, Lima, Wapakoneta, Sidney, Piqutes, College Corners, Cincinnati will be reached at 7:30, and the evening will be given to that city.

Thursday Mr. Bryan will proceed to Chicago, going through Indiana. Friday and Saturday will be given to Chicago and to towns in that vicinity. Monday is reserved for Nebraska, and Monday night for the city of Omaha, in that state.

FIGHT WITH DE WET.

The British Losses Were Heavier Than First Reported.

London, Oct. 27.—A dispatch received at the war office from Lord Roberts, dated Pretoria, Friday, Oct. 26, referring to the fighting of Gen. Barton's column with Gen. De Wet's forces, Oct. 25, says:

"The British losses were heavier than at first reported. An additional officer and twelve men were killed, and three officers and twenty-five men wounded. The Boers left twenty-four dead and nineteen wounded on the field, and twenty-six Boers were made prisoners. Three Boers, who held up their hands in token of surrender and then fired on the British, were court-martialed, convicted and sentenced to death. I have confirmed the sentence."

The dispatch also refers to minor affairs in which the troops of Gen. Kitchener and Gen. Methuen were engaged and a serious incident between Springfontein and Philippolis. Orange River Colony, where fifty cavalrymen were ambushed and captured by the Boers, only seven of the party escaping.

Another dispatch from Lord Roberts says:

"Barton attacked by ubiquitous De Wet, near Frederickstadt. The Boers were scattered in all directions."

BARONET DEAD.

London, Oct. 27.—Sir John Cowan, bart, is dead. He was born in 1844.

LONDON EN FETE

Great Preparations to Welcome Home From Africa City Volunteers.

THERE IS JEALOUSY

Colonials and Regulars Feel Slighted—Washing of Aristocrats' Soiled Linen.

London, Oct. 27.—(Copyrighted, 1900, by the Associated Press.)—The preparations here to welcome on their return to England from South Africa the few hundred men who constitute the City Imperial volunteers have entirely monopolized England's attention this week, banishing from notice matters of international import. Although this about half a regiment of Londoners—brokers, clerks and others—has not performed any very heroic feats, thousands of people are pouring into London in order to witness their home-coming, and windows along the line of march have been sold at prices almost equal to those demanded at the time of the jubilee procession. In addition, decorations and illuminations costing many thousands of pounds have been prepared, and Monday night will doubtless witness a repetition of the Mafeking carnival. The announcement of the non-arrival of the volunteers and the consequent postponement of the pageant was a great disappointment to many thousands. People from all parts of the country are aimlessly parading the route.

It is pointed out that the intense patriotism which this is all supposed to signify would be better appreciated were the returning soldiers more representative of the forces in the field, or if there were not hundreds of colonial volunteers who have fought in South Africa walking the streets of London, unhonored, unnoticed and uncared for. This circumstance has caused some bitter reflections to be cast on the mother country by the colonial secretaries in London, the justice of which has been acknowledged by several liberal-minded organs, while the regular army men are not too pleased that the cream of public enthusiasm over the return of troops should be secured by a small body of volunteers which, it is freely asserted, cannot compare with several of their units.

The next big celebration will probably occur Monday, Nov. 19, when Gen. Buller is due at Southampton. He will receive the freedom of several cities and will doubtless have a triumphant progress, though the reception which will be accorded to Lord Roberts will, of course, eclipse the celebration which will attend Buller's return to England. Lord Roberts is expected in December, and the same month, a representative of the Associated Press learns, another distinguished Britisher, Cecil Rhodes, will return from South Africa. In pursuance of his determination to adopt a self-obliterating policy until the war is entirely over, it is likely that Mr. Rhodes' home-coming will be quieter than that of the most insignificant private of the city volunteers.

In the midst of the preparations for celebrating the return of the victorious soldiers, it is not astonishing that people generally fail to realize how extremely costly and long-drawn-out has been the struggle in South Africa. Statistics carefully prepared up to date by one of the largest insurance companies show that proportionately more Britishers were killed than the Germans lost in the war with France of 1870-71, while the proportion of those who succumbed to disease was three times as great. Among the rank and file the Germans had 50 per cent more men killed, but from disease Great Britain suffered 63 per cent heavier than the Germans. This increase is of such magnitude that even the climatic differences fail to account for it. It is asserted that had Great Britain put in the field as many troops as did Germany against France and maintained proportionate casualties, her mortality would have reached 39,369 men.

It is asserted that Maj. Goold-Adams, the British commissioner in Bechuanaland, will be made governor of the Orange River Colony. Gen. Buller is slated to resume command of Aldershot. Gen. Kitchener, it is said, will temporarily succeed Lord Roberts in command of the troops in South Africa, but will, it is further asserted, be eventually replaced by Maj. Gen. Lyttelton, and Kitchener will then not be unlikely to come home and assume the duties of adjutant general.

The death of Sims Reeves, on Thursday last, at Worthing, removes an ideal from the British public, who, for thirty days, eclipsed any prima donna of these days.

Lady William Beresford (formerly Lillian, duchess of Marlborough) has brought action against the young duke of Marlborough to recover the money which she spent in improving Blenheim palace during the life of the last duke. The matter came up originally when the present duke succeeded to the title, but owing to the friendly relations existing between the duke and his stepmother, it was temporarily arranged. Since the duke's marriage to Consuelo Vanderbilt, it is reported an estrangement has grown up between Lady Beresford and her stepson. On more than one occasion, it is said, the young American duchess snubbed her countrywoman (Lady Beresford, who was formerly Mrs. Louis Hammersly, of New York) until the latter determined she could not submit to such treatment any longer and she now asks the law to compel her stepson to return the amounts she spent on Blenheim.

Another aristocratic lawsuit, which will shortly be heard "in camera," is the application, as already cabled to the Associated Press, of the marchioness of Anglesey to have her marriage to the marquis, who is head of the Paget family, declared null. They only became man and wife in 1888, but it was strictly a marriage of convenience between cousins, arranged for the sake of inheriting property, which, otherwise, could not have been touched by either of them. They both agreed to live their own lives. Apparently, this extraordinary arrangement did not work well in more ways than one. It is asserted that the marquis agreed to give his wife £5000 the first year and £6000 the second year and so on until the allowance reached £10,000 a year. However, the alleged allowance was stopped almost immediately. Lady Anglesey, who describes herself "otherwise, Chetwynd," her maiden name, now wishes to get out of the bargain, and, it is rumored, if successful, she will marry Count Herman Von Hatzfeldt.

"Go West,

Ranch it and rough it and you'll soon get rid of that weak chest and that hacking cough." That is what the doctor said to a young married man with a wife and child to care for and a modest salary to support them on. He *couldn't* go West. Love and duty tied him to his desk in the city.

People don't have to travel to cure coughs or strengthen weak lungs. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures obstinate, deep seated coughs, bronchitis, bleeding of the lungs, weakness, emaciation and other forms of disease which if neglected or unskillfully treated terminate fatally in consumption.

"I will write you what Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has done for me," says George H. Belcher, Esq., of Dorton, Pike County, Ky. "Thirteen years ago I was wounded by a ball passing through my lung. I have had a bad cough almost ever since, with shortness of breath, and it was very easy to take cold; the slightest change of weather would cause the cough to be so bad I would have to sit up in bed all night. Could not eat or sleep at times; was all run down; could not work at all. A few months ago I began using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Have not used more than two bottles, and I now can eat, sleep, and work, and I feel like a new man. I cannot find words to sufficiently recommend Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, or tell the good it has done me."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser in paper covers is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. The book has 1008 pages and over 700 illustrations. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WAN'S AN APOLOGY.

The Earl of Rosslyn Is After Winston Churchill.

London, Oct. 27.—The earl of Rosslyn writes to the Daily Mail this morning in reference to the attack made upon him at the banquet of the Pall Mall club on Thursday by Winston Spencer Churchill, who accused him of "slandering British officers in accounts the earl had sent to newspapers from South Africa," and who went so far as to give the lie direct to some of Lord Rosslyn's statements. The earl says:

"I shall be only too glad to expunge the paragraph complained of from my book if an official investigation clears the officers of the suspicions against them. In the meantime, I have written to Mr. Churchill demanding an apology."

Let us have for county superintendent an educator whose training and experience are up to the times, Professor Parsons.

TRANSVAAL TACKED ON.

Formally Proclaimed a Part of the British Empire.

Pretoria, Oct. 27.—The Transvaal was yesterday proclaimed a part of the British empire, the proclamation being attended with impressive ceremonies. The royal standard was hoisted in the main square in the clay, the Grenadiers presented arms, massed bands played the national anthem, Sir Alfred Milner read the proclamation and 6200 troops, representing Great Britain and her colonies, marched past.

Residents of the country districts are very outspoken in favor of Professor Parsons for county superintendent of schools.

ARE AFTER LOUBET

Anarchists Plot to Kill the President of the French Republic.

CHANCE REVEALS IT

Arrest of a Burglar Leads to Disclosure of the Matter.

London, Oct. 27.—The Nouvelists De Lion says a plot to assassinate President Loubet has been discovered.

Lyons, Oct. 27.—It appears that a working electrician named Couturier burglariously entered the electric company's premises at Nimes, stealing 2500 francs. He was tracked to Orange, near Lyons, where he was arrested. Documents found on his person revealed, the papers say, an anarchist conspiracy to assassinate President Loubet on his coming visit to Lyons to unveil a monument erected to the memory of President Carnot.

Couturier is said to have committed the burglary in order to obtain funds to carry out his project.

He has, it is added, confessed to the police, who are now tracking his accomplices and watching anarchists in order to prevent any attempt to carry out the scheme.

CAPT. MERCER'S REPORT.

Says It Has Been Hard Year on the Indians.

Washington, Oct. 27.—In his annual report to the commissioner of Indian affairs, Capt. W. A. Mercer, acting agent at Leech Lake, says that Indians on the reservations have been without work since the "dead and down" timber operations were suspended, except for what little work could be given them at the agency. Says Capt. Mercer: "Had it not been for the fact of my keeping the agency sawmill in constant operation, there would have been dire distress among the most energetic class of Indians around here. The young men who have wanted to work have had enough at the sawmill to supply their needs and to keep their families from suffering for food. Altogether, this has been a hard year on the Indians and all these reservations, and they have borne up bravely under the strain. Few people can be found anywhere who would have endured suffrings more heroically."

Capt. Mercer says that there have been no disturbances whatever on the reservation, except when the Cross Lakers endeavored to prevent the erection of a school on their side of Red lake. This was smoothed over, however, without necessity for harsh measures. The report says:

"It is hardly necessary for me to go into details concerning the logging and general timber business of this agency, as that matter now rests with congress, and I hope some good legislation will be enacted for the benefit of these Indians, and I believe that something will be done this winter for the Indians to tide them over cold weather until congress can act."

Concerning modification of the Nelson law of 1889, Capt. Mercer said:

"The bill known as the Curtis bill, providing for the disposition of Chippewa timber on a combination of La Pointe and Menominee plans is, in my opinion, the best legislation yet proposed for this purpose, and I wish to say that the bill has the unanimous support of the Chippewa Indians of Leech Lake and the White Earth agencies, which unanimity is unprecedented. I strongly recomend that the Indian office and all friends of the Indians give it energetic support at the next session of congress."

The annual census of the Indians on the reservation shows there are 1250 Red Lakers, 892 Leech Lake Pillagers, 655 White Oak Point Mississippis and 448 Cass and Winnibigoshish Pillagers, a total of 3245 Indians.

JOHN J. C. DAVIS, FUSION CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF.

John J. C. Davis, the fusion candidate for sheriff of this county, was born June 22, 1858, in the township of Springfield, Oakland county, Mich. He worked at farming until he was 17 years of age, attending the district school during the winters. Then he entered the Pontiac high school, from which he was graduated in 1879 with high honors. After continuing his studies at the university of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, he undertook educational work, spending one year each as principal of the Clarkston school and the Sand Beach school.

In 1881, with his brother, Dr. George W. Davis, he came to Duluth, where he entered upon railroad construction, being his first work on the line of the old Duluth & Winnipeg road. Then he went over to the Duluth & Iron Range road, with which he continued until the completion of that line from Two Harbors to Ely. In 1886 he took up contracting, and his first work was the construction of the line from Two Harbors toward Duluth. When this work was completed he became an independent candidate for comptroller of the city of Duluth and was elected. He was the first man to occupy that position in Duluth.

After leaving the office he returned to contracting, devoting himself solely to that pursuit. Some of the pieces of work accomplished by him follow: Nine miles of the Duluth & Iron Range, grading, paving and sewers on Sixteenth avenue east, Twenty-first avenue east, West Second street, Third street, Superior, several streets on Duluth Heights, breakwater at the Superior entry, stripping for several mines on the iron ranges, erecting the Davis block, grade for the Woodland line, substructure for the large paper mills at Cloquet, etc. He has employed over 20,000 men since he began his work of contracting, and he has the distinction of being about the only large employer of labor in this section that has never had a strike among his men. He has always believed in paying the highest wages, and dealing kindly with his men. At one time he gave up his home in order to raise money to pay off his men.

Like many other residents of Duluth, Mr. Davis has had his ups and downs, and is at the present time practically a poor man. During the winter of 1899-1 he kept his men employed in getting out timber, and when the result of the winter's work was on the banks ready to be floated down in the spring, forest fires came along and swept away not only all his timber, but his camps, which had just been filled with their summer supplies. The loss was over $10,000.

In the event of his election to the office of sheriff no one need feel disgraced because he arrests them, for he is 6 feet 6 inches in height and weighs about 250 pounds.

Whiting, Ind., May 5, 1900, Warner's Safe Cure is a splendid remedy for building up a broken down constitution. Some years ago my system was completely run down, and after using three bottles I felt like a different person, and when I feel a little worn out a few doses are always of great benefit. Yours truly, P. GARDNER, Gen. Delivery, care O. L. Knight. Treasurer Whiting Gospel Temperance Club.

Culture of Health

Chicago, Ills., May 2, 1900. Some time ago I suffered with general debility from overwork, losing appetite and strength. There seemed to be no relief, and the medicine I took did not help me. I was advised to try Warner's Safe Cure and I am pleased to say that it did all and more than you claim for it and made a well man of me in a short time. It therefore has my hearty endorsement. JOHN POTTS, 2595 West Ashland Ave. Pres't Chicago Cricket Club. Pres't Royal Hort. Society, London, Eng.

There never was a period when so much attention was given to the culture of health as today, and not without good cause. We must prepare to fight against the prevalent scourge of insidious attacks upon the kidneys. The pressure of life is increasing. The prevalence of kidney disease is increasing, weakening constitutions and impairing digestion.

The Most Successful Remedy

OF THE DAY FOR

KIDNEY and LIVER TROUBLES,

Bright's Disease, Indigestion and Debility, is

WARNER'S SAFE CURE

Anoka, Minn. May 30, 1900. I am very glad to speak a good word for Warner's Safe Cure. Three times during the past few years I have felt very much worn out from overwork, and each time a bottle of Safe Cure has completely restored me. I find it of especial benefit to nervous people who suffer from insomnia. It is a fine inducer of sleep. Yours sincerely, MRS. A. R. LAUGHLIN, Sec. Blue Ribbon Temperance Club.

The Blood is the Life. Therefore, purify the Blood by way of the Kidneys. This is Nature's way of Doing it. And the way WARNER'S SAFE CURE does it.

Excelsior, Minn. If suffering humanity knew the value of Warner's Safe Cure, the doctors would not have much to do nor the undertakers either. My health was completely broken down two years ago, and I suffered continually with liver and kidney trouble, also female weakness, but Warner's Safe Cure healed me in three months and I am in fine physical health now. MISS L. L. SMITH, Chaplain Chicago Ave. Lodge I. O. G. T.

A Free Sample of Warner's Safe Cure sent on application. Address, WARNER'S SAFE CURE CO., Rochester, N. Y.

WELCOME TO GOVERNOR.

New York Republicans Get Up Reception For Teddy.

New York, Oct. 27.—This city overflowed with Republican enthusiasm last night on the occasion of the reception arranged for Governor Roosevelt, candidate of the party for vice president.

Beginning with the arrival at the Grand Central station on the minute of thes chedule time, 5:30 o'clock, until along towards midnight, when the "Rough Rider" governor went, tired and weary, to his sister's home for the night, there was such a series of receptions, such a burning of fireworks, such electrical displays and such volumes of eloquence as is seldom seen in New York. It was the climax of the candidate's tour of many thousands of miles and his friends and admirers made the streets ring with their shouts of welcome home.

After a dinner at the Fifth Avenue hotel, the governor addressed a large meeting at Madison Square Garden.

RECEPTION TO BRYAN.

Preparation For a Rousing One In New York.

New York, Oct. 27.—All arrangements are now perfected for the reception to be tendered to William J. Bryan by the National Association of Democratic Clubs tonight. All the Democratic clubs in the city, as well as a number from Connecticut, will take part in the demonstration. Meetings in the evening are to be held at Cooper Union, the Broadway Athletic club and Madison Square Garden.

Mr. Bryan will arrive at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, from New Haven, and will be taken to the Hoffman house, where dinner will be served. At the conclusion of the dinner, Mr. Bryan and his party will witness the special display of fireworks which will be given in Madison square. In this square have been erected eight different stands from which meetings will be addressed simultaneously, while on the cross streets a number of speakers will address the crowds from trucks placed there for that purpose.

The Madison Square Garden meeting will begin at 7:30 o'clock, with speeches by David B. Hill, Bourke Cockran, Senator Wellington and Anson Phelps Stokes, while, in the meantime, Mr. Bryan will be driven through the lines of Democratic clubs to the Broadway Athletic club, Cooper Union and Madison Square Garden. All along this route meetings, to the number of seventy-five, will be in progress and Mr. Bryan is scheduled to speak from his carriage at twenty of these meetings.

IS NOT WORRYING.

Chamberlain Seems to Be Sure of His Job.

New York, Oct. 27.—The departure of Joseph Chamberlain, with his son, for the Mediterranean, is good proof that he is not concerned in any cabinet changes which are impending, says the Tribune's London correspondent. He may have some official business in Malta, but the chief object of his journey is rest after the labors of the canvass. His retention of the colonial office is now regarded as a foregone conclusion. No cabinet appointments are expected for a week or ten days, but several transfers are without doubt under consideration. The friends of Sir William Walrond are asserting that he will have a seat in the cabinet.

COMMAND IN AFRICA.

British War Office Officials Are Not Saying Anything.

New York, Oct. 27.—The military succession in South Africa is still uncertain, says the London correspondent of the Tribune, and the war office authorities are noncommittal. Gen. Buller's popularity among the soldiers who fought under him cannot be questioned. An officer recently arriving in London from Natal says every man serving under Buller had absolute faith in him as a general and would have gone everywhere with him. No complaint was ever heard from the field force against Gen. Buller, whose coolness was considered phenomenal.

SHORTAGE GENERAL.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 27.—According to the official messenger, the grain shortage is not confined to the Eastern provinces and Siberia. The provinces richest in cereals are actually suffering on account of poor harvests. Grain is forwarded ahead of other merchandise and grain railway rates have been reduced.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Details For September Compared With Month Last Year.

Washington, Oct. 27.—The detailed tables of the imports and exports for the month of September have been completed by the treasury bureau of statistics. They show the imports and exports of the month by great classes compared with September, 1899, as follows:

IMPORTS.

	Month ending Sept. 30, 1899.	1900.
Articles of food and live animals	$ 10,579,023	$ 15,553,505
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry	24,381,269	18,485,577
Articles manufactured for use in the mechanic arts	6,872,713	6,425,854
Articles manufactured ready for consumption	10,432,714	10,947,494
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc..	8,446,206	8,134,983
Total	$ 70,711,965	$ 59,559,813
Duties collected	19,120,398	19,100,516
Imported goods remaining in warehouse	25,422,922	45,032,271

EXPORTS.

Products of agriculture	$ 69,133,922	$ 71,050,744
Products of manufacture	31,373,264	34,163,573
Products of mining..	2,877,859	3,501,100
Products of forests..	4,137,329	4,404,658
Products of fisheries.	752,946	785,890
Miscellaneous	253,386	104,142
Total domestic exports	$108,588,856	$114,014,737
Foreign goods re-exported	1,297,821	1,614,620
Total exports	$109,886,676	$115,629,417
Gold imports	2,593,849	3,977,358
Gold exports	618,865	794,962

CABLE FLASHES.

"Emperor Nicholas," says the St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Daily Mail, "has received a letter from the Chinese emperor asking him to take the conquered Manchurian provinces under Russian protection."

The London Standard, in a paragraph obviously inspired announces that Lord Salisbury will retain the double office of prime minister and secretary of state for foreign affairs, and that Joseph Chamberlain will retain the portfolio of secretary of state for the colonies.

A Havana dispatch says Capt. Page, of the Porto Rico infantry, died of yellow fever yesterday in Las Animas hospital. He went to Cuba with Maj. Wade's evacuation commission and was a linguist of note.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee—no cure, no pay. Price 50c. If your druggists don't keep it in stock send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by PAXINE MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo. Manufacturers of Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

RECEPTION POSTPONED.

Steamer Bearing the Returning London Volunteers Is Late.

London, Oct. 27.—The celebration upon the occasion of the return to England to the city of London of the City of London imperial volunteers has been postponed until Monday, on account of the lateness of the arrival of the steamship steamship Aurania which has the troops on board. The vessel cannot dock at Southampton until late this afternoon. By 10:30 this morning, however, the streets of London were swarming with expectant crowds, who were ignorant of the postponement.

MIDWIFE IS ARRESTED.

Something Wrong About a Sprague, Wash., Woman's Death.

Spokane, Wash., Oct. 27.—Bertha Wardrum, a midwife, has been arrested on a warrant charging manslaughter in the death of Miss Clara E. Wegner, of Sprague. Miss Wegner died in Spokane on Oct. 19, and her body was shipped to relatives at St. Joseph, Mo. Mrs. Wardrum says the woman died of typhoid fever.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents

Professor Parsons, candidate for county superintendent of schools, has been a citizen of Duluth for ten years.

HOW TO BEST SUCCEED.

Workmen Are Nearer Success on Being Careful in Little Things.

Many laboring men might save more money for a rainy day if they were more careful in little things. Observe care in buying small articles. Few of us can afford to buy something and then cast it away because we do not like it. Be right the first time. For instance, in buying a plug of tobacco, ask for gold Rope, Kingbolt, Rise and Shine and Thrasher, made by the Wilson-McCallay Tobacco company, of Middletown, Ohio. They are excellent brands, better than the ordinary. In addition to getting a superior article you will have the great satisfaction of knowing the goods are union made and not made by a trust.

All of the above brands are made of thoroughly cured, carefully prepared, superior stock. Workmen should keep the list in sight, and ask dealers for the brands named. This will be one step toward success.

GOLD FIND.

Dawson Advices Report a Big Strike on a Klondike Creek.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 27.—Advices from Dawson City state that a big strike has been made on Goring creek, sixteen miles above the mouth of Hunker creek. The whole creek has been staked.

A Search for the Man Who Can!

THE MAGIC of self-confidence is realized when equipped with a knowledge of business methods. We believe a business education to be a real necessity, and in view of this fact will maintain in West Superior, Wis., a modern training school in business practice, penmanship, shorthand and telegraphy.

YOU WILL REMEMBER The New Era Business College has no vacation. Now is a most excellent time to enter for a business, shorthand or telegraphy course. The demand for educated help is greater than the supply. Send for journals.

Massachusetts Block, Cor. 16th and Tower, West Superior, Wis. J. P. SIMON, Manager.

THE OLD Not made by a Trust. PEERLESS

RELIABLE Not made by a Trust. SMOKING

A SLIGHT DECLINE

Wheat Started Out Slightly Lower But Ruled Steady All Day.

THE CABLES LOWER

Chicago Board Was Not In Session---A Decline In Flax.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 27.—The wheat market was quite steady today, despite the fact that the Liverpool market was 1d lower. There was fairly active trading in futures. The Chicago board was not in session owing to adjournment to take part in a political parade and this naturally restricted the amount of business.

December wheat opened ⅛c lower, at 71⅛c bid on the local board, advanced to 71⅝c on 10:05, dropped to 71⅜c at 10:26, recovered to 71½c at 10:27, sold off to 71c at 10:28, rallied to 71⅝c at 11:50, and closed at 71½c being ⅛c lower than yesterday. The cash sales aggregate 60,000 bus at the December price. Oats, corn, rye and barley were slightly higher. Cash flax closed at a decline of 3c and flax to arrive closed at $1.73, a net loss of 1c. October flax opened unchanged at $1.69, declined to $1.67, then closed at $1.73, being 4c higher than yesterday. November flax started in at $1.72, declined to $1.71½c bid, but recovered and closed at $1.72½, only 1c lower than yesterday. December flax opened lower at $1.70½, then advanced to $1.76, and closed at $1.75½, an advance of 4c. May flax started unchanged, at $1.80, declined to $1.65 bid, recovered and closed at $1.80, a gain of 5c over yesterday.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 71½c; to arrive, 72c; October, 69½c; December, 70½c; May, 74½c. No. 1 northern, cash, 70½c; to arrive, 70c; October, 69½c; November, 69½c; December, 71½c; May, 74½c. No. 2 northern, 67½@69½c. No. 3 spring, 65c. Oats, 25½@26½c. Rye, 51c. Barley, 30@56c. Flax, cash, $1.73; to arrive, $1.73; October, $1.73; November, $1.72½; December, $1.75½; May, $1.80. Corn, 37½c.

Car inspections: Wheat, 122; corn, 2; oats, 4; barley, 1; flax, 35. Receipts—Wheat, 102,000; rye, 3453; barley, 21,473; flax, 1,828. Shipments—Wheat, 57,397.

Ship Your Grain to

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Nat'l Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No 1 northern, wheat, 2 cars 70⅞
No 1 northern, 2 cars 71
No 1 northern, 7 cars 71
No 1 northern, 2 cars 70⅞
No 1 northern, 100 bus 71⅛
No 1 northern, 10 cars 71⅛
No 1 northern, 7 cars 71⅛
No 2 northern, 2 cars 71½
No 2 northern, 1 cars 70½
No 2 northern, 2 cars 72⅛
No 2 northern, 1 car 70½
No 2 northern, 1 car 71½
No 2 northern, 1 car 70
No 2 northern, 1 cars 69
No 2 northern, 1 car 68
No 3 spring, 1 car 65
Rejected 1 car 63
Rejected 1 car 61
No grade, 1 car 60
No grade 1 car 58
No grade 1 car 64½
No grade, 1 car 62
Oats, 20 bus cash 1.19
Flax, 2 cars 1.79
Flax, 25 cars rejected 1.42
Flax, 7 cars rejected 1.64
Flax, 1 car rejected 1.78
Flax, 1 car rejected 1.61
Flax, 1 car rejected 1.64
Flax, 1 car rejected 1.69
Flax, 1 car rejected 1.70
Flax, 1,000 bus October 1.72
Flax, 5,000 bus October 1.73
Flax, 10,000 bus October 1.74
Flax, 1,000 bus November 1.72½
Flax, 20,000 bus November 1.72
Flax, 5,000 bus December 1.68½
Flax, 400 bus December 1.68
Flax, 400 bus December 1.68½

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Oct. 27.—Close: Wheat, Oct. 75½c; December, 77c; March, 80½c. May, 80½c. Corn, October, 49½c; December, 49½c; May, 54½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	70⅛B	70⅞	.....	77⅛
High	71⅛	70⅞@½	.....	77⅞
Low	71	70⅞	.....	76⅞
Close	70⅛B	70⅞	.....	77
May—				
Open	77⅞B	76⅞	.....	80½
High	78⅛	76⅞	.....	80⅞@⅝
Low	77⅞	76	.....	80⅞
Close	77⅞B	76¼	.....	80½

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report an increasing activity apparent in certain classes of horses today, which was in harmony with the large supplies of available stock on hand. The greatest part of horses sold were taken by lumbermen, who sought horses weighing 1600 pounds and upwards. The most characteristic feature of the market was the unusual heavy supply of horses on hand which is accounted for by the meager outlet during the week, of which the arrivals were in excess. The buying of farm mares and light horses in general was very sluggish and sold at easier prices. Quotations:

Drafters, extra	$150@160
Drafters, choice	130@140
Drafters, common to good	100@120
Farm mares, choice	100@120
Farm mares, common to good	100@ 60

LIVE STOCK

Chicago, Oct. 27.—Cattle receipts, nominally steady. Hogs—Receipts today, 15,000; Monday, 31,000; left over, 1925; 5@10 lower; mixed and butchers, $4.55@4.85; good to choice heavy, $4.60@4.82½; rough heavy, $4.40@4.50; light, $4.45@4.65; bulk of sales, $4.60@4.75. Sheep—Receipts, 1000; steady; sheep, $3.25@4.10; lambs, $4.50@5.65. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 2711; hogs, 20,868; sheep, 2917. Shipments—Cattle, 3233; hogs, 1140; sheep, 2155.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover costs incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, extra	23	@	23½
Creamery, choice	22	@	22½
Dairies, fancy	18	@	20
Dairy, fair	16	@	17
Packing stock	12	@	13

EGGS.

Fresh	19		
Storage	17	@	18

CHEESE.

Twins, flat, full cream, new	12	@	12½
Full cream, Young America	13½		
Swiss cheese, No. 1	14	@	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12	@	12½
Limberger, full cream, choice	13		
Primos	6	@	6½

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	16	@	17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	14	@	15
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@	2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, early, bus	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		

NUTS.

Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50		
Filberts, per lb	12	@	14
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	13		
Pecans, per lb	12	@	13
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl, cooking	2 25	@	2 50
Apples, eating	3 00	@	3 00
Quinces, bbl	2 25	@	3 50
California lemons	4 00	@	4 25
Mexican oranges	4 25	@	5 00
Bananas	1 00	@	2 00
California peaches	85	@	90
Messina lemons, per box	4 50	@	5 00
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	@	1 35
California plums	90	@	1 00
Winter Nelis pears	2 50	@	2 50
Washington plums	65	@	75
Cranberries, per barrel	6 50	@	7 00
Grapes, basket	15	@	16

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½

VEGETABLES.

Turnips, rutabagas	35	@	45
Turnips, white	30	@	40
Garlic, peck	10		
Beets	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	35	@	40
Parsley, per doz	25	@	30
Cauliflower, bbl	1 50	@	1 75
Cabbage, 100 lbs	60	@	65
Wax beans	1 25	@	1 50
Celery	30		
Egg plant, per bus	75		
Lettuce, per bbl	75	@	80
Onions, green, 100 bunches	15	@	18
Carrots	25	@	30
Oyster plant, per doz	25	@	30
Horse radish, per lb	10		
Mint, per doz	30	@	50
Jersey sweet potatoes	3 75	@	4 00

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, old	8		
Springs	8½		
Old roosters	5½		
Ducks	8		
Geese	8	@	9

MEATS.

Mutton	7	@	7½
Lamb	7½	@	8
Veal, good	7½		
Veal, fancy	8½		
Beef, dressed	6	@	8
Hogs	7½		
Pork loins	9		

BRAN AND SHORTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15	@	25
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14	@	75
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	16	@	00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	15	@	50

GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.

Corn, car lots, sacked			46
Oats, car lots, sacked			27½
Hay, Minnesota and Dakota			14 00
Hay, timothy			15 50
Feed, No. 1			17 00
Cracked corn			17 00

IN NEW YORK

New York, Oct. 27.—Butter receipts, 21,694 packages; steady; creamery, 16@22½c; June creamery, 13@21c; factory, 13@16c. Cheese receipts, 3379 packages; steady; large white, 9@9½c; small white, 9c; large colored, 9@9½c; small colored, 9c. Eggs receipts, 3657 packages; barely steady; Western, regular packing at mark, 17@19c; Western, loss off, 21c.

IN CHICAGO

Chicago, Oct. 27.—Butter, dull; creameries, 15@22c; dairies, 15@19c. Eggs, quiet; fresh, 17½c. Dressed poultry, steady; turkeys, 9c; chickens, 8½c.

MULLER IS SINKING.

Life of the Savant Is Ebbing Away Fast.

London, Oct. 27.—Friedrich Max Muller, corpus professor of comparative philology, Oxford, who has been sick for a long time and who recently suffered a relapse, was pronounced to be sinking fast today.

MURANIA IN.

London, Oct. 27.—The Cunard line steamer Aurania, now being used by the British government as a transport, and which has on board the City of London Imperial volunteers, returning from South Africa, arrived at Southampton at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

LINARES PROTESTS.

Madrid, Oct. 27.—The minister of war, Gen. Linares, in an interview today, protests against the new cabinet being described as "military." He said the present moment was not the time to give predominance to military influences and added that nobody dreamed of such a policy.

Vote for a man for county superintendent who has worked for the interests and knows the needs of the public schools.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

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WEAKNESS IN STOCKS

Prices Were Higher at the Opening But a Decline Set In.

CLOSING WAS ACTIVE

Slight Rally Caused By Bank Statement Showing Gain In Cash.

New York, Oct. 27.—Prices in most cases were higher at the opening this morning, but Missouri Pacific and Southern Pacific were inclined to reaction from their recent marked advance. Kansas City Southern, preferred, advanced a point, but changes generally were not important. Dealings were fairly active. Trading became very erratic, but fluctuations were small. Profit-taking kept the general run of railroads lower, but the Kansas City Southern, St. Louis Southwestern and Altons moved upward. Pennsylvania made a good gain, but Erie, first preferred, dipped a point on Wisconsin Central earnings incident to the coal miners strike. In Sugar and Brooklyn Transit, the movement was very feverish and the latter suffered a point from the opening. The downward drift of prices continued and reached a point in Missouri Pacific and 1½ in American Hoop. The declines ceased with the appearance of the bank statement and a recovery of the unexpected gain in cash disclosed, but after a trivial rally the market turned downward again. Sugar, Brooklyn Transit, Missouri Pacific and the iron and steel stocks were heaviest and fell below the former low prices. The Chicago & Altons reached a point. The closing was moderately active and weak and net declines reached from 1 to 2 points in some of the active stocks.

BANK STATEMENT

New York, Oct. 27.—The weekly statement of averages of the associated banks shows:

Loans, $703,381,600; decrease, $4,461,600.
Deposits, $84,491,900; decrease, $3,041,300.
Circulation, $30,599,000; increase, $128,700.
Legar tenders, $87,946,000; increase, $41,200.
Specie, $158,933,700; increase, $2,720,100.
Total reserve, $246,879,700; increase, $2,823,300.
Reserve required, $220,847,875; decrease, $760,325.
Surplus reserve, $26,031,825; increase, $3,583,125.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Oct. 27.—The cotton market opened steady in tone with prices 7 to 12 points higher on a source of shorts and an influx of substantial buying orders from the public. The outlook was averaged up strongly in favor of the bulls. Following the call the market advanced sharply and before there was a lull in demand January had climbed to 9.02, or 13 points above last night's closing.

Cotton spot closed quiet and steady, 1-16c advance; middling uplands, 9½; middling gulf, 9¾; sales, 219 bales. Futures closed very steady, 9@16c net advanced up. $9.00; December, $9.01; January, $9.04; February, $9.04; March, $9.05; April, $9.05; May, $9.05; June, $9.06; July, $9.04; August, $8.96.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Oct. 27.—Close: Money on call, nominal; prime mercantile paper, 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83¾ for demand, and at $4.80⅝ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.87½@4.88; commercial bills, $4.79@4.79½. Silver certificates, 61½@62c; bar silver, 61¾c; Mexican dollars, 59¾c; state bonds inactive; railroad bond irregular; government bonds irregular; refunding 2s, registered, $1.04¾; coupon, $1.04¾; refunding 3s, registered, $1.09¾; coupon, $1.10; new 4s, registered, $1.31; coupon, $1.33; old 4s, registered, $1.15¼; coupon, $1.15¼; 5s, registered, $1.12¼; coupon, $1.13.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Oct. 27.—Consols for money, 98⅞; for the account, 98⅞.

BUTTER BRACES UP.

Price Was Stiffer on Michigan Street--- Other Products.

A firm tone was predominant in the Michigan street market, and the movement was good all around.

Butter braced up stiffer, and creamery was quoted at 22½@23 cents for choice in tubs and 24 cents for prints.

Eggs were not behind hand, "countries" being quoted at 19½@20 cents, an advance of ½@1 cent, and storage were firm at 18 cents flat.

Poultry was very firm at 8½ cents for springs and 8 cents for hens.

Bananas, which are in increased demand owing to the passing of other fruits, have taken a firmer tone on an advance by the importers of 10@25 cents per bunch. This will not be apparent to the consumers, for the middlemen and retailers stand the brunt of it, and the difference to the consumer is that he gets, possibly, slightly smaller fruit for his money.

Apples are firmer in tone, because of an advance by the packers of 10@15 cents per barrel. Eating apples are quoted at from $2 up to $3.50, the fancy lookers for stand trade commanding the latter price. Cookers hold at $2.25@$2.50 per barrel.

Grapes are on the home stretch. The Concords have been succeeded by Catawbas and Malagas. Catawbas, in fancy baskets, are quoted at 18@20 cents, and Malagas are $7@$7.50 per keg.

Potatoes are higher, choice being quoted at 36@38 cents, and are firm at the advance.

Philanthropy Program.

The department of philanthropy, of the Twentieth Century club, meets every fourth Tuesday of the month in the Chamber of Commerce building. The adjourned meeting of Monday endorsed the following program for the year:

October—Report of federation, and special business.

November—"Our State and County Fairs." Leader, Miss Paddock.

December—Holy Matrimony." Leader, Mrs. J. D. Morrison.

January—"Labor Problems and Social Settlements." Leader, Mrs. C. J. Swan.

February—"Character Building For Youth." Leader, Mrs. J. A. Keyes.

March—"Cocoa and Philanthropy." Leader, Mrs. R. R. Briggs.

April—"Expositions and Their Value." Leader, Mrs. W. F. Davey.

May—"Great Reformers." Leader, Mrs. G. H. Thompson.

Partisanship should have no place in the choice of a county superintendent of schools.

Oliver Company Shipments.

Dr. Nelson T. Hulst, of Milwaukee, superintendent of the Oliver Mining company's mines, together with James Gayley and D. McClemson, of Pittsburg, officers of the company, left for the ranges today to look over the company's properties. They say that next week will see the close of the shipments from the Oliver company's mines and that the total for the season will be 5,500,000 tons.

TO BE COVERED.

Republicans Get New York and Chicago to Cover Bryan Money.

The announcement in The Herald last evening that there has been deposited at J. J. Wall's place $250 to bet on Bryan at odds of 1 to 4, startled the Republicans. They had not thought that there was anyone in Duluth who had a cent to risk on Bryan's election. Since last evening they have had the wires hot between here and New York in an endeavor to get the cash to cover the bet. The $10,000 which a St. Paul man has they are also anxious to cover. It looks today as though the $250 would be covered all right and there is a possibility that the $10,000 will be covered from New York and Chicago. The details of placing such a large sum of money are not easy. The selection of a stake holder is a matter of considerable concern.

Since the announcement that Republicans were liable to cover money at 4 to 1 odds another deposit of $800 has been made with Mr. Wall to be bet on the same terms.

The Democrats have not been going after Republican money at all but the announcements that bets were being placed at those odds has stimulated some of them to cover some.

STOCKS TO BE CUT.

Panton & White Inaugurate a Sensational Stock Reducing Sale.

Commencing next Monday Panton & White will inaugurate for a week one of the most novel sales yet attempted in this city, and advertisement of which will be seen on pages 12 and 13 of this issue of The Herald. The firm has turned their store over to its department managers with orders to cut the stock down and make prices that will bring it about in the quickest possible manner. The stocks in the Glass Block store are $75,000 heavier this year than at any time during last year, and the firm believes that in view of its being a presidential year the stocks should have been that much lighter. This big sale means the sacrifice of at least $50,000 worth of merchandise, in order that the stocks in the different departments down to a desirable quantity. In this big sale merchandise will be sold in every one of the departments from the basement to the top floor and the people of Duluth will be given the greatest opportunity ever afforded buyers at the head of the lakes.

The department managers will be in full charge and the customers will be given a most cordial treatment.

The advertisement, which is the conception of the department managers, is one of the most novel ever published in this city.

THE FERRELL TRIAL.

Defense Rests and State Introduces Evidence In Rebuttal.

Marysville, Ohio, Oct. 27.—In the trial of Rossyln Ferrell, charged with killing Express Messenger Lane, the defense today rested the case. After introducing Father John E. Vennemann, who testified that he considered Ferrell to have a cloud on his mind.

In rebuttal, the state introduced several witnesses to testify against Ferrell's alleged insanity.

Express Messenger Warny, with whom Ferrell rode to Urbana the day of the murder, and C. D. Tedrow, also a passenger in the car, saw nothing unusual in the prisoner's conduct and said he regarded him as sane.

FOOTBALL GAMES.

Philadelphia, Oct. 27.—First half: Pennsylvania, 24; Chicago, nothing.

Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 27.—First half: Harvard, 5; Carlisle, 5.

New York, Oct. 27.—First half: Yale, nothing; Columbus, 5.

REWARDED FOR GOODNESS.

Little Japanese Girl Attracts Attention of the Government.

It is a pretty story, although a simple one, that comes from Japan to brighten the image that the mention of the Orient involuntarily suggests now, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. It is the story of the good little girl Riki Wakayama, of Totsuka, and of the government that watched her and rewarded her for her virtues and patience.

Riki Wakayama is 15 years old, and it is her devoted conduct toward her parents which has just been officially rewarded by the governor of Tokofu, who has presented her with a diploma of praise and a sum of money.

In the days of her babyhood her family was living in a fair way; indeed, her father is a man of education, being the holder of a decoration which was given him after the civil war twenty-three years ago. But subsequently fortune began to turn against them, when they moved to Totsuka from Mito City, where they had lived originally. By the time Riki had entered her sixth year the family had become so reduced in their circumstances that the father had to put a jinkrikisha to earn them a living; and, to make things worse, the mother became about the same time a hopeless invalid, having contracted incurable rheumatism.

From that time on for nine years Riki remained the ever-constant nurse and companion of her mother and a little housekeeper and kitchen maid during her father's absence, always denying to herself first childish and then girlish pastimes, both indoors and out of doors, which, even in the midst of utter poverty, are generally sought after by the young in the growing period of life. There was a certain delicacy her mother always liked, and she went many times several miles to fetch it for her. Her mother's pain increased, and she often sat up whole nights, robbing herself of needed sleep after a hard day's work. Her mother's smile was hers and everything hers was her mother's, her only wish being that her mother might recover.

But heaven decreed that the mother must not, and she died on Jan. 11 last. Riki's heart was broken, but she must now live for her father, and she is said to be working harder than ever at home doing piecework to lighten the burden of her sole remaining parent.

This story reached the ears of the authorities and brought her the honor and reward. In the midst of all her sorrow and trouble she had had time to teach herself reading and writing. Her mother, though an invalid, was able to help her, having been a woman of some education, like her husband, who also assisted his daughter at night.

INTERESTING DIARY.

Perhaps one of the most conscientious of royal dairy keepers is the Empress of Germany, whose daily record no one ever sees, not even the emperor himself. Each year a new diary is begun, and the old one, with its locked clasp, is put away with the preceding ones in an iron safe, which is kept locked.

LAND OF MOTHER-IN-LAW.

It appears to be the custom of the people of Somaliland, which is on the coast of Africa at the entrance to the Red sea, for a man to offer the use of his property to a mother whose daughter he wishes to marry, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. Mr. Gleichen, who accompanied Rennal Rodd's mission to Abyssinia, states that he offered the use of his mule to the wife of his head Somali camel-driver, and she informed him that she would be honored to have him as a son-in-law, but unfortunately her daughter was already married, and in that case it was impossible that she could make use of anything belonging to him.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Barge Martha Sunk In Collision With the Steamer E. P. Wilbur.

IS BADLY DAMAGED

Iron Ore Cargo Jammed Back and Thrown Over Her Decks.

Detroit, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—A head on collision between the Lehigh Valley Transportation company's liner E. P. Wilbur and the barge Martha in Lake St. Clair last night resulted in the sinking of the barge. The Martha was ore laden for Lorain. The crew was taken aboard the Wilbur. The Martha carried 3000 tons of iron ore.

The Wilbur has a hole in her starboard side and her fender strake is smashed. On her port side there is a hole five feet broad through the plates. The damage will probably amount to $3500.

The Martha does not block the channel. The steamer A. A. Parker, bound up behind the Wilbur, went aground in preference to running into the wreck and her cargo will have to be lightered.

The bow of the Martha is gone and the vessel is a wreck for thirty-five feet aft as far as the main rigging ahead. The steel plates were forced clear back, and her cargo of iron ore was jammed back and thrown over her decks. The escape of the crew from death was compared to a miracle by those who visited the wreck.

BARGE LOZEN STRANDED.

Sault Ste. Marie, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The barge Lozen, lumber laden and in tow of the steamer Street, stranded in Little Rapids just below the Colonial. The Lozen ran out about a foot. It is not thought the vessel is damaged, but her cargo must be lightered.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Troy, 8:30 a. m.; Schuck, 8; Macy, Wilson, 9:15; Poe, 9:30; Vance, 10; Naples, 10:20; Berlin, 11:20; James Hill, Gilchrist, Tyrone, 12:30 a. m.; Rugee, 12:20; Jolliet, Harvard, 1:30; Smith No. 2 and consorts, 1:40; Reis, Peshtigo, 5; Bannockburn, LaSalle, 6; Hiawatha, 6:50; Germanic, Hutchinson, 8:10; Iroquois, 9; Leuty, Brottsford, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Iosco, Jeanette, noon; Hanna, 1 p. m.; Shaw, 4:30; Majestic, 5:50; Mitchell, Calekamaga, 6:50; Devereux, 7; Schenlinger, 7:40; the two Parkers, 8:10; Ashtabula, 11.

PASSED THE SAULT.

Sault Ste. Marie, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Curry, 9 a. m.; Mohawk, Penobscot, 9:30; Ketchum, 10; Volunteer, Robert Rhodes, Yuma, McDougall, 10:30; Cuba, 11. Down: Mariotas, Chili, 1:30 a. m.; Centurion, 3; Ford, 5:20; Bulgaria, Algeria, Livingstone, 6:30; Alberta, 6:40; Appleblim, Chisholm, 7:40; Peerless, 8; Thomas Wilson, 8:30; Hebard, Aloha, Annabel Wilson, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Wade, 11:20 a. m.; Schuylkill, 12:40 p. m.; Iroquois, Magna, 1:40; Leafield, 2:30; Matsafa, Maderia, North Star, Edenborn, Stevens, 3:40; Rensselaer, 4:20; Victory, Constitution, 5:20; Collingwood, 5:50; Bower Street, Lozen, Godfrey, Caledonia, Polynesia, 4:30 p. m.; Bielman, Kaikaska, Fryer, Oak Leaf, Minnesota, Ewen, Republic, 6; Mills, Crosstimber, Exile, Monroe, Ravenscraig, 6:40; Schoolcraft, Bourke, 8; Ericsson, 8:30.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland — Arrived: Pilot, Cleared: Ore—Arrowsmith, Harper, Conneaut; German, Ashtabula.

Ashtabula — Cleared: Light — Hartnell, Duluth.

Buffalo — Cleared: Light — Masaba, Marlcopa, Two Harbors; Ketcham, Munising; Cranage, Malta, Superior; Maruba, Mala, Duluth.

Cleveland — Cleared: Coal — Leuty, Bothwell, Soo. Light—Cadillac, Marquette; Berlin, Devereux, Scotia, Plymouth, Duluth.

Conneaut—Cleared: Light — Harvard, Joliet, Rees, Duluth.

Erie — Cleared: Light — Chattanooga, Presque Isle; Hackett, Duluth.

Lorain — Cleared: Coal — Merrimac, Duluth.

Marquette — Cleared: Centurion, Conneaut; Angeline, Georger, Cleveland; Manhattan, Ashtabula.

Munising — Sheltered: Oregon, Rhoda Emily, Foster.

Toledo — Departed: Coal — Two Parkers, Duluth. Light—Macy, Wilson, Marquette; Holland, White and Friant, Hennaford, Duluth.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Green, Genoa, Oscoda, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Brazil, Waldo, Corsica, Elphicks, Spokane, Lake Erie, light for ore; Shenandoah, Crete, John Mitchell, John Owen, Lake Erie, coal; Fairbairn, Buffalo, light for grain.

Departed—India, Buffalo, pass and flour; Majestic, Collingwood, pass and flour; Hudson, Northern Wave, Buffalo, flour; Tuttle, Donaldson, Santa Maria, Marvin, Wayne, Lake Erie, lumber; Palmer, Hesper, Huron, Amazon, Frick, Sitka, Yukon, Lake Erie, ore; Morse, Buffalo, grain.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: D'Aquitaine from Havre.

New York—Arrived: New York, from Southampton.

BANK ROBBED.

St. Paul, Oct. 27.—A Barabboo, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The Prairie Du Sac bank was robbed last night, the loss being $1500 in gold and $200 in other money. Entrance was from the rear and dynamite was used to blow open the safe. There is no clue to the robbers.

HINT BORE FRUIT.

With a seeming innocency that would have done justice to Ah-Sin, the heathen Chinee, Li Hung Chang appeared to display the greatest interest in the sewing machines at an exhibition in Edinburgh he visited when in this country, relates Pearson's Weekly. His excellency's first question was how long it would take for the sewing machine, at which he had sat down, to do a certain distance—seemingly confusing the mechanical stitcher with a lady's safety at the next stand.

Without waiting for any reply to his query, or further ceremony Li started sewing a little seam. Nor did he do it badly, a fact which made him seem as delighted as a child. For some time the viceroy continued his hemming, and though got away at length by his attendants, immediately sat down at the next machine and insisted on working it.

"What is the price?" asked Li at length.

"Your excellency shall have it as a gift," was the reply of the exhibitors.

"Then I don't want it in that case," observed the simple and bland Li, "because I require two—one for myself and the other for the empress."

And he had them.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

INDIANS WILL VOTE.

At the approaching presidential election a considerable number of new voters, made up of Indians whose tribal relations have been broken up and who have become full citizens of the United States, will help somewhat to increase the uncertainty of the result, says the New York Post. It will be found when the present census is completed, that the number of taxable Indians has increased by reason of the breaking up of more reservations and the enforced independence of certain tribes that have been the wards of the government for years. And if the policy that is being pushed now is carried forward consistently nearly every Indian in the country will be enfranchised before another presidential election.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

ELEPHANT SKINS.

They Will Be Popular and Expensive This Season.

The skins of various kinds of sea animals will be popular in all kinds of leather goods the coming season. There will be sealskin and walrus. Anything which comes out of the sea and is adaptable will be finely dressed and appear in all sorts of fashionable shapes. Not that other animals will be neglected. The elephant skin, which is the most costly of all and the most difficult to obtain, is the most exclusive, while buffalo, Texas steers and goats will all shed their skins for the benefit of the lovers of fine or stylish leathers.

The finest is not by any means the most stylish, as witness the hornback, the coarse back skin of the alligator, which was used last winter, and which is one of the most expensive pieces of alligator. Its rough prongs make an excellent appearance in large bags, and it is more or less expensive and satisfies the taste of the people who like the newest and best materials. The alligator is to appear in more variety and brilliancy of color this winter, and its popularity will thereby be increased. In the way of coarse goods, the Texas steer skin has peculiarities of its own that are quite different from cowhide. The animal's habits of life and lack of care give the skin a coarse quality, which is effective when it is made up.

Most of the skins which are made up into leather goods are sent from the places of which the animals are native either salted or dried, and here are tanned for the various purposes for which they are to be used. Tanning fancy leathers which go into purses and bags is a business by itself. Skins which are difficult to obtain, like the buffalo and the elephant, are the most in demand by the exclusive trade, and they bring good prices, a handsome purse in elephant skin costing sometimes as much as $30 or $40. A strange feature about the elephant skin is that it may be called a domestic product, for it comes usually from some part of this country. This is not because men in the leather business are starting elephant farms, as ostrich farms have been started in the interests of the millinery trade. The elephant is too precarious and long-lived an animal, and he does not shed his skin. He is one of the animals that is worth infinitely more alive than dead, and when an elephant skin is obtained it is usually something in the nature of an accident.

If an elephant becomes unruly and has to be killed, his skin probably will be turned over at the earliest possible moment to the leather men, and there will be, after a time, a new invoice of elephant purses, or even large hand satchels. If one dealer gets this skin, he will have a little corner in elephant-skin goods. The skin of the buffalo is one that is also expensive and difficult to obtain on account of the scarcity of the animals. It makes a coarsely pebbled leather in dark brown and gray.

There are to be more genuine skins in the market this winter than have been heretofore, leather men say, according to the New York Times. The skins that have been used have been genuine leather goods, but they have gone under certain names that were not exactly accurate. There was not really an intent to deceive on the part of the dealers, but it was hardly worth while to lay in a stock of a skin difficult and expensive to obtain if there was to be no call for it. So for a time the name was put out without the leather. Then the demand came, and reliable dealers felt themselves placed in a false position. The experiment has been made, and this year will see the genuine skins. The snake skin, when was always a little uncanny, will not be so popular this year as it has been in seasons past.

The suit also continues its long run of popularity. The lowest-priced cases for women cost $6.50, while those for men may be had as low as $3. Those for the women are in finer leathers, and made on light aluminum frames, while those for men are on steel.

The newer chatelaine bags are mounted in silver. The convenient little, long, narrow hand, chain, or Vienna bags, as they are variously called, come in many materials, suede being one of the most popular. There are trunks in all varieties and degrees of convenience and beauty of covering, but the woman who has many gowns gets the wardrobe trunk, which always stands end up, with adjustable coat and skirt hangers in the body, while a bureau is formed in the cover with compartments for carrying smaller belongings. Even the trained skirt goes on these skirt hangers, for there is an attachment on some of the hangers for holding the extra length. The men's wardrobe trunks hold coats and trousers equally well, while in the cuffs, collars, etc. These trunks are covered with water-proof material.

LIVELY ENCOUNTER.

While at Batesville last week the writer was told of a genuine mix-up between Edward Brown, a worthy and well-to-do colored man living ten miles west of Batesville, near the big Tallahatchie bottom, and a 600-pound black bear, says the North Mississippi Herald. The incident happened quite recently. The negro's corn field is near the bottom, and for two weeks past several bears had made night visits thereto to partake of the delicious roasting ears. Brown is a bold bear hunter, and in his day has killed many dozens of them. He built a scaffold in the corn field near where the bears entered, and Monday night, with his trusty gun, he took his stand thereon, intending to bag Bruin while devouring his corn. Now the thrilling part comes, and boys who love to read hair-breath escapes from wild and ferocious beasts must prepare to hold their breath. The bear came on schedule time and started straight for the negro's shelter. Brown saw that he was a tremendously large one, and tried to make good his aim. He only

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Bryan's Patriotism Is All Embracing.

[illegible]

A Few More Facts About Trusts.

[illegible]

AS TO PROSPERITY.

[illegible]

WHAT WE PAY FOR WAR.

[illegible]

STATE MONEY SAVED.

[illegible]

YOUNG MEN'S RESPONSIBILITY

[illegible]

THE CONGRESSIONAL FIGHT.

[illegible]

Up Stream.

[illegible]

THE HALL OF FAME.

[illegible]

McKinley Going Against Precedent

Richmond Va. Dispatch. Twenty-four years ago the American people drink, resolved to permit no president to succeed himself. They had seen from experience that a man in his second term will lay the wires for a third, just as in his first he laid for them a second. In that twenty-four years they have been strictly impartial and have applied the rule to Republican and Democrat alike. Thus they defeated Cleveland when he tried it and defeated Harrison when he tried it, though he had been one of the most representative Republicans during his first term that his party had ever put there. Is there anything in Mr. McKinley or in those who steer him or in the acts of his administration to create belief that the people will change their mind?

[illegible]

Baking Powder Economy

The manufacturers of Royal Baking Powder have always declined to produce a cheap baking powder at the sacrifice of quality.

The Royal is made from pure grape cream of tartar, and is the embodiment of all the excellence possible to be attained in the highest class baking powder.

Royal Baking Powder costs only a fair price, and is cheaper at its price than any similar article.

Samples of mixtures made in imitation of baking powders, but containing alum, are frequently distributed from door to door, or given away in grocery stores. Such mixtures are dangerous to use in food, and in many cities their sale is prohibited by law. Alum is a corrosive poison and all physicians condemn baking powders containing it.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Mr. Dooley On Fame

By F. P. Dunne.

"Tis a great reputation I do in Finley Bryan down in New York state," said Mr. Hennessy.

"A fine reputation for a Democrat in New York state," said Mr. Dooley. "It has the most enormous wounded. Anything short iv death is regarded as a friendly act. Indicting a corporation, of a mild kind iv a man's like suffocation by uniforms, will be considered a free special beach. All ye can say about William Jennings Bryan's reputation is that he got big Wall street worked hard enough to deadh with nuggets f'rm th' pooed reserve. An' now, what ar're ye dangin' poll'tics into this peaceful abode f'r, Hinnissy? Isn't it hard enough f'r me to have to stand here all day long listnin' to strangers raylectin' th' constitution on questions now before th' people to pass upon itself without havin' me friends make me light's mi rable with chatter about th' deeds, problems iv th' noon? Th' votes is as good as cast an' counted. Ayther th' country is ruined or it is ruined. An it ain't anyhow. Ayther we are delivered over hand an' foot to th' waddles an' orphans that've had thrust stocks sawed off on thim be th' executors, or, th' government abandons a policy iv brutal, crool, murdhrous conquest iv th' cowardly assassins iv th' land iv eternal sunshine an shadow. Two weeks f'rm to-day we'll be ayther neglectin to pay our debts in th' standard money iv th' nations iv th' earth or in a debased an wr'tched clenage that no wan has iv'r got enough iv. An' what th' divvle difference does it make, me boy? Th' mornin after ilection, 'tis Hinnissy to th' sang pile an' Dooley to th' beer pump an' Jawn D. Rockefeller to th' lie can, an' th' ol' flag floatin' over all iv us if th' wind is good an' th' man in charge has got up in time to hist it. Foolish man, th' fun'rals don't stop f'r ilections, or th' christenin's or the weddin's. Be hivins, I think th' likes iv ye imagines this country is something besides a hunk iv land occypied be human beins. Ye think it a sort iv an autymobill that'll run down onless ye charge it with yer partic'lar kind iv gas. Don't ye expect Hinnissy that anny throop iv angels will dhrop f'rm hiven to chop yer wood on th' mornin' iv th' eleventh iv November if Bryan is ilected, an' don't ye have Jawnny McKenna think that if Mack gets in, he'll have to put a sturdy iv oil cloth on th' dure sill to keep plutheyrats f'rm shovin' th'ansury notes undher th' dure. No, sir; I used to think that was so—wanst. In th' days whin I pathronized a lothry. Now I know diffrent.

"Where'll they be a hundhred years f'rm now? McKinley an' Bryan, Debs an' Mark Hanna, an' Web Davis, an' Croker an' Bill Lorimer—wher'll they be? I was r-readin' th' other doy about a vote cast be a lot iv distinguished gazabis through th' counthry f'r th' occypants iv a hall iv fame. A hall iv fame's th' place where th' names iv th' most famous men is painted like th' sides iv a barrn where a little boy writes his name in th' little girl he loves. In a week or two he goes back an rubs it out. But in this matther twas determined to take out th' question to a jury iv th'strong-headed an' have thim vote on it on'y th' dead wans eligible. I r-read th' ballots, Hinnissy, an' will ye believe me or will ye not? Much as I know I couldn't read more thin half th' names. George Washington was elected, of course, unanimously an' without a contlicting ballot. Th' next man that got th' most votes was Ulysses S. Grant an' Thomas Jefferson an' Robert E. Lee. I knew an' ye think as though we'd been raised in th' same log. But near all th' others got by me. Wan man was famous because he made a cotton gin, though th' author iv more common drinks was cut out. Another man got by th' flag on th' ground that he manufactured a cook. A third passed th' stand because he made a dictionary, which is a book that tells ye how many diff'rent things th' same word means. They was votes I never r-read an' never heard iv, an' I never knew I never heard, an' invintors iv things that had been discovered before th' things that had to be discovered later. An' in' this was as unfamiliyar to me as th' battin' order iv th' Worcester ball team iv eighteen hundhred an' seventy-six. 'Bedad,' says I, 'if this is fame I'll dhraw cards myself. Some day whin th' owner iv th' real iv fame tells th' janitor to climb up an' whitewash over th' names on th' wall an' make out a new list, some wan may vote f'r th' gr-eat soul that discovered "how to make both ends meet in th' year nineteen hundhred." That's a gr-eat invention, Hinnissy. Thank th' Lord th' Standard Ile company hasn't got a patent on it.

"What's fame, anyhow, all, me la-ad? 'Tis apt to be what some-wan writes on yer tombstone as anything ye did f'r yer-self. It takes two to make it, but on'y wan has much iv a hand. 'Tis not a men's life in wan volume be himself, but his 'life' in three volumes be wan iv his frinds. An' be th' way th' jury voted f'r th' lodgers in this thinment house iv fame, manny that cud pay their scoor at th' desk is left on th' dure step because th' banks is filled with th' frieds iv th' managers. I think I'll hire a large buildin' f'r th' rayjected. I wudden't be surprised if manny iv th' star boarders come out iv th' other hall iv fame for' th' conjanial company in mine.

"When ye think iv it, whin ye sclether how manny men have done things or thried to do thim f'r wan hundhred years in this counthry, an' now whin it comes to pick the winners about half th' list is on'y famous to th' men that voted f'r thim, how ar-re ye goin' to figure that anny iv th' la-ads that ye're wastin' yer luzzes f'r'm now Aggynaldoo may be as famous as Mack, an' annyhow they'll both be dead an' that's th' principal ingreedient iv fame. Go home an' think it over."

"I'm not goin' home," said Mr. Hennessy. "I'm goin' to march with th' Unsound Money an' Sound Morals club tonight."

"Yo'll be famous," said Mr. Dooley. "Ye'll be wan iv th' first they'll admit to the hall iv fame whin they open th' dures to th' wurruld's famous loonyties." (Copyrighted, 1900, by Robert Howard Russell.)

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Philadelphia Bulletin. He—Do you think you could learn to love me? She—I might. I learned to like Dewey.

Detroit Journal: "A girl always thinks any man perfect who proposes marriage to her."

"Certainly. The theory is to catch your ideal before you have him dog'd yet."

Chicago Record. "Did your husband ever make fun of your love letters?"

"Yes, but not until after we were married."

Smart Set. Lena—I didn't think you'd let a man kiss you on such short acquaintance.

Maude—Well, he thoroughly convinced me that it was all my own fault that I didn't meet him sooner.

Brooklyn Life. Daughter—Oh, mamma, I do wish I were pretty!

Mother—You people! Dear, sensible men think very little about beauty.

Daughter—But it isn't sensible men I'm thinking about, mamma—it's Charlie.

Indianapolis Journal: "You and Horace seem so fondly devoted, Louise."

"Yes, Clara, we are, but we often get awfully tired of each other, too."

Chicago Post: "Adele," said the fond mother, "is reaching the age where a girl naturally thinks of marriage."

"True," replied the father regretfully. "But do you think we can afford a son-in-law?"

Philadelphia Press: Tess—I thought she was going to marry old Gotrox.

Jess—She was, but she broke the engagement.

Tess—What for?

Jess—When she accepted him he told her she had put new life in him.

Detroit Journal: She placed her hand trustingly in his, upon observing that he held his hand about level with his chin, cultivatedly.

"I can't possibly put my foot in it, under the circumstances," she argued with herself.

For with her, in her innocence, the forms of polite society were an earnest of true worth.

Chicago Post: "Did you ever get religion?" asked the revivalist.

"Well, I should say so—125 pounds of it," replied the man.

"A hundred and thirty-eight pounds of religion!" cried the revivalist. "How did you get that?"

"The only way that a good many men ever get religion," was the reply. "I married it."

The Woman With the Broom.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: The thrifty housewife's ire is inclined to curl when she reads Senator Hanna's assertion that there are no trusts. She comes in contact with the trust's pinching end every day. Not to speak of the high price she must pay for meat controlled by a meat combine, she pays about double what she paid four years ago for brooms. The broom factories are controlled by a trust capitalized for $5,000,000. It pays an annual dividend of $250,000. There has been no advance in the wages of broommakers, but the price of brooms has advanced in four years from $2.25 a dozen to $6.25 a dozen.

Most Sordid of Arguments.

Grand Rapids Democrat: Boss Hanna's "full dinner pail" is the most sordid argument ever advanced in an American political campaign. Followed to its logical conclusion, it would mean that the voters of the country would not object to the establishment of an empire with a moneyed aristocracy so long as they were fed well. It is in keeping with the party which relies upon buying another presidential election. If accepted it would make stomach instead of brains and conscience the power which controls voters.

One Term Is Enough.

Columbus, O., Press-Post: One of the most corrupting and demoralizing influences in our politics is the use and abuse of the vast patronage of the presidential office to secure for its incumbent a second term. There ought to be no second term, and the best way to abolish it is to defeat any president who aspires to it.

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

The Young Ladies' Card club was entertained last Monday afternoon at the home of Miss Dickinson, of East First street. The head prize was won by Miss Tipple and the consolation prize by Miss Hirsch. The club will be entertained at its next meeting by Mrs. W. R. Spencer, of Adams flats. Those present were:

Messrs—
H. F. Williams, Jr. — F. R. Leslie.
W. R. Spencer. — C. F. Macdonald.
R. H. Draper. — F. W. Sullivan.
P. M. Shaw. — A. D. McRae.
E. M. Sellwood. — J. B. Cotton.
N. W. Spencer. — J. C. Geggie.

Misses—
Martha Peyton. — Hirsch.
Louise Sellwood. — Alice Peyton.
Appleby. — Tipple.
Smith. — Crowley.

* * *

Mrs. William Gallagher, of Ashtabula street, entertained at cards on Thursday afternoon.

* * *

Mrs. L. L. Cook, of 21 West Third street, is entertaining Mrs. P. R. Mark, of Princeton, Minn., and Mrs. Cohen and son, of Milaca, Minn.

* * *

Mrs. Sando Van Wagner has been called to Bay City, Mich., by the death of a relative.

* * *

Invitations have been issued by Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Maginnis, of 1924 Fifth second street, for the wedding reception of their daughter, Miss Agnes Maginnis, and William Bennett, to take place Monday evening, Nov. 5, from 8.30 until 11 o'clock.

* * *

Miss Etta Cook will leave tomorrow for St. Paul, for a two weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. A. R. Shapiro.

* * *

Mrs. F. W. Hargreaves entertained Thursday and Friday of this week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. Irving Tillotson, who have been the guests of their daughter Mrs. Joan Mellen, of Superior street, returned to Hillsdale, Mich., Tuesday morning.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John Millen, of 523 East Superior street, left for Chicago Tuesday evening. Mrs. Millen will make an extended trip East before her return.

* * *

Mrs. Margaret M. Cutter has returned from a pleasure trip to Isle Royale and other north shore points.

* * *

The Olympian Literature society was organized on Tuesday afternoon with twenty-forty-five members. The following officers were elected: Miss Ethel Lockney, president; Miss Puda Robinson, secretary, Max Klein, treasurer; Alonzo Mason, sergeant-at-arms. Many interesting discussions are expected to be held regarding current events of the day.

* * *

The Twentieth Century club will hold a Hallowe'en party at the club rooms on Monday evening.

* * *

A surprise party was tendered Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Wilson at their home, Fifty-seventh avenue, Monday evening, by a number of their friends. Progressive euchre was played and a most delightful time was had by all. Mrs. G. H. L. Sage won the head prize for the ladies, a pin tray, and Joseph Brotherton won the gentleman's prize, an ash tray. Refreshments were served.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. O. N. Lundberg returned on Tuesday from a visit at the Twin Cities.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Ohland will leave shortly for St. Paul, where they will make their future home.

* * *

On Monday night the East End Euchre club will give one of its monthly receptions and card parties at the Kitchi Gammi club rooms. A large number are present and a very enjoyable time is reported.

* * *

Mrs. W. T. Bailey has gone to Chicago.

* * *

Miss Lillian Lauten is home from a visit in Brandon, Man.

* * *

Miss Nellie Elder, of Manitoba, visited her brother, William Elder, of Lakeside, this week.

* * *

O. C. Hartman was in Wahpeton, N. D., on the first of the week.

* * *

The National council of Women is made up of twenty affiliated national societies and several state and local councils that are themselves affiliated bodies. It represents the largest number of women gathered under one name, and for a common purpose, in the United States. Its meetings touch the interests of women of every section of the country, for the scope includes those broad humanitarian movements upon which widely differing organizations can agree and unite.

Once in three years the council holds a great council at Washington, in which an accounting is made in the progress of the world along many important lines. At these meetings are gathered together a number of prominent women such as few if any other conventions can muster. These are not sufficient to maintain the desired degree of activity and close relations of the council, and between the congresses a series of annual executive meetings are held in cities all over the country. This meeting is accompanied by a series of public gatherings similar in nature to the sessions of the congresses, only smaller in number and more limited in scope. The amount and importance of the business transacted at the executive meetings and the congresses is often about equal, depending upon the exigencies of the time. The executive meetings bring out usually an excellent showing of the best public work of the locality in which it is held.

This year the annual executive meeting will be held in Minneapolis Nov. 13, 14 and 15, by invitation of the Minneapolis Woman's council. This is a local affiliated body made up of fifty societies divided according to their line of work into ten departments. This was one of the first local councils organized on the model of the national, and it is especially fitting that it should have an opportunity to entertain the mother society. The local council was organized early in 1892, while the national council dates its origin from 1888.

The West hotel will be the headquarters, and many of the business meetings will be held there. The public meetings will be held in the pretty auditorium of the First Unitarian church. On the opening afternoon Mrs. A. E. Higbee, president of the Minneapolis council, will preside. The address of welcome will be given by Mrs. W. B. Leach, a former president of the Minneapolis council, and the response will be given by Mrs. Fannie Humphrey Gaffney, of New York, president of the national council, who will also deliver her address as president at the same meeting. This meeting will be followed by a reception and a visit to the art gallery at the home of Mrs. T. B. Walker, honorary president of the local council.

The reports of affiliated societies and discussions arising from their suggestions will occupy Wednesday afternoon. It is expected that this will be a meeting of special interest to club women, giving them an opportunity to enlarge their acquaintance with a number of important organizations. A large reception to visitors and women of the local council will be held Thursday afternoon at the West Hotel.

Each of the evening meetings will have a special topic. Tuesday evening the topic will be "Women in Municipal Affairs," and one of the speakers will be Professor Marie L. Sanford; Wednesday evening, "Women in Business;" Thursday evening, "Women in the Nation."

The work of preparation is being done by the following committees:

Arrangements—Mmes. A. E. Higbee, W. B. Leach and E. Torrance.

Credentials—Mrs. S. W. Fiske, Mrs. J. Crays and Dr. Mary S. Wheatstone.

Press and information—Mmes. J. E. Woodford, O. J. Evans, A. M. Keller, Misses Frances Shaw and Martha Scott Anderson.

Entertainment—Mmes. R. G. Evans, C. M. Loring, W. O. Fryberger, H. F. Brown, E. H. Barnard, James Quirk and J. E. Bell.

Music—Mmes. L. W. Ballard, G. E. Ricker and S. S. Brown.

The entertainment committee will be assisted at the reception by two women appointed from each of the literary clubs, which make up the largest and most active element in the local council.

The executive committee, which will transact the business, is made up of the officers of the council, the president and one other delegate from each of the national, state and local societies in the council. Patrons and members of the committees are entitled to be present at the business meetings and participate in the proceedings, although they have no votes. There is a large list of patrons, who are prominent people, who pay a large fee to the council to aid in its work.

* * *

On Wednesday evening of this week, Mrs. Nora Shepherd and William Lambert, two popular young people of West Duluth, were united in marriage in the St. James Catholic church, before a large assemblage of friends and relatives. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Pedeley at 8 o'clock, at which time the bridal couple took their place before the altar while a wedding march was played. The altar was a bower of beauty. Roses and smilax, palms and potted plants were tastefully arranged and lent the charm all their own, which was one of the features in a very pretty wedding. The bride, who looked charming in light gray silk, trimmed with an Irish point lace yoke, carried bridal carnations and was attended by Miss Lillian Lambert, a sister of the groom, as bridesmaid. The bridesmaid was dressed in light violet-colored mousseline de soie and carried pink carnations. The best man was William Hurley, of Pine City. At the conclusion of the ceremony, the bridal couple were almost overwhelmed with congratulations from their many friends.

A wedding reception was held at the home of Mrs. Ann Featherstone, Fifty-sixth avenue west, immediately following the ceremony and was attended by a small party of invited guests. The presents were numerous and beautiful. Accompanied by the traditional shower of rice and old shoes, Mr. and Mrs. Lambert left on the 11:15 train for a short trip to the Twin Cities and the groom's old home at Pine City, Minn. Mr. and Mrs. Lambert will be at home after Nov. 1 at 128 Fifty-seventh avenue west. Out of town guests at the wedding were Mrs. Lambert and Miss Lillian Lambert, of Pine City, mother and sister of the groom.

* * *

On Tuesday evening Clan Stewart will hold its annual Hallowe'en party at the Armory. One of the features this year will be the grand concert and exhibition of moving pictures by a Scottish company from Aberdeen, Scotland. This entertainment was here once before and occasioned a great deal of interest. The program is as follows:

PART FIRST.

March and Reels .....
Pipers, John Dow and Norman McLachlan.
Chairman's Address of Welcome.....
Song—"Jock o' Hazeldean" .....
Miss Mary Burnett.
Violin solo—"Auld Robin Gray".....
Miss Jennie Thomson.
Duet—"Ye Banks and Braes".....
Misses Burnett and Malcolm.
Mandolin solo—"Scottish Selections"..
Miss Jennie Thomson.
Dance—"The Highland Fling".....
Professor John Smith.
(Piper John Dow).
Song (illustrated)—"Home, Sweet Home" .....
Miss Mary Burnett.
Stereopticon Views—Scenes of Scotland and Kinematograph exhibition, "London Fire Brigade," "Highland Dancing," "Black Watch," and South African war pictures.

PART SECOND.

Song—"I'm Owre Young to Marry Yet"
Miss McGregor Malcolm.
Violin solo—"Sprigs o' Heather".....
Miss Jennie Thomson.
Song—"The Scottish Emigrant's Farewell" .....
Miss Mary Burnett.
Mandolin solo—Selected .....
Miss Jennie Thomson.
Song—"The Hundred Pipers".....
Miss Mary Burnett.
Dance—"The Sailor's Hornpipe".....
Professor John Smith.
(Piper Norman McLachlan).
Kinematograph exhibition, including "Lord Dundonald on his way to relief of Ladysmith," "Scots Grays," "Charge of Twenty-first Lancers," "Maj. Wilson's Last Stand," and other pictures
Pianist and accompanist .....
Miss McGregor Malcolm.

* * *

The first meeting of the year of the Outlook club will be held on Friday, Nov. 2, at 2 p. m., at the home of Mrs. Henry C. Marshall. H. F. Greene will give a talk on "The Roman Empire at the Beginning of the Christian Era."

* * *

The Duluth Social club will give a dancing party at the Masonic Temple next Wednesday evening. This is a new club which has been organized by a number of the young people.

* * *

The Twentieth Century club program for the coming week is as follows:

Monday, 2:30 p. m.—Parliamentary law class, Mrs. H. C. Marshall, leader.

Monday, Oct. 29, 8 o'clock—Social for evening department. Mrs. J. D. Morrison, chairman.

Wednesday, 2:30 p. m.—Art department will meet to organize.

Wednesday, 3 p. m.—Home department will meet to organize.

All women in Duluth, by conforming to the requirements of the constitution and by laws of the club, are eligible to membership in the Twentieth Century club.

The members of those classes which meet for evening work, and those desiring to enter such classes, are especially urged to attend the Monday night Hallowe'en social, as business will be combined with pleasure, and classes will be organized and the times of meetings determined.

* * *

A very enjoyable evening was spent in card playing and dancing at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Roberts on Park Point Friday evening. Those present were:

Messrs and Mesdames—
F. Dion. — P. C. Hart.
R. Bruner. — Vourse.
Maynard. — J. Refrangue.
F. Jacobs. — A. Longtin.

Mesdames—
H. Burwell, of Two Harbors. — A. Baker.
— J. Pangburn.

Misses—
Bramstead. — Milly Baker.
Refrangue. — Vourse.
Maynard. — Postal.

Messrs.—
Larson. — Maynard.
Bramstead. — Vourse.
Bruner.

One of the laughable features of the evening was a cake walk in which Mrs. A. Baker and Mr. J. Refrangue took part against Mrs. A. Robert and Miss Milly Baker. The prize was awarded to Mrs. A. Baker.

An excellent lunch was served at 12 m.

* * *

The Twentieth Century club is issuing the following circular to all women interested in club matters:

The Twentieth Century club of Duluth, a woman's organization for literary and sociological purposes and for the uplifting of women generally, extends its privileges of membership to women on the ranges and in towns near Duluth. Our plan is to have the women attend at least one of our meetings every month when we would present a literary program, and close with an hour of social pleasures. We would use every endeavor to make the evening both profitable and pleasant.

The annual membership dues, $1, however, admit to all club entertainments and to all afternoon study classes, besides the rest rooms of the club will be open daily to the visiting members.

Article V of the constitution—Membership shall be based upon intelligence and character, without regard to race, politics or religion.

Article 2 of by-laws, section 1—An application for membership must be endorsed by two members of the club, or by two well-known people, and presented to the chairman of the membership committee.

Monday is the club meeting day. The club year extends through the winter and until the last Monday in April. The club year book may be had by addressing the historian, Mrs. M. R. Baldwin, 711 West Second street.

Club officers for 1900-1901 are: President, Mrs. H. C. Marshall; first vice president, Mrs. R. N. Marble; second vice president, Mrs. J. H. Crowley; third vice president, Mrs. James Dow Morrison; treasurer, Mrs. W. J. Olcott; recording secretary, Miss Fannie Mattocks; secretary, Mrs. G. N. Bergtold; historian, Mrs. M. R. Baldwin.

* * *

The Needlework guild will hold its annual round-up in the rear of Smith's confectionary store, commencing Monday, Oct. 29. The contributors and anyone interested in the work are cordially invited to come and see the articles Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday.

* * *

Mrs. W. M. Beatty, of 214 First avenue east, gave an autumn tea Wednesday afternoon to a number of her friends. Decorations were autumn leaves and goldenrod. Covers were laid for twelve.

* * *

Mrs. Max Gross gave an afternoon coffee to some of her lady friends Wednesday afternoon. The table was prettily decorated with red roses and carnations. Covers were laid for fifteen.

* * *

A quiet but very pretty home wedding occurred at 615 Fifty-sixth avenue west, on Wednesday night. The bride was Miss Lulu P. Merriman, a young lady quite popular in social circles of West Duluth, and the groom was Charles T. Fatcett, a well-known business man of that part of the city. The ceremony was witnessed only by a few of the relatives and immediate friends of the couple. The house was prettily decorated for the event with carnations and smilax. Rev. R. A. Sanderson, pastor of the Oneota Methodist church, performed the ceremony. Both bride and groom were unattended. The bride was dressed becomingly in a blue tailor made suit. The bridal couple received a fine lot of presents from their relatives and friends. After the ceremony a reception was held and a fine lunch spread for the wedding guests. Mr. and Mrs. Fancett will be at home at 5539 Grand avenue after Nov. 1.

* * *

Mrs. H. P. Johnson has returned to her home in Merrill, Wis., after a visit with friends at the West End.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Adams were in Chicago this week.

* * *

Mrs. W. H. Mosher is visiting in Chicago.

* * *

Miss Anna Enright has returned to Bwabik after a visit with West Duluth relatives and friends.

* * *

On Wednesday of this week, Mrs. J. Kraemer, of West Duluth, entertained Mrs. Hoch and Mrs. J. Kraemer.

* * *

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Merritt, at Oneota, was thrown open on Wednesday evening for a social given to the congregation and society of the Oneota M. E. church. Mr. and Mrs. Merritt are royal entertainers and a splendid time is reported.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mandelert, of West Duluth, have been called to Chippewa Falls by the death of the father of Mr. Mandelert.

* * *

Miss Nora Stivers, of Dedham, is a guest in the family of Kenneth McDonald, of Fifty-third avenue west.

* * *

D. C. Thompson entertained this week, his mother, Mrs. C. Thompson, and Mrs. C. French, of St. Paul.

* * *

A very pleasant social affair occurred in the Great Eastern hall, at West Duluth, on Wednesday evening, the event being a surprise party on the members of Old Hickory Camp No. 1553, Modern Woodmen of America, by some thirty of the ladies of Banford Camp No. 1027, Royal Neighbors of America, the ladies' auxiliary corps of the Modern Woodmen. The party was given in return for one of a similar nature given by the Woodmen for the Royal Neighbors a few weeks ago, at which a presentation was made of a fine Bible. The evening was delightfully spent in music, social talks and dancing. Mrs. Fisher did the honors for the Royal Neighbors.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Lydia K. Sturm to Forrest A. Schlender, of Austin, Minn., took place Wednesday evening at the brides home, 731 West First street, Rev. T. H. Cleland officiated. The wedding was a pretty one, flowers and potted plants being effectively arranged in the parlors. A large reception and elaborate supper followed the ceremony. The bride has lived in the city for several years. Mr. and Mrs. Schlender left during the evening for the East.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Manson are in Chicago.

* * *

Mrs. Charles M. Goodwin has reurned from Marquette.

* * *

Ray Kreis has returned from a two weeks' visit at his old home in Monticello, Minn.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Jones, of Iron Mountain, spent several days in the city this week.

* * *

The Degree of Pocahontas held a very successful annual ball at the Great Eastern hall, at West Duluth, Tuesday evening. The attendance was very large, a number attending from Duluth and enjoying a royal good time.

* * *

The home of Mr. and Mrs. N. K. Coffman, 1518 London road, was the scene of a very pretty wedding Wednesday night at 7 o'clock, when Miss Rose May Eddins, of Two Harbors, a sister of Mrs. Coffman, was united in marriage to John Murphy, of Duluth, by Rev. T. H. Cleland. A party of the bride's friends were present from Two Harbors. An enjoyable supper was served during the evening.

* * *

A very pleasant evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Fraser, 1730 West Third street, on Wednesday evening, the event being a surprise party in honor of Miss Ethel Fraser. Miss Martha Flohr played the grand march and all wended their way to the diningroom, where Mrs. Fraser was assisted by Mrs. Dennis and Mrs. Graham in serving light refreshments. Those present were:

Misses—
Martha Flohr. — Ethel Fraser.
Frances Flohr. — Kathrine Johnson.
Mamie Kennedy. — Lillie Carlson.
Emelia Olsen. — Fay Burns.
Lydia Olson. — Bertha Fraser.
Annie Hanson. — Jenette McLean.

Messrs.—
Harry Hanson. — Frank Zimmerman.
Earl Lowe. — Victor Fraser.
Percy Dennis. — Elsworth Dennis.
Alex Hanson. — Clarence Fraser.
Clifford Dennis. — M. L. Fraser.
Willie Peer.

* * *

On Sunday afternoon Miss Helen Zuthill, of Spencer, Wis., was married to Capt. W. A. Session. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. H. Cleland at the St. Elmo flats.

* * *

On Tuesday evening the J. B. Culver and Willis A. Gorman posts of the G. A. R. held a large and enjoyable social session in honor of D. S. Clark, of Minneapolis, assistant adjutant general of the department of Minnesota. About 300 were present. The social session was followed by refreshments, served by the ladies of the W. R. C.

* * *

The Chautauqua program for the meeting Monday evening is as follows:

Roll call—Give an important date of the present century and the reason of its importance.....
"The French Revolution," chapters 3 and 4 .....
Mrs. H. C. Kendall.
"The Rivalry of Nations," chap. 3..
Miss Edythe Milner.
Paper—"Hallowe'en" ....
H. C. Fulton.
Piano solo .....
Miss Clara Dickey

HE DENIES IT.

Vice President Olcott's Comment on Report of Mesaba Extension.

A dispatch to The Herald Thursday evening stated that the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad was surveying a line that was to run from Biwabik to Mesaba, striking the Stevens mine, and then on to Ely. W. J. Olcott, vice president of the Missabe road, said this morning that this statement is overwrought, and that it deals with matters not contemplated by the road.

"Having a surveying party not occupied for some time, we had them put at the work of surveying a branch to the Stevens mine, with the expectation that one day the road should reach that property and get its ore. This is in the future, however, and the remainder of the line spun by The Herald's informant is wholly unwarranted."

THE McBRIDE CASE.

Circumstances in the Case Are Not Without Pathos.

William McBride, the man arrested about a week ago at Hinckley having in his possession a horse and buggy belonging to Nichols & Thomas, of this city, was given an examination in police court yesterday afternoon and held to the grand jury on a charge of grand larceny. It is claimed that the circumstances in connection with this case are not without pathos. McBride, a former railroad man and resident of Proctorknott, found himself in destitute circumstances, and his wife and two children actually suffering for the plain necessities of life. Why such should be the case with labor in such demand in this vicinity does not appear. But he thought to reach his wife's relatives, some miles south of Hinckley and didn't have money to pay their railroad fare. He went to the Nichols & Thomas' livery stable after midnight and hired a rig to drive to Proctorknott, as he explained. The next day, when the rig was not returned, the liverymen made investigation and failed to find Mr. McBride in the little railroad suburb. Detectives then made investigation and located the man driving down through Carlton county.

His wife and two children will probably be cared for by the St. Louis county poor authorities.

Vote for a man for county superintendent of schools whose interests are identified with your own. Professor Hiram Parsons.

THE LIBRARY BUILDING.

Bids Will Be Asked as Soon as Plans Are Ready.

The library board held a meeting last night and discussed the details of the proposed plans for the new Carnegie library. The building committee was advised to advertise for bids for the building as soon as the specifications of the architect are finished. The cost of the building complete must not exceed $70,000.

A number of contractors say that the building cannot be put up for this amount on the present design, which calls for a building 100 feet square. In case bids do not come within the $70,000 limit the design of the building will have to be changed. A large number of people are finding fault with the present plans because the windows of the library proper, which is located on the second floor, are seven or eight feet from the floor.

TWO SAILORS KILLED.

Fell Down Hatchways, Landing on Their Heads.

Two sailors were killed yesterday by falling down hatchways. The first was Charles Hagony, a seamen on the City of Glasgow. While hurrying along the deck of the vessel yesterday morning he tripped up on a rope and was thrown headlong through an open hatchway, striking the bottom of the hold on his head. He was picked up unconscious and taken to St. Luke's hospital, where he died in the afternoon.

The second accident occurred on the steamer Gladstone, at 11 o'clock last night. James Morris fell into an open hatchway and, like the unfortunate Hagony of the Glasgow, he struck heavily on his head at the bottom of the hold. Death relieved his intense suffering within a few minutes.

Nothing could be learned regarding either man up to a late hour this morning. The authorities are endeavoring to locate relatives by telegraph, and the remains will not be butied for several days.

The Economic League.

The Economic league will meet Monday evening at the High School, Lake avenue entrance. The reports of the various committees will be heard and the organization permanently perfected. Trusts will be the subject for discussion. Professor Walker, of the Superior normal school, will talk on trusts.

The best business men of Duluth support Professor Parsons for county superintendent.

"If you send me anything 'just as good as Ayer's,' I shall send it right back.

"I might afford to experiment with shoe polish, but I can't and won't experiment with the medicine which means sickness or health to me."

J. C. AYER COMPANY,
Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla | Ayer's Hair Vigor
Ayer's Pills | Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Ayer's Ague Cure | Ayer's Comatone

"Strike For Your Altars and Your Fires."

Patriotism is always commendable, but in every breast there should be not only the desire to be a good citizen, but to be strong, able bodied and well fitted for the battle of life. To do this, pure blood is absolutely necessary, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one specific which cleanses the blood thoroughly. It acts equally well for both sexes and all ages.

Humor—"*When I need a blood purifier I take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cured my humor and is excellent as a nerve tonic.*" *Josie Eaton, Stafford Springs, Ct.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

GEIST & ERD — GEIST & ERD

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS

GEIST & ERD, 121 West Sup. Street

Cause of Business Failures.

Life's path is beset with terrors. The nerves must be like iron to resist its many shocks.

An eminent physician declares that many of the failures of business men are directly traceable to a debilitated physique. They are worn down by early vices or later comes—meeting one misfortune after another, hurls them into the deep abyss of utter failure.

This is a scientific fact. Don't blame your fellow or fate or fortune. Realize that the fault is within yourself, and then

BRACE UP

and think the matter over. Won't nerves spring from impure blood. Impure blood comes through a weak stomach. Weakness in the stomach means *dyspepsia* of the liver, or stomach, just as weakness in the kidneys, or liver or lungs means disease of the lining of these organs. Cure the cause and health comes back.

The medicine to do this is Peruna. Your brain will brighten, your weakness will disappear—the horizon of life will appear brilliantly hopeful—you'll find you will read of the stuff which makes successful men. It is the very thing for the overworked. It makes a manly man of a woman. It builds up the weak places and fortifies against future disease.

DOES NOT BAR THEM

Attorney General's Office Rules That Betting Does Not Disfranchise Voters.

TEXT OF THE RULING

An Intolerant Republican Speaker Who Is Campaigning Ranges.

The saying that he who bets on elections disgranchise himself has been bandied about the streets of Duluth as well as those of other cities. Practically, this is true, but as a trial, conviction and judgment of the court of last resort would be necessary to make it effective, probably no one will lose his vote on account of betting. The matter has been referred to Assistant Attorney General Donahower, who replied:

"This office does not desire to encourage any form of gambling, but having been asked the question several times, it must frame its opinion.

"It is possible that betting on the result of an election might come within the scope of the corrupt practice act, but that fact of itself would not deprive a man of his right to vote.

"In order to bring about disfranchisement it would be necessary to have a trial, conviction and a judgment of a court of last resort. Even in proclamation from the president of the United States or congress could not debar a citizen from the use of the elective franchise.

"At the time of the war, the president issued a proclamation by which men who had fled to Canada to escape the draft were penalized by disfranchisement. Judge Gordon E. Cole, of the supreme court of this state, held that such persons could not be thus disfranchised, for such a proclamation was opposed to the plain letter of the constitution of the United States, which says that only those convicted of felony or treason lost their right to vote.

"Even in the case of one who offered a bribe or inducement to secure another to vote according to his wishes, there would have to be a judicial investigation and enforcement or sentence of a court before disfranchisement would follow."

AN INTOLERANT SPEAKER.

A. E. Smith of Minneapolis, Who Is on Ranges, Intemperate In Talk.

A speaker from Minneapolis was up on the ranges this week and he has disgusted more people than he has converted. The man is A. E. Smith, of Minneapolis. He is one of those campaigners who does not admit that people who believe differently from himself are gentlemen. A party who was in Hibbing the night he appeared there said that his speech was bitter and that afterward at the hotel where he was with a crowd of the voters of the town, he was very abusive of all supporting the Democratic ticket and characterized them by many vile names and epithets. The comment on the range among the Republicans was that the Republican committee would make nothing by having such an intolerant man as Mr. Smith working in its interest.

NOT ALL ONE WAY.

John Bentner Says Ranges Will Give Good Democratic Vote.

John Beutner returned yesterday from the ranges and he finds that the sentiment among the people there is not so overwhelmingly Republican as the campaign committee of that party is trying to make everyone believe. The Democrats will get a good vote on the range this fall. Governor Lind especially will get a big vote and Henry Trueisen has a great many friends up there. Everyone up there is anxious to have him come up there and talk to them and are eagerly awaiting his visits of next week. The Morris meetings on the ranges were not characterized by any enthusiasm as far as he could learn, in fact, the congressman was coldly received. The same was true of Capt. Van Sant. Mr. Beutner is confident that the ranges will show up better for the Democrats this year than ever before.

Vote for a man for county superintendent who has taught six years in the public schools of St. Louis county, Professor Parsons.

THE CENSUS RETURNS.

Some Facts About Immigration That Are of Interest.

The census returns that are being published from day to day present statistics that are of considerable interest to the thinking public from several standpoints. One feature that is of interest to the people at the head of the lake particularly, is the census figures showing the distribution of the immense foreign population that has taken refuge under the American flag. In the years that have passed the tide of immigration was toward the westward and many of this country's large prairie districts in the West have been settled and developed into fine farms by thrifty foreigners. Nowhere perhaps, has a greater work been accomplished than in the Northwest, in the states of Minnesota, the Dakotas and other states, where the economical Norwegian and Swedish people have been the greatest factors in settling up and developing the country.

It is to be noticed that, on the face of the census returns, the stream of foreign immigration for the decade just closed has been for a greater part toward the cities. Duluth as the gateway of the Northwest has been a point to which most of the immigrants intending to settle in the Northwest have first come, but immigration agents admit that movement here has not been so heavy in the past few years as formerly and that a large part of the foreigners coming to the head of the lake may be found at the present time not such a great ways from the cities at the head of the lake.

Some economists claim that with the crowding into the cities of these people with their old world opinions and habits has to some extent clogged the labor market, instead of betaking themselves to the cleared lands of the Northwest or the prairies of the West. This effect has been felt on the Eastern labor markets, however, more than on the local market, for so great are the resources of the Northwest, the demand and supply in the labor markets here seem to rapidly adjust themselves on an equal basis.

AMUSEMENTS.

"AT THE WHITE HORSE TAVERN.

"At the White Horse avern," one of the Frohman successes of two or three years ago, was presented to Duluth people at the Lyceum last evening. It is a comedy adapted from a German play and the English version is the work of Sydney Rosenfeld. It is a quite peaceful comedy, with little or no action and with no change of scene, it is laid in the Austrian Alps and presents a pretty widow who keeps the White Horse tavern, a noted summer hostelry, which is visited by many travelers from Berlin. A number of love affairs are prettily and humorously worked out and some old characters presented. It is at best a pretty picture, possessing nothing to make it live in the memory.

"At the White Horse Tavern" is one of those plays that in the hands of any but a first class cast will drag and appear insipid. The cast last evening was not such as should present it. It might be a very good company in some plays but not in such as that of last evening. It is true that the company could not be expected to be such a one as presented it in New York for the price of admission asked was but half, but as said before "At the White Horse Tavern" is not such a play as will admit of only a fair production. Fred Mower as William Giesecke, the grouty Berlin manufacturer, who is travelling under protest, was the best in the company and there could be no complaint against him. Frank Norcross as the head waiter of the tavern, and who is featured on the bills was ordinary as was also Miss Minerva Dorr, who impersonated the hostess. The same may be said of every member of the cast.

Do You Need Money?

We make loans to salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, upon their own names, without endorsers, payable in partial payments, monthly or weekly, according to pay-day of borrower. Write us for terms, giving name of employer, length of service, salary and amount desired. All our business is confidential.

Reference—National German American Bank.

Minnesota Mortgage Loan Co.,
316-318 Pioneer Press Bldg.,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

LIKE OPIUM EATERS

Coffee Drinkers Become Slaves.

"The experience, suffering and slavery of some coffee drinkers would be almost as interesting as the famous "Confessions of an Opium Eater," says a Boston man. W. J. Tuson, 131 W. Newton street. "For twenty years I used coffee at the breakfast table and, incidentally, through the day. I craved it as a whisky drinker longs for his morning bracer. I knew perfectly well that it was slowly killing me, but I could not relinquish it.

"The effect on the nervous system was finally alarming, and my general health greatly impaired. I had dyspepsia, serious heart difficulty, and insomnia. When I would lie down I would almost suffocate. My doctor assured me it was due to the action of caffeine (which is the active principle of coffee) on the heart.

"I persisted in its use, however, and suffered along just as drunkards do. One day when I was feeling unusually depressed, a friend who I met, looked me over and said: 'Now, look here, old man, I believe I know exactly what's the matter with you. You are a coffee fiend and it's killing you. I want to tell you my experience. I drank coffee and it ruined my nerves, affected my heart, and made me a sallow, bilious old man, but through a friend who had been similarly afflicted, I found a blessed relief and want to tell you about it. Try Postum Food Coffee, a grateful, delicious beverage, full of nourishment, that will satisfy your taste for coffee and feed your nervous system back into health, rather than tear it down as coffee has been doing.'

"I took my friend's advice, and within a week from that time, my digestion seemed perfect. I slept a sweet, refreshing sleep all night, and my heart quit its quivering and jumping. I have been steadily gaining in health and vitality right along."

TRUSTEES CLEARED

Massachusetts Real Estate Company Taken From Receivers' Hands.

CHARGES DISPROVEN

Court Exonerates the Trustees From All Allegations Made Against Them.

Some time ago it was announced through the telegraphic dispatches from Boston that an application for the appointment of a receiver of the Massachusetts Real Estate company had been made in the United States circuit court there. The charges made were that P. W. Hewins, who was at the head of the company, had been making sales of property to the company for his own benefit. There were other allegations of a more or less serious nature. A temporary receiver was named. The announcement caused much surprise here, and it is of much interest to the people of Duluth, for the company owns little less than $1,000,000 worth of property in this city.

Last Wednesday the case came up in the federal court in Boston, and it resulted in the complete overthrow of the charges. The Boston Globe of Thursday reports the proceedings as follows:

"In a sweeping decision made from the bench, Judge Colt on the United States circuit court yesterday exonerated the trustees of the Massachusetts Real Estate company, against whom charges were made as a basis of a proceeding brought by Clark M. Pratt, in behalf of certain stockholders, with a view to have a receiver appointed for the company and wind up its affairs.

"Each charge contained in the voluminous bill is found by the court to be insufficiently sustained to warrant the exercise of the extraordinary power of the court sought by the complainant.

"His honor said the charges are purely a revival of old charges which were thoroughly investigated by a committee in 1894, and by another committee in 1897, at the instance of stockholders; that they were found by those committees to be untrue, and that no new danger is presented.

"'This alone,' says the court, 'is enough to warrant a refusal to exercise the extraordinary power requested by the complainant. But when we consider in addition to this the fact that stockholders representing 1300 shares (numbering 300) have expressed their confidence in the present management, the duty of the court is clear.'

"On an ex parte hearing some time since a temporary receiver was appointed, and subsequently the trustees moved to have the decree making such appointment vacated. Several hearings were had.

"Judge Colt, in his decision yesterday, ordered the temporary receiver to file his report forthwith and upon its approval he will be discharged.

"His honor said the reason he made this order instead of vacating the previous order, was that such action might raise a question as to the validity of the acts of the temporary receiver since he has been in office."

YALE WANTS A GAME.

Would Play Basket Ball With Duluth Team.

The Y. M. C. A. basket ball season will open in a few weeks, and it promises to be the best in the association's history. Yale university team may play here during the holidays, and that in itself will be considerable of a attraction. Candidates now working for positions on the team are: Earl Briggs, Edward G. Smith, Elmer Whyte, Hugh Brown, Carl Berini, Joe Berini, Thomas Chisholm, Dennis Deighton, G. Stink and Schmaal. A number of the high school athletes are expected to come out for the team as soon as the football season closes.

The first games will probably be with Two Harbors and Proctor, and good teams are forming at both of these places, Superior, Red Wing, University of Minnesota, St. Paul Y. M. C. A., Minneapolis Y. M. C. A. and the state Agricultural college will come later.

Ordered Removed or Repaired.

The board of public works has ordered ten abandoned dwellings on Duluth Heights to be removed or repaired so that it will not be dangerous to adjoining property and the lives of those passing along the street.

The buildings are all small frame structures, built in the brighter days of Duluth Heights's history. They are located on the hillside, on Grange street, between Ebony and Hugo streets, and members of the board declare that some of them lean over and depend entirely on the others for support. The others are at best frail, and a total collapse of the entire block is threatened, according to the members of the board who have investigated.

Support for county superintendent a man who has educated many of Duluth's best business men, Professor Parsons.

The True Art of Personal Adornment

lies not in quantity so much as in quality, harmonizing of colors and securing the general effect of completeness. In the matter of jewelry, we have some exquisite designs in necklaces, bracelets, rings and hair ornaments that will set off the beauty of the most beautiful woman, rob a plain woman of some of her plainness.

J. GRUESEN, Jeweler.
31 West Superior St. Hunter Block.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

Absolutely pure; contains no Fusel Oil.

CURES

Consumption
Bronchitis
General Debility
Overwork
La Grippe
Colds
Malaria
Dyspepsia
Depression
Exhaustion and weakness from whatever causes

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED TRADE MARK

When all other remedies fail try it. It is the greatest known stimulant and tonic.

STILLWATER, MAINE.

Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.:

Dear Sirs—Having had lung trouble and hemorrhages for a long time, four months ago I commenced using your Pure Malt Whiskey and have been much benefited thereby. Please send me your book of information. Yours truly, A. NOYES.

President Alpheus C. Smith, of the Suffolk Dispensary, Boston, in the course of a letter, says: "We find it necessary in our work to use a stimulant which without question is absolutely pure, and we are glad to say that in your 'Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey' we have succeeded in obtaining what has been of great assistance in many cases of pronounced danger. We should be unwilling to be without this valuable stimulant."

Government medicine stamp marks the genuine. All druggists and grocers or direct in plain package, express paid, $1.00 a bottle. Medical Booklet sent free.

Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

TH SPECIAL TERM.

Syndicate Land Company Dissolved and Receiver Named.

There was a quiet special term of district court this morning, with no matters of special interest before the court. The Syndicate Land company was dissolved, it appearing that it has been out of business for some time and that its books and records have long been lost. F. R. Webber was appointed receiver, and his bonds were fixed at $100.

Most of the cases on the calendar were suits to clear forfeited tax titles, and in one of them rather an unusual judgment was entered. The suit was that of F. W. Davies against the unknown heirs of Lizzie Weathers, the colored woman who was sent to the penitentiary from here for assaulting a police officer and who died there, and other persons or parties unknown. The court ordered judgment clearing the land from the claim of the heirs of Lizzie Weathers, but it refused to make the judgment so broad as to cover other persons or parties unknown." The following dispositions were made of other cases:

The application of Agnes B. Barnett for a judicial sale of certain property was granted. Judgment for the plaintiff was entered in the following forfeited tax cases: Charles R. Stat against M. Shapiro et al, same against George Rupley et al, same against Annie Blackmer et al, F. W. Davies against John Grachino et al, same against David Shea et al. In the case of the Iowa County Savings bank against W. J. Just et al, the receiver's account was allowed. In the case of G. Fred Knappen against the United States Loan and Investment company et al, an order was made authorizing the receiver to sell judgments.

Armory Nov. 6

Election returns will be received and called from platform. General returns received on direct Chicago wire. State returns covered by separate wire from St. Paul. If you want to hear all returns, including Congressional and County, and have a comfortable seat come to the Armory. Appropriate place for ladies. Doors open at 6 p. m. Admission 25 cents.

PAYS A FINE.

Parlor Theater Shooter Let Off Easy By the Court.

Daintily jerking his gun from his hip pocket, a tragedian of the darkest dye did his little Annie Oakley act to give the Parlor theater an entire new change of bill last night. His name was Albert Munson, or at least that is what he pleaded guilty to in police court this morning.

His action were strange, as was noted early in the evening when he seemed imbued with fire and an insatiate longing to see what a couple of peerless paragons of the dancing premieres could do in the way of shuffling off this mortal coil.

He was able to restrain the tragic savagery of his soul, until a laxen Titan-tresses soubrette came on and did a stunt that was the limitless illimitable and unlimited limit of laryngeal disaster.

She was a beautiful lady. Wore a large picture hat of jetted black velvet that was quite the smartest bit of darkness on the horizon. Peering coquettishly under the brim was a tinsel mesh of auburn hair that looked like a red brick sunset. The rest of her costume would have pleased any person that cared for allegory, but when Munson saw it his face became fossilized in jetted woe.

When this soubrette started in to wail cheerfully notes off the key, Munson was noticed to steal softly out at a woodshed in the rear of the theater and tiptoe away with an ax. He reached the theater just as the last strains of the song were struggling through the curling wreathes of fragrant smoke and a hush of death had come over the audience, which feared to breathe lest the damsel's strained ears interpret the inhalations as applause and come back.

When Munson saw her leave the stage a wave of sudden tenderness came over him and, muttering a prayer of forgiveness, he stood the fetted weapon in a corner and resumed his seat.

The next stunt was by an armless wonder. He would hold a gun with his toes and another man close by would hold a candle. When the gun went off the light of the candle went out. This was too much for Munson. He had a dull sort of impression that he could do it better—and he did. His gun went off and the entire audience went out. Most of the people went on the bias, or by taking short cuts over tables and seats.

Munson was arrested and denied that he did the shooting, though a gun with an empty chamber was found in his possession. This morning, in police court, he said he was drunk, and he was separated from several of the government's green lithographs and allowed to go free.

Play Not Interrupted.

Andrew McPhee of McPhee's Big company which is playing at the Sixth Avenue theater, now says that the report in reference to his show last evening was wrong. He asked police protection because of the crush of small boys at the box office at the time of opening and until the performance began, but he denies absolutely that there was any interruption of the performance after it began.

The veterans of St. Louis county voted solid for Professor Hiram Parsons for county superintendent of schools.

DAWSON OF TODAY

Presents a Great Contrast to the Town of Two Years Ago.

A FINE APPEARANCE

Continued Output of Fifteen to Twenty Millions a Year Is Probable.

Washington, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Consul McCook writes from Dawson City: Dawson today presents a marked contrast to the Dawson of 1898. Then no one, except possibly the judge on the bench, wore a white shirt. The town was thronged with miners, with packs on their backs, prospecting for gold. The streets were veritable mud holes. Today people dress much as they do in cities of the United States; it is unusual to see a man with a pack on his back, and one can walk over the town with polished shoes without getting them soiled. To one just coming in, Dawson presents no appearance of a mining town, but seems a thriving commercial center, with rows of splendidly equipped stores, substantial wharves and warehouses, good hotels, and streets lighted with electricity. Electric railroads are promised by New Year.

There are fewer houses in Dawson for rent at the present time than since it was a tented field, notwithstanding the fact that over $500,000 has been spent this summer in new buildings. Many new homes are being built—good, substantial frame buildings. Public schools have been opened and are well attended. On Oct. 1 we had direct communication by telegraph via Vancouver and Victoria, British Columbia, thus avoiding the delay by steamers carrying the message from Seattle or Vancouver to Skagway. Dawson is crowded just now, mere coming than going. Several hundred have come back from Nome to make Dawson their future home. Miners' wages are now about $4 per day.

The output of gold has been increasing, in spite of the fact that the average values of the gravels worked have been steadily declining, the richest mines have been worked first. However, in the meantime the cost of working has been decreasing, which enables properties to be worked that would not have yielded profits in 1897 and 1898. There should be a continued output of from $15,000,000 to $20,000,000 a year for many years to come, if the expenses of working are reduced. The main causes for the high cost of working at present are as follows:

First—Combination on the part of merchants and traders to keep up prices. There are in Dawson a great many people who make a business watching the market, forming corners, and raising prices. It is not uncommon to see the price of staple articles of food double or treble in value within twenty-four hours.

Second—High cost of transportation from Skagway to Dawson or by sea and up the Yukon river to Dawson.

Third—Bad condition of the roads and consequent excessive freight rates to the mines. At times, it is absolutely impossible to take freight along the miners' roads except on mule-back. This prevents the moving of machinery and involves delay. The average rate of freight from Dawson to the mines during the summer, when it was lower than it had ever been before, was from 5 to 15 cents per pound, according to the distance, or from $6 to $30 per ton. However, the government is making roads on several of the creeks, and these will afford considerable relief.

Fourth—Unsatisfactory mining regulations which cause many disputes as to title and heavy cost for settlement. This is due to having regulations more applicable to other districts, but the government is now taking steps to reform these matters.

Fifth—A charge of 10 per cent on the gross output of any claim where over $5000 per year is made. This, with the miner's license, recording fees and other government charges, prevents the working of a great many mines.

Sixth—There can be no doubt that gambling has done very much toward retarding the development of the country.

Seventh—As a large part of the ground worked must be thawed, generally with steam, immense quantities of fuel are required. The hills in the neighborhood of the mines have been denuded of forests, and the cost of fuel is increasing. From $12 to $25 per cord is now paid for wood. The remedy for this difficulty will be building a railroad to the principal creeks, to convey wood and coal from Dawson to the miners.

Considerable capital has come in from England in a quiet way—probably $3,000,000 or $4,000,000—and the representatives have stated that their people were prepared to put in any quantity that the conditions would justify. The experience of the past two years, however, has been discouraging, and a number of them speak of quitting entirely unless changes are brought about that will enable them to handle large areas of gravel cheaply.

There have been no discoveries of copper in the immediate neighborhood. Considerable prospecting is being done in Wilson's Pass, and good results are claimed. Not much attention has been paid to quartz until lately. A good many reports of discoveries have been made, and some prospecting is being done near Dawson and along the Yukon and its branches farther up.

Recently, some valuable placer gold mines have been located in the Stewart River mining district, over 100 miles from Dawson. Several hundred miners participated in a stampede of this district. There is no doubt now that the Klondike section has been thrown open again by the government to prospectors, that many new discoveries will be made in the near future.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Engels & Co's. Fine Art Display.

Hundreds called today and examined the elegant collection of fine Italian water color heads and rare etchings. No lover of fine art can afford to miss this exhibition, but the time is short, as only the early days of next week have been allotted to Engels & Co. It would be well to call Monday or Tuesday. Engels & Co. are at 19 Third avenue west, French & Bassett building.

$25.00 REWARD!

For information furnished us within the next thirty days from date of this notice, that will lead to the conviction of any person or persons destroying, mutilating or disfiguring fences, buildings, signs or sign boards, or any property owned or controlled by the undersigned.

Dated Duluth, Oct. 25th, 1900.

LITTLE & NOLTE.
STRYKER, MAXLEY & BUCK, Per J. D. Stryker.
A. C. VOLK & Co.,
JOHN A. STEPHENSON.
CROSBY & MARTINDALE.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO., By H. H. Hanford.
PULFORD, HOW & CO., By Calvin P. How, Jr.
MENDENHALL & HOOPES.

Climb

the stairway of health if you are sick and suffering. One of the principal causes of disease is Kidney trouble. A cure is certain if you use Mull's

Pioneer Kidney Cure.

It is an absolute specific for all forms of Kidney and Bladder trouble. A dollar draft in each $1 box guarantees a cure. Chocolate coated tablets, 25c and 50c. Ask your druggist or write The Lightning Medicine Company, Muscatine, Iowa.

Kill that pain with Mull's Lightning Pain Killer.

For Sale by all Druggists.
Trade Supplied by Leithhead Drug Co.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, New Jersey. Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St. North-Land Printery, Torrey building. The pantorium, open all night. 'Phone 653. The Spalding—A few rooms to rent monthly during the winter, without board.

Anyone having clothing of any description to donate to the poor and needy, will confer a favor by sending a postal to the Bethel, Lake avenue, when it will be called for and properly distributed.

The company of Pocahontas, the ladies' auxiliary of Red Men, will open a series of dances next Monday evening at Elks hall. The following committees is in charge: Harry Mines, J. Kreganker, E. Mines Farrar, Hector Beaudinet.

Miss Harry Mines entertained the Busy Bee club at her home last Thursday evening. Progressive euchre was played. Mrs. H. Van Bergen captured the head prize and Mrs. A. Zeuft the booby prize.

Rev. John Johnson, of Minneapolis, will be the speaker at a Democratic mass meeting to be held in Normanna hall next Saturday evening. He is well known here having been pastor of the Swedish Mission church for about eight years.

The saloon at 1929 West Superior street, formerly known as the West End Pavilion garden, was broken into last night and a quantity of cigars taken.

You will need a new sleight this winter—that is sure—J. Hammel & Co. sell the Studebaker makes.

Humes, the millinery, room 1 over Sutton's. Economize, be pleased. Patronize home industry by using Bridgeman & Russell's butter.

Monroe Nichols, who returned this morning from St. Paul, says that Senator Davis is much improved, although he will not be out in time to take any further part in the campaign.

Little Robert Arneau, aged 4 years, left home at 511 West Michigan street, about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon and was found out near the corner of Third street and Eleventh avenue east. He wandered about the city all afternoon serenely unconscious of the fact that he was causing great apprehension and anxiety at home and at police headquarters. During the course of his wanderings he visited the Jefferson school and made an informal call on the teachers of the kindergarten department.

The funeral of Daniel Stewart, who died yesterday afternoon at St. Mary's hospital of typhoid fever, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of his brother, John Stewart, 2414 West First street. The deceased was well known in this city, having lived here for about eighteen years. He leaves one married sister and four brothers living here and a father and two other sisters living in the West and South.

Albert Briggs was arrested today charged with fishing money under false pretenses. It is alleged that he secured $8.10 from Vincenty Ignasiak by making that gentleman believe that a check for 96 cents was worth $9.06. Briggs denies all the charges against him and says he will give Mr. Ignasiak an opportunity to verify the charges some day next week.

Thomas H. Miller and others have begun suit against Eli M. Stewart and others to clear title to lot 433, block 81, Duluth proper, Second division. Crassweller & Crassweller are the attorneys.

A marriage license has been issued to Harry Smith, of Burnett county, Wis., and Laura Hickerson, of St. Louis county.

A Democratic meeting called for the Lakeside town hall early next week has been called off owing to the inability of the speakers advertised to be present.

Preparations are being made to receive the full election returns on the night of Nov. 6 at the Armory, which will be open to the public or such members of the public as may desire to give up a small sum for the privilege of hearing the returns in comfort.

Garfield circle, Ladies of the G. A. R., give a social at their next regular meeting Tuesday, Nov. 6, 1900.

Your friends will be at the Maccabees carnival, Hunter's block, Hallowe'en.

BIG RALLY Monday, Oct. 29th at 8 p. m.
At Columbia Hall, 20th Avenue West

KRIZ Socialist Labor Party Candidate for Governor, John P. Johnson, candidate for congress, L. Dworschak and others will speak. Republicans and Democrats come and ask questions.

PERSONALS.

George W. Moody, of Brainerd, Minn., called in the city today.

W. L. Miller, formerly head bookkeeper at Panton & White's, now in business for himself at Portland, Me., was in the city today greeting old acquaintances.

Capt. R. H. Flaherty, of Mine Center, is in the city, a guest of the St. Louis.

C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, Minn., arrived in the city this afternoon.

Mrs. C. J. Harris, of Chicago, is visiting in the city.

Robert Saunders, of Pine City, is a caller in the city today.

E. B. Hawkins, of Biwabik, is registered at the St. Louis.

T. R. Jones, of Eveleth, is transacting business here today.

J. B. Hendy, of Two Harbors, was in the city this morning.

W. E. Pratt, a Saginaw lumberman, is in the city.

SECOND TEAM DEFEATED.

Blaine High School at Superior Does Up Duluth.

The second football team of the High school was defeated by the Blaine High school team of West Superior this morning by a score of 10 to 0. The Superior men were superior in weight and superior in experience. They tore through the Duluth line to steady gains, but the local men hope to redeem themselves next Saturday, when the Superior men play a return game on this side of the bay. The second team this morning consisted of: O. Olson, center; Richards, right guard; Erickson, left guard; Dash, right tackle; F. Howard, left tackle; J. Howard, right end; E. Olson, left end; Elston, right half; Smith, left half; Congdon, full back.

Hallowe'en Social.

The second division of the Ladies' Aid society of the First M. E. church will give a Hallowe'en social Tuesday evening, Oct. 30. Admission, 25 cents, including refreshments.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

THE TRIUMPH OF COMFORT AND STYLE IN FURNITURE

is sure to be found here. WE ARE NOT SLOW to recognize the importance of NEW GOODS and consequently carloads of Furniture and Carpets are arriving almost daily. Below we give a few bargains picked at random from our immense stock of up-to-date furniture.

Steel Stewart Ranges

None better made; best of material used in their construction; all flues asbestos lined, makes the range a fuel saver and a quick baker. Satisfaction guaranteed. Stewarts from—

$24.50 UP.

A full line of---

.....IRON BEDS

In colors---white ivory, green and black. Fancy white iron bed, large brass knobs and extra thick enamel that won't chip. The bed that other stores sell for $7.50. Our price.....

$4.75

One lot $25 **Dressing Tables**

Grand Rapids make, (a sure indication of their good qualities) in three woods, quarter sawed Oak, genuine Mahogany and Bird's Eye Maple, all polish finish, with French legs.

Now **$15.75**

Stewart Heating Stoves for Comfort

OAK SIDE BOARD for $11.60.

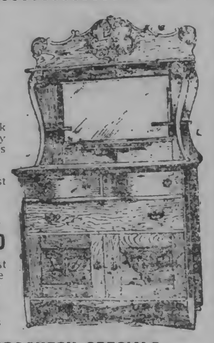
Made of polished golden oak with heavy plate glass beveled mirror, fancy cast handles. See our Bargain Board for

$11.50

Our most expensive board for

$185.

All prices between.



CROCKERY SPECIALS.

⅓ of our Jardinieres go at 25 per cent Discount
The remaining ⅔ go at..... 50 per cent Discount
25 per cent off on all Decorated Toilet Sets

ODD DRESSERS

Hardwood polished dresser, fancy standards and pattern, French plate beveled Mirror, 18x24 We guarantee this to be the equal of Dressers that other stores sell for $13.00.

Our Price, $9.50.

Kash or Kredit.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.,
Complete House Furnishers, Duluth.

Office Furniture.

Our desk department has lately been enlarged and a carload of new desks has just been added to our already large stock—Roll tops, flat tops, type writer and office tables in all sizes. Our line is now the most complete in the city. SPECIAL—A hard wood roll top desk, two rows of drawers, only.....**$13.75**

Massive Extension Table, golden oak, highly polished, has strong well braced legs, bolted corners. Top is 42 inches by 6 feet—regular price $9.00—On sale at—

ONLY $5.75

Parlor Tables.

Polished oak or mahogany finished Center Tables (like cut.) Fancy turned legs, two shelves, top one 24x24 in. Such Tables are cheap at $3—but we sell them for less than half that—

ONLY $1.48

Stewart Steel Ranges For Economy.

West Duluth

The action of the board of registration in the Fourth precinct of the Eighth ward in moving the place of registration this morning from S. C. Murphy's office to a hall on Fifteenth avenue west has occasioned considerable discussion and talk as to the legality of the move. It seems that the council voted that the place of registration should be in hall, but the members of the board decided that the place was unsuitable, so transferred their books to Mr. Murphy's office, where two registrations have already been held. This morning the place of registration was again changed back to the hall, and a number of voters that wished to register were much confused by the changing around. The removal notice was signed by two members of the board, W. C. Gray and S. Grefstad, both Republicans, but C. D. Marble, a Democrat, refused to sign, claiming that the reason for making the change was not a legal one. The law is said to be explicit on the matter of making any change in the place of registration, and the members of the board are their own judges, but it is claimed that the law is to the effect that the place of registration shall be changed only on account of the unsuitability of the place where it has been designated or where it is being held. The fact that the board was meeting in the office of a prominent Democrat who was getting the revenue, and that two of the three members of the board were Republicans, is said to be at the bottom of the trouble. It is hinted that the Republicans of West Duluth could not stand the pressure and brought their influence to bear on the board to change the location. It is claimed that the only reason heard expressed for the change was the remark of one of the Republican members that the registration had been held there for two days and they ought to make a change in order that the money provided for such accommodations might be divided with somebody else, the presumption being that the somebody else should be a Republican. As the reason for making the change must be entered on the registration books, some of the West Duluth Democrats are a little curious to know what constituted the "unsuitability" of Mr. Murphy's office.

MERRILL & RING RAFT.

It was stated in yesterday's Herald that a big raft from the north shore would arrive at the Merrill & Ring mill during the day. The raft, which contained about 1,000,000 feet of timber, was brought to the Merrill & Ring mill boom safely last night by the tug Castle. The logs came from the company's new camp forty-five miles up the north shore at a place called Split Rock. This is the first consignment of logs from the new camp, and is said to be the first instance where logs have been towed such a distance to Duluth. Some rough weather was experienced in the trip, but the Castle brought her tow through in a very creditable manner. Although the Merrill & Ring company has other camps, yet it is believed that the new camp at Split Rock, which is said to be one of the best equipped camps in this region, will furnish the greater part of the company's cut for next season.

PARADISE-LACKIE.

A very pretty home wedding occurred at No. 1 Fifty-ninth avenue west on Thursday evening. By a ceremony witnessed only by a few of the relatives and immediate friends of the bridal couple, Miss Maud Paradise, of West Duluth, and S. J. P. Lackie, a young business man of Tower, Minn., were united in marriage by Rev. W. E. Loomis, of the Asbury M. E. church. Miss Louise Lackie, a sister of the groom, was bridesmaid, while the bride's brother, Will Paradise, acted as best man. The house was prettily decorated for the occasion. After the ceremony a reception was held, followed by a dainty lunch. Mr. and Mrs. Lackie will be at home after Nov. 1 at Tower. The groom will be remembered by many in this city as "Doc" Lackie, who formerly played first base for the Duluth ball team.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The opening night at the Norwegian Lutheran annual bazar in the Great Eastern hall proved very successful from a financial and a social standpoint. The big hall was well filled and everybody had a good time. An excellent program was rendered. Tonight will see the close of the bazar, and arrangements have been made for special attractions, including an interesting program.

Justice Stone last issued a search warrant to a West Duluth citizen who believes that a neighbor has been appropriating some of his chickens. The warrant was returnable this morning.

A. L. Dundas, of Ashland, will pay his customary Sunday visit to West Duluth.

The Democrats will hold a grand rally at Proctorknott tonight. Hon. C. O. Baldwin will speak in the interests of Democracy at the town hall. It is expected that a number of the Duluth and West Duluth Democrats will attend the meeting.

Joseph Cocrane has gone to Eveleth to help prepare the new store that is to be opened in that town by Kastriner & Neumann, of West Duluth.

Tomorrow afternoon the West Duluth Juniors and the Black Diamond ball teams will meet at the fair grounds in the last game of the season. These two teams are pretty well matched and the struggle for supremacy in the many games already played has been close. Young will pitch for the juniors.

At the Westminster Presbyterian church tomorrow morning the usual hour of service will be occupied with the Sunday school rally day exercises. All friends of the school are invited. Evening services at 7:30 o'clock. Rev. John Wilson will preach on the topic, "How and Why."

Mrs. Louise Marks and son Harry are in the Twin Cities for a two weeks' visit.

Emil Zeuft and Norman Cochrane are on a short hunting trip.

W. O. Pealer will be the speiler at the Republican headquarters tonight.

The Winter Amusement club held its initial meeting last night at the home of Miss Phoebe Bailey, 714 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Buy your coal of Wm. Chesney & Co.

For a Cold in the Head
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

ENGLAND IS WINNER.

British Horse Beats the American in International Race.

London, Oct. 27.—The great international match race between the English horse Eager and the American horse Royal Flush was run at Hurst's Turf track today and was witnessed by a large and enthusiastic attendance. Eager won in a canter, by three lengths.

An additional flip to the match race is that the gold cup, a beautiful specimen of the goldsmith's art, is the old Epsom trophy won by Robert the Devil.

Joseph Leiter and Mr. Drake were among the Americans present.

The weather was miserable. Royal Flush and Eager proceeded to the post in a pelting rain and were loudly applauded. Both horses appeared to be in the pink of condition. The wet tracks was in favor of Eager, but this was supposed to be counterbalanced by the wind being favorable to the American style of riding. However, the wet turf and twenty-eight pounds weight in favor of Eager proved too great a handicap and Royal Flush was defeated by the best sprinter in England.

Mr. Malnwaring, the handicapper of Hurst Park, said:

"If two English owners could have been found to make so reckless a match I would have been disqualified if I had not given Royal Flush at least twelve pounds the advantage. It was a game thing for Mr. Drake to make such a match, and it is a tribute to Mr. Wishard's capabilities, that, under such conditions, his horse was so close up."

The rain ceased as the horses started. It was a four-furlong straightaway. There was no advantage of position. They got away with a good start. Eager speedily took such a lead that, as the distance the crowd was already yelling "Eager wins." Royal Flush, however, gallantly but hopelessly began to close up. In a few minutes, it looked as though he might duplicate the dashing finish which he had just ridden on Dominie II, but the task was too great and Eager cantered home amidst an outburst of cheers. Time, 1:15 2-5.

Mr. Drake, who sails for home on the steamer Deutschland today, was the first to congratulate Mr. Neumann, owner of Eager. Mr. Drake, who bet freely prior to the race, said to a reporter of the Associated Press:

"I made the match in the interest of sport alone. Many people in England wanted to see the horses meet again, but twenty-eight pounds weight is too much to give away."

After the race, Royal Flush was sold for 1250 guineas to Frank Gardner, an Australian gold miner, who is starting a stable for Stone. Mr. Drake originally paid 400 guineas for the horse.

At the Goodwood meeting John W. Gates, of the American Steel and Wire company, won £100,000 in bets on Royal Flush.

California Without Change Via "Sun Shine Route."

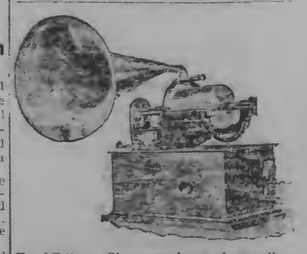
The traveling public will be pleased to know that the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will re-establish its popular Sun Shine route to California this season.

Beginning Wednesday, Oct. 31, and every Wednesday thereafter, a modern Pullman sleeper will leave St. Paul and Minneapolis and run through to Los Angeles, arriving there the following Sunday morning.

The route will be the C., M. & St. P. railway to Kansas City (in connection with the Iowa Central), thence via Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, through one of the most interesting portions of America.

The rate per double berth in this sleeper will be $6 from the Twin Cities to California.

For full information as to lowest passenger fares and other particulars apply to ticket agents, or write, J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, Minn.



For Edison Phonographs and supplies, call on or address the local agent,

B. F. HATHAWAY, 200 Trust Co. Bldg.

GRAND

Hallowe'en Entertainment,

Tuesday Evening, Oct. 30,

AT THE ARMORY, Second Avenue East and First Street, Duluth,

Under the Auspices of Clan Stewart, No. 50, O. S. C.

Grand Concert and Exhibition of Moving Pictures by the Scottish Concert Kinematograph Company,

OF ABERDEEN, SCOTLAND.

Entertainment to commence at 8 o'clock prompt. Chief Henry Taylor, Presiding.

...PROGRAM...

PART FIRST.

MARCHES AND REELS.....Pipers John Dow and Norman McLachlan
Chairman's Address of Welcome
Song—"Jock o' Hazeldean".....Miss Mary Burnett
Violin Solo—"Auld Robin Gray".....Miss Jennie Thomson
Duet—"Ye Banks and Braes".....Misses Burnett and Malcolm
Mandolin Solo—"Scottish Selections".....Miss Jennie Thomson
Dance—The Highland Fling.....Prof. John Smith, (Piper John Dow.)
Song (Illustrated)—"Home, Sweet Home".....Miss Mary Burnett
Stereopticon Views—Scenes of Scotland and Kinematograph Exhibition. "London Fire Brigade," "Highland Dancing," "Black Watch," and South African War Pictures.

PART SECOND.

Song—"I'm Owre Young to Marry Yet,".....Miss McGregor Malcolm
Violin Solo—"Sprigs o' Heather".....Miss Jennie Thomson
Song—"The Scottish Emigrant's Farewell".....Miss Mary Burnett
Mandolin Solo—Selected.....Miss Jennie Thomson
Song—"The Hundred Pipers".....Miss Mary Burnett
Dance—The Sailor's Hornpipe.....Prof. John Smith (Piper Norman McLachlan.)
KINEMATOGRAPH EXHIBITION—Including "Lord Dundonald on his way to relief of Ladysmith," "Scots Grays," "Charge of 21st Lancers," "Major Wilson's Last Stand," and other pictures.
Pianist and Accompanist, Miss McGregor Malcolm.
Piano for entertainment kindly Loaned by French & Bassett.

ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

Tickets to be had from Simon Clark, 17 East Superior street; James Dingwall, 112 East Superior street; W. D. Gordon, 20 First avenue west; John Christie, Providence building, or from any member of Clan Stewart.

UNCLE SAM'S PETS

are the objects of interest just now to the whole country. To those who have their pets at home in growing children, their health should be of more interest than even election returns. There can be no good health where the plumbing is old and defective, or where the home is improperly heated during cold weather. Have your furnace and steam heating apparatus looked after by election time by

FARRELL & TURNBULL

Zenith 'Phone 612. 125 East Superior St.

ARNOLD SAILS.

New York, Oct. 27.—Julian T. B. Arnold, the second son of Sir Edwin Arnold, sailed for Europe a prisoner on the Cunard liner Umbria. Arnold was brought here from San Francisco last Wednesday by two Scotland Yard detectives. He was charged with embezzlement of large sums of money in London early in the year. Arnold's wife is still in San Francisco.

WOOLLEY'S TOUR.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Oct. 27.—The Prohibition special left Chautauqua at 8:20 this morning, reaching Rouses Point at 9:45, where John G. Woolley made a 16-minute speech. The special left Rouses Point at 10 o'clock over the Delaware & Hudson road, arriving at Plattsburg at 10.15, for an hour's stop. Here Mr. Woolley, Volney B. Cushing, of Maine, and Oliver W. Stewart, national chairman, spoke.

Vote for a man for county superintendent who knows business as well as books, Professor Hiram Parsons.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GASTON BORCH,

Composer.

The eminent Violoncello player from Paris conservatory, will accept a few pupils this season in Violoncello and Musical Theory. Special Pianoforte class RUBINSTEIN'S METHOD. To be seen Room 505 Lyceum, every day, 2 to 4. FLAATEN.

Have that heating plant overhauled before it gets too chilly.

Duluth Corrugating & Roofing Co.

(Successors to McMartin & Co.)

Manufacturers of . . .

Metal Ceilings, Heating and Ventilating.

Telephone No. 642. 126-28 E. Mich. St.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

Hair! and Complexion Specialist—Switches, 50c to $25. Ideal Tonic and Skin Food never fails. Manicuring, Chiropody, Electrolysis and Massage.

Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Superior St., Duluth. 1303 Tower Avenue, Superior.

Scalp and Complexion Treatment

Scalp treatment, facial treatment and manicuring. Beautiful hair switches.

Knauf Sisters, Over 101 E. Superior st

LUMBER, LATH, POSTS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD SCREENS. SCOLFORD LUMBER CO. 24 W. MICHIGAN ST.

Painless Dentistry

We guarantee to fill or extract your teeth without pain and furnish teeth with or without plates, at lowest prices for first-class work.

Examination Free.

F. H. Burnett, D. D. S.

Top Floor Burrows Block.

TAKE ELEVATOR.

THE DAKOTAS.

Woman Shot at Halstad Lived In Fargo---Sioux River Dam.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Netti Larson, who was shot by ex-Conductor Percy Baker at Halstad, had a Fargo career. She secured a divorce in the local courts from her husband, Knute Ike, a little more than a year ago. She married him at the age of 15. They lived in Adams year or two and she returned to her people in Halstad, coming here later to secure the decree. While here she is said to have met Baker.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux City, Iowa—Col. H. M. Chittenden, U. S. engineer at this point, has just returned from Watertown, S. D., where he investigated the matter of the projected reservoirs, in which to store the surplus water of the Sioux river in spring time and release it when wanted during the dryer portions of the year. The colonel will report favorably to the war department on this subject. The plan is to construct a dam across the Big Sioux river, so as to back the interrupted waters into Lake Kampeska. During the summer when stock is looking for water along the stream, the stored water will be let out and the river made a running stream during the whole year.

Deadwood—The Imperial Gold Mining company of Pittsburg, Pa., has practically secured a mill site in this city, where will be erected the largest custom cyanide and chlorinating works in the Black Hills. Work upon the plant will commence this fall, and it is to be completed ready by spring. The plant will be modern in every way, having processes which will make it possible to treat all kinds of Black Hills ores. The company will treat a large amount of its own ores from the American Express mine located in the Blacktail district. The new plant will cost nearly $50,000.

Pierre—Sheriff Aitkin, Dawson county, Mont., secure requisition papers for W. G. Wilson on the charge of wolf bounty frauds in Montana. This is practically the same case in which that officer secured a requisition for W. H. Ward several days ago, and the men accused are the ones who secured the largest part of the South Dakota appropriation and gave as the reason for their success the possession of a scent which could lure the wolves into the traps set for them.

Aberdeen—Martin Cusack, an old resident of Hecla was mutilated and killed by an explosion of dynamite which he was warming to blast rock in a well he was boring.

Several of Duluth's ablest attorneys have come out strongly in favor of Professor Parsons for county superintendent.

ORE MOVEMENT.

Total Is Now Expected to Reach About Nineteen Million Tons.

Cleveland, Oct. 27.—The Iron Trade Review says: The lagging ore movement promises to grow less and less. Shippers have been confronted with a new problem in the past several weeks—how to keep contract vessels employed and at the same time have as few cargoes as possible hauled in a given time. The vessels persist, however, in being ready for sailing orders faster than the ore men can take care of them. It is believed the October movement will fall below 2,500,000 tons, and that the November total will be 1,500,000 tons or less, putting the season's total of water shipments between 18,000,000 and 19,000,000.

The estimate made by the Review three month ago, when the curtailment movement was in evidence, put the total rather under than over 18,000,000 tons. Indications now are that it may be nearer 19,000,000 than 18,000,000 tons. There will be a goodly number of boats to lay up on Nov. 1. In the last fortnight there have been additional reductions of force at certain mines, in some cases because the season's requirements had been met, in others because the operation of the properties could only be profitable on a boom demand.

PLANNING A BOYCOTT

West Duluth Merchants Take Steps to Retaliate on Northern Pacific.

WITHDRAW BUSINESS

Claim That Road Is Making a Way Station of West Duluth.

One of the first attempts to boycott a railorad at the head of the lakes will be inaugurated before Nov. 1, it is claimed, by the merchants of West Duluth, who are taking active steps to have their freight from Chicago and the Twin Cities come to Duluth over lines other than the Northern Pacific railroad. The matter has been talked of for the past few days among the business men of that part of the city and today the first move was made toward lining the merchants up to quit doing business with the road.

There are really several reasons back of this action on the part of the West Duluth business men. In the first place, the action of the Northern Pacific management in moving the passenger depot from its central location in the heart of the business portion of West Duluth to a point near the blast furnace, at least a mile from the business portion, and in a thinly populated district, caused a strong feeling of resentment on the part of the West Duluthians, and the claim that the service given them at the station is such as a person ordinarily receives at a little flag station on a railroad, has not helped matters a bit, public sentiment growing sourer against the railroad company.

Although the Northern Pacific company had a good freight and passenger depot on Central avenue, between Ramsey street and Grand avenue, the placing of the city of Superior on the main line, and the cutting off of the short line service, which was in vogue for so long a time on the old St. Paul & Duluth road, has necessitated a change from the old to the new location. Of course the company could, by making one switch and backing its trains a little way, utilize the old passenger depot, but the feeling among the West Duluthians is that public convenience must be sacrificed in order that the Northern Pacific passenger trains may not lose time and what has been Superior's gain has been West Duluth's loss.

The old depot at West Duluth has been used as a freight depot ever since the change, but the latest objection is on the freight service that, the business men claim, is afforded West Duluth.

The immediate cause of the revolt against the Northern Pacific transportation of freight is said to lie in the fact that the fast freight from the Twin Cities, over which most of the goods not only from these cities, but from the East and from Chicago, are shipped, does not stop in West Duluth as was the custom before the change went into effect. This train is said to pass West Duluth at an early morning hour and makes no stop at the freight station. The merchants claim that their freight is carried to Duluth and then sent back in the afternoon or not until the next day. This is said to be the chief thing at the bottom of the trouble, though the business men say there are several other little things that have caused dissatisfaction on their part. Said a prominent business man of West Duluth this morning:

"Yes, we are actually forming a combination among the business men of West Duluth for the purpose of boycotting the freight department of the Northern Pacific road. As soon as our plans are perfected, there will not be a pound of freight shipped into West Duluth over that road. All our freight from the Twin Cities, from Chicago and the East will come to Duluth over other lines, and will be carted from Duluth freight depots to West Duluth. Why do we make the change? Will you tell me why we should continue to do business with a company to whom, at a little time is of more value than the whole West Duluth business? That was what I was told by a representative of the railroad company when I went with another business man to enter a protest at our treatment. We can get our goods carried from the Duluth freight depots just as cheap as we can get them hauled from the depot here and I can see no reason why we should continue to patronize the road.

"Ever since the change was made in the service at West Duluth, it has been simply rotten. Goods that we have ordered by wire and which formerly were but two days in transit on the Northern Pacific road, are now four days in reaching West Duluth. I know a merchant who ordered an immediate shipment of goods from Chicago that has been on the road for nine dyas and has not reached this city yet. Do you think we can put up with that? Not on your life. We are going to quit."

Local officials to whom the matter has been broached are not inclined to treat the matter very seriously. It is claimed that the shipment of goods from out of town to West Duluth, does not amount to very much in a year, that outside of shipments from the East about twice a year, most of the West Duluth retail stores are supplied from the local wholesale business houses at Duluth. The sentiment among officials of the road is that the West Duluthians are resenting the cutting off of the short line service, change in depots and are taking this means to show their resentment. One prominent official said that it was a mistaken notion on the part of the people of the city to think that the management cares more for a little time than it does for the business, for the changes that have been made were really demanded by the exigencies that confronted the road, not through any feeling of ill will or desire to cut West Duluth off the railway map.

For a Cold in the Head

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Seven hundred graduates of Parson's College in St. Louis county support Professor Parsons for county superintendent.

"77"

"Seventy-seven" consists of a small vial of pleasant pellets, just fits the vest pocket; at all druggists, 25c.

GRIP

Goose Flesh.

Goose flesh, a chill, a shiver, indicate checked circulation, a sure sign of taking Cold; fever, restlessness and great thirst follow and Influenza is well under way. The prompt use of "77" restores the checked circulation, starts the blood coursing through the veins and "breaks up" a Cold or the Grip.

Dr. Humphreys' Manual on the care and treatment of the sick in all ailments (especially about children) mailed free.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

MISSION CONFERENCE.

One to Be Held at St. John's English Lutheran Church Next Week.

The first meeting of the Central Mission conference of the English Lutheran synod of the Northwest will be held at St. John's Evangelical Lutheran church at the corner of Lake avenue and Third street, next Tuesday and Wednesday. The following is the program:

TUESDAY.

2 p. m.—
"The German Reformation and Missions".....
Rev. G. H. Trabert, M. D.
"Loyalty to the Spirit of the Reformation".....
Rev. S. W. Kuhns.
8 p. m.—
Divine service with holy communion
Sermon by Rev. J. A. Leas.

WEDNESDAY.

9:30 a. m.
Business.....
Reports from the Field.....
"Our Mission Field and Its Needs".....
Rev. Alfred Ramsey
2 p. m.—
"Distinctive Methods of Our Church"
Rev. A. C. Peterson.
"Benefit of Missionary Work to a Denomination".....
Rev. A. C. Carty.
"The Missionary Pastor".....
Rev. I. O. Nothstein.
7:30 p. m.—
"The Missionary Congregation".....
Rev. F. E. Jensen.
"A Resume of Mission Work in the Northwest".....
Rev. A. J. D. Haupt.

THE REFORM MEETING.

Is the World Growing Better to Be Debated.

The pessimists contend that the moral condition of the old times was better than the present while the optimists will maintain that the moral condition is improving steadily. This subject will be discussed tomorrow at the reform meeting at Columbia hall at 3 o'clock, under the auspices of the Scandinavian Christian Temperance union. Rev. J. A. Anderson, of the First Swedish Methodist church, will preside, and at the close of the debate will deliver a short address. The following is the program:

Piano solo—Selected.....
Song.....
Northern Quartet.
Reading from the Scripture.....
Duet.....
Ester Anderson and Signe Johnson.
Recitation—Selected.....
Song.....
Northern Quartet.
Debate—"Resolved that Moral Conditions Are Improving in Our Land" Isac Nyman, negative; A. Thoren, affirmative.
Address—"The Significance of Individual and Union Work".....
Rev. John A. Anderson.
Duet.....
Ester Anderson and Signe Johnson.

Currie Is Promoted.

Sheriff Sargent received word from Capt. George Gibson yesterday, announcing the promotion of First Sergt. John N. Currie of Company C, Thirty-fourth United States volunteer infantry, to the position of second lieutenant of the same company. Lieut. Curry is a well known and popular Duluth boy who has served with distinction in Capt. Gibson's company in the Filipino war. He was formerly with the Lakeside Land company, of this city, and with the Hammond Packing company. During the Spanish-American war he served in both the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Minnesota volunteers.

Georgia Showers.

The Georgia shower is a peculiar one, and sometimes a single day has a score of them. It is on you before you know it. For a few moments the lightning flashes, the thunder rolls and the rain falls, and it is apt to cease as suddenly. Out comes the sun again as smiling and serene as though no great damage had been done to the crops. There is something else that comes on one unawares, and that is dyspepsia. Many people have suffered years from this complaint, because they have allowed indigestion, constipation and biliousness to become chronic. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters should be taken at the first sign of indigestion. It will strengthen your stomach and produce sound sleep, and good health must naturally follow.

A Good Road to Cincinnati.

The Monon Route and C. H. & D. R'y run four trains daily from Chicago to Cincinnati. The day trains leave Dearborn station, Chicago, at 8:30 a. m. and 11:45 a. m., and are equipped with elegant parlor and dining cars. The night trains leave at 8:30 p. m. and 2:15 a. m. These trains are equipped with elegant sleepers and compartment cars, the sleepers on the latter train being ready for occupancy at 9:30 p. m. Ask for tickets via Monon and C. H. & D.

City ticket office, 232 S. Clark street, Chicago.

Funeral Notice.

The funeral of the late Dan Stewart, who died at St. Mary's hospital, after a long illness of typhoid fever, will take place from the residence of his brother, John Stewart, 2414 West First street, Sunday, at 2 p. m. Friends are invited to attend.

Very Low Homeseeker's Rates West Via Great Nothern Railway.

On Tuesday, Oct. 30, and each Tuesday thereafter until Nov. 27, very low one way round trip rates will be in effect via the Great Northern railway. Butte, Helena and Anaconda, $20 one way, $35 round trip. Spokane, Seattle and Portland, $25 one way, $40 round trip. Proportionately low rates to all intermediate points. For full particulars, call at City ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, or Union depot.

The office of county superintendent should be filled by an educator of practical ideas and broad knowledge. Such is Professor Parsons.

Form No. 44

NIGHT MESSAGE.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

INCORPORATED

21,000 OFFICES IN AMERICA. CABLE SERVICE TO ALL THE WORLD

This company TRANSMITS AND DELIVERS messages only on conditions limiting its liability, which have been assented to by the sender of the the following message

Errors can only be guarded against by repeating a message back to the sending station for comparison, and the company will not hold itself liable for errors or delay in transmission or delivery of **Unrepeated Night Messages**, beyond the amount of tolls paid thereon, nor in any case where the claim is not presented in writing within sixty days after the message is filed with the company for transmission.

This is an **UNREPEATED NIGHT MESSAGE**, and is delivered by request of the sender, under the conditions named above.

THOMAS T. ECKERT, President and General Manager.

NUMBER	SENT BY	REC'D BY	CHECK
288 Ch	H Z	A	42 Collect Night

RECEIVED at DULUTH, MINN. Main Office, Basement First National Bank Bldg. 8:52 p. m. STANDARD TIME Oct. 12, 1900.

Dated New York, N. Y., 12.

To I. Freimuth, Duluth, Minn.

Have bought for your account for cash at James McCreery & Co.'s auction sale of silks, six thousand dollars worth black and colored silks, various kinds, at discounts ranging from forty to sixty per cent. Goods will leave by freight at once.

WM. DAVIES.

The Above Tells Its Own Tale. Messrs. McCreery & Co. are the largest handlers of high-grade silks in the country. They control the output of some of the best silk mills, both in Europe and America. Their high reputation of selling none but the very best grades of goods is a guarantee that the silk sold by them at this sale was of high standard. A sale of this character and magnitude, fully amounting to over a half a million, is of rare occurrence, and was perhaps the first public silk sale ever made by Messrs. McCreery & Co. The sale was attended by all the large and representative houses of America.

FREIMUTH'S AMONG THEM,

Securing a large amount of excellent silk fabrics at our own prices.

Our New York representative did send us advice of our lucky and great purchase, the day of the sale, but on account of the large amount of goods involved in this sale, it took fully a week before we could get the goods out of the warehouses. They were shipped only a week ago yesterday. October 19th, by freight. Part of it has arrived, and the other part is on the way, and will, very likely, be here in a day or two, and as soon as received WE WILL PUT EVERY YARD OF THIS GREAT PURCHASE ON SALE. All we can say to you is—

Wait for the biggest sale of fine black and colored silks Duluth has ever known. Expect silk bargains—you will not be disappointed. You will get bargains such as you never got before.

Freimuth's

IN MICHIGAN.

Order to Close Beaufort Mine Revoked---Negaunee Hunter's Narrow Escape.

Michigamme—The order to suspend operations at Beaufort mines here has been revoked and the superintendent was advised yesterday to continue. A recent discovery in the lower drifts, where the ore is of much better quality than has been mined to date, caused the management to continue work. If the favorable showing continues it is likely the property will be operated all winter.

Negaunee—John Ford, of Negaunee, is among those who have narrowly escaped death from the indiscriminate gunner within a week. Mr. Ford is an old sportsman, and he usually does his hunting alone. He went out after grouse in the beginnings of the week, and that he is alive to tell the tale is merely due to the poor marksmanship of a Chicago sportsman, whose anxiety to kill something prompted him to let go at Ford three times with a 45-90 rifle. Mr. Ford was wearing a kahki-colored coat and as this was sighted through the brush by the Chicago man, it looked to his excited vision exactly like the hide of a deer. The first shot passed so close to Ford that he knew he was being shot at, and before he could open his mouth to admonish the hasty shot, two more balls came tearing past his head. At this the gentleman from Negaunee dropped flat into the deepest cover he could find. The Chicago man was full of apologies, but Ford pointed out to him that apologies would have availed nothing if his aim had been a little better.

Superintendent James Piper of the Negaunee mine was the victim of an unfortunate accident. He was aiding in pulling one end of a guy rope at the property when the other end was suddenly let go by the man holding it. The slackening of the cable caused Mr. Piper to lose his balance and he went over an embankment, falling about twenty feet, and struck on the end of a board. One of his ribs was badly fractured. The superintendent is about his duties but has to be very careful as he can not at present stand any shaking up.

Calumet—Mayor Maybury, of Detroit, Democratic candidate for governor, addressed a rousing meeting here and created an excellent impression.

Nets valued at $1200, belonging to Pentecost Bros., the Chicago game and fish concern, have been condemned at Eagle River by order of Assistant Game Warden Brewster. Mr. Brewster was sent here from Lansing to investigate the charges made by Deputy Game Warden Jackson, of Keweenaw county. The nets are all about 3¾-inch mesh and were used for trout fishing. The Chicago firm is making a strong fight against the condemnation proceedings, but is liable to lose its case.

Houghton—Power was turned on for the first time at the Houghton County Street railway plant and the first car run from the car barn to Mesnard crossing. The trip was merely for trial, and it is stated it was very satisfactory.

At the Victoria thirteen power drills are being run now, and about 600 feet of drifting is being done monthly. In all ninety-five men are now employed.

The north cross cut is in over 700 feet without finding anything and it has been thought best to abandon it. Three new eastern lodes have been opened to the south of the present mine, in the direction of the water power, and some very good stamp rock taken out at the surface. They look so promising that the south cross cut will be continued to open and test them at depth. These lodes all carry copper in encouraging quantities.

Ishpeming—F. D. Davis, county commissioner of schools, has forwarded a check for the amount of $124.61 to the Galveston's children's relief fund. The money will be used to aid in meeting the expense of equipping the school buildings in the Texan city which were damaged in the Galveston storm. The greater part of the sum was given by the children in this county.

SUBSTITUTE FOR BELLS.

It is the intention of the National Telephone company to introduce in the near future a system by which the tedious process of "ringing up" the exchange will be abolished, says the London Daily Mail.

Under the promised new conditions the subscriber who desires to be put into communication with someone else will just have to take his receiver off the hook or out of the "cradle" of the movable instrument, and instantly a tiny electric lamp will glow in front of the young woman in charge of his particular section at the exchange.

The lamp as a substitute for the shutter is not absolutely new, for the system has been worked satisfactorily in certain districts of London for some time, but the promised innovation, by which the handle and crank apparatus of the subscriber's instrument is to become a terror of the past, will be hailed as an unmixed blessing.

In the application of that system Bristol is ahead of London, the glow lamp having established itself as a success in that city. But steps are already being taken to bring London up to date.

At Kensington and London Wall exchanges are being fitted for the new system, and it is expected that in these districts the glow lamp method of call will be working early next year. The rest of London will be fitted out as soon as the necessary apparatus can be brought from America.

Vote for Professor Hiram Parsons for county superintendent of schools.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Do you know that three-quarters of all the world's headaches are the result of using tea and coffee?

So physicians say.

Quit them and the headaches quit.

Grain-O has the coffee taste but no headaches.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

MOTHERS:

We rarely mention the name of any manufacturers in talking of our Men's and Boys' Clothing, but this one we ask you to inspect.

"The McMillan" Boys' Winter Suits.

An exceptionally durable, strictly all-wool Cassimere Suit, in two pieces, both dark and light shades, for—

$5.

Ages from 4 to 16 years.

The McMillan Clothing for Boys gives the best possible satisfaction and we guarantee every Suit.

C. W. Ericson,

RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

WHAT GREAT MAN HAD LEARNED THE ALPHABET BEFORE HE COULD TALK PLAINLY AND HAD READ THE BIBLE THROUGH AT SIX YEARS OF AGE..... ?

Find answer below. It is a part of the first advertisement following one of the classification headings on this page.

REALTY MARKET

Indications That Building Operations Will Be Extensive In Near Future.

GOOD SHOWING MADE

City Shows Up Well In September Transfers and Building Permits.

Though the list of transfers filed in the office of the register of deeds is shorter than usual this week, business has been good, and when the deeds that have been filed this week are recorded the week's transfers will be nearly as large as in this week's budget. It has been a good week in every sense of the word, and it has been months since real estate and building matters were looking better. The election seems to have no effect upon the Duluth market whatever, for the value of Duluth property is something that no election can affect.

The news that in the early spring three stories will be added to Paulsen & White's Glass Block store is good news, as it means a valuable addition to the hands one blocks on Superior street, and is the outcome of an important business enterprise necessitated by the growth of business in Duluth. The Glass Block store will expand to include all six floors, and thus it will become one of the largest department stores in the West outside of Chicago. The present floors will be extensively remodelled, and the improvement will cost a large sum. It is a good straw and shows a healthy wind blowing that will sweep away any remnants of the cobwebs of depression that may still be sticking in Duluth.

The matter of the tracks of the Duluth-Superior Traction company are to be improved, likewise the service, and the 1 hour-street cars are to be added. It is another straw, and it is one that the patrons of the line will appreciate immensely.

The table published by American Land and Title Register in its October issue, showing the realty transfers and building of the leading cities of the country for September, shows general depression all over the country. None of the towns show the very well, and only thirteen show increases in transfers, while twenty show decreases below September of 1899. Duluth is one of these, but she is in good company, as many cities are in the same list. The showing is on the strong side in building also, fourteen cities showing gains and seventeen showing losses. Duluth is one of the lucky fourteen that show gains, but the percentage of gain is only 1 per cent.

There is food for thought in the table published by The Herald last night comparing the municipal expense per capita of this city with that of others. The table showed that while the total expense was below the average, the fire expense was among the highest and the park and police expense were among the very lowest.

The Marshall-Wells Hardware company took out a building permit yesterday for the erection of a brick barn on St. Croix avenue, to cost $3500. It will be in keeping with the other improvements of that company on Minnesota point. A permit was also issued for the alteration and repair of the Corbett block on Superior street between Lake avenue and First avenue east which is to be occupied by the R. S. Lee Wholesale Liquor company.

A. D. Campbell & Co have been awarding the contract to build a $7000 flat building on North avenue east between Third and Fourth streets for A. Stang. The flats will be of five rooms each, of modern arrangement, and the building, designed by Palmer, Hall & Hunt, will be of brick with stone foundations.

The south bound car contract to remove the wooden building on East Superior street near Fourth avenue, on Lot 3, has been awarded to Frank Ward.

The building on

SIXTEEN PAGES—SECTION TWO—PAGES 9 to 16

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1900.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE LESSON OF TRUSTS

O. H. P. Belmont of New York Discusses the History of Protection and Its Relation to the Trust Question

Competition the Bulwark of the Consumer.

Monopoly Spells Final Pauperism For Him.

"Protection is the mother of trusts" [illegible] However, there is much in that [illegible] There are lessons which the American public, observing men, must [illegible] Doubtlessly one is the lesson of trusts. There are to be changes [illegible] disaster. [illegible] November [illegible] should be [illegible] that one [illegible] and not the slave of money [illegible] President [illegible]

[illegible] to Sam Cox's lessons to [illegible] begin with that [illegible] suggested of [illegible] and steady protection. Protection [illegible] was first [illegible] in the '70s, when [illegible] and volume and [illegible] Whigs [illegible] to pay the expense [illegible] was found grateful [illegible] that day [illegible] But in the [illegible] was departing. So [illegible] inventing the pro[illegible] Protection [illegible] Democrats [illegible] Morrison [illegible] Cleveland, however, "Free raw [illegible] Democrat [illegible] Democrat [illegible] Democrat

Nervous People

Weak and trembling, unsteady of hand, uneasy of mind. Frightened at trifles. Tortured by an indefinable feeling of fear.

Excited by noise, oppressed by quiet—never at ease. Irritable and miserable.

Forerunning symptoms of Nervous Prostration brought on by a debilitated system and over-taxed body or brain.

THE CURE is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

They bring new life to worn-out sufferers—send rich blood tingling through every vein, soothe and strengthen every nerve.

They have restored to the Paralytic the use of his limbs; to the victims of Locomotor Ataxia and St. Vitus' Dance the full control of the nerves; have raised up the sufferer from Nervous Prostration; freed thousands from the pangs of Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and saved the lives of many who were threatened by Bright's Disease and Consumption.

At all druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y., postpaid on receipt of price, 50c. per box; six boxes, $2.50.

NOVEL FRENCH HAT.

The charm of this little hat is in its perfect originality, and its perfect mingling of color. The domed crown is of chiffonade green and copper red silk; it is gathered three times around, on each side is a tiny bow of the same silk and on the brim mother of rich copper red velvet. Pigeon wings of green dyed to match the silk and velvet are caught in these bows at the side, and extend toward the back, where a knot of the copper red velvet shows between the points of the wings, and corresponds to the smart round knot in front.

In Vogue To-Day

New York, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Who pauses to think what life will be when fashion issues her mandate that separate waists shall be no more?

Who stops to go back in bitter memory today before their presence in the wardrobe answered the thousand and one vexed questions and perplexities of dress?

Not before dressings brighten in dishes are we given to reflect upon them. The thought of losing these darlings of the wardrobe which caused such alarm last season has so increased their popularity and placed them upon such a pinnacle of admiration that it looks as if these accommodating little garments are to settle among those countless treasures of life to which we are too accustomed to feel a true gratitude.

Not only are the jewels of the economical woman's coat, who cleverly juggles them in conjunction with adjustable boleros, lace collarettes and vari-colored ribbons to give the illusion of an overflowing wardrobe, but to the spendthrift in dress they are ever a fresh temptation and a snare.

No season has yet offered such works of art in fancy waists as are now drawing gold from the rich and sighs from the poor.

Fingers must indeed be nimble to make these intricate and elaborate confections at home, and purses must be well fed and hearty to purchase the piece waists just arrived from Paris. And yet they are now an all-important part of her Eashionship's equipment, and are well nigh indispensable to the woman who wishes to look through and a la mode.

Truly the skirt is forced to play but a small and inconspicuous part in comparison with the gay and varied forms the new waists assume. Any woman can present a most charming and smart appearance without owning a complete suit to her name!

For every hour of the day, every occasion of the season, and every season of the year some one of these separate waists is exactly the thing one is going for.

The latest evening waists are gorgeous and exquisite enough to take rank with complete evening costumes, often being open slightly at the neck and arranged with over sleeves showing such dressy little transparent sleevelets as to prove them quite the thing for dress-toilette.

For afternoon teas, receiving or calling dress, receptions, lunches, informal dinners, theaters, suppers and orchestra opera seats, they are strictly correct dress, and nothing else can replace them. While for the morning the separate waist known by the name of its progenitors, the shirt waist is more than ever indispensable.

About these little waists for morning and ordinary wear for the house and street must give some valuable pointers. The new models show some interesting changes which deserve noting. They have veered far away from their original mannish style and are showing up in new fancy styles for the winter, among which the new velvet blouse should be mentioned first. They are something entirely novel and bewitchingly smart.

The velvet with which they are made is usually of a light tint closely figured over with small designs somewhat imitating percales and linens. This gives them a deceptive air of inexpensiveness and simplicity and makes them peculiarly suited for undress occasions and but for that rich and lustrous tone which velvet never loses they might almost be taken for their cotton sisters.

The velvet shirt waist is entirely different in its general style, however, from those of cotton or linen. It is made without severity and yet is simple.

One of the smartest of these waists was seen in the show case of one of our most exclusive and select department stores, whose styles are always reliable and individual.

The blouse was of ivory white dotted very closely over with small elliptical dots of russet brown. The waist fastened down the back with small dull-finished gilt buttons, the front of it being tucked with fine pin tucks in a square across the chest, the tucks were released above the line of the bust to give a decided pouch in front. Lest this fullness should prove clumsy in so heavy a material as velvet, three lines of the tucking in groups of four tucks each were continued to the waist, one line marking the center of the blouse while the other lines were spaced about three inches to each side. The same small tucks appeared at the top of the sleeve going laterally across the sleeve, and giving a smart effect of breadth to the shoulders. In the back the blouse was perfectly plain, being relieved only by groups of tucks on each side of the line of buttons which fastened in the center. The sleeve was finished at the wrist without the usual bulge of fullness below the elbow and had small round circular cuffs which fell over the hands.

Another shirt waist of far less expensive material and designed for more wear and tear than those of velvet is especially noticeable as introducing a novel and extremely smart style.

It was of the military order, with trimmings of Hercules braid and brass buttons, the material of the waist being of a sort of old blue serge. In front was a narrow straight vest of the serge made in tucks which appeared between two lines of white Hercules braid folded and double. This fold of braid framed the little tucked vest on each side of the front, and continued on the collar in a striking band of white.

The sleeves had some fullness below the elbow which was gathered into a wristband of the white Hercules braid.

NEW MODELS IN LONG COATS.

The long coat in every variety of shape has become the craze of the season. Here we have two striking examples which prove the widely differing styles in the long fashionable garments. To the right we have a model from Paris of old blue cloth. In the back which is reflected in the mirror it is very slightly shaped into the waist at the side seams. The old blue broadcloth forms a sort of upper coat which rests upon a second and longer one of wood brown velvet. The fronts of the old blue coat open widely and disclose the double breasted velvet coat, with a wide revers bordered with bias piping of white satin, and a double row of fancy white buttons. This velvet under coat reaches within a foot and a half of the floor, the upper old blue coat falling over it in a deep point in the back and points on either side of the front. The revers of the blue cloth continue in the back forming a deep pointed collar. The high collar is of brown velvet faced with the same. The sleeves fall in a pouch over the elbow where they are joined to a deep cuff ornamented with large white buttons. The second coat is of glossy black caracul and is an English design. It is a three-quarter length, with inserted godets at the bottom, of mink. Deep full revers of mink also adorn the front, and are held fully in a large turn over collar of black satin charmingly embroidered with cream, gold and pale blue. The bishop sleeves are gathered into wristbands of the same embroidered satin.

NEW TAFFETA BLOUSE.

This charming little blouse waist is of Parma blue taffeta. The collar, yoke and tops of the sleeves are of lingerie pleated mousseline, the same fine pleats appearing upon the body of the silk blouse. Where the blouse joins the yoke an effective border of guipure is placed, this band of guipure being repeated at the base and top of the collar, on the cuffs, and at the top of the sleeves. The deep centure of black satin is closed by an artistic buckle.

A cunning little pair of epaulets was formed by a strap of the braid on each shoulder, held in place by gilt buttons over the sleeve.

Still another morning shirtwaist which, though of festive material, clung more nearly to the original mannish style of these waists, was of lustrous white satin merveilleux stitched in black silk. The fullness in front was gained by small box pleats which were firmly stitched down on each side by rows of black stitching in the effect of narrow little straps. The box pleats were released in the same way as the tucks were in the velvet shirtwaist, allowing the fullness to form a stylish pouch in front while every third pleat extended to the belt, its lines of black stitching adding a smart trimming to the front. The fastening was effected with fancy white enamel buttons and button holes worked in black silk.

It is hard to give an idea of the chic style of this waist, with its dainty but striking contrast of black stitching upon white.

Naturally the perishable quality of its material makes it a luxurious possession, but the same idea might well be carried out in cream flannel, albatross, or serge.

Morning shirtwaists of striped silk, satin and French flannel are also strongly in evidence now and are very smart and very popular, the stripes being about an inch in width. These striped waists are cut with French backs and without yokes, the front being gathered to the neck-band and belt with decided fullness directly in front. The sleeves of these swagger little blouses are also decidedly plain and full, almost following the old Bishop sleeve in outline except for an additional fullness just below the elbow, which is gathered to a band at the wrist, formed of the strip of the material.

And apropos of Bishop sleeves, let me give a little prophecy of the future. It is every day becoming obvious that the return of regular full sleeves is not far off. Fashion is doing her best to coax them back again, after rudely dismissing them not long since.

A pair of elegant silk mittens (wool lined) free, as premium to anyone sending us $1.00 for a year's subscription to Home Art, a beautiful 40-page magazine, devoted to art needle work, interior decoration, etc. The best publication of the kind in this country. Sample copies, 10 cents. Address Belding Bros. & Co., silk manufacturers, St. Paul, Minn.

The standard hat in soft and stiff—the Gordon.

New England Women

Have an Abiding Faith in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

After years of struggle to attain and merit public confidence, with a firm and steadfast belief that some day others would recognize in us the truth, good faith, and honesty of purpose which we know we possess, what a genuine satisfaction it is to succeed, and to realize the uplifting influence of the merited confidence of a vast army of our fellow beings.

Thus stands the Pinkham name in New England, and all over America, and nowhere is the faith in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound greater than in New England, its home. Merit, and merit alone, can gain this.

ORGANIC INFLAMMATION.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was troubled very badly with inflammation of the bladder, was sick in bed with it. I had two doctors, but they did me no good. A friend gave me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me. I have now taken three bottles of it, and I am entirely cured. It is a God-send to any woman, and I would recommend it to any one suffering as I was. I think, if most of the women would take more of your medicine instead of going to the doctors, they would be better off. The Compound has also cured my husband of kidney trouble."

MRS. MABEL GOOKIN.
Box 160. Mechanic Falls, Maine.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

"For two years I suffered from nervous prostration, the result of female weakness. I had leucorrhoea very badly, and at time of menstruation would be obliged to go to bed. Also suffered with headaches, pain across back, and in lower part of abdomen. I was so discouraged, I had read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound, and concluded to give it a trial. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, and received a very nice letter in return. I began at once the use of her Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier, and am now feeling splendid. I have no more pain at monthly periods, can do my own work, and have gained ten pounds. I would not be without your Vegetable Compound. It is a splendid medicine. I am very thankful for what it has done for me."—MRS. J. W. J., 76 Carolina Ave., Jamaica Plain, Mass.

PAINFUL PERIODS.

"I cannot help but feel that it is my duty to do something in regard to recommending your wonderful medicine. I must say it is the grandest medicine on earth, and have advised a great many suffering with female troubles to take it. I tell people I wish I could go on the platform and lecture on it.

"My trouble was painful menstruation. The suffering I endured pen cannot describe. I was treated by one of our most prominent physicians here for five months, and found myself getting worse instead of better. At the end of the fifth month he told me he had done all he could for me, and that I had better go to the hospital.

"My sister advised me to try your Vegetable Compound, as it cured her of backache. I did so, and took it faithfully, and am now cured of my trouble, and in perfect health, many thanks to your medicine. I cannot praise it enough, and would recommend it to all who suffer from any female weakness."—MRS. H. S. BALL, 461 Orchard St., New Haven, Conn.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

If Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will cure these women—why not you—you cannot tell until you try it. If you are ill, and really want to get well, commence its use at once, and do not let any drug clerk persuade you that he has something of his own which is better, for that is absurd. Ask him to produce the evidence we do.

GOSSIP OF THE STAGE

(Continued From Page 11.)

tone. It is a pure love story, modern treatment and containing much comedy of the higher order. The company in support of Mr. Whiteside is said to be an excellent one, including Miss Lelia Wolstun.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Dutch Daly is in London.

Restand is a consumptive.

A. M. Palmer was a bookkeeper.

Maude Adams' mother is an actress.

Keleey and Shannon may do "Romeo and Juliet."

Southern will do "Much Ado About Nothing" next week.

The Kendals have produced "The Likeness of the Night."

The tenth season of the Chicago orchestra was opened last week.

Mr. Mansfield and Mr. Irving are simply victims of the Irving strain.

James A. Herne will go to London next spring to act in "Shore Acres."

At Paris the themes for opera bouffe are being taken from Bible stories.

Mark Twain is to write a play in collaboration with Sydney Rosenfeld.

England's Lord Chamberlain has interdicted the production of Ibsen's "Ghosts."

The author of "Lady Windermere's Fan" now signs his writings Sebastian Melnotte.

Robert Taber, Lewis Waller and Murray Carson talk of forming an artistic coalition in London.

Robert Fitzsimmons will make his first appearance in the title role of "The Honest Blacksmith," on Oct. 29.

Jules Massenet's "Le Cid" was sung in Paris for the 100th time the other day. It is said that these performances have brought $400,000 to the treasury of the opera.

In New York Henrietta Crossman, beginning this week, will give special matinee performances of "Much Ado About Nothing," "As You Like It," and possibly "Madame Sans Gene."

Playwright Dazey has finished a romantic drama of American life. Several famous historical personages are introduced, and the various scenes give opportunities for the introduction of characters and a locale which have so far been little used on the stage. Another new work deals with life in the Middle West, in a state which is as yet untrodden ground for a play of this kind.

Two years ago Oscar Hammerstein had not $2; today he owns the Theater Republic, which gives him an income of $2000 a week; an interest in the Victoria, which pays him half as much, and he has bought for $300,000 the site on which, within a twelve-month, he will erect a $700,000 playhouse. He arrived in America without a dollar, metaphorically speaking. He made $3,000,000. He lost everything. He is once more on the way to millionairedom, says Hilary Bell in the New York Press.

Ada Rehan is living in her own house on West Ninety-third street, and can be seen taking her constitutional these mornings on quiet West End avenue. She looks so much older than she did when she temporarily left the stage as to be almost unrecognizable. Her hair is now quite gray and she walks with a gait utterly without elasticity—almost an old woman's walk. Should she make a success in the sprightly character of Nell Gwyn, in which she is to return to the boards, it will be a most wonderful triumph of mind over matter, says the New York Telegraph.

Hammerstein's Drury Lane theater, New York, will seat 4000 people. The stage will be the biggest in the world, 80 by 125 feet. It will be so arranged that it can be flooded in five minutes and completely filled with water so as to permit of naval and similar productions in the most realistic manner. Performances of the hippodrome order will be given. The stage will be strong enough to permit of a railroad train being run over it. The management will cater to the great masses and with moderate prices cannot fail to reach them.

For a Cold in the Head
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

The majority of men know the satisfaction of wearing a Gordon hat. Do you?

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

SEND NO MONEY
Cut out and return this ad. and we will send you this high grade, high arm, 20-year guaranteed Sewing Machine by freight, C.O.D., subject to examination. If you find it perfectly satisfactory, equal to the highest grade sewing machines sold everywhere at $30.00 to $50.00, pay the freight agent our Special Factory Price, $11.25 and freight charges. Use the machine three months and if dissatisfied in any way we will return your money. Comes complete with quilter, screwdrivers, bobbins, needles, gauge, oil can and instruction book. Beautiful solid oak drawer, drop head cabinet, has every improvement. Easiest running, best working sewing machine ever offered. MOST WONDERFUL BARGAIN EVER HEARD OF. Write for free Sewing Machine Catalogue. Address,
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.

Duluth Churches

Dr. Robert Forbes to Preach In Grace and First M. E. Churches.

At the First Methodist Episcopal church, the pastor, Rev. Samuel P. Long will preach. Morning subject, "The Gospel of Service." evening sermon by Dr. Robert Forbes, presiding elder of Duluth district. Sunday school at 12 m.; Epworth league devotional meeting, at 6:30 p. m. The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—"Song Without Words" ..... Mendelssohn
Organ solo, Impromptu ..... Lefebure-Wely
Chorus—"O Come, Let Us Sing" ..... Hawkins
Hymn—"Refuge" ..... Woodward
Mr. Trudeau ..... Mr. Woodward
Anthem and Chorus ....
Offertory—Melody ..... Lefebure-Wely
Miss Grace A. Senior.
Musical quartet—"Never Mar God to Prove" ..... Thorne
Miss Louise Hall, Miss Florence Dyer, Mr. Trudeau and Francis E. Woodward.
Postlude ..... Clark

EVENING.

Organ prelude—Andante in C ..... E. Silas
Prayer .....
Hymn .....
Lesson .....
Mr. Woodward.
Chorus—"Hear Twelfth mass ..... Mozart
Nocturne in E flat ..... Chopin
Miss Grace A. Senior.
Solo—"To Jesus Redeemed," J. C. Bartlett
Miss Louise Hall.
Postlude—March Militaire ..... Schubert

At a Russian Congregational church Rev. Alexander Adams will preach in the morning on "Possessing the Land in Christ's Name," and in the evening on "What Can the Church do for a Good Man."

At St. Paul's church services will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion, 11 a. m., morning prayer and sermon by Dr. Ryan; 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon by Dr. Ryan. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"Savior, Blessed Savior" ..... Ansel
Venite ..... Chanted
Te Deum in B flat ..... Marzo
Benedictus ..... Chanted
Litany hymn—"Lord, Where We Bend" ..... "Martyrdom"
Hymn—"O Worship the King" ..... Croft
Anthem—"On Bless Redeemer" ..... Hutchinson
Solo, C. D. Shepard.
Recessional—"O Mother Dear Jerusalem" ..... Stainforth

EVENING.

Processional—"Savior, Blessed Savior" ..... Anon
Psalms for 27th evening ..... Chanted
Canticles ..... Cantica
Hymn—"The Shadows of the Evening" ..... Thomas
Anthem—"Glory to Triune" ..... Gaines
Solo, Miss Reta Smith, C. D. Shepard.
Offertory—"Peace, Perfect Peace" ..... Coldback
Recessional—"O Mother Dear Jerusalem" ..... Stainforth
Anthem A. C. at Cistance, organist and choirmaster.

At the First Baptist church, 1426 East Second street, the pastor will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The Sunday school is at 12 m. the prayer meeting hour is 6:45 p. m. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude ..... Mendelssohn
Te Deum ..... Gullmant
Chorus ..... Schilling
Anthem—"At Thine Altar" ..... Hanscom
Offertory—"Hear Me" ..... Mendelssohn
Solo—"To Divine Redeemer" ..... Gounod
Mr. Gilsinan.
Voluntary by Mr. Tupper.
Postlude ..... Clark

EVENING.

Organ prelude—"Andante" ..... Chopin
"Fair Lovely are Thy Dwellings" ..... Spohr
Prayer ..... Lord
Solo—"Prayer" ..... Norris
Mrs. Homer Comins.
Chorus—"Adoration" ..... Wily
Postlude ..... Bertmann.

At the First Universalist church, Rev. Frank Wolfe will preach on "Ideals and Unexpressed Springs of Action."

At the First Christian church, Stack, morning at 10:30 the Rev. M. E. Ainsworth will deliver a sermon on the "Lessons in the Seven Churches," which will be illustrated by colored stereopticon views. In the evening at 7:30 the subject of sermon will be "Lessons from the Life of Christ." Bible school at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m.

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. H. A. Jones will preach morning and evening. Morning subject, "The Law of Liberty." Evening subject, "The Discovery of a Valuable Pearl."

At Grace M. E. church Sunday morning, the pastor, preaching for the first time in his new church, will hold services in the Grand Opera house. Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. The M. E. choir will occupy the pulpit.

At the West Avenue Presbyterian church, Rev. R. A. Montgomery, the pastor, will preach morning and evening. Morning subject, "The Second Great Commandment." Sunday school at 12 m. Junior League at 3 p. m.

At the First Swedish Methodist Episcopal church, Fourteenth avenue west and First street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening. Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Class meeting at 6:30 p. m. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Ernst Lagerquist, morning and evening. Subject in the morning, "The Healing Well of Zion." Evening topic, "The Eternal Procession from Calvary to Glory." All welcome.

At the First Swedish Baptist church, Superior avenue west and First street, services tomorrow will be at 10:30 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening. Sunday school and Bible classes at 12 m. Young people's meeting, 6:30 p. m. Rev. A. V. Lundin, the pastor, will preach in the morning on the evening service Rev. Gustaf Sandstrom will address on his work in Delhi, where he was for years a missionary.

Mr. Baker will speak at the Bethel at Lake Superior at 3 p. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m. Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. Calkins will conduct the services at the Bethel for the Seamen, Superior street, west, at 7:30. Sunday school at 3 p. m. L. A. Marvin, superintendent.

At the Second Presbyterian church, Rev. John W. Ferguson, of Ohio, will speak at both services tomorrow, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. He will also preach at the Hazelwood Mission church at 3 p. m.

SECULER SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Philadelphia Ledger: The "Rev. John Alexander Dowie says he is not an American and is proud of it. So is America.

Springfield Journal: It is a sad truth that every spring men would attend prayer meetings if there were no such thing as setting the girls home afterward.

Saint Louis Globe: A New York employer says he can see the first frost on the face of applicants for enduring jobs. He says it is a man who makes himself a million who gives the greatest possible service to the world. Most of us want to be of service to our fellows.

Portland Oregonian: Bishop Nelson of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Georgia recently preached a sermon at Atlanta in which he declared himself as opposed to profiting. The bishop declared that profit too does little, if anything, to remove sin, and attempts to do that which God in nature does not endeavor to do—force individuals into virtue against their will.

Brooklyn Eagle: Rev. Charles M. Sheldon asked at the Broadway Tabernacle in Manhattan on Tuesday evening how many business men in this city would take Christ into partnership with them. He said that he had made inquiries in Boston and had been told that not more than 1 per cent of the business men in that city would accept Christ as a partner. The easy way in which a certain class of preachers refer to the second person of the trinity is almost blasphemous at times. To call it irreverent is a mild way to describe the practice. It is with considerable gratification that the Eagle can congratulate Brooklyn that no such practice holds favor in this community. The Christian sentiment here, and of any recent importations to Brooklyn favor Sheldon and Sheldonism. They will find themselves in a fair way to be set on a dressile mahogany the nature of the Brooklyn spirit, if not from the pulpit, at least from the pews, from the employees of Sheldon would draw a crowd to hear him. So much for the opinion which governs Brooklyn and which promises those who misconceive Brooklyn's religion cool cold with those who unchristianize religion by seeking to make it with Sheldonian sensationalism.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

Easy prevailing comes from hard preparation.

A lie in its very choice is always impotent.

It takes two to make a quarrel, but one may mend it.

A sincere man is a diamond right all to per cent pure.

Though the eye is garnished in vain, the soul will remain.

If home means only fine furniture, children will mean only bitterness.

It is praiseworthy to aspire to the stars but you need to be sure to drop on the earth.

You miss life if you wait for life if you would have the world follow you, be the chief of a king.

Education may furnish you a headpiece, but only the grace of God can help you make steam.

BOERS FAILED.

London Oct. 27.—It now appears that Jacobsdal was not captured by the Boers. Advice received from Cape Town show that the midnight sally "Later news from Jacobsdal shows that the Boers unsuccessfully attacked the garrison. The Highlanders had four killed and twenty wounded.

IT IS SERIOUS.

Some Duluth People Fail to Realize the Seriousness.

THE CONSTANT ACHINGS OF A BAD BACK—THE WEARINESS, THE TIRED FEELINGS—THE PAINS AND ACHES OF KIDNEY ILLS ARE DANGEROUS IF NEGLECTED — DANGEROUS URINARY TROUBLES FOLLOW.—A DULUTH CITIZEN SHOWS YOU HOW TO AVOID THEM.

Mr. F. J. Carr, of 621 Second street west, employed as checker at the Northern Pacific railroad freight sheds, says: "I have no hesitation in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone troubled with pains through the loins or in the kidneys. I was bothered on and off for two years, especially if I caught cold or strained myself, with dull aching pains through the small of my back. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended for such troubles, I went to the Duluth Drug company's store, procured a box and began their use. I felt better after a few doses in a short time the trouble disappeared entirely and I have had no return of it since."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's and take no substitute.

The World Of Labor

Trades Assembly Decides to Protest Against the Opening of Stores on Sunday.

The regular meeting of the Trades assembly last evening was full of interest and well attended. The delegates decided to take up the matter of Sunday opening of stores and protest vociferously against it. A number of small stores of the city have never made any pretense of closing on Sunday and now there are indications that some of the big stores in which union clerks are employed may follow in the lead of the small concerns.

The assembly appointed Henry Dworschak, of the Typographical union, A. A. Filion, of the Bookbinders' union, and George Davies, of the Carpenters' union, as a committee to present the assembly's protest against open stores on Sunday, at the next meeting of the city council.

Local labor organizations affiliated with the American Federation of Labor have received the official call for the annual convention to be held at Louisville beginning Dec. 6. The Trades' assembly last night decided that it would not send delegates to this convention.

Franklin Pierce, one of the leading labor organizers of the United States will be in Duluth shortly in the interest of the American Federation of Labor. At present he is the American Federation of Labor official organizer for the Northwest and the Pacific coast.

LABOR NOTES.

The St. Louis Trades council represents 8000 members.

Twenty-five laundries were sold in Chicago last week by the trust.

A union of drivers of newspaper wagons has been organized at Chicago.

Independent bakers are agitating for strict enforcement of a universal holiday on May 1, 1901.

Kansas City has become the second shoe-making point in the United States, Minneapolis ranks first.

It will be shown by the new United States census that fifty thousand married women are employed in factories.

The old agreement of the iron molders with the St. Louis Foundry Men's association has been extended to March 1, 1901.

Such a scarcity of sailors exists on the Pacific coast that vessels cannot leave port. Vessels four deep are tied up to the docks awaiting men.

The hours of work-day has been granted to San Francisco upholsterers in all the twenty-three shops of the city at an average of 20 per cent in wages, the minimum scale being $3 per day.

The new scale of salaries for the president, first, second and third vice-presidents of the Order of Railway Telegraphers has been fixed at $4000, $1800, $1600 and $1200 per annum respectively.

In future unemployed members of New York Bakers' union 50 accompanying the organization to reunions and entertainments will receive 50 cents spending money out of the union treasury.

The largest toy factory in the world is in New York, where playthings in the form of musical tunes literally by the million. It stands five stories high, and turns out 1867 distinct varieties of toys. The output of circular tin whistles is enormous per annum.

After six years of agitation on the part of the trades unions of Cincinnati, free school books have been obtained for the pupils in the intermediate grades of the public schools. It is aimed to extend the system until it embraces the schools of all grades.

Minneapolis dressmakers struck that the hours of toil shall be from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m., allowing one hour for lunch. That all work done overtime shall be paid as time and one-half for the first three hours, and after that at double time. That the change of time shall have no effect on the present rate of wages.

Throughout the entire organization, from Auburn, Me., to San Francisco, Cal., there is not a single strike in the shoe trade under the jurisdiction of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union. This is the first time in the history of the organization that a month has passed without a strike. The arbitration policy is becoming established.

The salary of the members of the executive board of the Coopers' International union is fixed at $3 a day, instead of $3. Hereafter the conventions are to be held biennially. The union adopted the Initiative and referendum principle by a close vote, and hereafter all important questions will have to be submitted to a general vote of the entire membership before being decided.

At New York Amalgamated Painters' union was last week charged with threatening to order a strike on a building in West Seventy-second street, unless three members of the Paperhangers' union, who were receiving $7 a day, were discharged and replaced with members of the amalgamated organization, who were ready to do the work for $3.50 a day, which is their union rate for all painting and paperhanging.

Charm of Stuttgart

One of the Most Perfect Cities In Existence—In a Way, Duluth Idealized.

Stuttgart, Oct. 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Poets, and all visitors even of less poetry-loving city, sing of the charm of Stuttgart. The hills, vines, everything demand adjectives, and with each thought of the place come verses of praise. Burke says: "Beautiful Stuttgart is in so charmign a position that it is like a gem set in a costly ring." Once Gaine cried with enthusiasm: "Have I passed days such as I spent in Rome?"

"There in the sunshine thou best,
My Stuttgart, I had thee again!
As far as I ever beheld them
Lie hillside and valley and plain."

"Bathed in the glow of the sunset,
My Stuttgart, an' still as of old,
The velvet of hillsides about thee,
Thou hast—a jewel of gold!"

The lines are from the German, and are the least extravagant of those I heard or read. Of all the cities I ever visited I think by far and away Stuttgart is the most perfect. There is nothing lacking, nothing to be changed. It is in a way Duluth idealized.

The location is much like that of the Zenith City. The city itself is set upon a hill, and all about circle other and taller hills. Up the slopes of these latter spread vineyards, while each summit has its schloss and great trees. So, from any point within the city or neighborhood a magnificent view is to be had. With the location and steep streets the resemblance ends. Stuttgart is older, some centuries; larger, having a population of a good deal over 158,378; is the capital of Wuttenberg, so the home of the king, and is a fortified town, with a big garrison.

You can buy everything here, and most everything is made nearby. Pianos, furniture, gold and silverware, clothing, chocolate toys and leather goods are the more prominent exports. Stuttgart is the publishing center of Germany, a bookmaking market of the world. The business must pay, too, if the buildings go for anything. J. Engleborn, the swell and largest publisher, occupies for the office part of his business alone a great five-story stone mansion that takes up nearly a block. The interior decorations are more like those of a very handsome home. And the indication of work is lacking: there is no rush, no noise. The machinery must always be well oiled, but with beer, for that wouldn't be costly enough, probably a rare, red wine. Engleborn publishes many American books. He gave me Richard Harding Davis' "Soldiers of Fortune," and said German girls were fond of the Gibson pictures, too. Mrs. Wetmore's "Last of the Great Scouts" will be issued by this big German firm as a Christmas book.

I am half persuaded that the reputation Germany has for cleanliness is owing to the paint. For the public buildings and all city houses a very light gray stone is used; the farm houses of plaster, are whitewashed. There is darkness nowhere, and one carries away a picture painted only in green and white surely the cleanest combination. The choice of light colors has also the advantage of making the buildings seem larger and always conspicuous.

Stuttgart is rich in many ways, but three things is it richest in. The Schlossplatz, the Hotel Marquardt and the park. The Schlossplatz was a few years ago only a bare parade ground; now it is the most exquisite little park that ever came into a city or castle. It is in the center of the business district, directly in front of the palace crowned palace of the king. It is artistic, but not painfully so. An artist placed each flower bed, selected the great palms for every path. The statues are fine and well placed. During the change of the guard, between 12 and 1, a military band gives a concert that is worth while; the fountains play, the visitors watch the townspeople and listen or chat, and one has another picture five charming in many. At one side of the Schlossplatz is the round, carved corner of the Hotel Marquardt. It is very fine. The dark oak ceiling in the dining room is the handsomest thing of the kind to be found in many a journey. There are also some ceiling paintings. Long stretching avenues, made by great chestnut trees, gravel paths, a few fountains, bits of green velvet grass, some bushes and vines running from tree to tree. This is the park and nature never produced anything more glorified than the chestnut trees. They have size and beauty, are well kept and well fed. As one looks up the park avenue it seems as though tall, stately dames, in their best green brocade, were leaving with grace and dignity in a quiet demeanor of the best bred ladies of the world.

Stuttgart is an art and music center of no small importance. And here live and have lived many of the most inspired architects. Besides the educational advantages the city boasts a social life of culture and gayety. The royalty and high military officers live here, so in the winter grand balls, dinners and teas crowd each other. Doubtless this brilliant life attracts the workers, for during the season the hotel is filled with American families. And the new world beauty is a great belle, with the brightly uniformed Shah in man of war.

BOERS RAIDING.

Durban, Oct. 27.—The Boers are raiding in the northern part of Natal. They have burned the railway station at Washbank and blown up a culvert.

What is Card-u-i

McElree's Wine of Cardui is a pure vegetable extract that has given good health and lives of usefulness to more than a million suffering women. It has had a century's romantic history, and is now recognized as the foremost medicine of its class in the world.

Wine of Cardui cures such female diseases as are shown by the following symptoms: Delay of First Appearance of Menses, Irregular Menstruation (whether the period is too long or too short), Suppressed or Delayed Menstruation, Profuse or Too Frequent Menstruation, Painful Menstruation, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Falling of the Womb and Change of Life. The management of these diseases with Wine of Cardui is simple, and any woman can treat herself in the privacy of home, without examination by a physician or the knowledge of any one but herself. Nearly every woman needs such a medicine, and the best women in the country now use Wine of Cardui regularly. All druggists keep $1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

GIRLHOOD.

Between the ages of thirteen and fifteen the transition from girlhood into womanhood takes place. Every mother should look well to her daughter's condition at this time. If the period of puberty is safely passed a healthy and useful life generally follows. Mrs. Akers speaks of the use of Wine of Cardui at the age of puberty.

Trousdale, Tenn., March 15, 1899.
I must write and tell you how much good your Wine of Cardui has done my little girl. She is thirteen years old and had never seen a well day until we commenced giving her the Wine, and it acted like a charm.
MRS. DELPHY AKERS.

MENSTRUATION.

The menses come to a healthy woman every 28 days. If they come more, or less frequent, something is wrong. The slightest derangement of this function brings on serious consequences. All women's ailments result directly or indirectly from disordered menstruation. Any irregularity is easy to check, when attended to promptly. Wine of Cardui is the remedy that has cured a million women.

Vinards, S. C., Jan. 10, 1899.
I got your medicine and passed this month without pain and was overjoyed. After my long suffering it makes me feel like another woman.
LUCINDA MITCHELL.

IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION.

Irregular menstruation is the first stage of female ills. It is a warning of the suffering that is coming. Treatment by the prompt use of Wine of Cardui will correct the irregularity and forestall untold suffering.

Muscogee, I. T., Jan. 9, 1899.
I wouldn't give Wine of Cardui for all the doctors' medicine on earth. I was troubled with irregular menses, being entirely suppressed for six months, and nothing helped me until I used six bottles of the Wine, which brought me around all right. I was nervous, had bad memory and my eyesight was poor.
MISS LUCRETIA BROWN.

PAINFUL MENSTRUATION

denotes a more advanced stage of female disorders. The pain is great because quick attention is necessary. It is Nature's way of giving warning. Wine of Cardui banishes the pain by properly regulating the deranged functions.

Central Academy, Miss., Jan. 15, 1899.
I have been a great sufferer with painful menstruation and falling of the womb, but since I have been taking Wine of Cardui I have had no pain, and three bottles of Wine of Cardui did me more good than twenty-five dollars worth of medicine prescribed by doctors.
MRS. LULA WEBB.

SUPPRESSION.

Delayed or suppressed menstruation vitally affects every part of the female system. A woman neglects treatment in such case at her peril. Wine of Cardui has never been known to fail in an uncomplicated case of this trouble. Thedford's Black-Draught should also be used with it to regulate the stomach and bowels.

Cleveland, Ark., May 26, 1899.
When I commenced to use Wine of Cardui there had been no sign of menses for eighteen months, and I was not able to do much of anything. I have used four bottles of Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught when needed and the menses have appeared at the correct time for the past two months and my health is much improved every way. I thank you more than I can tell for what you have done for me.
MRS. JENNIE LEDFORD.

FLOODING.

Nothing saps a woman's life so quickly nor makes her weaker, than profuse menstruation, commonly called flooding. You may be a victim of the terrible drain and not consider its importance. This letter tells you how Wine of Cardui relieves flooding.

Mineville, N. C., April 6, 1899.
I was flooding very badly and used only one bottle of Wine of Cardui and it cured me.
Mrs. S. C. WOODY.

MISCARRIAGE.

Wine of Cardui is the medicine to use after miscarriage or childbirth. A case of miscarriage when the patient is taking Wine of Cardui has never come to the attention of the manufacturers.

Scottsville, Texas, Sept. 5, 1899.
I miscarried and had an awful time. I then used Wine of Cardui and now I am well. I cannot tell how much I suffered. I did all the doctors told me to do and also tried everything but nothing did me any good. I wish I could get every woman in the country to use it. I cannot tell all I would like to. Ever since I used Wine of Cardui I have had good health. I have two little girls just as healthy as they can be.
Mrs. SALLIE GREELEY.

PREGNANCY.

Childbearing is the supreme function of woman and in assuming motherhood she should thoroughly prepare herself for the ordeal. Mothers would not suffer the extreme pain they do if they would take Wine of Cardui as Mrs. Finch did during pregnancy.

Clover, N. C., August 6, 1899.
July 29 I gave birth to a fourteen pound baby girl, and got along better than I ever did before. About last April I began taking Wine of Cardui and have continued it ever since. I have two older children and at each confinement I have suffered all that flesh could bear. I have been able to walk about the house since August 5 and feel well. I am convinced that Wine of Cardui is one of the most valuable medicines for women in the world.
Mrs. A. D. FINCH.

LEUCORRHŒA.

Pleasure is banished from the lives of thousands of women who are tortured by leucorrhœa. Yet Wine of Cardui is a positive cure of that baneful malady. The experience of Mrs. Larne is only what thousands of suffering women who have taken Wine of Cardui, know to be true.

Ross, Ark., July 25, 1899.
I have been troubled a great deal with leucorrhœa, but since using Wine of Cardui it has entirely stopped and I am pleased to recommend the Wine to any one afflicted as I was.
Mrs. JULIA LARNE.

FALLING OF THE WOMB.

What woman would not do anything in her power to avoid the terrible dragging pains of falling of the womb? We say to every sufferer, the way to relief is clear. Wine of Cardui will bring permanent relief. The Wine has made thousands of women happy who have suffered terribly with pains from falling of the womb.

Load, Ky., Oct. 12, 1899.
I have been suffering with pains in my back and hips and bearing-down pains ever since I became a woman. Last spring I commenced using Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught and they have done me a wonderful amount of good, and I wish to recommend them to any one who suffers as I did.
MELISSA CREMEANS.

BARRENNESS.

Barrenness is the one sorrow of many homes, the sorrow of every childless wife's heart. Wine of Cardui has made thousands of barren homes happy. Sickness and weakness that Wine of Cardui would relieve are keeping many a wife childless. If you would have Mrs. Palmer's happy experience take Wine of Cardui.

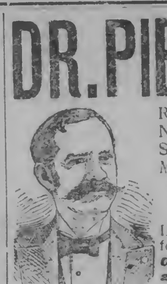
Hungerford, Texas, Feb. 11, 1899.
I consider Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught most excellent medicines. Being in bad health I used three bottles of the medicine and have given birth to a fine baby boy now two months old weighing eighteen pounds.
Mrs. FANNY PALMER.

CHANGE OF LIFE.

This is one of the most dangerous periods of a woman's life. It is then when her whole being undergoes a change. In many cases women who have been healthy all their lives begin to decline after they reach the age of 44, when the change of life generally comes. Then menstruation ceases. Wine of Cardui, the great menstrual regulator, ushers in the change of life naturally. It drives away the nervous terrors which torture the patient.

Annville, Ky., October 6, 1899.
I suffered with change of life, and have been taking Wine of Cardui and Black-Draught, and am in better health than for three years.
Mrs. MARY CASTEEL.

DR. PIERCE



Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of *Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.*

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or literature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphillis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system, in a manner the patients cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits a ropy sediment will often be found and so mutinous particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark turbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the Genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single, are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express, charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

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PATENTS!

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON.

Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

Valuable book on patents FREE.

Send for it.

261 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.

For a Cold in the Head

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Sold by druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

MIDY

Sold by all druggists.

NOTICE.—

ALL PARTIES ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED against purchasing any interest in the sale of nw¼ and nw¼ of sw¼ of section 20, township 55, range 19. Innocent parties are cautioned not to negotiate for the above described lands. The undersigned holds title to the same.

CHARLES EDMONDSON,
Cloquet, Minn.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., Oct. 1, 1900.

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE COUNTRY

TO THE

FARMER, STOCKRAISER, MANUFACTURER, INVESTOR,

Is that traversed by the

Louisville and Nashville Railroad,

THE GREAT CENTRAL SOUTHERN TRUNK LINE, IN

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Florida, where there are splendid chances for everybody to make money. Come and see for yourselves.

Half Fare Excursions First and Third Tuesdays of Every Month.

Printed matter, maps, and all information free. Address,

R. J. WEMYSS,
General Immigration and Industrial Agent. LOUISVILLE, KY.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by over work and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or pleasure. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cts. per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 265 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth, 12 W. Superior, and S. F. Boyce, 325 W. Superior, druggists.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.

The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Premature Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book.

(Old Age Postponed.)

50c.

HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth, Druggist, 12 West Superior Street

Bargain Counter No. 1.

A Final Clean-Up of All Embroidery Remnants

3000 yards, formerly sold in Remnants at 10c, for ---------- 5c
2000 yards, formerly sold in Remnants at 15c and 19c, for ------ 10c
1000 yards, formerly sold in Remnants at 25c and 35c, for ------ 19c
This is just about a quarter the price the goods are worth.

Lace and Puff All-overs.

1500 yards, worth up to $2.25, for ---------- $1.00 a yard

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT

PANTON & WHITE

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

Bargain Counter No. 2.

Outing Flannels.

5 cases Outing Flannels, in light and dark colors, the kind you pay 5c for, at—per yard -- 3½c

Blankets.

222 pairs Wool Blankets, plain white and fancy colors, fancy plaids, etc., sold at $3.75, at—per pair ---------- $2.39

A Department Managers' Sale!

This is a new feature in Duluth. It may prove such an expensive experiment that it may be the last one, but being a new thing we are willing to try it, and have placed our department managers and buyers in charge for a week. They can sell our merchandise at whatever price they please and we predict they will give their patrons a warm reception and bargains that will make you remember their first attempt at running a store. Enough said.

GAVE ME FITS.

About My Stock of Silks, Dress Goods and Linings Being Too Heavy.

That was about the size of it when Mr. Panton called me into his office last week and told me these stocks were $10,000.00 too heavy. "Gee Whiz," but there was a hot time in the old town that night, with the result that J. P. turned these stocks over to me to do as I please, to cut and slash prices as I please, to advertise as I please, and if necessary, give the stuff away. In fact, for one whole week I am the whole push in these departments. Everything goes, nothing reserved. This will be the most glorious feast of good things ever placed before the ladies of Duluth and Superior. Respectfully yours,

James Singer

Black Dress Goods.

Novelties—The very newest novelties in Pieriola Cloths and Matelasse Weaves—new swell fabrics, values from $2.00 up to $3.50. All reduced to ---------- $1.48

Peau de Gant—A beautiful velvet finished fabric, full 50 inches wide—a $4 fabric and the very latest—during this great sale cut to ---------- $1.98

Satin Soliel—5 pieces of this popular dressy fabric—42 inches wide—everywhere sold at $1.50—yours while they last at ---------- 88c

A Broadcloth Slaughter—
$5.00 quality, 56 inches wide at ---------- $2.98
$4.00 quality, 56 inches wide at ---------- $2.25
$3 50 quality, 56 inches wide at ---------- $1.89
$3.00 quality, 54 inches wide at ---------- $1 48
$2.25 quality, 52 inches wide at ---------- $1.28

50-inch Cheviots—Serges—novelties of all kinds, strictly all-wool—full 50 inches wide, values up to $1.50—cut to ---------- 88c

46-inch Cheviots and Storm Serges—strictly all-wool, regular $1.00 values—now selling at ---------- 66c
46-inch all-wool Serges—60c quality, at ---------- 39c

Colored Suitings—Scotch Tweeds, Heather Mixtures, English Homespuns, Fine English Suitings, Fabrics for walking skirts or tailored suits, 50 to 56 inches wide, formerly sold at $1.50 and $1.75; my price for this week ---------- 99c

Reversible Suitings—Plaid on one side, Homespun weaves on the other, swell fabrics for skirts, capes or Jackets, regular price $2, $2.25 and $2.50: during this sale I cut the price to ---------- $1.19

Silk Novelties—Silk, Wool and Mohair Novelties in Percales, designs in two-toned effects, such as black and brown, navy and black, etc., formerly sold at $1; down goes the price to ---------- 66c

Poplins—In plain colors and two-toned effects, also Corded Poplins and Bedford Cords, full line of new fall colors, regular price $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75: cut to ---------- 88c

SILKS!

Velvets $2.50 Embroidered Silk Velvets, $1.25; $2.50 Embroidered Silk Velvets, 99c

SILKS!

A few pieces Colored Velvets ---------- 50c
Panne Velvets, $1.50 quality ---------- 99c
Silks—27-inch Jap Silks, all colors, (no blk), full range of evening shades, 50c goods, at ---------- 38c
Satins—Our 50c line of Colored Satins ---------- 39c
Foulard Silks—Our $1 and $1.25 Fancy Foulards at ---------- 59c
Fancy Taffetas—Our $50 assortment of Fancy Taffetas all go at ---------- 48c
Satin Foulards—A line of plain colored Satin Foulards, a genuine wash fabric, worth $1; at 66c
Crepe de Chene—24-inch all silk Crepe de Chene, full range of colors, (no black), regular price $1.25—My price for this sale ---------- 90c

WASH GOODS.

STITCH, STITCH, in poverty, hunger and dirt, with fingers weary and worn, with eyelids heavy and dim, etc., that was the way a hundred years ago. The sewing machine has done away with all that. For the next six months ladies will stitch, stitch, stitch, in riches, plenty, and health—providing they supply their wants from our immense stock of Wash Goods during our department manager's sale. All goods will be sacrificed at 25 and 50 cents on the dollar over $12,000 worth of Wash Goods to be slaughtered regardless of cost or selling price. Stock is too heavy. Nothing to remain but empty shelves and counters. Respectfully,

James Singer

Scotch Shirtings—those we sold this summer at 50c, 60c, 65c and 75c all go at ---------- 48c
Silk Fabrics—Cream and white—in Peau de Satin, Satin Rave, Silk Dimities, Peau de Soie, Mousseline de Soie, 50c, 60c, 75c and $1: goods this sale your choice ---------- 44c
Silk Ginghams that formerly sold at 50c, 75c, 85c and 100c, during this sale at yard ---------- 22c
Shirting Ginghams—Fine Imported Shirtings, sold formerly at 20c, during this sale ---------- 10c
Fancy Dress Ginghams—All our 15c, 18c and 20c Dress Ginghams cut to ---------- 12c
Vicuna Fleeced—Our 10c quality this week ---------- 7½c
Covert Suitings—Our 12½c quality ---------- 8½c

War! War!

The Great American Admiral's Wonderful Achievement in Manilla Bay to Be Eclipsed at The Glass Block Store.

I have decided to bombard the high priced stores. Deweys' great roaring guns were not more destructive than my attack on all former prices. Watch the smoke of this great battle and see the enemy run. No truce will be made with high prices. When peace is declared victory is sure to hover around my popular priced Cloak Department.

Thos. N. Walsh

Bombarding Prices in Tailored Suits—
Wonderful opportunities for wide-a-wake shoppers.

Tailored Suits in fine gray and brown Homespuns—Jacket silk lined and double breasted, can be worn with any skirt—Skirt of suit is made up in the very newest style, the regular price of this suit is $15.00. Managers' sale price ---------- $7.98

Bombarding Prices in Women's Jackets
Now, Ladies' this is the Jacket chance you've sought for.

Women's fine Tailored Jackets, worth up to $6.50, in extra good Kersey cloth, silk lined, nobby effect and perfect workmanship. My price ---------- $4.98

Bombarding Prices in Misses' Jackets—
Sure to command widespread notice.

100 Misses' fine Kersey Jackets, in tan, blue, brown and castor, nicely lined and finished, cheap at $5.00. My price only ---------- $3.98

Bombarding Prices in Infants' Long Coats—Another Big Value—

Infants' and Children's Long Colored Coats in eiderdown with large sailor collar edged with fur, high priced stores would ask $1.25. My price only ---------- 49c

Bombarding Prices in Misses' Reefer Jackets—

100 different styles to select from in every conceivable idea. Managers' price—

$2.98, $3.25, $3.98 and $4.98

Bombarding Prices in Rainy Day Skirts

100 gray Rainy Day and Walking Skirts, made of double faced golf cloth, with several rows of stitching around bottom of skirt, regular value $5.49. Managers' sale price only ---------- $2.98

Bombarding Prices in Dress Skirts—

Don't pass this great Skirt sale—Dress Skirts in fine Wool Storm Serge, they drape and hang perfectly, nicely lined and velvet bound. My price ---------- $2.98

Bombarding Prices in Waists—

50 black corded Taffeta Silk Waists, value $5. Manager's sale price --- $1.98

Also about 25 colored velvet waists, former price $5. Manager's price $1.98

Bombarding Price in Wrappers—

50 dozen new winter fleece lined flannelette Wrappers, all equal to custom-made, guaranteed to fit. Manager's sale price—

98c, $1.25 and $1.49

Bombarding Price in Corsets—

300 good black and drab corsets, made to fit any figure and stand wear, good value at 89c. Manager's sale price ---------- 29c

Bombarding Prices in Muslin Underwear—

Women's good Muslin Gown ---------- 49c
Women's fine Muslin Corset Covers ---------- 25c
Women's fine Muslin Drawers ---------- 49c
Women's striped Flannelette Short Skirts, value 29c. My price ---------- 11c

Extra Special—

25 dozen Women's Colored Percale Waists, just the thing to wear in your house in winter time, value 69c. My overstocked price ---------- 11c

Linens and White Goods.

There's a large room in the sub-basement that is overcrowded with Linens and White Goods, bought before the recent advances. Mr. Panton came in there the other day and he could scarcely turn around. He said: "This stock must be reduced at once—you can make any price you wish, but we want the stock reduced." The prices mentioned below are what the goods cost us; this is a chance of a lifetime, take advantage.

H. J. Tonskemper.

5 cases Cotton Crash, bleached and unbleached, regular 5c value—at, per yard ---------- 2c
36-inch bleached muslin, fine soft finish, regular 8c value, at—per yard ---------- 5c
9-4 bleached Sheeting, soft finish a popular brand, 20c quality, at—per yard ---------- 12½c
8-4 bleached Sheeting, full width, the 25c sheeting, at—per yard ---------- 18c
42-inch Pillow Casing, Lockwood quality, worth 15c everywhere, at—per yard ---------- 10c
50 doz Wash Rags, bleached, regular price 5c each, at—each ---------- 2½c
100 doz Doilies, Damask, pure Linen, open work centers, cheap at 12½c, at—each ---------- 2½c
68-inch Damask, pure linen every thread, full bleached, 75c quality, at—per yard ---------- 49c
54-inch Damask heavy Cream Damask, worth 39c, at—per yard ---------- 19c
58-inch Damask heavy Cream Damask, worth 39c, at—per yard ---------- 26c
72-inch Cream Damask, heavy Scotch Linen, worth 60c, at—per yard ---------- 45c
72-inch Bleached Damask, pure Irish Linen, fine satin, Damask—$1.50 quality, at—per yard ---------- 95c
50 dozen Napkins, pure linen—fast edges, worth $1.25, at—per dozen ---------- 75c
⅝ bleached Napkins, pure linen, fast edges, sold regular at $1.75, at—a doz ---------- $1.25
⅝ Napkins, bleached, heavy satin Damask, regular $2.50 value, at ---------- $1.75
20x44 Huck Towels, Irish manufacture, hemmed, ready for use—25c Towels, at—each ---------- 17c
18x38 Huck Towels, pure linen, hemstitched, the biggest bargain ever offered at—each ---------- 15c
50 Bed Spreads, full size, Marseilles patterns, hemmed, ready for use, sold at $1.25, each ---------- 79c

Flannels, Blankets and Comforters—Too much stock.

I bought a very large stock of Flannels, Blankets and Comforters this fall, and as the weather has been very warm, think people have been sleeping without Blankets and Comforters and not in need of Flannels. Now this don't help me out; the goods must be sold, and I am going to sell them; at least those are my instructions from the firm. I have to loose money, but if I had had the making of the weather I would have made money.

H. J. Tonskemper.

10-4 Cotton Blankets, full size, in White, Gray and Tan, sold at 75c—per pair ---------- 50c
11-4 Cotton Blankets, in White and Gray, fancy borders, sold at $1.00, at—per pair ---------- 75c
11-4 Cotton Blankets, twilled, in Gray and Tan, sold at $1.50, at—per pair ---------- $1.00
4-lb Wool Blankets, for camp use, heavy Gray, sold at $1.65, at—per pair ---------- $1.10
12-4 Wool Blankets, heavy Gray, for camp use, sold at $2.50, at—per pair ---------- $1.75
Fancy Robe Blankets, in Red, Blue, Pink, Brown, combinations, sold at $1.25—per pair ---------- 85c
¾ Eiderdown Flannels, in all colors, sold at 35c, at—per yard ---------- 25c
¾ Fancy Eiderdown Flannels, all new colors, sold at 50c, 65c and 75c; choice—per yard ---------- 39c
36-inch Embroidered Flannels, all-wool, sold at 75c, at—per yard ---------- 50c
All-wool Shirting Flannels, in all colors, checks, stripes, etc., sold at 35c, at—per yard ---------- 23c
Large Comforters, fancy covering, stitched, sold at 75c, at—each ---------- 50c
Sateen Comforters, full size, well made, sold at $1.25, at—each ---------- 85c
Sateen Comforters, full size, stitched, all new colors, sold at $1.50, at—each ---------- $1.10
Sateen Comforters, full size, well made, regular $1.98 value, at—each ---------- $1.50

Gloves and Mittens Almost Given Away

THROUGH the ambition and determination of one of the members of our firm, to have the largest, finest and best stock of Umbrellas, Parasols, etc, that could be purchased, we were compelled to make a big sacrifice, in fact, almost give them away, four weeks ago.

The same pertains to my Gloves, Fans and Mittens at present, consequently my stock is altogether too large, and for this reason I have to throw profits to the winds and sacrifice everything in my department from the cheapest to the best.

Ladies, this opportunity awaits you. For one week.

Respectfully yours,

Lizzie M. Dorrance

This is the way I reduce stock.

The celebrated Reynier Glace Gloves, a pair ---------- $1.49
100 dozen of Ladies' Kid Gloves—assorted makes; patent fasteners, at, per pair ---------- 49c
500 dozen of Ladies' and Children's Wool Mittens, at, a pair ---------- 5c
50 dozen of Ladies' double Silk Mittens, some with plain or fancy back, at, a pair ---------- 25c
25 dozen of Ladies' single Silk Mittens, at, a pair ---------- 10c
50 dozen of Ladies' Mocha and Kid Mittens—Fleece Lined, at the ridiculous price of, a pair ---------- 39c

FANS—Any Fan in my Department at a discount of 25 per cent.

To the Ladies of Duluth and Vicinity:

Through a new departure of Messrs. Panton & White, I am enabled to quote you for this, "Our Department Managers' Sale," some of the very best bargains in Millinery ever offered in Duluth. Among these I desire to call your attention especially to our Imported Pattern Hats. We have twenty of them, that were purchased abroad by Mr. Panton, and range in price from $25.00 to $45.00 each, which I consider the finest and highest class Millinery ever shown in Duluth, but to make a success of this sale, will mark them all at a uniform price, namely $19.00 each. I also have an immense stock of Novelties on hand, purchased for this fall's trade, and am in fact overcrowded. So much so, that to reduce it, I quote you below a few of the many wonderful bargains I offer. Only a visit to my department can really do me justice.

Clara L. Menning

Artistically Trimmed Hats, every one a beauty, in velvet and felt, trimmed with tips, breasts, wings and fancy quills. Others ask $8.00—We offer these for this sale at ---------- $4.39

Any trimmed hats in stock, priced up to $3.50, each for ---------- $1.75

Street Hats and Fedoras in all colors, leather sweat bands, silk scarfs, plain and fancy. We have been getting $1.50 for them. Sale price, each— ---------- 50c

Tips, Breasts, Wings and Fancy Feathers, worth from 98c to 50c, your choice—each ---------- 29c

I am a New Buyer in Duluth.

HAVE just taken charge of Messrs. Panton & White's Lace, Embroidery, Ribbon and Handkerchief Departments. I find that in order that I may have a chance to show what I can do I must make a tremendous effort to reduce the stock.

The stock is altogether too heavy for this time of year, and must be reduced; let the loss be what it may, it will have to be accepted.

The Lace Department I find filled to overflowing with all the choicest in All-Overs, Battenbergs, Venice, Cheneys, Point de Paris, Point de Esprit, Vals. Torchons, etc, together with Gold Cloths, Spangled Nets, Ruffings—but they must all go.

The Embroidery Department is altogether too heavy; thousands of yards, all choice goods, at prices that no other house in the city will be able to meet.

J. W. Dorr

200 yards Assorted Colors, Crinkled Chiffon, $1.50 quality at ---------- 75c
200 yards Assorted Colors, Crinkled Chiffon, $1.00 quality, at ---------- 50c
200 yards Assorted Colors, Crinkled Chiffon, 75c quality, at ---------- 37½c
1 lot Assorted Embroidered Chiffon, very latest patterns, $2.75 and $3.00 quality ---------- $1.50
Big Assorted Lace All-Overs, Spangled Nets, Etc., 20 per cent discount. Not old and out of date, but the very latest.
1 lot unlaundered All-Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, 20c and 25c quality, each --- 10c
1 lot Fancy Satin Stock, Chiffon Bow, extra value, at ---------- 25c
1 lot Fancy selected stock, Chiffon Bow, 75c quality, at ---------- 39c
1 lot Chiffon stock Ties, elaborately trimmed, at less than manufacturers' cost.
1 lot Lace and All-Over Tucking, $1.75 and $2 00 quality, a yard ---------- $1.00
10 dozen Tucked Satin stock with fancy buckle, $1.25 quality ---------- 85c
Our great bargain in wide neck ribbon is yet the talk of the city—23 cents for ribbons worth 50c and up.

Candy Department.

Knowing as we do that every mother at the Head of the Lakes will visit the Big Store this week--we have induced the firm to put a nominal price on candy so that our patrons could all take a pound home to their little ones. **20 different kinds.** Guaranteed absolutely fresh, new and sweet. The price, per lb..... **10c**

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT

PANTON & WHITE

THE BIG Glass Block STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

Bargain Counter No. 4.

The Biggest Silk Offering of the Season.

Black and Colored Silks, Black Satins, Black Rhadzimers, Black Peau de Soies, Black Corded Silks, Colored Taffeta Silks in cords and fancy weaves, over 5000 yards, values up to $2 per yard. Bargain counter price.... **95c**

On Monday, Oct. 29, and Continuing Throughout the Entire Week This Big Store Will Inaugurate in Duluth for the First Time

A Department Managers' or Buyers' Sale!

The patrons of The Big Store must not underestimate the importance of a sale of this kind because it results in giving you the greatest bargains in high-class merchandise ever offered at the head of the lakes. Our combined departments are $75,000.00 heavier than at any time last year, and being a presidential year it ought to have been $75,000.00 less. This means a sacrifice of $150,000 worth of merchandise to get our departments down to where they ought to be. We have given our department managers instructions to reduce their stocks at once at whatever sacrifice. Enough said.

"Mary had a little Lamb"—
This story you've heard before;
So I'll tell you one that will make you run
All the way to the Glass Block Store.

In the Carpet Department we can show
Some choice Ingrains at Fifty-five
That will open your eyes; you'll buy if you're wise,
The price was always Seventy-five!

Our Tapestry Brussels are on the run—
If you need a Carpet, you had better buy one;
The price is right—'tis Forty-five!
We'll show you we are all alive.

Our Velvet Carpets are very nice,
We've hit and hammered and shaved the price—
At Ninety cents, an elegant line—
The patterns are new, the colors are fine.

Our Rug Department is more than complete—
Mr. Panton there took no back seat—
In buying the rugs he was over wise
And stuffed the stock right up to the eyes.

Now, as I'm a young man at the wheel,
I'll prove to you I'm full of zeal,
So will give away at three-quarters the price
Your choice of any Rug in the place.

The Drapery Department is where we'll shine
As price is no object, we've cut to the line—
So here are some for this coming week
That will surely make our large stock leak.

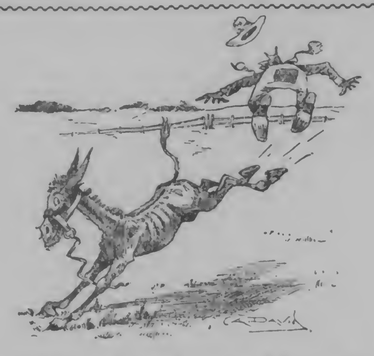
At a Dollar and Forty a pair, in nice net—
They'll cost you double elsewhere, I'll bet—
In Ecru and White, they'll both wash the best
We've cut them unmercifully, now look for the rest.

In high-priced goods, you may claim the same rate
And get a Twenty-five Brussels for Ten and Eight.
In Portieres and Tapestries, we have the best—
Just look in at the corner and we'll do the rest.

R. G. Dunlop.

Realities—

A nice Oak Easel for	49c
A 3-paneled Oak Screen for	69c
A handsome line of figured Drapery Silks	50c
White Cotton Curtain Loops, per pair	5c
Oriental Figured Burlap, per yard	16c
Plain Denims for floors, per yard	16c
Window Shades, 3x6	25c



"The Business Mule."

Have you heard tell about steering clear of the "Business End of a Mule," if so, you can readily understand, why I fall in with this "Buyers' Sale." I know of no such kicker (no, not even in muledom) as a Dry Goods Merchant, when he finds the office books show too much stock on hand. Well, this is my predicament. I found such great values when East, that I bought in excess of our output, and the "Business End" above illustrated is actively coming the act of High Kicker. I make this effort to clear the field, therefore, and announce unreservedly that your interest and my own will be made mutual; it will pay you to agree with me. Space will not permit of my mentioning the greatness of the many bargains, but they are without a peer in Duluth. Come and convince yourself of the values offered.

Hosiery, Underwear and Gents' Furnishings.

H. L. Gilkeson

Be wise and buy them, and you'll not regret it.

I Thought It Was All Up With Me!

If you wish to enjoy life, become a Department Manager, and overload your department. Personally I am struck on it; and why not?

I was called to the firm's private office last week and congratulated on my large and wonderful showing of fine footwear, and in the next breath was very forcibly informed that my stock was thousands of dollars too high. Of course I was asked to explain the whys and wherefores.

Like all other managers that have only been a short time in the employ of the firm, I blamed it on my predecessor. That and the many excuses in reference to unseasonable weather, etc., worked fine. For through the Department Manager's Sale I have been given full swing to sacrifice the season's profits; rip and slash my stock, regardless of cost, value or anything else.

That I intend doing it during this sale may be judged by the few of many wonderful bargains I mention below.

W. E. Proctor

Misses' and Children's Dept.

69c For $1.00 values in kid and box calf lace and button Shoes, sizes 5 to 11.

85c For $1.25 values in vici kid Shoes, better grades, sizes 8½ to 2.

95c For $1.35 values in box calf, excellent School Shoes, sizes 11 to 2.

$1.23 For $1.75 and $2.00 values in fine grade kid skin Shoes. H. W. Merriam's make; several neat styles in cloth and kid tops, sizes 8 to 2.

Small Boys' Shoes.

$1.19 For $1.75 values in box calf, satin oil leather, vici kid and patent leather. Real mannish Shoes, with low heels, medium and wide toes, stout soles, sizes 8 to 13½.

Boys' Shoes.

$1.70 For $2.50 values, extra high grade Shoes, that in style and stock compare with the best $3.00 shoe to be found; sizes up to 5½, in box calf, kid and calf, single or double soles; price..... **$1.70**

Women's Dept.

Over 1000 pairs lace and button Shoes, reduced from $3.00 to..... **$1.95**

They include new fall designs in fine vici kid, box and kangaroo calf, Goodyear welt, heavy soles and hand-turns, every size and width; ten styles $3.00 values for..... **$1.95**

$4.00 French Patent calf Lace Boots for dress and street wear, with cloth or kid tops, light or heavy soles. I mark them..... **$2.75**

Louis XV heel, patent leather and kid Oxfords and Slippers for evening and party wear. The correct shapes, $3.00 value for..... **$1.99**

Odd lots and broken lines in lace and button Shoes, all sizes represented, every pair good value at $2.00 and upwards; price..... **98c**

Bath Slippers, assorted colors in corduroy, velvet and Turkish Toweling, with or without backs, all sizes, 75c values; I mark them..... **23c**

An Honest Testimony.

For the past three months I have had severe attacks of nervousness—produced by the "Great Mogul" persistently reminding me in his usual forceful manner that my "Drug stock was getting away from me." I have tried all kinds of remedies, but without avail.

To my troubles have been added: Loss of appetite; fearful palpitation, buyers' rheumatism and "that tired feeling."

I steadily lost in weight until I was reduced to 300 pounds.
But thanks to Hood's Beef, Iron and Wine, I am cured.
After taking 99 bottles, my nerve surpasses his.
And that is why I dare make these prices.

George P. Miller

Hood's Beef, Iron and Wine---None better made, $1.00 bottles, buyers' price	49c
Liebig's Beef Extract---2 ounce jars, retailed regularly at 45c, buyers' price	25c
Hair Brushes---Fine Imported Rosewood, Ebony, Olive Wood and Ebony Finished Hair Brushes, now selling at 75c each, buyers' price	50c
Tooth Brushes---Beautiful new goods, first quality, and absolutely perfect; 15c is their value. Buyers' price	5c
Stolen Sweets Perfume---This great favorite is worth 50c an ounce, buyers' price	20c
Rubber Dressing Combs---Many styles and sizes, 20c line, buyers' price	8c
Olive Oil Toilet Soap---A 4 ounce cake. Its purity I vouch for. A 5c piece, buyers' price	2c
Krusius Brothers' Manicure Scissors—The standard of excellence. They are of such high grade that few are sold--regular prices 50c to 75c. Buyers' price	35c
Mirrors---Hand or stand mirrors, clear, beveled edge, and on the whole first-class, worth 29c and 35c, buyers' price	17c
Chamois Skins---Perfect skins fully large enough to make a chest protector from; worth 15c. Buyer's price	8c

The "Nabob" of the house is after me—says he "Miller, your stocks are too heavy **and I know it."** "$5000 dollars too heavy—get them down—I don't care how you do it, but get them down. Enough said," Mr. Panton. This is how I do it.

George P. Miller

Dress Trimmings and Notions

Too much by about $2000.

Silk Applique—In black or white, not in the house 60 days, beautiful, up-to-date and seasonable goods, now selling at $1.39 to $1.75 a yard. Buyer's price..... **95c**

Taffeta Applique—Also new goods, selling at 65c, 75c and 95c a yard. Buyer's price..... **50c**

Taffeta Applique—Same qualities, but in narrower widths, worth 35c a yard. Buyer's price..... **20c**

Silk Fringes—In colors, 59c a yard the value. Buyer's price..... **35c**

Fringes—In black and colors, now 75c and 85c yd. Buyer's price..... **45c**

Jet Trimmings—
Goods now marked $1 to $1.50 a yard—Buyer's price..... 75c
Goods now marked 50c to 65c a yard—Buyer's price..... 39c
Goods now marked 20c to 30c a yard—Buyer's price..... 15c

Silk Gimp—Narrow Silk Gimp in colors, worth 8c, 10c and 12c a yard. Buyer's price..... **5c**

NOTIONS.

Shell Hair Pins, plain or crimped, regular price 25c dozen. Buyer's price..... 8c
Lindsay's Side Lasts, every lady knows them and their value, all sizes. Buyer's price..... 10c
Feather Stitch Braid, not the best, but quite good, 5c kind. Buyer's Price..... Two for 5c

Don't Worry Your Neighbor with that "Same Old Tune"—Get a New One.

George P. Miller

"Just Because She Made Dem Goo Goo Eyes," the latest song, published at 50c, Department Manager's price	12c
"Mosquitoes' Parade," the new march and two-step, published at 50c, Department Manager's price	12c
Intermezzo from "Cavalleria Rusticana," Department Manager's price	5c
Our Music Rolls In a big stock of Sheet Music, like ours, many copies become soiled or torn, others loose their popularity. We have 500 copies of such, published at 40c, 50c and 60c. I have had these put up in rolls of five copies each, and you will do me a favor to take them at per roll, Department Manager's price	10c

No Complaint to make here—

Stocks just right and sales "way up." But I am going to give you some good things just the same.

George P. Miller

Linen Lunch Cloths, 36x36 inches, pure linen, hemstitched with drawn work corner; my word for it—they are worth 95c, my price	50c
Brocaded Satin Pin Cushions, about 4x12 inches in sizes, all colors. Price new 35c and 45c, my price **20c** Smaller size, worth 25c each	10c
Swiss Doilies, in sizes as follows—4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 inches square, 12½c and 15c are their prices, my price	5c
Started Linen Doilies—These Doilies are stamped in exquisite designs and partly embroidered, and sell now at 50c to 75c each, my price	15c
Pillow Cord, not the best, but worth 5c a yard, if worth anything, my price	2c

Nothing to say but Prices.

George P. Miller

Marble Clock—Made and warranted by the Waterbury Clock Co., 8-day, cathedral gong, strike hour and half hour, $25.00 its price, my price	$12.00
Iron Case Clock—The same make, 8 day, strike hour and half hour, a $15.00 clock. My price	$7.50
Bronze Figures—Now selling at $5.05 a pair, my price	$3.00
Oil paintings that are now marked $1.75 each—my price	75c
Belt Buckles—Nobby gold plated, silver plated and French gray sash buckles at 75c are cheap. My price	25c
Brooches—Some old, some entirely new, 25c and 35c kind. My price	15c
Silverware—Sterling Top Salts and Peppers—If bought from the jewelers at 75c a pair you would think them cheap. My price	50c
Spectacles—A genuine gold filled spectacle, such as we sell at $1.05 and sell lots of them and with a 10-year guarantee. My price	$1.00

"Words are things, and a small drop of ink,
Falling like dew upon a thought, produces
That which makes thousands, perhaps millions think."

"Our ancestors had difficulty in procuring them.—Our difficulty now is what to select." All difficulty is removed, when we sell books like these:

GEORGE T. MILLER.

"Encyclopedia Britannica," 9th edition, 25 vols., published at $35, my price	$20.00
"Werner's Universal Encyclopedia," bound in cloth, 12 vols., published at $15	$6.75
"Home Encyclopedia," cloth bound, 20 vols., published at $10, my price	$3.05
"Webster's Encyclopedic Dictionary," enlarged and revised, leather bound, published at $7.50, my price	$3.50
Dicken's Works, 15 vols., cloth bound, published at $7.50, my price	$3.50
Victor Hugo's Works, 13 vols., cloth bound, published at $10, my price	$5.50
Kipling's Works, special ed., finely bound in green cloth, 15 vols., publ. at $15	$9.50
Symond's "Renaissance in Italy," 7 vols. publ. at $2 a vol., my price, per vol.	$1.25
Stevenson's Works, 16 vols., published at $1.25 a vol., my price, per vol.	50c

SOILED BOOKS.

Books publ. at $1.50 a copy, my price, 50c	Books publ. at 75c a copy, my price, 25c
Books publ. at $1.25 a copy, my price, 40c	Books publ. at 50c a copy, my price, 15c
Books publ. at $1.00 a copy, my price, 35c	Books publ. at 25c a copy, my price, 10c

Wall Paper Bargains.

Must vacate! **Listen!** I bought too many goods. Have the largest and most complete stock in Duluth. All my shelving space is full. Reserve stock room jammed from floor to ceiling. Had an extra stock room built at the Barn for my surplus. Mr. Panton says the Barn is for horses and not wall paper—and has ordered me to vacate the Barn. This opportunity is your picnic—it may be my funeral—but having to move, I must sell the paper and if the good people of Duluth will help me unload, I promise to give such bargains during this sale as will astonish them. Entire stock offered. No reserve. No limit.

J. K. Sutton

A Few Pointers—Only.

Pretty Papers—Bought to sell at 5 cents per roll, during this sale and while they last—at per roll..... **2c**

White Back Papers—Grounded surfaces, pretty prints, cheap at from 6 to 8 cents per roll. Thousands of them at—per roll..... **3c, 4c and 5c**

Gold Papers—Cheap at double the price we ask for them. Marked down to **5c, 10c and 15c**

New Parlor Papers—In floral and conventional patterns, worth 30c, at half price..... **15c**

Heavy Embossed Gold Papers—Regular low prices 40c, 45c and 50c. To move them—only **20c and 25c**

We shall also cut prices on OAK GRILLES and ROOMS MOULDINGS.

OUR STARTLING BASEMENT BARGAINS.

The sales of my Crockery and Hardware Departments were 45 per cent ahead of 1899 for the first six months of the year. Unfavorable weather and business conditions for the last two months will make it impossible to maintain this ratio of increase. Believing that the big increase of my departments would continue, my spring and early summer purchases were heavy. Mr. Panton says: "far too heavy." Mr. White says: "altogether too heavy." And they both add in chilly tones: "We can pay for your overbuying, but we won't, it must come out of your stocks, so let loose and unload some of it for cash, and to help along the unloading process, they place the Crockery and Hardware Departments solely in my control for one week with instructions to "saw wood and sell goods." I am certain no other house on Superior Street will sell any Crockery and Hardware this week, if the people of Duluth will compare others' prices with ours. I will guarantee that many of the prices quoted are less than the prices paid by Panton & White for the same goods. Ladies of Duluth and Superior, get your money ready and come direct to the basement of The Big Glass Block Store—the biggest bargains in the house are there.

Respectfully yours,

W. D. Sanford

Hardware Department.

It will be money saved to anticipate your wants in Kitchen Furnishings. When you can buy new goods at these figures it pays to discard your old Kitchen wares. A solid carload of Tinware and Graniteware arrived last week. Nothing unusual in this but for those who doubt the amount of business done in our basement salesroom, we have posted the original freight bills for the car in a conspicuous place.

TEA KETTLES—Small size Tin Tea Kettles for oil stoves while they last—each—

10 cents

PIE PLATES—9-inch Tin Pie Plates go to a customer at—each..... **2c**

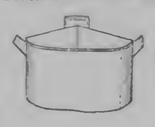
TIN PUDDING PANS—Look sharp at these—they cannot be matched—

2-quart size—each	4c
3-quart size—each	5c
4-quart size—each	6c
5-quart size—each	7c

TIN DISH PANS—Another Money-Saver—

10-qt Tin Dish Pans—each	14c
14-qt Tin Dish Pans—each	19c
17-qt Tin Dish Pans—each	25c

WASH BOILERS—While they last, No. 8 Copper-Bottom Wash Boilers, at—each—



59 cents

TIN HORNS—Extra large size Tin Horns—for Parades, Football parties, etc., each..... **10c**

Extra Special—

TWO OF THE BIGGEST BARGAINS IN THE LOT—Are Carving Knives and Forks at—per set..... **25c**

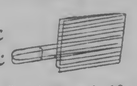
SERRATED EDGE BREAD KNIVES—at, each..... **5c**

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE THEM.

CLOTHES WRINGERS—10-inch Novelty Clothes Wringers—they are the standard—special at—each— **$1.98**

CLOTHES LINES—
50-foot three-strand Sisal Clothes lines—each..... **5c**
High-grade Manila Clothes Lines, at—each..... **10c**

WIRE GOODS—Small size Wire Toasters, each..... **3c**
Medium size Wire Toasters **5c**



Large size Wire Toasters, each **10c**
Wire Egg Whips, at—each..... **1c**
Picture Wire, 25 yards for..... **3c**

Our idea of a bargain is to sell you high-grade desirable merchandise at a smaller price than any other store can make.

Here Are Four

of that variety in a bunch.

Genuine Disston Bucksaws—each	69c
High-grade Kerosene Lanterns—each	43c
Gas Taper Torches, at—each	7c
10c Paring Knives, at—each	5c

GRANITE DISH PANS—

GRANITE KETTLES—Two sizes Granite Preserving Kettles, the sizes every family need, worth 40c and 45c each, special each **27c and 29c**

10-qt Granite Dish Pans—each	33c
14-qt Granite Dish Pans—each	39c

GRANITE DIPPERS—1-quart Granite Dippers each..... **15c**

GRANITE WASH BOWLS—Medium size Wash Bowls, each **15 cents**

Large size Wash Bowls, each.. **19c**

GRANITE TEA KETTLES—
No. 8 Granite Tea Kettles, each **59c**
No. 9 Granite Tea Kettles, each **69c**

The only store in this city where the GENUINE IMPORTED STRANSKY Steel ware is sold.

BUTCHER KNIVES—6-inch Butcher Knives, regular price 15c, 25c, special, each..... **10c**

GO-CARTS—About one dozen Go-Carts at 25 per cent off regular prices.

SCRUB BRUSHES—
Large size Scrub Brushes, special for the week, each..... **5c**
Stove Brushes, worth 20c—at, each..... **10c**

And other Hardware Bargains too numerous to mention.

Crockery Department.

Our showing of Crockery, Glassware and Lamps is most complete and our regular prices are less than in any other store on the street. Monday's special values are phenomenal and will be taken advantage of by economical buyers.

CUPS AND SAUCERS—

English Semi-porcelaine Cups and Saucers, worth $1.50 per doz, special per pair— **7 cts**

JAPANESE CUPS AND SAUCERS—Thin decorated Japanese China Cups and Saucers, at—each..... **12c**

CREAM PITCHERS—While they last, one-pint Majolica Cream Pitchers, at—each..... **5c**

CUT GLASS TUMBLERS—American Cut-Glass Water Tumblers, cut one-half the height, worth $1.50 per dozen—Monday, at each—

18 cts

Thin Crystal Glass Water Tumblers, at—each..... **3c**

Thin-banded Glass Water Tumblers, at—each..... **4c**

FRUIT PLATES—Decorated German China Fruit Plates, at—each— **8 cents**

JAPANESE BOWLS—Japanese Bowls for Baking, decorated in Blue, three sizes at special prices—each— **15c, 25c and 35c**

CUSPIDORS—Tinted Cuspidors, regular 29c value, at—each..... **19c**

GLASSWARE—1-quart Crystal Glass Decanters, each— **10 cents**

1-quart Glass Water Bottles, at—each— **10 cents**

10c Glass Measuring Cups, each— **5 cents**

Thin Glass Finger Bowls—$1.00 per dozen, or, each..... **9c**

JARDINIERES—Exceptional values in Jardinieres.
59c Jardinieres, at—each..... **37c**
75c Jardinieres, at—each..... **57c**
98c Jardinieres, at—each..... **69c**

CHAMBER SETS—10-piece decorated Chamber Sets, at..... **$1.98**

12-piece Chamber Sets, complete with Slop Jars—per set..... **$3.69**

LAMPS—Opportunities that make this the best buying and saving time.

$1.00 Decorated Stand Lamps, at—each **75 cents**

$3.00 decorated Parlor Lamps, with central draught burner—each **$2.19**

Nickel-plated Stand Lamps, complete with shade, at—each— **$1.39**

Bracket Lamps, with reflector, each..... **19c**

DINNER SETS—

100-piece decorated English Porcelain Dinner Sets, worth $8.50, at—per set..... **$6.39**

White Syracuse China Dinner Sets, worth $20.00, at—per set..... **$13.50**

Haviland's 112-piece Decorated China Dinner Sets, at— **$22.50**

IN SPORTING CIRCLES

Great Interest In the Football Game Between the Duluth High School and Ashland Teams at Oneota Park.

Yale Basket Ball Team Coming West.

Would Like to Play Two Games Here.

The afternoon's football game at Oneota park between the Duluth and Ashland team is the paramount event of the week and the gridiron season, in athletic circles. The local players have been put through the most strenuous practice all the week in preparation for this game which they seem to think will be one of the hardest of the season. While this apprehension proves true or not, the spirit shown in the extra practice to meet any emergency is commendable. The members of the team and their enthusiastic supporters are confident of winning from the Wisconsin eleven, but the greatest anxiety is felt over the possibility of the visitors scoring. Duluth has not been scored against this season in a regular game. The team aspires to win the Northern championship with no opponent to score crossing their goal line. In this they are somewhat handicapped, as the opposing team, while exceptionally fast and strong, is not yet as highly developed as their offensive play. In speaking of the latter, a prominent old Varsity player, now in the city, said that he never saw of a high school team so show such form. "The men are coming in fine form for a game with Virginia, the champion high school team of the iron range, but their heavy hammering and their inexperience is well nigh perfect football."

The Ashland players arrived in the city shortly after 11 o'clock this morning. They are a sturdy looking lot of men for high school players, and are with Duluth both in the line and out of the line. They have been coached by two of the University of Wisconsin's former gridiron stars, who are employed as teachers in the school they represent. However, in this afternoon's game they will miss these two university men. They have been playing on the team as well as coaching it, but under the rules governing games for the interscholastic championship they under graduates are allowed on the team. In this Duluth is almost as seriously handicapped as Ashland, as one or two very valuable men of last year's team, who are now taking a post-graduate course, are barred under this ruling of the interscholastic committee.

The Yale university basket ball team desires to play a series of games with teams in the Western trip this winter, Manager C. Lincoln Ramsdell of the basket ball association at Yale, has written The Herald as follows:

"Our basket ball team would like to play one or more games in Duluth this winter preceding you can give us sufficient guarantee. We have a stronger team than last year, and will make our Western trip again if Duluth or Fond du Lac care to play a series with us."

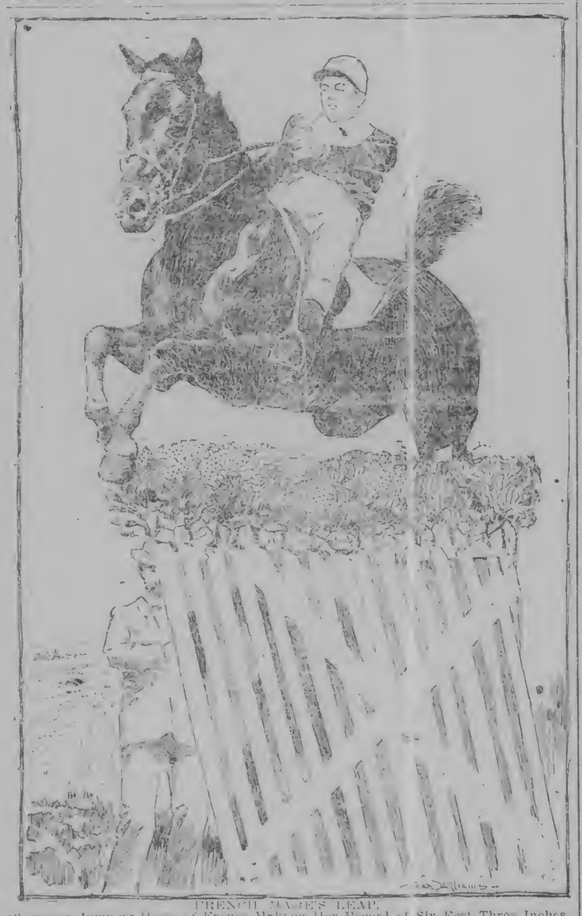
This letter has been turned over to the Y. M. C. A. athletic department, and the proposition seems to meet with favor. Like Yale, the Y. M. C. A. expects to have a stronger basket ball team than ever this year. It is also possible that the Superior Normal School Athletic association can be induced to go into the series with Duluth and Fond du Lac, making it easier to raise a sufficient sum of guarantee money.

* *

Local sports are interested in a match that will be pulled off in the West End next Thursday evening. Fergo, the young 130-pound wrestler who issued a sweeping challenge to all in his class early in the week, has agreed to meet a mysterious unknown who designates himself as "Little Luck." The match will be best two out of five falls, catch-as-catch-can, and for a purse of $25.

* *

Next Saturday the High school football team has at last date, and it will probably be taken advantage of by the men need a little rest. After that there will be no game with Ashland and Thanksgiving day there will be a game with Virginia, the champion high school team of the iron range.



FRENCH JAMIE'S LEAP.

Champion Jumping Horse of France Making Her Record of Six Feet Three Inches. Here's action for you—La Fleche, the champion jumper, caught in the act of making her record six feet, 3 inches. All Frenchmen adore La Fleche. Her value is not to be expressed in francs, even for that money-adoring nation. Ordinarily a Frenchman squeezes a dollar till the eagle shrieks, but in the case of La Fleche they realize that she is less high at 3 the must have her.

Western football teams will be pleased to learn that the game between the Duluth team and the Minnesota team will take place on the gridiron on Northrop field. In Duluth there are enthusiastic supporters of both Minnesota and the majority of local football enthusiasts are with Minnesota. It will probably be a much harder game for the Gophers than the Chicago game, in which Minnesota won back its position among the greatest teams of the West. The Chicago team was light compared with Wisconsin and another point in favor of the Minnesota team is that its a team composed of veteran.

Minnesota receives all this, but is determined to give Wisconsin a surprise.

* *

With a victory over Lafayette at Easton, the Princeton Tigers are now prepared to undertake the arduous task of developing a team that can wallop Yale on Old Nassau's field on Nov. 17. The Tiger boys improved slowly, but their work at Easton, which was productive of a big score, was sufficient to impress the followers of the Orange and Black with the fact that the eleven will not be a weakling at all. The game with Yale is really the only important contest in Princeton's schedule, and the coaches have not been in a hurry to develop the Tigers, who have a nearly four weeks to make themselves fit for the Blues. In that time, however, the coaches will probably leave no stone unturned to strengthen the center and guards, where the only visible weakness in the line exists. If they were to play tomorrow Yale would outclass Princeton because the New Haven eleven, made up almost entirely of veterans, is more advanced than the Tigers in the fine points of the game and the team, collectively, is heavier nad more aggressive than the Jersey-men. But Yale may go too far in training, and some of the men may be stale when the time comes to play the big games, while the Tigers, working gradually uphill against odds, are expected to reach the proper pitch at the right time.

* *

John A. Drake, of Chicago, who is supposed to have won fabulous amounts, some accounts say $1,000,000, during the season now closing on the English turf, sums up the crisis predicted by Lord Durham's attack on American trainers and jockeys in a single sentence: "It is all a question of adopting the American seat."

As for Lord Durham he is worthy of no consideration apart from his title and wealth. He knows very little more about racing than Lord Lonsdale, who says "ditto" to him, and Lord Lonsdale knows nothing at all. Durham years ago drove out of the jockey club a genuine and popular sportsman, Sir George Chetwynd, by arraying social influences against him under the pretext of "protecting the English turf."

As a matter of fact, the honesty of the American jockey and the thoroughness of the American trainers are beyond successful denial. The Americans have beaten the English, because of more careful preparation and a more scientific seat. All English sportsmen whose opinion is worth having admit this, and there is a strong feeling that the agitation will break up the jockey ring which has so long ruled and degraded racing in England.

"They say our jockeys do not play fair," said Mr. Drake. "I will tell you what it is. The foremost English trainer has breakfast served in his room at 9 o'clock, then drives down to the heath to inquire how the gallops have gone. American jockeys are up at 4 in the morning, go the stables, feeds the horses and then takes them out to exercise. This is why the Americans are winning horse races and selling steel. They get up in the morning and hustle."

* *

Reese Meekin's tilt with Father Time at Harlem last Saturday resulted in favor of the veteran by two-thirds of a second. Reesie with three other spring was entered in the fifth race, a five and a half furlong dash, in which Parlee's speedy gray was to be sent out to break the world's record, 1:06, for the distance. Reesie, although she beat her field easily, missed the much coveted mark by two-thirds of a second.

* *

As Paris has been the mecca for the athletes of the world during the past summer, so Buffalo promises to be the center of attraction for the year 1901. The Olympian games, revived through the efforts of Baron de Coubertin, and held four years ago in Athens, are to be held next year in connection with the Pan-American Exposition in the metropolis of Western New York, and American endeavor and American enterprise will see to it that the contests will be on a scale great and grand enough to satisfy all concerned. When the games were first projected four years ago it was thought that once in four years would be frequent enough for the contests. But with the close of the Paris events it was decided by the International committee in charge that the great interest certainly justified holding the games annually. Nearly all the continental countries of Europe were eager for the contests—Austria, Germany, Switzerland and even Sweden being especially desirous that they be chosen sponsor for the 1901 games. But the committee favored Buffalo as the suitable country for the games. The English Amateur Athletic association, however, did not want to go out into the cornfields, so America stepped into the breach and the committee decided for Buffalo, with the Amateur Athletic union as the organization to control. J. D. Sullivan and Casper Whitney, of New York, and Frank P. Ellis, of the University of Pennsylvania, are the committee in charge of the preliminary arrangements.

* *

President Hart of the Chicago National league team says: "The real reason for a falling off in interest in baseball seems a paradox, but the truth is the absolute honesty of baseball is what has injured it to some extent. The worst town in the National league runs away and wins the pennant easily, and therefore, baseball natural does not go much towards, in fact, I might say right, because Pittsburg, while successful, did not make the money it would have made had not Brooklyn made a runaway race of it.

"So long as Philadelphia led interest was good everywhere, for everybody hoped that Philadelphia would drop, but the minute Brooklyn took the lead interest died, because everybody thought the Brooklyn team was good enough to hold the lead anywhere. It is the same in everything. Nobody is interested in anything unless the contestants all have a chance.

"Now, if the game were not absolutely honest, it would be the easiest thing in the world for Brooklyn to give one or two men to Chicago or to New York and make one of those clubs a pennant winner. Interest would revive and every club in the league would make big money.

"This talk of decadence is all rot, without a pun being intended. What is needed is for the pennant to circulate. Here two clubs in Baltimore and Brooklyn are practically one club, have been winning the pennant ever since the league was organized. Let any other club win the pennant for three years in a row and they have good chance to win it through the season and this 'decadence' will be a thing of the past.

* *

With the death of the Horton law in New York came also the death of big purses, large gate receipts for pugilists, and naturally the depreciation of the value of the big guns in the pugilistic profession. The goods they deal in are just as valuable today as they were before the Lewis bill took effect, but there is no market for their goods, hence the depreciation. Too much pugilists, irrespective of their class, and it is the fault of the men their ranks and cross-counters are not as marketable as they were six months ago, still demand prosperity prices.

They do not, it appears, believe in that old business maxim of "quick sales and small profits," but hold out for the old Horton law figures. There might be some wisdom in the stand they are taking if every club in the country was open to them as it was New York, but, unfortunately for them, such is not the case.

For two years all pugilistic roads led to New York, for now pugilistic roads lead any and everywhere from New York city, with no special destination. A short time ago New York was the harvesting center of the United States for the knights of the boxing glove. Today the pugilistic crops, like the pugilists, are scattered throughout the broad land with no location offering enough inducements to satisfy their financial cribs. There is a little picking for the pugilists who do not place too high a value on their services in several cities in the states of Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Kentucky, Colorado and California. The authorities in Philadelphia and Chicago, the two largest cities in the states named, permit contests limited to six rounds only. The little public does not like kindly to six-round limit bouts, and the promoters therefore cannot afford large guarantees to those which are really worth them. If Philadelphia and Chicago fight promoters could get concessions from the powers that be to hold six-round contests they could offer financial inducements large enough to procure the best little talent in the world.

"Kid" McCoy climbed aboard an ocean liner the other day without telling anyone and was first heard of at Queenstown. Now we get the news that the "Kid" has sunk the fighting game. McCoy sees a chance to start a big business in South Africa. He has been there before and knows the ropes pretty well. McCoy is said to be broken hearted over the charges made against him after his fight with Corbett and over his wife's action in applying for a divorce.

* *

They are all after Terry McGovern these days. Not the featherweights who were his opponents a year ago, but the best of the lightweights. Except for an odd battle now and then, "Terrible Terry" will be compelled to stack up against bigger game in the fights at all. Frank Erne was in Chicago last week, and his sole object seems to be to get on with Terry. He intended to make a Western trip, but cut it short and signed articles to fight McGovern. The latter has not yet put his name on the paper. And there is no telling whether he will. Terry is billed to meet some man in Chicago in December, but his opponent is not named. The Tattersall's Athletic club will propose Erne, and if weights can be arranged satisfactorily the fight may take place.

Joe Gans is another who would like to tackle the champion of the little fellows. His Manager, Al Herford, came to bat last week with a challenge and a deposit to show he meant business. He says the weights must be 133 pounds, ringside. No doubt Sam Harris, who manages McGovern, will dodge the light weight limit for Terry as long as he can and demand that Erne or Gans come in at a lower weight. This point alone will prevent the fights.

Louisville managers have been trying to get McGovern on with a good man, and had a match all but completed with Dave Sullivan. Through a dispute as to who should hold the stake money the bout was declared off, and McGovern was signed with Joe Bernstein. This battle will come off early next month.

The State Of Trade

General Situation Is Encouraging and New Elements of Strength Are Shown.

New York, Oct. 27.—Bradstreets today says:

Despite some irregularities, growing out of unseasonable weather conditions, heavy price changes in leading staples or increased conservatism in some trades as the election approaches, the general business situation, as a whole, is encouraging and new elements of manifestations of strength appear from time to time. Perhaps the most notable feature of the week is found in the industrial situation, which has been decidedly improved by the apparently official and financial action taken toward ending the anthracite coal miners' strike. In view of the fact that most of the miners have obtained increased wages, the effect on business in the producing regions can hardly be otherwise than beneficial, while the trade at large must reap benefits from the return to normal conditions. Other lines of trade which showed improvement are those of shoes, leather and kindred products at the East, which are reaping the benefit of better distribution in the country at large, and rather more than an average business has been done in wool at the East with holders more inclined to demand full prices for their products. The continued weakness of cotton is an element of uncertainty in the dry goods trade, but the firmness of these products in the face of 12½ cents decline in prices from the highest, is a tribute to the strength of the market as a whole. The situation in cereals shows little change. A feature of the movement of products to market at the present time, not heretofore noted this year, is the growing scarcity of cars reported west of the Mississippi. Raw sugar is lower on anticipated large increase in yield over a year ago and coffee is off on continued large receipts.

The strength of demand for finished products of iron and steel, noted for some time past, finds reflection in an improved inquiry for the cruder forms at leading iron centers this week. Steel billets are reported $2 higher at Chicago while a similar advance is noted at Pittsburg and efforts to raise the level of Bessemer steel billets are being resisted by manufacturers. The claim that consumers' stocks of pig are being considerably reduced is borne out by reports of several 1000-ton lots being moved at Pittsburg and further west, and intimations that a still larger business has been arranged for on a conditional basis, dependent upon election results. While Southern pig is reported unchanged at the South, a sharp cut in the same is noted at Western markets. The bowling of prices expected as a result of the ending of the strike is expected to measurably help the export trade in coal, which is, however, confronted with high freight rates. In spite of this, it is claimed that 1,200,000 tons of bituminous coal have been sold for export to Mediterranean ports.

Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week, aggregate 4,932,978 bushels, against 5,796,841 last week, 4,416,495 in the corresponding week of 1899, 5,809,931 in 1898, 5,811,291 in 1897 and 3,628,000 in 1896. From July 1 to date this season wheat exports are 60,244,143 bushels against 65,381,742 last season and 62,789,107 in 1898-99.

Corn exports for the week aggregate 3,305,153 against 2,886,993 last week, 4,525,519 in this week a year ago, 2,424,276 in 1898, 1,589,193 in 1897 and 2,649,425 in 1896. From July 1 to date this season corn exports are 54,160,342 bushels against 69,279,678 last season and 44,786,616 in 1898-99.

Business failures for the week in the United States number 161, as against 230 last week, 211 in this week a year ago, 219 in 1898, 218 in 1897 and 246 in 1896.

Canadian failures for the week number 31, against 22 last week, 21 in this week a year ago, 23 in 1898, 29 in 1897 and 37 in 1895.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says:

The elections mean a great deal to all business interests, and although confidence in the future is seen on every hand, it is but natural that men do not care to take unnecessary chances and therefore delay new engagements as far as possible until after the ballots are counted. But contracts for steel rails for the season thus far are within 50,000 tons of last year's heavy bookings, and the confidence in an ultimate marked improvement is so strong that all raw materials are firm and without any speculative activity to stimulate them. The agitation for an advance in billets, though a small one, is an indication of what the iron and steel markets expect in the next six months, and in the great industries sellers of raw material could easily make heavy contracts if they cared to attach political provisions to their agreements. However unreasonable fears may be, it is likely to be better for business in the long run that conservative ideas for the present are entertained.

The weather over a great part of the country has been favorable for agricultural operations, which are progressing well, and in the East the unseasonable temperature has retarded general trade comparatively little, as there has been no great stimulus yet this season. Conditions in the iron and steel market steadily improve; orders gradually swell in volume, and buyers make less effort to secure concessions. In most cases quotations are not altered, but there is an advance to $20 at Philadelphia for billets owing to the better business in rails. Pig iron moves freely, especially at Chicago, where manufacturers have contracted heavily for finished stuff in excess of raw material on hand. Cast iron pipe is in urgent demand, and new plans for shipbuilding will take place. Bridge builders are buying structural forms heavily. Makers of rails and other products of iron have been accused of quoting better terms to foreign than to domestic buyers. If this is done it would seem to be the manufacturers' affair rather than the newspapers. Minor metals are quiet except for further weakness in tin. Silver has reached the lightest prices in four years.

Cotton showed little recuperative power after the last week's decline and closed lower. The loss in price is $7.80 a bale since Oct. 9, and exporters are still holding off.

Wheat also continued its downward course, owing to the good news here and abroad, but an encouraging feature was the accelerated foreign buying as quotations declined. Atlantic exports for the week were 2,935,028 bushels, against 2,257,625 a year ago, and Pacific shipments 878,943 bushels, against 658,583 last year. Corn is slightly weaker, while pork products have fallen sharply. Most other provisions are heavy, but linseed oil rose sharply to 75 cents.

The better tone of the hide and shoe market was sufficient explanation for the advance in materials. New England shops are busier than for many months before, but thus far manufactured goods have not advanced with materials.

Sales of wool at the three chief Eastern markets continue to increase, exceeding 5,000,000 pounds last week. Prices are not altered and bids slightly below the market are refused. Common goods move rather more freely, as the price comes nearer parity with raw material, but wide sheetings are dull at the advance to 22 cents.

Failures for the week were 265 in the United States, against 190 last year, and 28 in Canada against 23 last year.

The Youth's Companion Calendar.

More thought and expense than ever before have been lavished on the calendar which the publishers of the Youth's Companion will present to every one subscribing for the new volume for 1901, since it is to be a souvenir of the paper's seventy-fifth year. It is an exceptionally attractive calendar, and has been designed and lithographed for the Companion exclusively. The central figure of the calendar is an ideal portrait of a Puritan maiden of Plymouth, and the twelve colors in which the calendar is lithographed reproduce the delicate coloring of the artist's original painting with perfect fidelity.

After the usefulness of the calendar is past, the portrait of Priscilla can be cut out and framed and preserved as a beautiful household ornament.

This calendar, which is sold to non-subscribers to the Youth's Companion for 50 cents, will be given to all new subscribers for 1901, who will also receive, in addition to the fifty-two issues of the new volume, all the issues of the paper for the remaining weeks of 1900 free from the time of subscription. Illustrated announcement of the volume for 1901 will be sent free with sample copies of the paper to any address.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
Boston, Mass.

VERDICT FOR CITY.

Chicago Wins Case Bearing on Strike Damage Suit.

Chicago, Oct. 27.—Suits against the city for damages to railroad property during the strike in 1894, in which over $2,000,000 is involved, were virtually decided in the city's favor yesterday by a jury in Judge Haney's court. A verdict of not guilty in the case of Armour & Co. against the city of Chicago is interpreted by Corporation Counsel Walker to mean the litigating companies will not be able to recover damages for the destruction of railroad property during the great strike.

Drying preparations simply develop dry catarrh; they dry up the secretions which adhere to the membrane and decompose, causing a far more serious trouble than the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all drying inhalants and use that which cleanses, soothes and heals. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy and will cure catarrh or cold in the head easily and pleasantly. All druggists sell it at 50 cents, or it will be mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, N. Y.

STRICTLY SCIENTIFIC.

Only One Pile Cure Which Can Be Considered Such.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is strictly scientific both in its composition and in its therapeutic action, and the best feature is that it is perfectly harmless. No ill effects ever result from its use.

The cure is accomplished painlessly by the astringent properties and healing oils contained in it, which cause the little tumors and congested blood vessels to contract and the obstruction to the circulation to be removed.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is in suppository form and far superior to any salve or ointment for convenience.

It is applied at night and absorbed into the sensitive rectal membrane, acting both as a local and a constitutional treatment.

One 50-cent box of the Pyramid has often been effectual, even in cases of many years' standing.

Relief from pain and itching is so immediate that patients sometimes imagine that the remedy must contain some form of cocaine or opium, but a careful analysis shows it to contain no cocaine, anaesthetic or injurious drug of any kind. It is guaranteed free from any deleterious substance.

The ligature treatment, the knife, or the still more cruel treatment by dilatation, besides causing intense pain and sometimes collapse and death, are now known to have little value as far as a permanent cure is concerned.

Thousands of pile sufferers bear witness to the value of the Pyramid Pile Cure and even in cases where a dangerous surgical operation has failed to cure surprising results have been obtained from this remedy after a week's use.

A complete treatment of the Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents.

The Pyramid Drug company, of Marshall, Mich., will mail to any address a little book on "Cause and Cure of Piles," and a list of cured patients from all parts of the United States.

THE RIGHT FOOTWEAR IS

THE HEFFELFINGER — NORTH STAR SHOE CO.

$3.00 — IN ALL SIZES FOR MEN AND WOMEN

RIGHT IN PRICE. RIGHT IN QUALITY. RIGHT IN FIT. RIGHT IN BUILD. RIGHT IN WEAR. RIGHT IN EASE. RIGHT IN STYLE.

WE CARRY IN STOCK C TO E WIDTHS.

Your dealer should have the Heffelfinger. If you cannot secure them from him write the NORTH STAR SHOE CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

For the stomach's sake

BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM! FOODS

Thoroughly cooked! Ready for instant use! Delicacies at all seasons and for all ages!

Children love these foods because they are crisp, toothsome, and in the case of Granut delicately sweetened. Mothers like Granut for their children because it is sterilized, pre-digested, and its *sweet* is not cane sugar, glucose, or other cheap sweets made from corn by chemical process, but "*nature's sweet intention*," produced through the digestion of starch by our exclusive process.

Caramel Cereal is the original and genuine successor to Coffee, has delicate aroma and agrees with the most sensitive stomachs.

Ask your grocer for "Battle Creek SANITARIUM Foods—do not be imposed upon by the many foods sold on our reputation.

Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

FOR MORNING, NOON AND NIGHT

LEA & PERRINS' Sauce

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Beware of Imitations

It is highly approved for the very agreeable zest which it imparts to Soups, Fish, Game, Hot and Cold Meats, Salads, Welsh Rarebits, etc.

This signature is on every bottle

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, New York

Table and Kitchen

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, 719 Chamber of Commerce building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

(All Rights Reserved by Banning Co., Chicago.)

SOME DELIGHTFUL SAVORIES.

"The Superfluous, a Very Necessary Thing."

These accessories to our List of dishes custom, and not necessity, has created a demand for, and the list increases each season as the seekers after novelties discover something new and yet untried. These dishes may be served at various periods throughout the meal, from beginning as the first course, or appetizer, to the ending in the character of a digest.

AN IMPORTANT FEATURE.

In all these dishes there must be a touch of piquancy, an element, pungent, keen, biting. Either sour or hot or a combination of both. At the beginning of the meal these usually take the form of sandwiches, canapes or cocktails, near the salted courses come cheese preparation and at the end a bit of cheese, an olive, preserved ginger or the indispensable coffee. All through the meal, if it be comprised of many and rich courses, celery, olives, pickles and salted nuts are passed. We leave the readers to form their own conclusions as to whether a generous indulgence in these dishes is according to hygienic laws and a naturally refined taste. To use these articles simply as incentives to increase the appetite should not be necessary and suggests the idea of living to eat, with the higher results to be gained from our food.

THE SIMPLE SAVORIES.

Olives, salted nuts and the "bit of cheese," a fashion of our grandmother's time, when enjoyed in with moderation are innocent enough in themselves and not only possess considerable food value but act as mild digests. But with these, as in regard to everything else, observe temperance and do not eat more than enough because they taste good; a childish habit many grown people have not overcome.

MEAT SAVORIES.

These in the form of devilled dishes, curries or highly seasoned sandwiches are usually served for luncheon or chafing dish suppers. These give an opportunity for using up in a dainty, acceptable manner meats otherwise tasteless materials and at the same time save many a dollar for fresh meats which are always a tax on the limited pocketbook.

ANCHOVY CANAPES.

Remove the bones from a bottle of good anchovies, preserved in oil. Put four into a mortar or bowl; add a tablespoonful lemon juice, eighth of a spoonful of cayenne or paprika, which is milder, and one tablespoonful of butter. Pound or rub to a paste. Cut strips of stale bread twelve for this quantity of anchovies, quarter of an inch thick, one and one-half inch wide and three inches long. Chafe one tablespoonfuls of butter and fry the strips of bread a delicate brown in this. Cool and spread with the anchovy paste. Cut the remaining anchovies into little fillets of slices, arrange two on each canape near the edge and fill the space in between with alternate layers of whites and yolks of two hard boiled eggs pressed through a sieve. Arrange the canapes on a dish and garnish with stuffed olives or pickles.

DEVILED BONES.

Take the legs, back or wings of a cold chicken or other fowl, score deep with a sharp knife, then over with melted butter and cover with a mixture of a dessert spoonful of made mustard, chutney and curry powder. Broil them lightly and serve with following sauce: A cupful of the gravy or stock, a teaspoonful of sifted sugar, juice of one lemon, dash of paprika, three teaspoonfuls of catsup and, if you use wine, half a cup of good sherry. Cook the bones in the same about five minutes until very hot, then serve.

OYSTER CANAPES.

Cut slices of brown bread into fancy shapes. Remove the muscle from twelve large oysters, cut them in small pieces, add a tablespoonful of chopped gherkins, two tablespoonfuls of mixed horseradish, three tablespoonfuls chopped celery. Mix with about quarter of a cup of Mayonnaise dressing and two tablespoonfuls of Worcestershire sauce. Spread over the bread, which should be very slightly buttered. Garnish with capers and shredded celery.

CHEESE RELISH.

Put into a bowl, four level tablespoonfuls grated cheese, two eggs, a tablespoonful of melted butter, a dash of paprika and quarter of a teaspoonful of salt. Beat all to a cream. Mix a teaspoonful of flour with a tablespoonful cream and add to other mixture. Beat all well together. Spread upon buttered crackers, stand in a hot oven a few minutes and serve.

ANSWERS TO INQUIRIES.

HASHED BROWN POTATOES.

Mrs. S. L. M., Ypsilanti, Mich., writes: Have been interested for a long time in this department, and would like to ask for a recipe for hashed brown potatoes.

Cold, boiled, left over potatoes will answer for this dish, if not too well done. They must not be mealy, or they will not keep their shape. Chop them very fine. Rub a smooth omelet or frying pan with a slice of onion; melt a tablespoonful of butter, and when hot turn in the potatoes; season with salt and pepper; press down smoothly over bottom of pan, and stand where they will cook slowly, without stirring until they are a rich, golden brown on bottom; about fifteen minutes should brown them. Sprinkle very lightly with finely minced parsley, and roll carefully, like an omelet. Serve on a hot plate with parsley garnish and poached eggs.

FRENCH FRIED POTATOES.

A subscriber, Albany, Minn., writes: Kindly give recipes for French fried potatoes and brown potatoes mentioned in menus.

Wash and pare the potatoes and cut into eighths, lengthwise; throw into cold water and soak an hour. Drain and dry carefully between towels. Fry in hot fat deep enough to float them until a delicate golden brown and dry and mealy inside. Do not have the fat too hot, as potatoes must have time to cook and not get too brown; have fat as hot as for doughnuts.

BROWN POTATOES.

This is probably the recipe you refer to: Roll and mash the potatoes and season with salt, pepper, melted butter and hot cream enough to moisten. Beat light with a fork, then put into a greased, shallow pan, put smaller pieces of butter over the top and put in a quick oven to brown. If the potatoes are served with pot roast they are placed under the meat and cooked. They brown nicely in that way and are very palatable.

STEAMED GRAHAM BREAD.

Sift three cups graham flour, one cup white flour, one teaspoonful salt and three and a half level teaspoonfuls soda together. Mix one cup of molasses and two and a half cups sour milk together and stir into dry ingredients. When well mixed, turn into a well-buttered mold and steam four hours, standing the mold on a muffin ring in deep boiler to prevent burning. If you have no regular steamer.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Monday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal. Cream. Fig Toast.
Fried Bacon. Corn Pone.
Coffee.
LUNCH.
Hot Salmon. Brown Tomato Sauce.
Fruit Roll. Baked Apples.
Cereal Coffee.
DINNER.
Scotch Broth.
Veal Cutlets, Breaded. Cream Sauce.
Baked Rice. Stewed Tomatoes.
Cold Slaw.
German Apple Pie. Cream.
Coffee.

Tuesday.

BREAKFAST.
Cereal. Sliced Bananas. Cream.
Sausage with Fried Apples.
Princess Potatoes. Rolls.
Coffee.
LUNCH.
Cream of Tomato Soup.
Macaroni Baked with Cheese.
Cream Puffs.
Tea.
DINNER.
Brown Soup.
Roast Beef, with Yorkshire Pudding.
Mashed Potatoes. Creamed Carrots.
Okra and Tomatoes.
Lettuce Salad. Devonshire Junket.
Coffee.

Wednesday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal. Cream.
Fried Ham. Cream Gravy.
Baked Potatoes. Griddle Cakes.
Coffee.
LUNCH.
Thin Slices Cold Roast Beef.
Sweet Potato Scallop.
Cheese Salad.
Tea.
DINNER.
Oyster Soup.
Game Pie. Rice Croquettes.
Winter Squash.
Onion and Lettuce Salad.
Cranberry Charlotte Russe.

RECIPES.

Below will be found a few recipes of dishes appearing in the foregoing menus. The recipe of any dish not given and requested will be published in these columns as space will permit under a heading of "Answers to Inquiries."

Fruit Roll—Four cups of sifted flour, half a cup sugar, four teaspoonfuls baking powder, one teaspoonful salt, sift all together four times, add to flour one cup seeded raisins, chopped, and half a cup of shredded citron. Mix well. Beat one egg until light and add to two cups of milk. Add moisture to flour and mix to a drop dough, cutting and folding until it leaves bowl and knife comparatively clean. Use the covered round tins for baking if you have them, if not, brush the top of loaf well with butter and cover with buttered paper. Bake in a very slow oven for an hour and ten minutes at least.

300,000 CURED MEN will gladly testify that the Keeley Cure is the only reliable cure for drunkenness. Keeley Institute, 625 10th st So., Minneapolis, Minn.

Storm Sash,
Wholesale and retail.
D. E. HOLSTON & CO.,
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WESSON ODORLESS COOKING OIL

Goes Twice as Far as Lard or Butter!

IT IS EASILY DIGESTED AND ALWAYS CLEANLY, WHICH LARD IS NOT.

Wesson's Salad Oil

is far greater value than the finest imported olive oil and has the same flavor.

Ask your friendly grocer for it and save good money.

Have You Catarrh Taint? —Here's strong evidence of the quickness and sureness of that wonderful remedy, Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder: "For years I was a victim of Chronic Catarrh—tried many remedies, but no cure was effected until I had procured and used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. First application gave me instant relief, and in an incredibly short while I was absolutely cured."—James Headley, Dundee, N. Y. Sold by Smith & Smith and Max Wirth—4.

Of Duluth's Neighbors.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Wallace Pool who has for the past two years owned the Vermilion livery stable, moved his stock and outfit to Eveleth where he will open business. Treffle Bronsetts has leased Mr. Pool's barn and will now run the two barns.

S. J. P. Lackie has sold his interest in the Pioneer hotel to his former partner, D. Graham. Mr. Lackie left Monday morning for Duluth where he will be married to Miss Mamie Paradise of the same place.

Jake Skoda and George Moulton left Thursday evening for Mesaba for a few days' partridge hunting.

Miss Claudia La France returned to Duluth Monday morning after visiting five Sundays with her parents.

Gordon Clark, of Fort Francis, was in the city yesterday en route for Duluth.

C. C. Barker, who is interested in the Power Lumber company, was up from Bay City, Mich., Saturday.

Ben Bennison came up from Two Harbors Monday on his way to Ely.

"Doc" Lackie and Frank Winchester returned Sunday from their week's hunting trip at Bear Head lake.

Charles Sexton, proprietor of the half-way house on the Crane lake portage, passed through the city Saturday on his way from Southern Wisconsin.

Stephen Niles returned Wednesday from Duluth on his way to his homestead at the head of the lake.

Alexander Cuner returned to Sparta Monday morning after visiting over Sunday with his family at Soudan.

James Simons left Friday morning for Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Kingston, of Eveleth, were in the city a few days of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Nettell spent several days in Ely this week.

Mr. Hess and children returned home Thursday evening from an extended visit in Wisconsin.

Attorney W. G. Bonham, of Eveleth, spent Sunday in the city with his family.

Andrew McLeod, who has been visiting friends here for the past two weeks returned to his home at Fort Francis, Ont., Wednesday morning.

E. Richardson, of Soudan, returned from Duluth Saturday evening where he has his parents who arrived from Galveston, Texas, for an extended visit.

Miss Cowell and Mrs. J. P. Kelly came down from Miss Center Saturday evening and came for Duluth.

Arthur Peck returned Tuesday evening from his several days' business trip in Duluth.

P. Quire and Martin Welch left Monday for Eveleth, where they will work in Weston Pool's livery stable.

Alex Cameron, who has been sick in the Soudan hospital at Ely for the past two weeks returned home Thursday looking much better.

Stephen Chorn, Indian agent at the Nett Lake reservation, was in the city Thursday.

Hon. P. F. McGrade, of Duluth, was visiting his many friends here yesterday.

John Graham came down from Ely Tuesday and has accepted a position in the Pioneer hotel.

J. Brown the cook, left Monday morning for Kettle River.

Deputy Game Warden George Kinney returned Tuesday evening from his business trip to Duluth.

Ed Pauly was down from Robinson lake over Sunday.

Andrew Hoppe returned to Mesaba Thursday morning after a short visit with his family.

Mrs. O. W. Akerson returned home Wednesday evening from her three weeks' visit with relatives at Minneapolis.

Five bears were in Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. J. H. Whitelaw returned Thursday evening from her Duluth visit.

Rev. Father Rich was in Duluth a few days of this week.

Young Taylor returned Thursday evening from his hunting trip to Rice lake, bringing with him forty-six fine ducks.

George Brown was over from Eveleth this week.

Mrs. T. Ball was a Duluth visitor a few days of this week.

Mrs. J. N. Bergeson and daughter, Ethel, left Tuesday morning for Duluth where the latter will have her eyes treated. They were accompanied by Mrs. John McDonald, of Tower Junction.

Lloyd Mosley came up from Duluth Wednesday evening and left the following morning with John Pudey for a couple of weeks duck hunting at Rice lake.

Thomas Parker was transacting business at Ely Wednesday.

Oscar Erickson left Thursday morning for Eveleth where he has a situation in the Vermilion Iron Journal office.

Charles Wessenger left Wednesday morning for West Superior where he has a position. He expects to take his family there in a couple of weeks.

Miss Stella Case arrived in the city Monday from Chicago for an extended visit with her brother, Joe, of the Sheridan.

Mr. Jean Pape was an Ely visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. M. T. Murphy returned to her home in Michigan after a few days' visit with her sister, Mrs. J. D. Murphy.

Joseph E. Thering, of Two Harbors, was in the city the first of the week.

Mr. Maude Paradise, who has been visiting at the home of Mrs. Ed Smyrenge for the past two months, returned to her home in West Duluth Wednesday morning.

At a meeting of the city council W. G. Williams was discharged as city engineer and Joe Gilbert of the electric light company, and Mr. Rivers took Mr. Williams' place.

W. G. LeRoi and G. G. Peabody, of Duluth, are guests of the Sheridan hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Swatten, of 27-20 were in the city on Thursday.

M. J. Walsh was a Duluth visitor yesterday.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—County Attorney Aubree was in the city visitor Sunday.

Landlord J. H. Delaney, of the Clifton, put in a pleasant business at Duluth on Saturday.

Miss L. B. Gates, who is ill with typhoid fever, was taken to her home at Minneapolis on Friday.

E. R. Pitch returned from Ely Tuesday, where he has been working the past three weeks.

C. A. Reed returned Wednesday from a two weeks' visit with relatives at Philadelphia.

Miss Jessie Weaver is reported ill at her home with typhoid fever.

Mr. J. M. Hickey departed Sunday for West Liberty, Iowa, where she will spend the winter visiting relatives.

J. P. Donahue has returned from a week's hunting trip near Ely.

Mrs. M. G. Glassford was a Duluth visitor Saturday.

W. A. P. Williams has returned from a trip to St. Paul.

Mrs. W. A. Doerr departed Saturday for Los Angeles, Cal., where she will spend the winter.

A. D. Chandler, of Tower, was in the city Monday.

Emil Sellman for the past several years manager of the Schmeiser Bros. & Marlor store, has severed his connection with that concern, and it is reported will go into the grocery business himself very soon.

Dr. and Mrs. R. J. Sewall rejoice over the arrival of a young boy at their home Monday morning.

Mrs. Charles Barque visited at Duluth Tuesday.

Frank Fulton and A. A. Scott have returned from the Y. M. C. A. convention at Philadelphia.

O. Jensen is ill with typhoid fever.

Miss Anna Anderson died Friday of cerebro Spinal Meningitis at the Sewall Hospital. The funeral was held from the Swedish Lutheran Church Sunday and was one of the largest seen here for some time. Miss Anderson was a sister-in-law of Village Treasurer Fulton and was a very popular young lady.

Rev. T. A. Ambler for the past several years rector at the Presbyterian church at Prescott, Wis., will return Sunday. Mr. Ambler goes to the southern part of the state.

The fair on Friday and Saturday was a success, over $90 being netted. The committee on writing desk between Swen Jacobson and Olof Jonesen was won by Tom Foster.

The county commissioners have granted William P. Darque a license to sell liquor at Knife River.

The village authorities should take some steps to stop the young boys around town from shooting with rifles within the city limits, it being a common sight to see boys shooting at birds in the heart of town. Their carelessness is likely to be the cause of some one getting shot.

One shipment from this port have nearly reached the 2,000,000 ton mark, and is still going forward at the rate of 8,000 tons per week. The 4,000,000 mark will be rounded off by the close of navigation, barring accidents.

John Romstad died of typhoid fever Friday morning.

The lumber shipments still continue to go forward at a rapid rate and the prospects are that they will be continued as late as possible. Shipments this season will be a record breaker.

It is reported that the Duluth & Iron Range railway will replace a large amount of their 80-pound rails with 100-pound steel this winter, and that considerable work will be carried on during the entire season. They are now building several spurs for the accommodation of the loggers, one below Adon Junction being three miles long.

William Burns, who was arrested some time ago charged with setting fire to a cook shanty belonging to P. K. Anderson, has been adjudged insane and was taken to the Fergus Falls asylum this week by Sheriff K. Nelson.

There are now no more smallpox patients at the pesthouse, Silas King being the last himself, having escaped.

Tuesday is registration day and proper interest should be taken to get out and register.

Carl Lady accidentally shot off one of his toes with a Winchester rifle while out shooting this week.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Isabel Thayer was pleasantly surprised at her home on Friday evening by a company of young people who came for a good time and brought refreshments with them.

H. Harrington left for West Superior Saturday.

Miss Belle Nobles, of Hurley, Wis., was the guest of Mrs. Eli Haskins a few days this week.

Miss M. L. Fitchr was in Duluth Saturday.

There were no services at the Presbyterian church Sunday morning. Rev. E. Knudsen preached at the Second Presbyterian church, Duluth, in the morning, at Hazelwood Park in the afternoon, and returned to this place for the evening services.

Andrew Berg moved his family into the house owned by Mrs. Swan Johnson Sunday.

John Jones and Louis LaSalle, of Duluth, visited Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Tupper and child, of Duluth, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George L. Tupper.

Chris Larson of West Superior, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Bent Sunday.

Mrs. Engelson, of West Duluth, called on friends here Monday.

Mr. Hensen bought the blacksmith shop of Mrs. S. Johnson. He is putting a new roof on the building and is fitting it up for his use.

Mr. O'Brien has moved his family into the Dolan house.

Mrs. S. John son left Tuesday for West Duluth. She will make her home with her sister on Sixteenth avenue west.

Andrew Wilson moved his family into the house which he recently purchased of Charles Jansen Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Bawser left Wednesday for Bemidji, where they will spend the winter.

Clide Giddings is again employed as cooper at the fruit refrigerator factory. It arrived Thursday.

Paul Shaff returned Thursday from Dakota, where he has been for the last two or three months.

Mrs. Clay Giddings, of Duluth, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Becklinger Thursday.

Charles Hall left Monday for his home at Ann Arbor, Mich. It is rumored that his family will do with him on his return and will make their home in Duluth.

Fred Lockhard, of Duluth, called on his mother Sunday on Thursday.

The Morgan was loading timber and lath at the Clark-Jackson docks several days this week.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Superintendent M. McCarthy of the Elba mine transacted business at Duluth Thursday.

Postmaster S. L. Johnson was a visitor at Duluth Monday.

Thomas R. Hestons, for some time mining captain at the Roberts mine, has resigned, and will shortly go to Butte, Mont.

Archie McDougall has been appointed superintendent of the Roberts mine in place of Capt. White, who has charge of the Spruce mine at Eveleth.

The supposed clever trick of the present Republican candidates for the county offices in reporting before the county convention that they had kept the county finances in such good shape, so good, in fact, that no tax levy would be made this year, which no doubt assisted materially in their nomination, and then afterwards levying a larger tax than last year, is fully understood in this locality, and will by no means help their candidacy any.

The Union mine has commenced ore shipments.

A. G. Rix formerly of Duluth, who was a fireman on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, and who has lately entered the employ of the Elba mine at this place, met with an accident last Tuesday. While going down in the mine to some work, he stepped on a board which gave way and he fell down into a "short" which was about eighty-five feet deep. Had it not been for his wonderful quickness of thought and action he would certainly have been killed. But being a natural athlete, he turned in the air and landed on his feet. The walls of the "short" are very rough, with sharp rocks projecting in some places over a foot and a half. Had Mr. Rix not fold his arms in such a manner as to protect his head, he would have knocked his brains out on these rocks. But as it was, he landed at the bottom with nothing more than some very bad bruises and a number of ugly scratches.

HIBBING.

Hibbing, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Ross, of Proctor, visited with his brothers here this week.

Mrs. Burt Thompson died in Minneapolis last Saturday. Deceased is a sister of A. H. Powers, the well known lumberman. Her husband is proprietor of the Hotel Superior, of this place. He was summoned to her bedside and was present at the time of her death. She was an estimable woman, and her friends here mourn her early demise.

Miss Flossie McCutcheon is sick with typhoid fever.

S. Lekve, Frank Wiren and John Waseberg were visitors to the Duluth land office Tuesday, where they went to prove up on timber and stone claims.

Hon. J. T. Saunders, Democratic candidate for attorney general, and P. J. Neff, of Duluth, addressed a large audience in the opera house Monday night.

R. S. Munger, W. C. Sargent and P. J. Johnson were some of the candidates for county office who visited here the past week.

Jacob Ehrmann will open a steam laundry in the McIntyre building on Pine street Monday.

John Rose and wife left yesterday for Colorado, which place they will make their future home, in hope of benefiting Mr. Rose's health. A large number of their friends went to the train to wish them Godspeed.

Attorney H. A. Damer, of Duluth, was a business visitor here Wednesday.

Hon. A. B. Smith, of Minneapolis, addressed the Republicans here Thursday night.

William McCann, bartender at the Hotel Superior, was badly cut Tuesday evening by a woodsman, whose name is unknown. McCann's assailant came into the saloon about 6 o'clock in company with two other men and asked for drinks. When they had drank they walked toward the door and McCann asked who was to pay for the drinks. The man called him to the door and slashed him on the left cheek, the weapon being a razor. He then ran and escaped. Officer Riley was eating supper in the hotel at the time, but in the excitement no one seemed to think to call for him although the employees of the hotel had been hailing him before he entered the dining room. No one seems to know the man, and it is presumed he caught an ore train out that night. The cut extends almost the length of the cheek and exposed the teeth. Dr. Rood put thirteen stitches in the wound. McCann left yesterday for St. Mary's hospital, Duluth.

A large and enthusiastic county division meeting was held in the Opera house Wednesday. A special train from Eveleth and Virginia brought about seventy-five people and the Eveleth Star band. T. F. Brady presided and speeches were delivered by R. J. Dowdall and P. E. Dowling, of Eveleth, and M. L. Fay, of Virginia.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Otto Erickson and William Tabes, William Dash and Ed S. Dash, of Duluth, spent Sunday here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink.

Mrs. John Moline spent Sunday in West Duluth.

John Boyd, of Duluth, spent the week with Albert Overton's family.

P. F. Nacey of Duluth circulated among old friends here Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Hettinger spent a few days this week in Duluth, the guest of Mrs. McDonald.

A. A. Reinstrom transacted business in Duluth this week.

Albert Overton returned home from Chicago, Wis., Saturday.

Mrs. Florence Brink entertained at a birthday party Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. H. Edwards was in the city Wednesday.

Miss Mildred Dewnie, primary teacher, was sick this week.

John Hettinger and Thomas Armstrong, of Duluth, spent Tuesday here with Mr. Hettinger's parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. Hettinger.

Thomas Lawlor transacted business in Duluth Wednesday.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Matthias Amundson, a daughter.

The residents here think the board of health should stop the scavenger coming out here as there is so much sickness, and he is liable to innoculate the place. Diphtheria has been rife for the past three months and only goes a short distance from the residences.

Mrs. Melkom, of West Duluth visited A. G. Reinstrom's family this week.

Robert Lous, government inspector on the dredge, called in Smithville Wednesday.

Miss Nellie Sullivan was in Duluth Thursday.

MESABA.

Mesaba, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Tom Hill, a laborer in one of the lumbering camps near Marska, was run into by an ore train near the bridge north of that place about 7 o'clock Thursday afternoon and severely injured, his left arm being badly crushed and head cut. He was taken to Biwabik and is reported by the physician as in a serious condition.

Miss May Hammond and Mr. Robert Joglin will spend Saturday and Sunday in Duluth where Miss Hammond's parents live. Mrs. Joglin will return Monday and move to Summit where her husband is the operator for the Duluth & Iron Range railroad.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company's surveyors are within about two miles of town working on the survey for the right-of-way for that road which will be built into this locality in the near future. Owing to the heavy rains the past month it has been very difficult for them to make much headway.

S. Owens and party of explorers came down from Tower Monday, going out to the Syndicate properties.

Town Clerk John Wallace went to Duluth Tuesday, returning Wednesday, where he was on business.

H. Johnson was run over and instantly killed by the cars near Allen Junction Tuesday. His remains were sent to Duluth on the evening train. He was terribly mangled up, being picked up in a blanket by the section crew.

Mrs. Robert Jegalin and Miss May Hammel visited with Allen Junction friends Tuesday evening.

Chief of Police Standen went to Duluth Wednesday on business and returned Thursday evening.

The Fayal Iron company shipped two carloads of boilers and mining machinery to Fayal Wednesday. They will soon discontinue work here for winter but will resume early in the spring.

Mr. Hutchins, superintendent of the Oliver Iron company, came down from Ely Wednesday afternoon and went out to the mines east of town to look over the work.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dr. W. T. Stone is building a hospital here and expects to have it completed by Dec. 1.

The new court house is rapidly nearing completion and will be a fine building when finished.

Clarence Vanderpool was taken to Minneapolis to the hospital Wednesday morning to be treated for typhoid fever.

The Park Rapids Lumber company has put in electric lights at the mill and is working both day and night. The planing mill is also working a full crew of men.

The H. C. Akeley Lumber company, of Minneapolis, is making arrangements for extensive lumbering near here this winter. They are already hiring men for the woods.

Several new cases of typhoid fever were reported here this week.

There is lots of building going on here this fall. Several fine residences are being put up.

James White and E. E. Delezene returned from Nome, Alaska, this week where they have been looking after their mining interests.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, Oct. 27.—At a late hour Monday afternoon a special train on the Duluth & Iron Range railway left Virginia for Ely with fully 200 enthusiastic county divisionists. The Eveleth Star band accompanied the excursionists. About 8 o'clock all went to the opera house, where a fair-sized crowd had already assembled. M. L. Fay addressed the gathering for a few minutes. He was followed by P. E. Dowling, R. J. Dowdall was the speaker of the evening and his remarks had a telling effect upon his audience. O. D. Kinney and Attorney H. G. Davis also spoke for a few minutes. John Pengilly, superintendent of the Chandler mine, presided over the meeting.

Mrs. Grace Woodcock went to Duluth Monday to visit a short time.

Miss Clara Fay visited with friends in Duluth Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Nickel, of Westfield, Wis., is here taking care of her sister, Mrs. Smith, who is recovering from an attack of typhoid.

Mrs. Archie McDougall came over from McKinley Friday to attend the party given by the Misses Clara Fay and Harriette Pratt.

Capt. James Trezona, of Wakefield, Wis., visited with his daughter, Mrs. R. E. Baille, this week. Mr. Trezona left Tuesday for Ely, where he will visit for a few days with his brother, Superintendent Trezona of the Pioneer mine.

Ralph Mackenzie has resigned his position at the Franklin and left Wednesday for his home in Negaunee, Mich.

Mrs. H. W. Horbaugh, daughter Marjorie and son Robert returned Tuesday evening from their visit in Chicago.

Claude Mackenzie left Friday for Chicago, where he will visit for a couple of weeks.

The party given last Friday evening by the Misses Fay and Pratt at the home of Miss Fay was one of the most enjoyable and the largest company ever entertained in Virginia in a private home. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Fanning, Park, Coates, Cuppernull, Coons, C. E. Fay, Mrs. Woodcock, Mr. Pratt, Mrs. McDougall, Misses Sweeney, Lillie Scott, M. Sweeney, Mahoney, Kibley, Beatty, Moore, Grom, Stevens, Edwards, Austin, Larson, Mayhury, Burkhart, Susan Pratt, Nellie Griggs, Messrs. McDonald, Chamberlain, Costin, Dr. Avery, Dr. Marcom, Fanning, Doufala, Stevens, Dr. Barrett, Freeman, Greaser, Lamont, Farrand, Warren, J. Pearce.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. B. Kienie was in Eveleth for a few hours Saturday.

Miss Anna Enright is in West Duluth, visiting friends this week.

Miss Brant was in Sparta visiting last Saturday.

Mrs. James Tearney was a Virginia visitor Saturday.

Miss Nellie McHolland was a Sparta visitor Saturday.

Miss Walters was in Sparta to attend the teachers' meeting Saturday.

Miss Sophie Johnson was in Duluth visiting friends Saturday.

Miss Maude Cavan, of Eveleth, was in Biwabik Sunday and Monday, the guest of Superintendent and Mrs. Carmichael.

Frank O'Conners spent the early part of the week with friends in Duluth.

Mrs. Batchelder, of Two Harbors, is in Biwabik, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Menadue.

Operator Joggin, of Embarass, has been transferred to Summit station in Biwabik.

C. E. Cooley, of the Drake & Stratton company, left Monday for his home in Southern Illinois.

Miss Janet Carmichael is in Duluth for a two weeks' visit with friends.

John C. Cartmel, of Duluth, was a Biwabik visitor over Sunday.

H. L. Grant returned Saturday from Philadelphia, where he was the local delegate of the Y. M. C. A. convention.

Capt. Bale, of Ely, was in Biwabik Sunday, visiting relatives.

Mrs. Fred Libs was in Duluth visiting friends Saturday.

H. Pezelow was in Two Harbors the early part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamburg made a short trip to Duluth Saturday.

Matt L. Mackey and Miss Lappy were married Saturday at Eveleth. They will make their home in Biwabik.

Most of those injured in the cyclone of three weeks ago, have recovered from their injuries. Frank Murray, who was scalded by his engine being overturned, is still confined to his bed, but is on the sure road to recovery.

Herman Erickson and Hilda Gusier were married Saturday evening in the Finnish hall. After the ceremony was over, supper was served to the guests, and an impromptu dance followed.

Mrs. Carmichael was in Duluth visiting her daughter, Mabel, the early part of the week.

Miss Sophie Miskala left Wednesday for New York Mills, Minn., where her parents reside.

James Frost left Saturday for his home in Winona, Minn.

The funeral of Mr. Ness, of McKinley, was held in Biwabik, Monday, and the remains were interred in Lakeside cemetery.

Mrs. Johnson, of McKinley, was a Biwabik visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. J. Jones returned Wednesday from Duluth, where she has been visiting friends the past week.

A Finn, whose name is supposed to be Eheda, was run over by a train Wednesday night at mile post 22, a short distance from Biwabik. His body was not picked up until 7:30 Thursday morning, as the crew of the last train did not know that the Finnish had run over him. Conductor Lins brought the man in to the Biwabik hospital. The injured man sustained a fracture of the skull and a broken arm. It is no thought that he will recover.

Cornelia La France left Thursday for Tower, where she will visit with her parents.

Mrs. Richardson left Thursday for Hibbing, where she will visit friends.

Mrs. Ely left Thursday for Duluth after a week's visit here.

Postmaster Browne was a Duluth visitor the middle part of the week.

Hon. R. C. Saunders, the Democratic nominee for attorney general of the state, delivered an address on the subject of trusts to a fair sized audience at the village hall, under the auspices of the local Bryan and Stevenson club.

Tuesday will be registration day in this village, and it is thought the registration will be large. There will be about 450 votes cast in the village.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH

Colds, Coughs, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Clouds of Medicated Vapor are inhaled through the mouth and emitted from the nostrils, cleansing and vaporizing all the inflamed and diseased parts which cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stomach.

It reaches the sore spots—It heals the raw places—It goes to the seat of disease—It acts as a balm and tonic to the whole system—$1.00 at druggists or sent by mail. 1505 Arch St., Phila.

For a Cold in the Head

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—An excursion was run to Ely Monday over the Duluth & Iron Range. The object of this excursion was a county division meeting which was held in Ely Monday night. About 100 went from here and a very enthusiastic meeting was held.

Wallace Pool, the Tower livery man, is moving to Eveleth this week. Mr. Pool is building a barn on Jones street and when finished it will be one of the best equipped stables on the ranges.

Frank Ansley, William Irwin and Gus Brown went down below Iron Junction on a hand car Sunday for a hunt. They returned with very little game.

John J. Sullivan, one of the pioneers of Eveleth, died Wednesday morning after a long siege of typhoid fever.

James Dowling left Tuesday for his old home in Canada. He will be gone about two weeks.

Hudson Fanning, of Hibbing, accompanied by Neil K. Farrand, of Virginia, visited with friends here Thursday.

A county division meeting was held at Hibbing Wednesday night. An excursion train was run from Eveleth over the Duluth, Missabe & Northern. About seventy-five went from here. A large and enthusiastic meeting was held.

The Tower Journal moved to Eveleth on Friday and is located in Bailey's building on Jones street.

A dance was given last night by the Fayal club in their hall. A large crowd attended and a good time was reported by all.

J. C. and Mrs. Pool moved into their new house on Jones street Monday.

Mrs. A. E. Lee, mother of Mrs. M. O. Stokland, who has been visiting her daughter here for the past few weeks, returned to her home in Colorado Tuesday.

A reception was tendered Rev. and Mrs. M. O. Stokland at the M. E. church. A splendid program was carried out and light refreshments were served.

G. A. Whitman of the First National bank of Eveleth, was down from Tower a few days this week.

Melvin Irwin, an old Eveleth boy, but now of Hibbing, attended the hop at the Fayal Friday eve.

William Wessenger, of Virginia, was awarded the contract for constructing the Spruce office. His bid was $309. There were five bidders in all. Mr. Wessenger's being the lowest, he got the contract.

Capt. Norris, of Duluth, was seen on our streets Thursday.

Miss West, accompanied by her brother, Tom, returned from their home in Illinois last week, where they have spent the past month.

F. C. Talboys was a Duluth visitor Monday.

One of the pleasantest evenings on record in a social way was that of last Friday evening when the order of Modern Samaritans held its first entertainment and basket social, followed by a dance. The following was the program: Piano solo, Miss Bertha Kuehn; recitation, Miss Ida Schneider; piano and song, Charles Dorsey; recitation, George Henry; quartet, "Sailors' Glee," Messrs. Gallup and Peterson, Misses Whalen and Babcock; remarks on the order, A. E. McManus; solo, Miss Ida Schneider; duet, Misses Whalen and Babcock; solo, Miss Bessie Spencer; solo, Professor Moxle. The evening was spent enjoyably by all. The order netted some thing over $50.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, Oct. 27.—On Nov. 6 the voters of Itasca county will be asked to decide whether or not Itasca county shall issue bonds for roads and bridges to the amount of $50,000.

Harold Cochran, a young man who has made his home here for several years, and who succeeds about once in three months in getting into some kind of trouble, was arrested last week by Marshal McCormick, charged with housebreaking. He was brought up before Judge Barnard last Saturday morning, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $75 and costs or go to jail for ninety days. The young man's father paid the fine.

M. J. Taylor, editor of the Itasca News, published at Deer River, was a passenger on Sunday's southbound train for Des Moines, Iowa, where, sometime during the week, he will be united in marriage to Miss Pearl Lombard, of that city. Miss Lombard has been in the employ of Mr. Taylor for about a year as assistant in the postoffice.

Mrs. F. P. Sheldon returned the first of the week from a two weeks' visit with her parents at Owatonna.

Mrs. P. H. Varley has returned to Grand Rapids after an absence of several months at Milwaukee, Wis.

George Arscott is looking after his crop on his farm in the Bowstrink country this week. He will return the latter part of the week.

Hartley McGuire passed through here Sunday on his way from Minneapolis to Ball Club, where he has considerable logging interests.

Mrs. A. McIntosh, who has been under treatment at a Duluth hospital for the past month, returned home Monday much improved in health.

Mrs. Mary K. Short and daughter, who has been visiting with the family of H. R. King during the past week, left for their home in the southern part of Illinois Tuesday.

I. D. Rassmussen and Will Nisbett put in a few days at Big Trout lake last week. They secured enough fish and game to supply all their neighbors on their return.

John Beekfelt is home from a business trip to Duluth and the Twin Cities.

Mrs. C. C. McCarthy has returned from a visit to relatives in Michigan.

O. L. Mather returned Monday from a trip into the northern part of the county.

PROCTORKNOTT.

Proctorknott, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—H. Gilderman, who injured his leg some time ago, is now up and around again.

J. A. Dennis has been confined to his bed this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Forsythe, of West Superior, spent Sunday in Proctorknott.

Robert McKeever, of West Duluth, has started a blacksmith shop in Proctorknott.

A baby boy has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Sharp.

John Kraemer, of West Duluth, who was hurt in the machine shop at Proctorknott, several days ago, is much improved, and will soon be around again.

Miss Jennie Kelly left Tuesday for Milwaukee for a short visit with friends.

Mrs. Thomas Gilmore, returned home Monday after an extended visit with relatives in Wascca, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Clement were made happy last Monday by the arrival of a baby boy.

M. Brutt, of the Bryan hotel, has moved his family to Bay View Heights.

H. Riddle, of Duluth, was in Proctorknott, Tuesday, on business.

A. T. Park visited Floodwood on business this week.

Mrs. J. P. Hanon, spent Monday in Duluth.

David O'Connell and family have moved to West Duluth.

Mrs. M. Brayden returned home last Wednesday, from an extended visit with friends and relatives in Michigan.

C. C. Kramer, who has been assisting round-house foreman during the past summer, has moved to Indiana.

Robert Moody left Wednesday for Winnipeg Junction, Minn., to spend the winter.

Mrs. J. C. Rix left Friday for Appleton, Wis., where she will visit relatives.

Mrs. M. A. Murphy returned home Wednesday from Marquette, Mich.

The K. of P. lodge of Proctorknott, held its first annual dance at the village hall, Tuesday. A special train was run from Duluth, and about thirty Duluth couples attended. The dancing continued until a late hour, and all had a most enjoyable time.

The Proctorknott Republican club will meet Monday night.

Mrs. W. Gregory and Mrs. M. Jollymore spent Thursday in Duluth.

A. Anderson, conductor on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad, will move his family to Seattle the first of November.

SPARTA.

Sparta, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Indihor and B. Pessetti will depart in a few days for Iowa, to purchase a car of heavy horses.

A young son of John Rabia died Wednesday of typhoid fever.

Robert Trotter, C. G. Fulton and Al Jones were Ely visitors Monday.

Merchant Schurman returned from Ely Tuesday.

Andrew Mattson will depart for Hot Springs next week. He is suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

The school district are making improvements on the schoolhouse grounds and will fence and plant trees.

Mrs. Jury visited Eveleth friends Wednesday.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The United States transport Lawton arrived at Seattle yesterday afternoon from Cape Nome with over 500 stranded miners, brought down at the expense of the government. One man, James O'Brien, a seaman, died as the Lawton was arriving at Dutch Harbor. Two others, J. C. Carpenter and W. Bauer, lost their reason in the North.

Postmaster Gen. Bates reports to the secretary of war that, during the year ending June 30, 1900, he has paid to the army, regulars and volunteers, $9,656,080; on the emergency fund "in distrend the Cuban army," $1,612,659.

James Johnson, wanted at Bay View, Mich., for complicity in the theft of $9,000 worth of silk last August, was arrested at Youngstown, Ohio, yesterday at a hotel where he had registered under the name of James Shaw.

WILL AFFILIATE.

New York, Oct. 27.—The National Association of Anti-Imperialist Clubs has decided to affiliate with the National Association of Democratic Clubs. For this purpose a preamble and resolution has been adopted which resolves: "That the executive committee of the National Association of Anti-Imperialist Clubs herewith authorize and directs its officers to arrange an affiliation with the National Association of Democratic Clubs."

CROOKSTON FIRE.

Crookston, Minn., Oct. 27.—The residence owned by J. E. Morrisey and occupied by the family of J. Dent Hallet, was burned yesterday. Four persons sleeping in the building barely escaped with their lives. Mrs. Hallet was burned about the head and hands. Verne Hallet, aged 11, a sister of Hallet, was badly burned about the neck and hands, and her feet were badly cut by glass. Her injuries are serious. Loss, $3,000, no insurance.

REWARD OF MERIT.

A New Catarrh Cure Secures National Popularity In Less Than One Year.

Throughout a great nation of eighty million it is a desperate struggle to secure even a recognition for a new article, to say nothing of achieving popular favor, and yet within one year Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, the new catarrh cure, has met with such success that today it can be found in every drug store throughout the United States and Canada.

To be sure, a large amount of advertising was necessary in the first instance to bring the remedy to the attention of the public, but every one familiar with the subject knows that advertising alone never made any article permanently successful. It must have in addition absolute, undeniable merit, and this the new catarrh cure certainly possesses in a marked degree.

Physicians, who formerly depended upon inhalers, sprays and local washes or ointments, now use Stuart's Catarrh Tablets because, as one of the most prominent stated, these tablets contain in pleasant, convenient form all the really efficient catarrh remedies, such as red gum, Guaiacol, Eucalyptol, and Sanguinaria.

They contain no cocaine nor opiates, and are given to little children with entire safety and benefit.

Dr. J. J. Reitiger, of Covington, Ky., says: I suffered from catarrh in my head and throat every fall, with stoppage of the nose and irritation in the throat affecting my voice and often extending to the stomach, causing catarrh of the stomach. I bought a 50-cent package of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at my druggist's, carried them in my pocket and used them faithfully, and the way in which they cleared my head and throat was certainly remarkable. I had no catarrh last winter and spring, and consider myself entirely free from any catarrhal trouble.

Mrs. Jerome Ellison, of Wheeling, W. Va., writes: I suffered from catarrh nearly my whole life, and last winter my two children also suffered from catarrhal colds and sore throat so much they were out of school a large portion of the winter. My brother, who was cured of catarrhal deafness by using Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, urged me to try them so much that I did so and am truly thankful for what they have done for myself and my children. I always keep a box of the tablets in the house, and at the first appearance of a cold or sore throat we nip it in the bud, and catarrh is no longer a household affliction with us.

Full sized packages of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold for 50 cents at all druggists.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION is only a failure of strength. It takes strength to get strength. Get strength of stomach first. Your stomach will then look out for your body. Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil enables your stomach to get it from usual food; and this is the way to restore the whole body.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

"No, I've no pain."

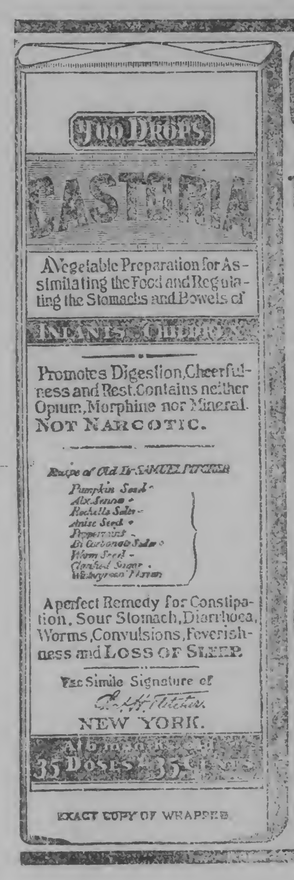
Doctors and Midwives Recommend "Mother's Friend" because it is used externally in cases of the delicate situation of expectant mothers. It is a constant relief, robbing childbirth of its terrors. Internal remedies are dangerous. "Mother's Friend" is a blessing in a bottle. There is nothing like it.

"The mother of three children, who suffered greatly in the birth of her fourth confinement, and was relieved quickly. All mothers who have used it agree their labor was shorter and less painful." JOHN C. POLHILL, Mason, Ga.

"The mother of three children, who suffered greatly in the birth of each, obtained a bottle of 'Mother's Friend' at my drug store before the birth of the fourth, and was relieved quickly. All mothers who have used it agree their labor was shorter and less painful." JOHN C. POLHILL, Mason, Ga.

Sent by express paid on receipt of price, $1 per bottle. Book, "Motherhood," mailed free to ladies, containing valuable advice and testimonials.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

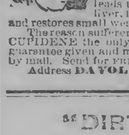
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" (trade mark) the great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Dullness, Baldness, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. Head off insanity or consumption by using CUPIDENE which checks all losses, leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPI

End of Campaign Near

Republicans Preparing to Open a Big "Bar'l" Next Week In An Effort to Re-Elect Page Morris.

Governor to Speak In Duluth on Thursday.

C. A. Towne to Speak In St. Cloud Friday.

The coming week will see the campaign nearly ended. The final struggle will be under way and the committees on both sides will be bending every energy to getting everything ready for the casting of the ballots on the following Tuesday. Today will see the registration practically complete throughout the district, and then the work of polling the voters who will have the right to cast ballots will be made more searching than ever, and everyone that can be reached will have the right influence brought to bear to get him in line.

The Republicans will make a desperate effort in the final days of the campaign. There is no doubt that they have a good barrel to unload the last week, and they will do it. In the past two campaigns a mighty effort has been made by the Whitney management on the night before election to swing every vote that could be reached, no matter what the cost, and there is no reason to believe that the same tactics will not be followed this time.

Henry Trudsen will spend next week in St. Louis county. He will be at Biwabik Monday night, at Eveleth and Virginia Tuesday evening, at Hibbing Wednesday evening, and Thursday evening will be in Duluth with Governor Lind. The dates for the balance of two week have not been made.

* * *

Governor Lind will be in Duluth next Thursday and will speak in the evening, appearing first at Great Eastern hall in West Duluth and later at Normanna hall at the West End. Mayor Trudsen will divide time with him.

* * *

Hon. Charles A. Towne will be in the Sixth district the latter part of next week. He will speak in St. Cloud on the evening of Nov. 2, Friday next, and may speak in Sauk Rapids in the afternoon. Saturday afternoon he will speak at Little Falls and in the evening will speak at Brainerd. He will come to Duluth and spend Sunday here.

Monday evening he will speak in Duluth, appearing probably at three places in the city, at West Duluth, at the West End and at the Armory.

Henry Trudsen will also be here that evening.

* * *

"The Republican Pool Room" is the name by which the Republican campaign headquarters in Duluth goes now. On the wall are offerings of all sorts of bets, and combinations are made to suit the man with money. A man without money feels decidedly out of place in that room, the walls of which bristle with the big amounts that appear on the placards. The whole place looks like easy money.

There is a strange inconsistency about the bets offered there, too. One bet that is reported to be posted is even money that McKinley will have more electoral votes than he did in 1896. In spite of that, they will not bet on carrying Kentucky or Maryland and will only give even money on Indiana. Now, how any man can expect McKinley to have more electoral votes than he did in 1896 and not expect him to carry all three of those states is beyond the comprehension of political calculators.

The Republicans are making all kinds of offers to bet and are giving it out that none of their money is being covered and that the Democrats are afraid to bet. It is true that the Democrats have not such amount of money as the Republicans and that the bulk of the money seems to be in the Republican camp up in this part of the country, but nevertheless there are a number of Democrats who have picked up some pretty good snaps in the way of bets. Those who have a little money to risk are waiting for the best bargain they can get at the hands of the Republicans and in their desire to bluff every Democrat they meet Republicans are now and then being caught up on some bet they would rather get out off.

* * *

From all over the state come reports of the great popularity of Governor John Lind. In all parts of the state where he has spoken he was greeted by tremendous crowds, and there was no limit to the enthusiasm. This is as true of Republican districts as of Democratic. Since Governor Lind started out on the stump the Republicans at the headquarters of the party in the state have lost that air of confidence that was coming over them and they are nervous over the ovations the governor is everywhere receiving. The Republicans have been thrown into such consternation that they are now seeking to belittle the governor, claiming that he does not speak as well as he used to, that he talks too much about himself, that his voice is poorer, that his ideas are less clear, his argument less logical and all sorts of trivial nonsense.

Hennepin county Democrats are claiming that county for Lind by 7000 majority. The Minneapolis Times of yesterday said:

"Hennepin county will give Governor John Lind 5000 plurality. This is the claim that the Democratic county committee is making. The committee is confident that Governor Lind is just as strong in the county today as he was two years ago, and the committee believe that 5000 is a conservative estimate of the governor's plurality.

"Governor Lind will carry this county by 5000," said Chairman Elijah Barton yesterday afternoon. "This committee does not place any stock in the Republicans' claim that the Scandinavian vote will be evenly divided between Lind and Van Sant. The Republicans claim they have at least 50 per cent of the Scandinavian vote lined up for Van Sant. All I have to say is that they cannot line up the Scandinavian vote.

"About the only others? Well, I'll admit that they are stronger for Van Sant than they were for Eustis, but I believe Governor Lind will pull stronger Scandinavian vote this year than he did before, and this will counteract the loss of the old soldiers who go over to Van Sant.

"I believe that the Republicans know better than to claim the county for their candidate. If they are confident that Van Sant was strong in this county and that he had 50 per cent of the Scandinavian vote, why are they bringing in Senator Nelson and Mr. Evander, the other Scandinavian speaker, at the last moment?"

* * *

Nobody is being deceived by the absurd forecasts of the outcome of this state that are being printed in the Minneapolis newspapers. Says the St. Paul Globe: A reference to their files of two years ago, and four years ago as well, shows that the same claims were made at that time, only to be proven a mock by the voters of the state a few days later. Any man who can take a paper and pencil and show Tama Bixby where a majority of voters can be raked up for Van Sant can get a government job in the Indian territory. It is simple enough to claim 20,000, but the ballots are not in the reports. As a matter of fact, Governor Lind is going to poll a vote close to that of McKinley, if not greater, and if the Republicans say 30,000 for McKinley it means close to 50,000 for Lind. In fact, the only fear with the Republicans is that they are going to lose their whole state ticket.

* * *

National Democratic Committeeman T. D. O'Brien gave it out yesterday in St. Paul that he was now prepared to claim the state for Bryan. Hitherto Mr. O'Brien has never made such a claim. "I have never seen anything like it," said he. "I thought at first that the people were only curious as to the issues. Now I am convinced that they are deeply stirred; and that Mr. Bryan will carry the state."

* * *

Math Nachbar, of Jordan, a member of the state board of equalization, has returned to St. Paul from a tour of several counties in Southern Minnesota, where he has been speaking to enthusiastic audiences of Germans. He reports that the vote of German birth is all for Lind, and are generally speaking, this year going to support Bryan, although there are some exceptions to this latter rule. In Brown county he reports especially enthusiastic meetings.

* * *

The attempt of L. F. Holbrook, of Minneapolis, to use the United Commercial Travelers as a political agency for the cause of the Republican party in the state of Minnesota, brought down on him a storm of condemnation which has frightened that gentleman very much and he has apologized as thoroughly as he could. He has written a letter in which he tries to excuse his act by saying that he thoughtlessly used some stationery of the Minneapolis council when getting out his circular. This letter is addressed to Thomas Kleinegal, of Fargo, grand councilor of the order in the states of Minnesota and the two Dakotas. It is as follows:

"Minneapolis, Oct. 22, 1900.—Thomas Kleinegal, Esq., Fargo, N. D.: Dear Sir and Bro.—Your favor to hand. My circular was not sent out as an official act of the organization, and the mistake I made was in using U. C. T. stationery. I had a lot of circular paper on hand for another purpose, and without thinking used it, but I assure you that I had no idea that you nor any one else would take it as official. If there is anything else I can say, let me know and I will say it. Yours fraternally,

"B. F. HOLBROOK."

Mr. Holbrook's excuse is very lame. The letters were mailed from St. Paul and presumably from the Republican committee headquarters, where the postage was undoubtedly paid.

THE LESSON OF TRUSTS

(Continued From Page 9.)

all the serpents of Slavery, Ignorance, Misery and Degradation would coil, and hiss, and strike.

Protection had but one beneficiary; the protected manufacturer. It took from all others and gave to him. Protection had but one purpose; to beat down foreign competition and give to the protected manufacturer the American market unchallenged as his own. Foreign manufacturers were driven away. That's why our papers every year are able to chronicle how much greater are our exports than our imports; and so congratulate themselves and us, in an addled way, over the "prosperity" thus exhibited. And it is at this point the trade of Havemeyer is heard: "Protection is the mother of trusts!" The latter had easy, sure suggestion from the first. Protection put down competition from abroad. Trusts would beat down competition at home. Add trusts to protection—or, with expenses, fraud-sown and crime-swollen, a "tariff for revenue only"—and competition completely disappears. Also with trusts, much of the cost of production fades away. Salesmen are sent adrift, work-folk laid off, mills shut down, production is pinched to the market minimum. Your excellent trust cuts both ways. It hires fewer men, and so cuts down expense. It kills competition and leaves an open avenue to higher price. Trusts put down the cost price and put up the selling price; swell the income while restricting the outgo. There is a law called the Sherman anti-trust law. By its fair terms every trust is an outlaw; and wolf's head, and that manager the paid-for creature of a trust-bred attorney general, who, with a trust conscience, holds a trust commission as a cabinetcer. Yet Hanna, after denying their existence, says that trusts are publicly good. Jackson once struck terror to the soul of secession as he sat at dinner, by sending in a toast: "The Union: it must and shall be preserved!" Hanna has so shifted the pitch of sentiment that today the White House toast is: "The trusts; they must and shall be preserved! The trusts are aliens by word of law. Hanna insists they are the people's friends. The trusts condemn working-folk to idleness and low wage. Hanna says they are beneficent. The trusts, having silenced competition among their members, and protected by the protective tariff from competition with folk from over seas, have within a year, while cutting down expenses, boosted prices from 50 to 150 per cent. And as usual, a sap-head public pays the penalty. And equally as usual—for such is his benign notion of the excellent—Hanna declares that trusts are white-browed blessings from above, which is the Republicanism of today. It isn't the Republicanism of Lincoln's care-worn hour. Lincoln's Republicanism made for the slave, freedom. McKinley's (Hanna's) pays $20,000,000 for a realm where slavery flourishes, and approves that bondage by direct and patronizing recognition. Lincoln's Republicanism spoke from his seat in the house against imperialism. McKinley's (Hanna's) Republicanism has its satrap in the Orient, and keeps a sultan on its salary list.

Competition among producers is the one salvation of the consumer. Monopoly is his final pauperism for him. Competition means to the consumer, lower prices and better quality. Trusts, which poison competition and kill it out of the way, mean higher price and poorer quality. And today "prices" are "up." There isn't a commodity that hasn't clambered. There is a list built on what is purchased for the home. The poor as well as the rich must have these things. Read: You may thus learn what under trust rule is taking place in your pocket:

Articles.	Price. 1898.	Price. 1900.
Brooms	$1 75	$2 85
One-gallon galvanized oil cans, dozen	1 35	1 85
Canned peaches, dozen	90	1 45
Sardines, case	2 50	4 00
Salmon, dozen	1 35	1 80
Canned beans, dozen	75	1 35
Canned corn, dozen	80	1 05
Canned peas, dozen	75	1 60
Canned kraut, dozen	70	1 00
Carpet tacks, gross	1 50	2 75
Cheese, pound	09	13½
Wire clothes lines, dozen	90	1 75
Rolled oats, barrel	3 25	4 60
Matches, case	4 50	7 50
Galvanized buckets, dozen	1 10	2 25
Lead pencils, gross	75	1 35
Pickles, barrel	3 25	6 00
Pocket knives, dozen	85	1 25
Salt, barrel	75	1 10
Laundry soap, box	2 35	3 [illegible]
Starch, pound	02¾	04¾
Syrup, gallon	15	28
Tapioca, pound	09	12
Sugars, thousand	7 50	10 50
Tubs, dozen	4 50	6 75
Washboards, dozen	1 40	2 25
Spices, pound	12	18
Canned beef, dozen	1 40	2 45

No one may cavil at these figures. They were fixed and offered by salesmen who handle the articles. And the above is only a partial list of instances. The roll of those commodities the price of which within a year has had arbitrary trust advancement, with no reason save the lust reason that moves a burglar or gives impulse to a footpad, would swell to thousands.

There you have the slight and half-told story of the trusts. They are merest vines of rapacity clambering on the trellis of the people's needs. This is the age of Saurian business—the age of the mammoth frog and giant lizard of commerce—the age of a reptilian avarice. But the flood comes! In the raving madness of this money-rush, honor, conscience, justice, wisdom, all are trodden under foot. Men go on and on! they gather one million! five millions! ten millions! fifty millions! one hundred millions! two hundred millions! ay, three hundred millions! and still they press crazily forward! There is no frontier to their money-hunger, no limit to their senseless greed for gold. They have gone beyond the lines of necessity, of comfort, of luxury, even, and pushed into regions where dwell only anxiety and danger, and where no good thing ever grows. With millions in their clutch, they chase the next dollar with as much red-faced and headlong eagerness as if it were the first they'd ever seen. Why? Does he live, with reason or right at his elbow, who can make good reply? Verily, there is an insanity of greed that takes without need and seizes beyond power to enjoy! It is insanity—as much so as any lunacy that yells in any padded cell of Bloomingdale tonight. And the public question becomes: Are we to let these maniacs of millions desolate a nation and lay waste popular right? Because they are crazy, must we be cowards? Look where one will, one's eyes rest on a trust. Flour, coal, beef, leather, oil, milk, iron, steel, sugar; there isn't an item, except a stunted list directly farm-born, that isn't dominated of a trust. Competition is dead—trust-slain. The buyer is bond-slave and thrall to the seller. The consumer's utmost dollar is subject to trust whistle and must come at trust call. Yet the last struggle hasn't arrived. The columns of trust rapacity marshal themselves under the shelter of Republicanism. Not until McKinley is re-elected will they march on their campaign of final conquest. They are organizing; but they will subdue as much as they may all villainous overtisms of sweeping sort until Republicanism is safe for four years more. That sure, these corps of a lupine money will move upon the people. There will be three of these armies of evil. There will be the money trust direct; a combination of the national banks. They are to be the money guardian of the country, and control at once its currency and its credit, full and absolute. There will be the manufacturing trusts, including the coal holes. Last, yet not least, there will be the transportation trust; and all the railroads will act as one. These legions of greed have but one purpose: to eat the people. They will agree among themselves; at least they plan such ignoble harmony. The public is to be stripped of every groat—of its last robe. Then the holdups—the bank trust, the railroad trust and the manufacturing trusts will cast fair lots among themselves in division of the garments. It is a picture replete of an ignoble hope! And yet it is true forecast of the people's future unless next month the people man the batteries of the ballot in their stern and own defense.

As this is written these anarchists of riches plan against popular welfare the stories told above. The black standards are being set up, and the leaders of a black money-voracity are coming together. The railroad pool is organized. Every rail of transportation in the country is in a dozen names. Already, as the result of foul railroad extortion, corn is burned in Kansas while folk starve for want of it in Pennsylvania and New York. What will be the ballad later on? Here is the muster roll of this railroad infamy—the elements which constitute the transportation trust:

THE VANDER LILT GROUP.

Roads.	Capital	Bonds.	Mileage.	Earnings. Net.
New York Central	$100,000,000	$ 70,377,333	2,704.84	$12,277,826
Omaha	30,000,125	21,011,125	1,122.84	2,203,576
Boston & Albany	25,000,000	7,185,000	388.68	2,646,540
Lake Shore	54,000,000	48,247,500	1,193.91	6,778,251
Michigan Central	18,278,000	19,026,000	1,657.53	3,157,749
West Shore	10,000,000	10,000,000	1,072.21	N. Y. C.
Northwestern	65,724,300	61,387,500	5,020.78	11,028,415
Chesapeake & Ohio	62,549,900	65,006,669	1,226.09	3,321,444
Illinois Central	78,410,832	55,183,880	1,838.11	3,272,446
Union Pacific	136,000,000	36,000,000	2,804.26	5,601,356
Nickel Plate	15,000,000	19,125,000	322.32	1,000,588
Delaware & Hudson	37,000,000	6,000,000	708.36	1,325,671
Delaware, Lackawanna	26,200,000	3,967,000	900.08	4,316,651
Jersey Central	22,497,000	56,679,000	687.50	5,742,249
THE CASSATT GROUP.				
Pennsylvania	125,236,500	87,943,940	2,787.00	24,965,486
Panhandle	15,774,100	17,221,000	1,151.01	4,803,559
THE J. P. MORGAN GROUP.				
Erie	171,009,300	137,041,100	2,271.00	8,302,522
Reading	140,000,000	125,000,000	2,135.00	5,400,536
Baltimore & Ohio	105,000,000	104,000,000	2,947.00	8,394,643
Southern Railway	45,200,000	80,000,000	4,846.00	4,809,041
THE JAMES J. HILL GROUP.				
Northern Pacific	155,000,000	156,342,500	4,546.68	5,376,965
Great Northern	75,000,000	26,985,000	3,806.11	6,820,963
THE HARRIMAN-ROCKEFELLER GROUP.				
Chicago & Alton	22,230,928	8,928,850	546.53	2,519,928
New York, New Haven & Hartford	41,612,200	1,500,000	1,181.21	4,362,352
Chicago Terminal Transfer	30,000,000	11,014,000	100.63	622,721
Illinois Central	32,500,000	11,153,000	2,710.21	6,503,052
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	65,150,000	36,225,000	2,196.81	3,533,461
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	75,077,500	157,762,000	6,542.56	12,072,051
Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf	20,022,000	19,706,000	815.57	615,546
St. Louis, Peoria & Northern	5,000,000	2,722,000	46.61	108,009
THE GOULD GROUP.				
Missouri Pacific	77,442,375	62,438,000	4,928.02	7,351,239
St. Louis Southwestern	36,400,000	28,000,000	1,225.00	880,588
Iron Mountain		47,513,000	1,765.77	1,142,822
Texas Pacific	36,742,200	33,735,500	1,939.00	2,171,540
Iowa Central	14,026,801	6,230,182	508.48	300,661
Wabash	32,000,000	81,391,000	1,935.92	3,341,028
Lake Erie & Western	40,411,100	30,775,000	1,315.70	5,145,806

The last word of it all is that the railroad trust, like the other trusts, is organized with upper and nether millstones to grind the public. Look at the map. The railroads have caught the country like a great fish in a seine. Not one county in any state escapes the meshes. And the meaning of the above is that the railroads are about to draw the seine. Feet up those columns of stocks and bonds, and earnings! Tower into threatening billions! That is the point where some trust-salaried idiot on some trust-sustained paper should raise the shrill cackle of its brainless laughter with a joke about the "octopus" or a witty flight as to the "Money Devil."

One must fain yawn disgustedly as he gazes down the aisle of coming publictime. Politics be a fearful mess! Ay! betimes, one wishes wearily for that simpler day of the Forefathers, when every man could say a prayer and shoot a gun. And did. Does it occur to you who read, that, even in civil war, never until 1877, at Pittsburg, was the soldier of the federal government brought to bay and turned against the citizen? For one hundred years nothing of that lethal sort was called for to keep American folk in civic order. Those hundred years were free of any effect of a Republican protection. Is it coincidence? or is it cause and effect?

For a century no federal bayonet or bullet was called for in the fortunes of manufacturing. For the last quarter of a century—an age of protection, to find its heyday in the trust!—the federal soldiery have had constant calling to police strikes and face a riot. And by the "equal way" did it ever occur to you that folk don't strike for fun? and that as a rule a riot has a reason? Bad, truly! but still a reason; and one not possible of bayonet removal! A score of times since '77 the federal troops have been summoned to a campaign against labor. And whatever timidity, or vacuity, or servility may say or think, those bayonets were each time prying and digging at the corner stone of freedom. Their broad effect was bad. Every now and for months a whole region in Idaho has been under martial law, and men have lost money, reason, life and liberty in a federal war waged to enable the Standard Oil—a year-in-and-year-out outlaw is Standard Oil—to tear one more dollar a day from poor folk's wages. But let that go! We course another rabbit and another thought. What is to happen? Within two years trusts have formed; and—stock and bonds—created $6,000,000,000 of new credit. Over 60 per cent of the amount is water—a fake! a hope! an appetite! a trap! In the same two years only $150,000,000 new money have been added to the circulation. What is to be the story? What is credit? It's a wolf—a mouth that howls for money. Today the banks are stuffed and gorged with trust securities. They wait for money—for lenders and buyers. For every dollar that exists there are twenty demands. The trust mongers want to dispose of at least the water in those $6,000,000,000. Then they could not lose, let the storm break how and when it would. They would be on what sporting souls term "velvet." And so they crowd and jostle and struggle for customers for those trust "securities!" It is all the banks can do to preserve order in this hungry herd and stave off present stampede. What is to happen? Can so slim a stalk as $150,000,000 account for and support a credit of $6,000,000,000? And 60 per cent of that no more valid than moonshine! And if it can't support it, what's to be the crashing consequences? Soon or late there'll come the smash! They talk of present prosperity! Man! it's the prosperity of drunkenness! the prosperity that speculates, but doesn't earn—that your trusts are rigged to rob both ways! They pillage the consumer with higher prices, and gold-brick fool investors with their unbased watered "securities!" It is a brave game! It is the swindling offspring of the swindle, protection. Both parent and child do black credit to the Republican party, which created them—a party which has not drawn one breath of honesty or patriotism since the days of Grant!

Six billions of trust paper against a two-years' coinage of $150,000,000! That won't do! The lesson of the trusts is the thought sinful. And as simple as a lemon squeezer! And as crushingly effectual! Wages are cut; employment is cut, and men are idle. The idle men compete with those at work and wages are thereby pared still more. Competition being dead, the consumer is depleted of his ultimate dollar. It's a great system; albeit pushed to its last expression, the system that kills the goose of it lays the golden egg! One sees why the trusts champion militarism. Trust methods breed cases for bayonets right long. How would one apply the cure? Beat down your tariff if needs be to the low levels of free trade. Go in for income tax, for inheritance tax, for public ownership, for direct legislation. How may one attain these reforms? Elect Bryan, elect a Democratic congress! Teach those crooked folk of the trusts, with John Boyle O'Reilly, that:

"The people's will, like the sea of Holland,
Is always in sight!"

—O. H. P. BELMONT in the Verdict.

IRELAND IS CRITICISED.

Catholics at Washington Disapprove His Political Talk.

Washington, Oct. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The statement of Archbishop Ireland, who has recently returned to this country from Rome, that Pope Leo had expressed his approval of the course of the United States government in the Philippines, has caused much comment among the Catholics of Washington. The archbishop's utterances are severely criticized by Rossa F. Downing, one of the most prominent Catholics of Washington.

"I am a practical Catholic," said Mr. Downing, "a member of the Knights of Columbus, and state president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of the District of Columbia. It is with great reluctance, therefore, that I criticize the utterances of Most Rev. John Ireland, archbishop of St. Paul. But when a man of his dignified office drags the pope of Rome into the maelstrom of American politics, he draws upon himself the honest criticism of his opponents, and he is no longer the archbishop of St. Paul, but plain John Ireland, an American citizen and politician.

"The point at issue is that Archbishop Ireland has undertaken to speak for Leo XIII, and to imply that the Roman pontiff desires all Catholic citizens to vote for William McKinley. If he has such authority, I reply, in the language of Daniel O'Connell, 'We will take our religion from Rome, but not our politics.' Catholics will not brook any interference on the part of Rome in American politics.

"Archbishop Ireland must be construed as advocating a policy of war and bloodshed when he announces that the interests of the Catholic church demand the subjugation of the Filipinos. I have always been taught that the church of Christ has been founded upon truth and justice, and it needs the protection of no government for the success of its mission.

"Archbishop Ireland says that the Filipinos have three times tried to open negotiations direct with the vatican, and have been refused even a hearing. Does his grace mean to inform his Catholic fellow-citizens that the pope of Rome, the father of the faithful, has refused even to listen to the supplications of millions of his children? And, if so, how then does he know that the interests of the church will suffer in the hands of Aguinaldo and the Filipino leaders?

"His grace makes Cardinal Rampolla speak as follows: 'The church needs in Cuba and the Philippines the co-operation of the American government for the protection of its rights and liberties, as indeed the American government needs the co-operation of the church for the pacification of those countries.' Is it possible that the archbishop of St. Paul, the great advocate of separation of church and state in America, desides a union of the state and church in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines? When one considers, however, that the constitution, according to Ireland and the Republican party, does not follow the flag, we are not surprised to hear them advocating a union of church and state in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. To my mind, I would sooner trust the protection of the rights of the church, if it has any which need protection, to a man who knows what his 'plain duty' is, and does it, rather than to him who permits the desecration of Catholic churches by American soldiery in the Philippines. Is there any doubt about it, if we had a firm man in the White House these outrages could be stopped?

"In conclusion, I think that Archbishop Ireland's statements should receive the unqualified disapproval of every American Catholic or Protestant, and they should condemn this attempt to drag the church into American politics by their votes on Nov. 6. I am not surprised at Archbishop Ireland coming out for McKinley. He is a known Republican partisan, but I am surprised that he has so far forgotten himself on his occasion as to cause many Catholics to boil with indignation. This is not the first attempt the Republican managers have made to bring representatives of the church into this contest."

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Gossip Of The Stage

New York and London Theatergoers Are Suffering From a Severe Attack of Nellgwynnitis.

New York, Oct. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—America and England are in the grip of a new epidemic. It has not yet been classified by the terminologists, but it is known to the profession as nellgwynnitis, and it is very virulent. So rapid is its work that it entirely overshadows the most flagrant cases of the Digosh drama and the most violent vaudeville vividities. New York and London are writhing in its grasp. It will soon affect every state in the Union and all the British provinces and colonies. It is fourfold in origin, started in two of the leading theaters in each metropolis by a quartet of the cleverest stars to whom any ambitious manager ever has hitched his financial wagon.

Soon we shall have Merry Monarch hats, and gowns, and capes, and shoes galore, and our jeunesse dorée will employ only "'Od's bodikins!", "'Sdeath!" and other strange oaths in their verdant vernacular.

Seriously, the four versions of Nell Gwynne's life staged in the new and old worlds promise to make concretely the sensation of the season. It is difficult to judge among the three which have been staged thus far, for each has strong individuality and all are so good as to seem imperatively entitled to superlatives. Miss Henrietta Crossman is the center of nellgwynnitian interest in this hemisphere. Her excellent interpretation of the orange girl of Drury Lane is the talk of the metropolis. Miss Crossman has worked hard for success and this is her arrival. She is an example of the fact so hopelessly incomprehensible to youthful aspirants for stage honors, namely, that dramatic genius, at any rate, is only another name for the hardest kind of work. Small wonder, therefore, that the earnest young woman was so overwhelmed by the procrastinated plaudits of the public and the long-longed-for commendation of the critics after her first appearance in this role as to be unable to play the next day's matinee. If, after waiting many years for fame, she took comfort in standing before a cheval glass in her boudoir and throwing metaphorical or, indeed, material bouquets at her successful self, where is the carping cynic to jeer her somewhat adolescent, but by no means unnatural, exuberance of spirits? Not here, not here, my child!

Miss Crossman's play is called "Mistress Nell." It is an adequate dramatization of the story so familiar to students of the lighter side of English history. Miss Crossman, however, merits the lion's share of the credit.

Ada Rehan is the next American actress to pin her faith to a presentation of King Charlie's irresistible sweetheart. She will appear in another version of the play at an early date. Miss Rehan's ability to make the most of any picturesque role is too well known to require exploitation. Notwithstanding her start and her swift success, Miss Crossman will have to work harder than ever to hold her own against the world-famous star of the great Daly constellation.

Rivalry is much sharper between the English versions. In fact, all London is divided into two factions—the Neilsonites and the Tempestians. Miss Julia Neilson is playing in "Sweet Nell of Old Drury" at the Haymarket, with Fred Terry as King Charles, and Miss Marie Tempest is "English Nell" at the Prince of Wales theater, Frank Cooper as his majesty. Both productions are staged brilliantly, and all the important parts are interpreted by players of international repute. It is more than likely both companies will reach this continent during the coming season. Should such a delightful possibility occur, America will have its choice of four fine stage stories of the most piquante pastorals in English literature.

Miss Grace George has made the American people her debtor with a most artistic interpretation of Elizabeth Knight Tompkins' interesting heroine, Honoria, the girl queen of the mythical kingdom of Nordenmark. Her stellar debut in "Her Majesty" has demonstrated her knowledge of the art and her creative ability. Miss Tompkins' story deals with a royal princess who leaves a convent at an early age and, while still redolent of bread-and-butter, undertakes to govern a monarchy of truly Puritanian habits. In order to familiarize herself with the pains and pleasures of her proletariat, she becomes a petticoated Haroun-Al-Raschid and in the course of her wandering incognito meets and falls in love with a lusty youth whom she supposes to be a simple son of the people. Subsequently he turns out to be one of her courtiers, and as his indigo corpuscles entitle him to become prince consort, the last act goes merrily as a marriage bell. Great praise is due Miss Tompkins for her story, Miss George for her brilliant interpretation thereof and Manager William A. Brady for his superb stage effects.

Another clever young woman appearing in New York is Miss Charlotte Dandridge, the beautiful and talented actress who completes and perfects the Clover Trio. She is a singer of good voice and excellent style, and there is small room for doubt that she will be heard of in a large way one of these days.

Contrano's magnificent band and concert company has just started on a grand international tour, devoting the first three weeks to the Atlanta exposition. As the famous maestro necessarily has chosen as his partner and business manager the celebrated impresario Frederick J. Potter, to whom so much dramatic and musical triumphs of today owe their success, it is safe to predict the tour will be one of the most profitable in musical history. Professor Contrano will traverse the entire Pluto system, visiting probably Cuba, Mexico and the Pacific slope.

FREDERICK COURTENAY BARBER.

WALKER WHITESIDE.

This evening Walker Whiteside will appear at the Lyceum. Mr. Whiteside comes heralded by glowing accounts of his fine development along the dramatic plane of art since he was last seen here, in view of which it would be reasonable to expect some brilliant acting on the part of this actor, as interesting actor. The play announced for the engagement is "Heart and Sword," a special scenic production. For several years Mr. Whiteside has devoted himself almost entirely to the production of Shakespearean and other classic plays. His several New York city engagements were given over to magnificent scenic productions of the bard's great tragedies. The "Hamlet" production, it will be recalled, was a splendid and gorgeous and complete in every detail. Last season Mr. Whiteside made a notable presentation of Stanley Weyman's "Man in Black." In this new play he will be seen in what is said to be one of the strongest and most romantic plays written, "Heart and Sword" is a translation from the German. The play is neither tragic nor bombastic in

(Continued on page 10.)

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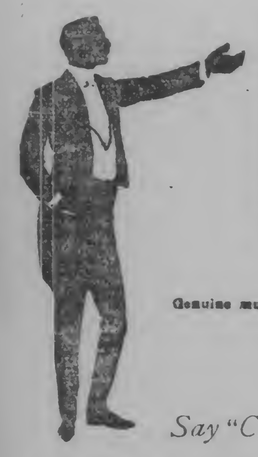

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AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Saturday, Oct. 27,
MR. WALKER WHITESIDE..
Assisted by MISS ELLA WOLSTON and a Select Company of Players, presenting the new Romantic Comedy
"Heart and Sword."

Prices—Dress Circle $1.00
Parquette ..... .75
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SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.
(Formerly Turner Hall.)
Andrew McPhee's Big Co.
One solid week, commencing Thursday, Oct. 25. Change of play every night. Prices, 10c, 20c and 30c. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Prices to matinees, 10c to all.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. | MONDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1900. | LAST EDITION | TWO CENTS

Overcoats....

Did you wear a shabby overcoat yesterday and feel the eyes of your friends upon you, or did you go without and shiver? In either case it must have been negligence and not necessity that was the reason—for you can buy a really fine and handsome Fall Overcoat here for as little as $6.50. Oh, yes; it's worth more.

The fact is, we made larger preparation than last year, when the demand exceeded four weeks earlier. And our resolute purpose is to CARRY NONE OVER till next season. We want to sell two thousand Fall Overcoats before Thanksgiving. Not only want to, but shall, if we have autumn weather. We shall sell them, because we have the finest and best-fitting overcoats in town, and because we are selling many of them at a fourth to a third less than they were made to sell for.

For $6.50 you can have a very handsome Kersalton overcoat, worth $8. For $8.00 your pick of black, blue and brown Meltons, worth $12. For $10.00 you'll be surprised at the real style and excellence you can get—a fine stylish Oxford and black coats at $10, and worth more. For $15.00 a "swell" Oxford Raglan.

We say, without the least hesitancy, that we have a line of Fall Overcoats which, for variety, style, fit and quality is unsurpassed—if equaled—anywhere in America. And we offer you today the opportunity to save some cold hard cash.

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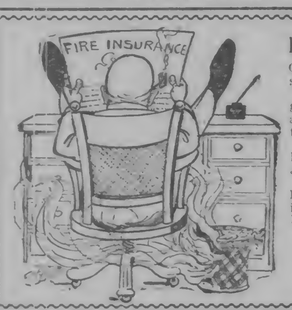

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The Political Game of See-Saw

is now interesting the country, as well as where the voters will procure the purest and best beer that can be found in the country. All voters, as well as their wives and wives' mothers, will agree that for strength, purity and exquisite flavor the beer made by us can't be beat by that brewed by any other brewery in the United States. It is a treat for those who enjoy a glorious glass of beer.

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Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as our adults.

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APPALLING CALAMITY

Awful Explosion Followed By Fire In New York's Wholesale District.

Estimates of Loss of Life Run as High as Two Hundred.

New York, Oct. 29.—About 12:30 today, lower New York was startled by a booming sound, which it developed, was an explosion in the building occupied by Tarrant & Co., wholesale druggists, at the northwest corner of Greenwich and Warren streets. The fire department almost instantly responded to a call, but had not reached the scene when three additional explosions occurred, more violent than the first. A column of smoke and flame shot up 300 feet into the sky.

> Persons in the vicinity say they saw human bodies thrown up in the column of debris when the explosion occurred.

Four explosions occurred in rapid succession.

The Sixth Avenue elevated railroad structure, which passes the building, was demolished at that point. Windows in the vicinity and for blocks around, were blown in by the concussion of the explosion.

The adjoining buildings were soon in danger of destruction by the flames, which spread rapidly. Five alarms of fire were turned in.

> At 1 o'clock it was said that there was fully 150 persons in the building at the time of the explosion and few, if any, had time to escape.

One young man, named Harry Rice, said he was standing on the corner when the explosion occurred. He was blown ten feet. When he picked himself up, he said, he saw bodies flying through the air and landing in the flames.

Three fire horses were so badly cut by flying glass that they will probably have to be shot. One fire engine was almost completely demolished by the falling walls.

It was said that 100 of the employes in the building were girls. They were on different floors when the fire broke out and the explosions occurred. It is hard to see how the girls could have escaped. In a restaurant next door to the drug store, there were about 200 people eating lunch. Many of them were injured and killed.

Up to 12:45 p. m., eleven persons had been taken to the New York hospital. The police reserves from Old Slip, Church street, Oak street and Elizabeth street stations were called out.

> The first explosion occurred at 12:17 p. m. It took the roof off the building. It was followed, a minute later, by two or three sharper explosions that sent columns of flame and smoke high into the air.

Dozens of persons passing at the time were injured by flying debris.

All of the ambulances from hospitals were called to the scene.

A little graphing establishment close to Tarrant's place caught fire and the flames spread to the Irving bank and two other buildings across the street.

The Warren street station of the Sixth Avenue elevated road, directly in front of the drug establishment was completely demolished. A number of persons who were standing upon it waiting for a train were blown to the street and received serious injuries. Several women escaped from the station, however, by walking along the plank platform at the edge of the track.

Several buildings at the rear of the drug store were blown down.

The flames spread with wonderful rapidity, until the two blocks, from Chambers to Warren and from Washington to Greenwich streets, were on fire.

John M. Elliott, of Brooklyn, was sitting on the roof of the 7-story building at 96 West Broadway, a block and a half away from the explosion. He says the force of the first explosion was directly upwards for a matter of thirty feet, when the column of debris spread and fell downward. It took the roof off the building and he could hear the cries and screams of injured people. Three minutes later, the explosion came, which, he said, was the worst of all. It shook the building where he was and debris fell about him.

Policeman Galvin was in the immediate vicinity of the fire when the first of the series of explosions occurred. He said that a number of firemen were blown to death on the Warren street side of the building. He said he rescued one of them, but that no living being could have rescued the others.

Policeman Galvin said that in his belief not less than 200 persons will be found to have lost their lives. This was on account of the suddenness of the explosions, which rendered it impossible for anybody who was in the building at the time to escape.

The force of the explosion was felt and heard clear down to Wall street and heavy plate glass windows were smashed and people were thrown to the street a distance of four blocks away.

The employes of the Irving National bank, whose building stands directly across the street from Tarrant's place, were busily engaged at their desks at the time of the explosion. The first of the explosions came and not a clerk or official of the bank but was thrown to the floor by the concussion. Thinking the building about to fall, several of the officials ran for the cash in the vaults to carry it to a place of safety. The clerks and other employes then made their way to the sidewalk and ran for places of safety.

Every available physician and ambulances that could be reached were called into service, and the various stores which were not damaged by the explosion were turned into temporary hospitals for the wounded.

It was only an instant after the first of the explosions occurred when the elevated structure caught fire. Fortunately there was no train in the immediate vicinity. The structure was in a blaze for a distance of half a block almost immediately.

Superintendent Skitt of the Manhattan company hurried to the scene, and with a gang of employes endeavored to save as much of the structure as possible. The damage was so great to the roadway that traffic cannot be resumed for some time.

John Wiegard, who keeps a store at 48 Park place, three blocks away, said his windows were not only blown in, but that he was lifted from the ground by the force of the concussion.

The crowds which gathered about the scene were so great that the police were for a time powerless to keep them in order. Several lines were established, but the people seemed to be so beside themselves that they broke through and swamped the police. All the available reserves from neighboring station houses were called out. Even then the crowds appeared for a time to get the better of the police. Reserves were then ordered from half a dozen of more stations.

The streets for several blocks were strewn with broken glass and other debris and blood was spattered in every direction, showing that there must have been many persons in the vicinity at the time who were injured by falling glass.

From an unofficial source it was stated that the fire started on the third floor of the building, which was four stories. Immediately a column of white smoke shot through the entire building, lifting the roof completely off and tore away part of the front wall. Nobody has yet been found who saw any of the employes leave the building.

The force of the explosion shook the foundation of the buildings in the vicinity, and was felt clear down to Wall street, where it was thought that an earthquake had ensued.

Four firemen were injured by the second explosion. Firemen Brown and Dillon were also injured. The engine had to be abandoned.

Capt. Devaney's assistants sent in a second and third alarm, and then a general call for ambulances. The engines and ambulances were blocked by the immense crowds which gathered.

As the building fell it tumbled outward. The elevated station was completely demolished and hidden from view by debris. Much of the elevated structure was carried away.

Joseph Beck, an employe of Tarrant & Co., was seen after the explosion. His head was swathed in bandages, and his legs were hung limp. He said there were about 200 girls in the building. Many of them escaped on the fire escape. There were at least seventy-five, he said, that could not possibly have got away. The girls were all eating their lunch at the time the fire started, he said.

He said Tarrant & Co. carried a large stock. There was also a large quantity of alcohol and other explosive liquids stored in the building. The building was also used as a storage warehouse by R. W. P. Hair & Co. and W. J. Breitenbach & Co., manufacturers of medicine.

J. Dennison, the cashier of the Irving bank, was bruised and cut. H. C. Meckling, of East Orange, and S. Combs, of Brooklyn, were also injured. Employes in the elevated railway station got out before the explosion occurred.

At 1:25 two explosions occurred in the building occupied by J. Mehlmann & Co., grocers in Greenwich street. The entire block on Washington street from Nos. 253 to 263 was burning. At 1:30 the fire seemed to be giving way to the efforts of the firemen, and the lower half of the block, below Warren street, seemed in a fair way to be saved from destruction. At that time it was not possible to say if any of the firemen were missing.

There was a report that Assistant Chief Cruger and fifteen men of No. 10 truck were missing. The firemen were so busy and the confusion was such that nothing certain could be learned.

A girl employed near the Tarrant building declared that the girls ate their luncheon on one of the upper floors. She said she knew they could not have escaped.

The Rev. Martin Luther of the Wilson Memorial chapel had a remarkable escape. He was on his way from the Franklin street ferry to attend the noon meeting at the John Street Methodist church. He is suffering from a wound in the head as a result of trying to hold a horse which had been knocked down by a truck.

"My experience," he said, "was one which I will never forget. I came up Franklin street from the ferry and turned down Washington street to Warren. I had just turned the corner into

(Continued on page 3.)

TWO DEAD, ONE DYING

Escaping Prisoners Murder a Keeper and Fatally Wound a "Trusty."

A FUGITIVE KILLED

In Turn In Making a Desperate Flying Leap For Liberty.

New York, Oct. 29.—Two colored prisoners, in an attempt to escape from the prison attached to the Seventh district court, in West Fifty-fourth street today, killed Keeper Hugh McGovern, 51 years of age, and probably fatally injured George Wilson, 59 years of age, a "trusty," who had evidently tried to aid McGovern. One of the prisoners, Arthur Flanagan, escaped, and the other, Frank Emerson, fell into the yard adjoining the prison and was instantly killed.

The prisoners were together in a cell in the first tier, on a level with the fourth floor of the prison. They sawed two bars in the lower part of the cell door and got into the corridor. They went to the nearest window, about six feet from the floor, and sawed one bar at the bottom, showing it out and getting through. In doing this, it is supposed they encountered McGovern and Wilson, killing one and wounding the other. How this was done is not known, as Wilson cannot give an account of what happened.

The escaped prisoners used their bedding for a rope and swung from a window. Flanagan succeeded in swinging to the roof of a car stable adjoining, but Emerson did not make it and fell headlong to a pile of rails, where his body was later found with the skull crushed in.

The men must have left their cells hours before the fact was discovered. At 5 o'clock, Keeper John Brady, who had been in the office all night, went, as was his custom, to the male prison on the fourth floor. As he was walking around the corridor of tier No. 1, he came across the body of Keeper McGovern. It lay face downward in a pool of blood, with a great wound in the head. Nearby lay the prisoner, Wilson, who was still groaning. A surgeon who was called in said McGovern had been dead some time. He said Wilson would probably die. Wilson is 58 years of age and for two years has been in the prison self-committed, as he had no home. He acted as a "trusty" and had the confidence of the officers. They believe he was hurt while aiding McGovern.

Emerson was under bail of $3000 on two charges of burglary. Flanagan, who had been employed as a steward in a fashionable restaurant, was also under heavy bail for burglary.

It is the belief of the attaches of the prison that a woman is at the bottom of the whole trouble, and that it was she who furnished the file with which the prison bars were sawed through. It was said that a woman, whose name is not known, came to the prison Saturday evening to see Emerson, and it is thought that it was at that time she smuggled in the file. The same woman had, prior to that time, secured a lawyer for Emerson.

When the body of McGovern was searched it was found that his keys and revolver had been taken from him. It is the belief of his colleagues that the keys were taken from him with the intention on the part of the desperadoes to make their escape through the doors. Their design being thwarted, they returned and made their way out of the window by letting themselves down by means of the improvised rope. Neither the keys nor the revolver were found in the pockets of the dead desperado, which leads to the belief that they are in the possession of Flanagan.

When Emerson was taken to the police station house the night of his arrest, Oct. 13, he removed his shoes and then called Doorman Coghlin to the cell. The latter answered the call, and as he opened the cell door, Emerson sprang at him and brought the heel of a shoe down upon his head, cutting it open. In the struggle which followed it took the combined effort of several policemen to subdue the prisoner.

EIGHT KILLED.

Fatal Wreck on the Northern Pacific Road Near Livingston, Mont.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 29.—The eastbound Northern Pacific passenger train was wrecked eight miles east of Livingston, Mont., about midnight by a broken rail. Eight persons were killed and twenty-one wounded. Among those killed were William Reifrath, express agent at Billings; Dr. Hawthorne and Gus Diedrich, of Livingston; the two Misses Tracey, of Bozeman, and three others whose names cannot be learned. Among the badly injured was Sheriff Hubbard, of Yellowstone county, who had both legs taken off.

Details of the accident are still meager.

TWO MORE MUST DIE.

London, Oct. 29.—Dr. Morrison wiring to the Times from Pekin under date of Oct. 26 says: "The foreign ministers in conference today decided to add the names of Prince Yi and Hing Nien to those seven officials whose execution France has demanded.

"It is said that the commander of the allied troops at Pao Ting Fu has arrested the provincial treasurer, who was chiefly responsible for the illtreatment of the rescued missionaries."

IS PROBABLY LOST.

San Francisco, Oct. 29.—No news concerning the American ship Wachussett was brought by the steamer Gaelic from Honolulu, and, in consequence, there is little hope of the ship ever reaching her destination. The Wachussett is now out 169 days from Newcastle for Honolulu islands.

GETTING OUT COAL

Picks Are Sounding Through the Pennsylvania Anthracite Coal District.

MAJORITY START UP

Most of the Tied-Up Mines Are Now Running Again.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 29.—Operations were resumed this morning at a majority of the collieries in the Hazleton district, and they will be continued in full blast for the next two months.

The strike is still on at the mines of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company, located at Audenreid, Honebrook and Green Mountain. One of the officials of the company said this morning that the company informed the men that it will abolish the sliding scale and agree to pay the 10 per cent increase until April 1, and the officials did not know why they refused to report. The mine workers claim they want a written guarantee in this respect.

The Oneida and Derringer collieries of Coxe Bros. are also idle because of some misunderstanding on account of the notices posted by the company. All hands probably will be at work tomorrow.

The only other colliery that did not resume is the one at Hilnerville, where no demands have been granted at all. Before the strike began this company threatened to abandon its mine, and it appears that the threat will be carried out.

About 10 strikers found themselves out of work at the Lattimer colliery of C. Pardee & Co. Twenty-five of these men, the firm claims, got their settlement in full when they quit and were not considered employes, so their places were filled by others this morning. The other seventy-five were sent home because of the abandoning of the Buck Mountain vein. The officials say that operation of this part of the workings will be unprofitable on account of the 10 per cent increase.

The fifty men employed at Tyler & McTurk's Stockton washery refused to work because, they allege, they were offered only a 5 per cent increase in wages, instead of 10, which they expected.

A. Pardee & Co., having filled the place of six "lockie" runners, the miners refused to go back to work at Cranberry until their runners were reinstated and, in consequence, the colliery is idle.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 29.—When the colliery whistle blew this morning 15,000 man and boys between Trevorton, this place and Mount Carmel reported for work. The only collieries idle are Henry Clay, Excelsior and Carbin. They will be in operation in a few days.

REFUSE TO RETURN.

Five Thousand Lackawanna Valley Miners Are Still Out.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 29.—Over 5000 mine employes in the Lackawanna valley refused to return to work this morning because the companies for which they had mined coal failed to comply with the terms of the Scranton miner's convention. The companies affected are the Ontario and Western, employing 10,000 miners; the Forest Mining company, at Archibald, employing 2000 men, who have been on strike since last July; Green Ridge Coal company, employing 400 men, and the Clark Tunnel Coal company, employing 100.

At all the other mines there was a complete resumption, even at those of Jermyn & Co. in Old Forge, where, it was believed, the men would not go back until they were assured that the grievances, because of which they struck last March, will be adjusted.

The Ontario and Western company's employes will hold a mass meeting at Peckville this afternoon, at which they will insist upon the company putting up a supplemental notice conforming with the notice posted by the Lackawanna, the Delaware and Hudson and the Pennsylvania companies. They will insist upon the positive announcement that powder will be sold to miners at $1.50 a keg, and that the wage increase per car will be 2½ cents. They will give the company reasonable time in which to post the notices and, the leaders say, if this is not done the men will seek work in other mines, where there is reported to be a scarcity of help.

Several thousands of men who struck have either gone to the Western soft coal fields, or returned to their homes in Europe. The labor leaders say they will insist upon the enforcement of the mine laws, which provide that miners must be qualified workmen and have certificates to that effect. This would prevent the bringing in of emigrants and miners from other states.

CARVED UP.

Man Hacked to Pieces By Rowdies at a Religious Meeting.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 29.—William Cawthorn was hacked to pieces with pocket knives in the hands of a mob near Tyler last night. The crowd gathered outside a school house where divine services were being held. They got into a quarrel and disturbed the congregation. When Cawthorn came out and endeavored to quell the disturbance he was assailed on all sides and stabbed to death. Four arrests were made.

PLANT STARTS.

Youngstown, Ohio, Oct. 29.—The American Iron and Tube Pipe company, the local plant of the National Tube company, resumed operations today after a shutdown of many months. The works employ 400 hands.

W. S. STRYKER DEAD.

Trenton, Oct. 29.— William S. Stryker, adjutant general of New Jersey since 1867, died at his home here today, aged 62.

VICTORY FOR BRYAN

New York Journal's Poll of the Country Indicates Bryan's Election.

NEW YORK CERTAIN

But He Can Win Without Vote of the Empire State.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Oct. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The New York Journal today prints exhaustive reports from every state in the Union regarding the presidential situation. The Journal insists that its correspondents were instructed not to send partisan reports. The result of the investigation by its correspondents leads the Journal to believe Bryan will be elected without New York, and it insists he will certainly carry that state.

The Journal adds that, leaving New York out of the calculation, Bryan is certain of 197 votes. With the 36 votes of the Empire state Bryan will have 233, or 9 more than enough to elect him.

Leaving New York out, Bryan will need only 27 votes to triumph.

Illinois and Delaware will do it, or Illinois and Washington. Any two of Illinois, Indiana and Ohio will win for him.

The states conceded to be doubtful have a total of 117 electoral votes, but of this 117 Bryan is as sure of getting the needed 27 as he is sure that he is a candidate.

Bryan's chances in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois are better than McKinley's. There are a dozen combinations that mean defeat for McKinley, and Bryan will be the next president.

The Journal gives Minnesota and Wisconsin to the Republicans and places Washington in the doubtful column.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

WORSTS BOERS.

Knox Catches De Wet's Force In a Drift and Punishes It.

London, Oct. 29.—The war office has received the following from Lord Roberts, dated Pretoria, Oct. 28:

"Knox successfully engaged De Wet Oct. 27. During the Boers' retreat Knox caught De Wet in the Rensburg drift. The Boers lost considerable and left two guns and three wagons in Knox's hands. Another ammunition wagon was blown up by a shell. The British casualties were nil."

Referring to the Jacobsdahl affair, Lord Roberts says it was due to the treachery of the inhabitants, who admitted the Boers to their houses at night. They opened fire at daybreak. Fourteen men were killed and thirteen were wounded, mostly Cape Highlanders. Troops dispatched from the Modder river drove off the Boers.

Lord Roberts calls attention to the "increasing inclination of the better class of Boers to co-operate with the British to secure peace, since they find that guerrilla warfare is visited with heavy punishment."

HAD A FIGHT.

A Body of Armed Carlists Gives Battle to Spanish Gendarmes.

Madrid, Oct. 29.—A conflict between twenty-four armed Carlists and a detachment of gendarmes occurred yesterday near Barcelona. The chief Carlist was killed and another man was wounded. Three Remington rifles were captured. The band retreated in the direction of Moncada, pursued by cavalry and infantry.

WELCOME TO TROOPS.

London Gives City Imperial Volunteers an Enthusiastic Reception.

London, Oct. 29.—The City Imperial Volunteers, who arrived at Southampton from South Africa, Saturday, on the British transport Aurania, reached here by train this morning, marched through London, along streets packed by thousands, and received a tumultuous greeting. Such a demonstration was probably never before evoked for such a small body of volunteers.

The postponement of London's welcome until today diminished the number of spectators, but the enthusiasm could scarcely have been more general or genuine. Early in the day, Queen Victoria sent a message to the returning troops, welcoming them and inquiring as to their health. The prince of Wales came to town and viewed the procession from Marlborough house. The other royal personages watching the little band of men in Khaki uniforms were Princess Louise, the duchess of Argyl and Prince Edward of Sax-Weimar, who, with many other distinguished people, had taken up positions of vantage early in the morning. The streets in Picadilly presented an unusual spectacle. Hundreds of women were at the windows. All along the line of march, there were festoons of flags and other such devices, presenting a brilian spectacle, though, as a matter of fact, the decorations had been up since Saturday and had been drenched with Sunday's rains, which had dripped the colors.

Among the most interesting features of the display was the presence in the procession of the invalided City Imperial Volunteers in carriages flying the Red Cross flag and the assemblage at a conspicuous point in Fleet street of the few remaining survivors of the Balaclava charge.

The locomotives which drew the City Imperial Volunteers' train from Southampton were respectively named "Victoria," "Roberts," "Powerful," and "The Maine." To the last, the invalids were entrusted.

A GREAT SCENE.

Night Demonstration at Chicago Outrivaled That of the Day.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—Before the Democratic hosts, which took possession of the city Saturday night, the Republican colors of Old Glory yesterday to fold away and lest the 100,000 spectating tens of thousands who gathered in State street intent upon a noble combination of their intelligent consciousness of the battle around Adlai E. Stevenson was the central figure of the picture. Some and Boone people [illegible] themselves hoarse by shouting messages of good will and promises of support to the vice presidential candidate.

The immense assemblage was a striking and prompt answer to the parade [illegible] of the day. Everywhere the cry was "Hurrah for Bryan and Stevenson." The reason for the afternoon quiet was [illegible] all the noise had been saved for the evening. Republicans were must have been in that great crowd, but they were not to be heard amid the volume of the [illegible] cheering by their rivals.

The enthusiasm brought smiles of satisfaction to the face of Robert E. Burke, who with Mayor Harrison and Lewis L. Stevenson, son of the candidate, rode with Mr. Stevenson during the triumphal passage up State street, but the cheering was more persistent than the speakers would have liked for even the Democratic candidate for vice president had great difficulty in making himself heard by more than a few hundred people of the heads of his [illegible].

Fireworks that kept the street brilliant with [illegible] lights had been entertaining the crowd for an hour when the notes of the County Democracy band were heard above the noise of the bursting bombs and the accompanying cheers. The band was the herald of the carriages containing Mr. Stevenson and the chief guests. A double file of police cleared the way through the crowd that swarmed over the pavement.

Then came the band, preceding the carriage in which stood Mr. Stevenson bareheaded, his silver gray hair making him a notable figure as he bowed to right and left in answer to the applause of his admirers. And those seemed to include everyone. Hats were swung by thousands and a roar of applause went up that followed him north on State street to the stand near Randolph street.

Behind him came the County Democracy, smart in their black frock coats and silk hats. At their head marched Marshal Farrell happy as a boy in his joy at the success of the demonstration in which his marching club and the conspicuous honor of escort to the distinguished visitors.

"We marched today because we had to. We're out tonight because we want to," was the motto borne through the crowd by a squad of working men and the sentiment seemed to tickle the crowd.

LABOR UNION AROUSED.

Stirred Up Over Expiration of Chinese Exclusion Act.

New York, Oct. 29.—"The Chinese exclusion act will expire in 1902. Unless we are on the alert Chinamen will pour in among us and the country will be filled with cheap Chinese labor."

Chairman James Maguire of the Central Labor union made this announcement before a meeting of that body. His remarks created a sensation.

The meeting resolved to call the attention of all trades to the exclusion act.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Oct. 29.—The cotton market opened easy with prices 2 points higher to 6 points lower and displayed a weak tone following the call, as a result of general liquidation. Magnificent weather and large receipts caused the rush to sell. An upturn at Liverpool brought about a reaction here to almost Saturday's final figures and effectually checked everything in the way of bearish operations.

GIVE HAIL TO BRYAN

New Yorkers Meet Him With a Demonstration Without a Parallel.

THRONGS OF PEOPLE

Filled Halls and Crowded Streets—Over Two Hundred Meetings.

New York, Oct. 29.—Saturday night was Bryan night in greater New York, and never did a candidate for president of the United States secure such a welcome as that accorded to the Democratic standard bearer. New York had pledged her word that the demonstration would surpass any in the history of the nation and well was the promise redeemed. Mighty throngs of cheering people crowded the streets and from the moment that he reached the city until he retired for the night, Mr. Bryan was met at every turn with a roar of hurrahs.

All over the city were brilliant decorations in honor of the nominee's last visit of the campaign; electric displays of great beauty and brilliancy and shaped in all manner of designs were shown from every vantage point; fireworks shot up in so great abundance that the heavens were fairly illuminated; marching hosts of uniformed men paraded the streets with banners and torches, keeping time by the cheers of the thousands of others who lined the streets.

These were the spectacular features of the night. Inside many halls the best orators of the country were setting forth in convincing words the cause of democracy and the principles of liberty and righteousness which it upholds. Outside the halls open air meetings were held to accommodate the great armies of men and women who were barred by the crowds from gaining admittance to the halls.

With the Democrats were joined the forces of the Anti-Imperialist league, and under its auspices additional open air meetings were held, 245 in all, at which the speakers mounted trucks in the street to address their hearers.

Taken all in all, it is a conservative statement to make that New York never before had a political demonstration of such mighty proportions as that of Saturday night.

Mr. Bryan came here from New Haven at 2:20 p. m. on a special train. He was received with a Yale yell, 300 college students waving flags of blue and shouting:

"Here's to good old Yale, drink it down,
Here's to good old Yale, she's hearty and she's hale,
And she'll never, never fail, drink it down, down, down."

Sergeant-at-Arms "Paradise Jimmy" Oliver acted as master of ceremonies. As soon as Mr. Bryan had alighted from the train the Yale students decided that they would take possession of the Democratic candidate for president. A dozen big fellows grabbed him by the arms, coat and neck while they yelled their college cry.

Mr. Bryan was nearly borne to the earth by the enthusiasm of his college admirers. Police Captain Price tried to rescue Mr. Bryan from the clutches of the collegians. He used elbows and fists, but he was no match for the young football players from Old Eli.

The band of the Second regiment of Connecticut stacked up the college song, and Mr. Bryan, hundreds with the Yale students, started his march up the platform of the Grand Central station. Capt. Price marshaled round him a dozen big men. There was a scrimmage between Yale students and policemen. The policemen won and after that Mr. Bryan walked sedately toward the carriage in waiting.

Outside of the Grand Central station there was a larger throng than greeted Mr. Bryan on his first entry into New York in this campaign. The people lined the roofs of the houses, packed the streets on all sides of the station and all traffic was stopped. As Mr. Bryan was ushered to his carriage he was preceded by two men bearing large banks of flowers. Bouquets of chrysanthemums and roses mingled together. They were thrown on the top of the coach, next the driver's seat, and with fifty mounted policemen surrounding him as an escort the start was made for the Hoffman house. On the train coming down from New Haven Mr. Bryan had aroused the enthusiasm of the Yale students. He went into a car loaded with students and they yelled. A cane was presented to him, decorated with blue ribbon and then, waving it on high, he said:

"Come, boys, let's sing your good old song 'There's Only One Girl in the World For Me.'"

The crowd sang the song enthusiastically. Mr. Bryan's voice could hardly be heard.

As the carriage which contained Mr. Bryan, W. R. Hearst, James Creelman and Max Ihnsen, of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, moved out of the Grand Central station, there was a yell from all the people assembled there. The route was from the Grand Central station to Fortieth street across to Fifth avenue.

Mr. Bryan kept his head uncovered all the way and bowed to the cheering throng. At Fortieth street and Fifth avenue a large apartment house was being repaired. The mechanics waved their hats in the air, shouting: "Three cheers for William J. Bryan, our next president!" This was the signal for enthusiasm among the crowd. The people, running alongside of Mr. Bryan's carriage, blocked the street on either side, and the mounted platoon, under Sergt. Egan, had hard work to keep a clear passage.

In front of the horses hitched to Mr. Bryan's carriage were thirty or forty young Yale enthusiasts. It was like the return of a champion football team at Old Eli. They yelled themselves red in the face and performed all sorts of antics as the carriage moved along Fifth avenue. As the carriage approached Twenty-fifth street the people packed the sidewalks along to the entrance of the Hoffman house. Mr. Bryan's carriage rushed by the marching clubs of Connecticut, while the horses of the mounted police had to go a slow gallop.

The enthusiasm at the Hoffman house was spontaneous. Mr. Bryan was ushered up to the suite of rooms on the third floor 334 and 336. Mrs. Bryan was there waiting for him. Father Ducey, of St. Leo's church, was one of the first to greet Mr. Bryan in his room. He was followed by Richard Croker, Congressman Richardson, Congressman McClellan, Mr. and Mrs. Philo Bennett and Dr. and Mrs. Girdner.

After Mr. Bryan had rested, dinner was served in the green parlor, on the Broadway side of the annex of the old Hoffman house. Red oak leaves, backed up by large palms, formed the principal features of the floral display. Around the large room were strings of electric lights. The table was elaborately decorated with American beauty roses and chrysanthemums.

"This is Democratic simplicity," said a friend to Richard Croker, as the diners began to arrive. The first to reach the banquet hall were Richard Croker, Frank Campbell, chairman of the Democratic state committee, and Elliott Danforth. They formed a little group and talked politics. Then Corporation Counsel Whalen joined the throng. Without any announcement Mr. and Mrs. Bryan walked down the large dining hall, apparently unnoticed until they reached the head of the table.

At this time David B. Hill, W. Bourke Cockran and Richard Croker were under the same roof. Mr. Croker paid no attention to the entrance of Mr. Hill. Mr. Hill came in quietly and talked to a few of the guests. Richard Croker was uneasy. He left all the politicians and walked about the parlor without noticing anyone. He walked to one end of the banquet hall and looked across at David B. Hill at the other. Mr. Cockran was at the opposite end of the table from Mr. Hill. President Hart took his seat at the head of the table, and the guests went to the places assigned to them.

At 7:25 Mr. Hill, Mr. Cockran and Mr. Wellington got into a carriage with Mr. Hearst and went to the garden. Then Mr. Hearst came back and took Mr. Bryan down to the Broadway Athletic club, where he began his evening of speeches. A big crowd had gathered about the Hoffman house and they yelled enthusiastically when Mr. Bryan appeared, and the other guests were accorded a hearty reception too.

Fully an hour before the doors of Madison Square garden were opened, at 3:30 o'clock, an immense crowd had gathered about the building. Martial airs were played by the band while awaiting for the meeting to begin. Patriotic and campaign songs were also sung. Various political organizations marched in and were cheered. The Yale Democrat club and other colleges were present and frequently gave their college cries.

Russell Sage took a seat in the press inclosure. The financier took off his coat and said: "I will sit the meeting out." He was not recognized by many. His nephew said that while Mr. Sage was a Republican he was an done to see Mr. Bryan and witness the demonstration in his honor.

At 7:45 o'clock the speakers reached the garden. They were Bourke Cockran, Senator Hill, Senator Wellington, Anson Phelps Stokes and William R. Hearst, and they were heartily cheered. They went to their places on the platform, and Mr. Hearst, as temporary chairman, nominated Anson Phelps Stokes as presiding officer. Mr. Stokes had uttered but a few words when he was interrupted by wild cheers. Mr. Bryan had entered her box. She was wildly greeted and responded with smiles and bows. The band played "America while the cheers lasted.

As soon as quiet was restored Mr. Stokes resumed his speech. He began by paying a compliment to Mr. Bryan. Later he said:

"The constitution? Who violated it?"

"McKinley," was the answer that came from all over the hall.

Mr. Stokes' reference to Mr. Hanna as a "faith cure" and as "Dr. Hanna" caused much amusement.

Following Mr. Stokes' address he introduced ex-Senator David B. Hill, who was greeted with enthusiasm. After Mr. Hill finished W. Bourke Cockran was introduced. Then Coroner Zucca introduced Mr. Bryan.

Mr. Bryan talked for twenty minutes and then drove through cheering crowds to Cooper union. The hall was crowded to the doors with Germans who had come there to hear Mr. Bryan address them under the auspices of the German league of the National Association of Democratic clubs. Anti-imperialism was the strongest note sounded both in the speech of Mr. Bryan and those of the other speakers.

Mr. Bryan's appearance in the hall was the signal for an outbreak of the most unbounded enthusiasm. This was worked up to a point where it became contagious and every person in the large audience jumped to his feet and waved the American flag which he found in his seat.

The band played "The Star-Spangled Banner," but at first this could not be heard for the tremendous volley of applause.

Mr. Bryan was profusely greeted by those on the platform. He returned their greetings in the most cordial manner. As he faced the audience he looked smiling, happy and confident. The first speaker to address the meeting was Dr. Louis W. Habercom of Washington. He devoted the greater part of his speech to an arraignment of the imperialistic policy of the administration. Much applause greeted his speech, which was in German, as well as that of Sigmund Ziesler, of Chicago, who followed. Mr. Bryan with a speech in German on Imperialism.

When Mr. Bryan left Cooper Union and was driven to Second avenue to make an open air address that thoroughfare are presented a sight seldom seen. Bryan enthusiasts swarmed into the avenue until it was simply impassable from Tenth to Twenty-second street. The stand erected at Fourteenth street was surrounded by a living mass of people. The windows of the adjacent houses were filled with people, who showed their demonstrations in all manners of ways. Several young women from a house on Second avenue almost opposite the stand kept up a continual shooting off of a pistol, while others from the roofs set off a continual stream of fireworks.

It was soon after 9 o'clock when the presidential candidate was announced by the outskirts of the crowd. Several mounted policemen rushed through the crowd and made a passageway for a carriage behind them. This contained Mr. Bryan. He alighted when he reached a position just in front of the stand and was escorted through the crowd. He was received with cheers which even he could not subdue for several minutes. Mr. Bryan stood with his head bared before the crowd and his hand raised for quiet. Just as order had been restored several little boys perched in a window just back of the stand started to shout for Bryan, whereupon the presidential candidate turned around and smiled. This was the signal for another outburst which lasted several minutes. Mr. Bryan said that he had just come from a warm room, but that he would say a few words. He said: "I believe our cause appeals to the right. We want the doors of the Philippine islands open. We want the Filipinos to have the same rights that we enjoy."

Mr. Bryan ended his brief talk by saying: "I am opposed to industrial despotism." The crowd cheered again when Mr. Bryan walked down the stairs to the platform and it was with considerable difficulty that he reached his carriage.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

TRAMPLED TO DEATH.

Anoka, Minn., Oct. 29.—Mrs. C. Kohler, aged 72, was killed by an angry bull while crossing the yard in which the animal was confined. It had been dehorned, but attacked the aged woman with its feet, crushing in her face, breaking her jaws and inflicting internal injuries from which she died before medical assistance could arrive.

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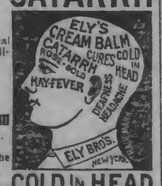

COLD IN HEAD

WEST YET UNSAVED

Hanna and Roosevelt Not Much Encouraged By Their Junket.

MADE BAD BLUNDERS

Roosevelt Evidently Took All the Western People For Cowboys.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—Chairman Mark Hanna of the Republican national committee returned from his spectacular tour of a few Western states a sadder and wiser man. For many weeks he was consumed by a burning desire to see for himself the conditions existing west of the Missouri river. This desire became irresistible when it began to dawn upon the Republican boss that he was a spellbinder of no mean ability. Waving aside his associates on the national committee, who strongly advised against the Western tour, Mr. Hanna set out, confident that his oratory would remove the last lingering doubt as to where the electoral vote of such states as South Dakota and Nebraska would go. These doubts have been removed, but in removing them the Republican national chairman has been disillusioned.

One thing that Mr. Hanna had impressed upon him during his Western trip was that the tour of Governor Roosevelt had hindered rather than helped the Republican cause in the trans-Missouri states. Mr. Hanna, in common with other Republican leaders, believed that Governor Roosevelt's tour would set the West on fire with enthusiasm for the "rough rider." It might have done so, no one can tell, had Governor Roosevelt not mistaken the people of South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas and other states in which he exhibited himself. There is no doubt but that the people of these states had much admiration for the man who had once lived on a ranch, who was admittedly a good shot, and could handle a bucking broncho with the skill of a veteran cowboy. They admired his courage and looked upon him as the hero of one of the principal battles of the Spanish war.

Roosevelt went among these people clad in a kahki uniform and a military hat, and surrounded by a gang of swaggering cowboys, who delighted to exhibit their picturesque attire and show their contempt for "tenderfeet." Governor Roosevelt assumed that he was in Rome, and consequently that he must do as Rome did. He assumed that South Dakota, Kansas, Nebraska and other Western states were peopled with cowboys, and that, in order to measure up to their ideal of a vice presidential candidate, he must be a cowboy to all outward appearance while among them. Hence it was that he mounted a horse at one place and, surrounded by a crowd of whooping, yelling "rough riders," galloped away in a cloud of dust, leaving the people who had gathered to greet him to compose their souls in patience until he saw fit to return. Hence it was that at Rawlins, where he spent Sunday, he joined a party of "good fellows" and devoted the day to a covote hunt and carousal on a nearby ranch. The disturbances that occurred at one or two places on the trip were due, according to the testimony of thoroughly reliable witnesses, to the rough escort which Governor Roosevelt selected for his companions.

The people of the Western states are not cowboys, neither are they unlettered or lacking in refinement. On the contrary, they will compare favorably with the inhabitants of Eastern states for culture and refinement. They resented the assumption of the Republican vice presidential candidate that they were different from the people of the Eastern states, and that whereas the latter demanded that he demean himself as a gentleman, they would admire him the more for being a rowdy. There was nothing about Governor Roosevelt's speeches to atone for his behavior. They were vapid at times, and at other times rabid and nonsensical. At all times they were pregnant with bluster and self-praise. The result was that in almost every town he visited men became disgusted with his buffoonery and tore off their McKinley and Roosevelt buttons, declaring they would not be parties to placing a clown in line of succession to the highest office in the gift of the people of the nation.

Everywhere Mr. Hanna went he found evidence of the havoc wrought by the "rough rider." Where he expected to find the people enthusiastically shouting "Great is Hanna, and great is Roosevelt, who preceded him," he found disgusted Republicans nursing their chagrin at the disappointment they felt over Mr. Roosevelt's visit, and exultant Democrats loudly proclaiming that the "rough rider" had made votes for Mr. Bryan, and backing up their assertions by producing the converts.

Yet another thing did the Republican Moses learn to his sorrow. Nebraska was not brimful of enthusiasm for Mr. McKinley, neither were the people of Mr. Bryan's own state itching for an opportunity to repudiate him at the polls. On the contrary, Mr. Hanna found that the people of the state were as proud of the distinguished Democratic leader as ever. Everywhere he went Mr. Hanna was greeted with more cheers for Mr. Bryan than for Mr. McKinley. Mr. Roosevelt and himself combined. Mr. Hanna went to Nebraska firmly convinced that it required but his presence to make it certainly Republican. He returned to Chicago convinced that money, time and energy spent in Nebraska would be wasted.

A strenuous effort is being made by the Republican leaders to carry out the program outlined for them by Mr. Hanna before he started on his Western tour. This program was to ignore the issues and whoop it up for prosperity and "Old Glory." They were to appeal to the sentiment, the patriotism of the people, not to their reason. A part of the program was to claim everything in sight, to put on a cheerful countenance and look and talk as if it were all over but the shouting. Word was passed down the line to the Republican press, and a systematic effort was begun to inspire the Republicans of the country with confidence, and win over to the Republican side those voters who are always waiting on the fence, ready to jump on the popular side. Stories were printed and are being printed of fabulous sums of money which Republicans want to bet at heavy odds on McKinley. Forecast after forecast is being given out, all of them showing how easily Mr. McKinley will win, and how many votes he will have to spare.

The Democrats have not hesitated to call the betting bluffs, and it has been demonstrated that few of the Republicans have the courage to risk their money when takers appear on the scene. It is equally evident that the forecasts are being given out for the purpose of bolstering up the courage of the weak-kneed, and perhaps for the purpose of covering up any frauds that may be considered necessary at the windup of the campaign to prevent the defeat of Mr. McKinley.

Perhaps the most reprehensible piece of work that has been done so far in pursuance of this campaign of bluff and bluster is the forecast of the result published by the New York Herald. The Herald is professedly a non-partisan paper, and under the pretence of getting an impartial estimate of the situation, is brought out a forecast, backed up by reviews, ostensibly unprejudiced, of the situation in the several states. This forecast showed that McKinley would get 281 electoral votes and Bryan 166. Chairman J. G. Johnson of the executive committee of the Democratic national committee investigated the sources from which the Herald secured its reviews of the situation, and found that the whole story was biased and warped for the purpose of showing a lead for McKinley.

"This forecast is simply a boost for the Republicans, nothing more," said Mr. Johnson, after completing his investigation. "I find that the reports sent in by reputable newspaper men, who are wholly impartial, and who have traveled over the states in question and are familiar with the conditions, were rewritten and distorted until they bore no resemblance to their former selves.

"It is evident that the object of the outset was to show a majority for McKinley, and all receipts that interfered with this plan were discarded or changed to suit the Republican managers. In some states the information was received from purely Republican sources, and no effort was made to get at the true conditions."

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Postoffice clerks of Chicago yesterday entered the ranks of the trade unionists. The clerks have affiliated themselves with the American Federation of Labor and the new organization will be known as the "Chicago Postoffice Clerks' union." It is claimed that practically all the 1100 employes in Chicago are included in the move.

City Marshal Wake, of the town of Rulo, Neb., was shot and killed by "Bill" Hunt. Hunt was disturbing speakers at a political meeting and the city marshal attempted to arrest him, when Hunt shot him twice, killing him instantly.

A total of $20,166,687 worth of gold dust and bullion has been received at the Seattle assay office during the present year, as follows: Alaska, Cape Nome, $2,869,427.61; other Alaskan points, $462,863.13; total Alaska, $3,173,326.62. British Columbia (Atlin), $463,116.27; Yukon district (Klondike), $16,371,488.15; Washington, Oregon, Idaho and foreign gold, $125,762.80.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

ENTHUSIASTIC CONVERTS.

There Are Thousands of Them Who Believe as This Woman Does.

Mrs. Ira Knowlton, of Butte, Montana, is a most enthusiastic convert to the virtues of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets as a cure for obstinate stomach trouble. She says: "I had poor digestion nearly all my life. It now seems to me that for years I never knew what it was to be hungry, to have a good natural appetite.

I was troubled with gas in stomach, causing pressure on the heart, with palpitation and short breath. Nearly everything I ate soured on my stomach, sometimes I had cramps in the stomach which almost resembled spasms.

Doctors told me I had catarrh of the stomach, but their medicines would not reach it, and I would still be a sufferer had I not, in sheer desperation, decided to try Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

I knew they were an advertised remedy and I didn't believe anything I read about them, as I had no confidence in advertised remedies, but my sister, living in Pittsburg, wrote me last spring telling me how Stuart's Tablets had cured her little daughters of indigestion and loss of flesh and appetite, and I hesitated no longer.

I bought a 50-cent box at my drug store and took two of the large tablets after each meal and found them delightful to take, being as pleasant to the taste as caramel candy. Whenever during the day or night I felt any pain or uneasiness in the stomach, or about the heart, I took one of the small tablets, and in three weeks it seemed to me as if I had never known what stomach trouble was.

I keep Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in the house and every member of our family uses them occasionally after a hearty meal or when any of us have a pain or ache in the digestive organs."

Mr. E. H. Davis, of Hampton, Va., says: "I doctored five years for dyspepsia, but in two months I got more benefit from Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets than in five years of the doctors treatment."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest as well as the simplest and most convenient remedy for any form of indigestion, catarrh of stomach, biliousness, sour stomach, bloating after meals, sympathetic heart trouble.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is not a cheap cathartic but an active, digestive remedy, containing the pepsin and diastase which every weak stomach lacks, and they cure stomach troubles because they digest the food eaten and give the weak, abused, over-worked stomach a chance to rest and recuperate.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold in every drug store in the United States, Canada and Great Britain.

OFFICIAL FIGURES

Report of Prison Managers Shows Exact Result of Year's Operation.

IS SELF-SUSTAINING

Profit of $16,000, Figuring Material on Hand Below Market Prices.

St. Paul, Oct. 29.—Governor Lind has received the annual reports of the managers, warden and other officials of the state prison at Stillwater, showing in detail all of the operations of that institution for the year ending Aug. 1 last. The manager's report deals at length with the prison industries, saying that there has been no change in the industrial character of the institution during the past two years, work having been furnished for all able-bodied inmates in the twine and shoe factories, and the several departments of the institution. Regarding the twine factory, the report says:

The legislature of 1898-9 having provided for an increase in the twine plant, it was found necessary to rearrange the two systems already in operation, which required much time and expense. Owing to the relative location of the different buildings appropriated for the use of the twine factory, it has been impossible to arrange the machinery to the best advantage for the application of power, but it is believed that the present arrangement is the best that could be devised under the present circumstances. The increase referred to rendered necessary the purchase of additional power. * * * On Feb. 27, 1900, the increased twine plant was put into operation. The output of the twine factory for the year ending July 31, 1899, was 5,570,535 pounds, although the possible output would have been about 7,500,000 pounds. With the increased capacity, the possible output will be about 10,500,000 pounds, but as the same conditions exist now, and probably will exist in the future, which have prevented the factory from being operated to its utmost capacity in the past, it will not be prudent to anticipate an output for the current year over 8,000,000 pounds. In accordance with the act approved April 15, 1899, the price of twine for the past year was fixed by the board of managers, Feb. 8, 1900, at 10 cents for sisal, and 12½ cents for mixed twine, which prices were from 1½ cents to 2½ cents lower than were current among dealers at that time. During the past season no twine so far as we are able to ascertain, has been sold to any dealer, the entire output of the factory having gone either to individual farmers or to farmers' clubs, the price having been the same to all. This has, to a large extent, obviated the dissatisfaction which resulted from the former policy of disposing of the larger portion of the output to dealers, and discriminating in price between small orders and carload lots. Notwithstanding a curtailment of the product of the factory, which this year has been 6,100,000, owing to the partial failure of the crop and the frantic efforts of the twine trust to unload their large stock at prices far below cost rather than carry it over another year; the twine plant shows, as will be seen by an examination of the statement, a small profit on the year's business. It is gratifying to be able to state that the prison is now more than self-supporting. The earnings for the past two years have been $212,291.63; the total expenses, $207,271.36; net gain, $5020.27. We point with pride to this statement, believing that it is more favorable than that of any other penal institution in the United States.

The report tells of improvements made and others needed, discusses the religious work, the prison school, insane criminals, and preparatory methods and closes as follows:

It was with great regret that we were obliged to accept the resignation of Henry Wolfer in November, 1899, who left the service of this board to accept a most flattering offer with a large manufacturing corporation. Mr. Wolfer, during his long incumbency, proved himself a most faithful and efficient officer.

Gen. Charles McC. Reeve was on Nov. 16 unanimously elected as the successor of Mr. Wolfer and entered upon the performance of his duties Dec. 1, 1899. The reputation of Gen. Reeve as a disciplinarian, his well-known business ability and integrity recommended him to us as a man well qualified to perform the duties of that position. We are well satisfied that the results prove the wisdom of our selection. Many of the improvements referred to in this report were urged and inaugurated by him. The discipline among the officers has never been better. Every inmate of the prison understands that he is treated with equal and exact justice, and without favoritism, and we believe, as heretofore, there is a continued feeling that they are not forever outcasts, but may look toward the future with hope. To this is due, in large measure, the fact that so few prisoners have been in the third grade and in confinement, yet discipline and order among prisoners have never been better.

In conclusion we wish to thank all the officers and employes for their faithfulness in the states interest and for their uniform loyalty toward and consideration of the prison management. And we are especially mindful of the continued interest in the affairs of the prison and approbation of its management as shown by your excellency, which has gone far to encourage us in our efforts to accomplish the best possible results.

Respectfully submitted,
R. F. NELSON,
A. C. WEISS,
F. W. TEMPLE,
DAVID BRONSON,
E. W. WING.

The twine statement shows that Aug. 1, 1899, the prison had on hand in manufactured twine 1820 pounds of pure manila, 91,605 pounds of mixed, 1020 pounds of standard and 1320 pounds of sisal, in all 95,765 pounds, worth $6623.66. There was manufactured during the year a total of 6,119,465 pounds, and the sales were 6,027,555 pounds, leaving on hand at the inventory Aug. 1 last forty pounds of pure manila, 64,220 pounds of standard and 123,315 pounds of sisal, a total of 187,575 pounds, worth, at 6 cents a pound (a low valuation), $11,260.50. The financial statement shows a profit of $16,011.51. In connection with the inventory for Aug. 1, 1900, it is explained that the valuation of the twine raw material on hand at that date is lower than the current market value at that time, but it was taken as a basis of estimating the profits of the institution, as it was, what in the best judgement of the board was a fair price, fibre prices for the same time having been raised by temporary causes, chiefly the war in the Philippines.

Um-m-m!

Oh, how it aches. No sleep, can't eat, can't talk. The only thing you can think of is when will that confounded tooth stop aching. When you feel this way get a bottle of

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT

at once. It's a sure cure not only for toothache, but for every ache and pain that has a name. A medicine chest in itself. Sold everywhere, 25c. 50c. and $1.00.

D. E. PRALL & CO., Saginaw, Mich.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Drops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate, Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand, Develops and restores generative organs, Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail, or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

Young Men. Thousands of young and middle-aged men growing prematurely old because of the practice of vices or excesses have been restored to perfect strength and glorious manhood by the use of this worn-out man's best friend, and if you use **Lincoln Sexual Pills,** you will surprise yourself and your friends by becoming a strong, manly man.

Price, $1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.

LINCOLN PROPRIETARY CO., Fort Wayne, Ind.

For Sale in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

MISSIONS IN INDIA.

Erika Bergman, a Worker There, Tells of Their Influences.

Erika Bergman, for seven years a missionary in Telugu, India, delivered a very interesting address last night at the First Swedish Baptist church on the mission work in Asia, and especially in Telugu, India, in which field she worked. This discourse was followed with close attention. Missions have had marvelous progress in that country, she says. The schools and Sunday school work are a great part of the labor in the uncivilized lands. The speaker showed that the Christian religion has brought about a betterment among the people. Its progress has been wonderful during the last years. Next Saturday night she will speak at the same place on "Customs in India."

CABLE FLASHES.

The solicitors of Winston Spencer Churchill have written to the solicitors of the Earl of Rosslyn, declining in the name of Mr. Churchill to withdraw or apologize for the recent statement of Mr. Churchill at the recent Pall Mall club banquet, to the effect that the earl in his recent statement to British newspapers, had libeled British troops and that his statements were little short of falsehoods.

The British steamship Maxwell, Capt. Davies, from Iquique, landed at Dover yesterday, the crew of the French bark Brentwood, Capt. Guillou, which sailed from Antwerp, April 3, for San Francisco. The men were picked up after they had abandoned their vessel off Cape Horn on Aug. 16 with loss of rudder and all sails.

Offensive even to myself.—F. A. Bottom, druggist, Cookshire, Que., says: "For 20 years I have suffered from Catarrh. My breath was very offensive even to myself. I tried everything which promised me a cure. In almost all instances I had to proclaim them no good at all. I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. I got relief instantly after one application. It cured me and I am free from all effects of it." Sold by Smith & Smith, and Max Wirth.—5.

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CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of *Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.*

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles or any diseases of the Gino-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system, in a manner the patients cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits a copy sediment will often be found andso metimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the gento-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 13, 1900.

In the matter of the estate of Frederick Krause, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Emil Schlender, administrator of the estate of Frederick Krause, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Monday, the 26th day of November, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 13th day of October, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-15-22-29-1900.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON FILING PETITION TO MORTGAGE LAND.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 13, 1900.

In the matter of the estate of Frederick, William, Hedwick, Otto, Edward and Terase Krause, minors:

On reading and filing the petition of Emil Schlender, guardian, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; and a description of tracts of land of said minors which it is proposed to mortgage; and praying that license be to him granted to mortgage the interest of said minors in the tracts of land so described.

And it appearing, by said petition, that the personal estate of said minors is insufficient to pay charges of administration, and to pay any taxes, assessments or other charges which are an existing lien upon their estate, or to pay for any improvements which are necessary for the preservation of their real estate, or any part thereof.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Monday, the 26th day of November, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house, in Duluth, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said guardian to mortgage the said real estate of said minors for the purposes of obtaining funds for the payment of charges, taxes, assessments and liens, and for the making of such necessary improvements.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 13th day of October, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-15-22-29-1900.

ONE CENT ADVANCE

Wheat Opened Weak, Rallied Sharply, Eased Off But Recovered.

THE CABLES LOWER

Very Heavy Damage to the Argentine Wheat Crop Is Reported.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 29.—The wheat market started out lower this morning, advanced sharply and then fell back again. The weakness at the start was due to the easy cables, but the other news was bullish and an advance ensued. Chicago reported some foreign demand, the weather in the Northwest was wet and it was claimed that the wheat crop in the Argentine republic has been damaged to the extent of 50 per cent. The opening advance was lost on profit taking but the market soon turned strong again and held up to the highest figures of the day. The close was 1c higher than Saturday for the December option.

Trading in futures was fairly active on this basis: December wheat opened unchanged at 71⅛c, sold at 71⅜c at 9:30a.m. reacted to 71⅛c at 9:51, advanced to 71⅝c at 10:32, fell off to 71⅛c at 11:05, recovered to 71⅝c at 11:30, eased off again to 71⅜c at 12:30 but recovered and closed at 71⅝c, a net advance of 1c for the day. Cash sales amounted to ½c under December, to arrive at the December price. Oats and barley were unchanged. Rye advanced ½c. Cash and to arrive flax declined 1c each. October flax opened 3c off at $1.72 bid, ranged between $1.72 and $1.72½ and closed at $1.72. November flax started 1c above par at $1.71c, fluctuated between $1.68 and $1.71 and closed at $1.68, a net decline of 4½c. December opened ⅛c off at $1.65 asked and closed at $1.64½, a net loss of 2½c. May flax closed at $1.62, being 3½c lower than on Saturday. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat: No. 1 hard—Cash, to arrive, October and December, 71½c; May, 89⅝c. No. 1 northern—Cash, to arrive, October and December, 71⅛c; May, 73⅝c. No. 2 northern, 70½c. No. 3 spring, 65⅛. Oats, 23½@23c. Rye, 38c. Barley, 30@35c. Flax—Cash, $1.72, to arrive, $1.72. October, $1.72; November, $1.68; December, $1.62½; May, $1.62. Car inspection—Wheat, 87; corn, 1; oats, 12; rye, 10; barley, 51; flax, 221. Receipts—Wheat, 35,815; corn, 6283; oats, 27,028; rye, 2935; barley, 37,316; flax, 105,591. Shipments—wheat, 5590.

Ship Your Grain to
McGarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Nat'l Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No 1 northern wheat, 1,000 bus	$0.71½
No 1 northern, 3 cars	71½
No 1 northern, 3 cars	71⅝
No 1 northern, 1 cars	72
No 1 northern, 1 carlot	71⅝
No 1 northern, 1 cars	75
No 1 northern, 3 cars	71½
No 1 northern, 2 cars	71⅝
No 1 northern, 7,000 bus	71⅛
No 1 northern, 2,000 bus	70
No 1 northern, 10,000 bus	75
No 2 northern, 1 car	72⅝
No 2 northern, 2 cars	72⅛
No 2 northern, 3 cars	71⅝
No 2 northern, 2 cars	72⅝
No 2 northern, 2 cars	71½
No 2 northern, 2 cars	72⅝
No 2 northern, 1 car	72⅛
No 2 northern, 4 cars	72⅜
No 3 spring, 2 cars	67⅝
No 3 spring, 1 car	66
No grade, 1 car	68⅝
No grade, 1 car	69
No grade, 1 car	66
No grade, 1 car	67½
No grade, 1 car	67
No grade, 1 car	70
No grade, 2 cars	57⅝
No grade, 2 cars	61
No grade, 1 cars	64
Winter wheat, 1 car	69
Winter wheat, 1 car	23⅝
Oats, 1 car	23½
Rye, 1 car	48½
Flax, 2 cars cash and to arrive	1.72
Flax, 1 car cash	1.72½
Flax, 1 car cash	1.72
Flax, 1 car cash	1.71
Flax, 2 cars cash	1.72
Flax, 1 cars rejected	1.69
Flax, 4 cars rejected	1.70
Flax, 3 cars rejected	1.69½
Flax, 3 cars rejected	1.69
Flax, 3 cars rejected	1.68
Flax, 2 cars rejected	1.68½
Flax, 1 cars rejected	1.69
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.70
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.69
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.68½
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.65½
Flax, 3,000 bus May	1.65
Flax, 3,000 bus May	1.64
Flax, 11,000 bus December	1.63

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—Wheat began the week strong and moderately active, December opened 1⅝@1¾c lower at 72½@¾c on easy cables but rallied to 72⅝c. Shorts covered and there was some foreign demand. The recovery was due to the wet weather and the strength of outside markets. A private cable alleged that 50 per cent damage has been done to the crop of Argentine. On the advance, trade became very dull, and on profit taking December reacted to 72⅝c. Local receipts were 374 cars, 16 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 945 cars, against 826 last week and 1155 a year ago.

Traders expected an increase in the visible of 2,000,000 bus, and when the statement announced only 1,327,000 bus increase, December rallied to 73@73⅛c, closing firm, ⅞c over Friday, at 72⅞@¾c.

Corn was easy on lower cables. December opened ⅛c over to ⅛c under Friday at 57⅛c to 57⅛c and sold to 57⅛c. Receipts were 719 cars.

The close was easy, December, 1⅝@1¾c down, at 34⅞c.

Oats were dull but steady in sympathy with wheat and on the weather. December opened unchanged at 21⅝@⅞c and sold to 21⅝@22c. Receipts were 328 cars.

Provisions were firm on hog receipts under the estimate and in sympathy with wheat. January pork opened 2½c up at $11.12½ and advanced to $11.20; January lard 7½c higher at $6.65, selling to $6.67½, and January ribs unchanged at $6.30@6.32½, advancing to $6.37½.

Close: Wheat—October and November, 72⅝c; December, 73⅛@⅛c. Corn—October, 58⅛c; November, 57⅝c; December, 57⅛@⅜c; May, 35⅛c. Oats—October, 21⅝@⅝c; November, 21½c; December, 21⅝@22c; May, 23⅝c. Pork—October, $10.09; November, $10.80; May, $11.07; January, $11.15. Lard—October, $6.65; November, $6.62½; December, $6.80@6.82½; January, $6.37½. Ribs—October, $6.35; November, $6.15; January, $5.95. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 73⅛@76½c; No. 3 red, 69@75½c; No. 2 hard winter, 68½@71½c; No. 3 hard winter, 67@70c; No. 1 northern spring, 71½@76½c; No. 2 northern spring, 69½@72½c; No. 3 spring, 66½@74c. Corn—No. 2, 57c; No. 3, 57c. Oats—No. 2, 21½@22c; No. 3, 22c. Flax—Cash and Northwestern, 1.70@1.73; Southwestern, $1.75; October and November, $1.76; December, $1.65; May, $1.67. Rye—October, nominally 50c; December, 48½@49c. Barley, 30@58c. Timothy—October, $4.50. Clover—October, $10.25.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Oct. 29.—Close—Wheat, cash, 73½c; December, 71⅝@½c; May, 77½@¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77½c; No. 1 northern, 75½c; No. 2 northern, 73@74c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Puts, December wheat, 73⅛@⅞c.
Calls, December wheat, 75⅛c.
Curb, December wheat, 74⅝@½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT.

	Duluth	Minneapolis	Chicago	New York
December—				
Open	71½	73½	72½@72⅝	77⅛
High	71⅝	74½	73½@⅝	78½@⅞
Low	71½	73⅛	72½	77
Close	71⅝	74⅛@½	73⅛@½B	78⅛B
May—				
Open	77⅝	76½	73⅛@74⅛	80⅝
High	78⅝	77⅛@⅝	74⅝	81⅛@82
Low	77⅝	76½@¾	73⅝	80⅞
Close	78⅝	77⅛@⅝	74⅝	81⅞

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Jan.
Open	21 5-8@¾	35⅝@37⅝	$11.12
High	22	35½	$11.20@11.22
Low	21 5-8	35⅝	$11.12
Close	21 5-8@¾	34⅝@A	$11.15

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	74,000	14,619
Philadelphia	34,583	1,471
Baltimore	56,918	10,399
Toledo	41,268	62,000
Detroit	106,641	2,132
St. Louis	127,748	66,000
Boston	1,600	32,073
Chicago	118,000	584,116
Milwaukee	31,500	5,020
Minneapolis	740,467	45,100
Kansas City, 2 days	390,000	206,100
Duluth	35,618	55,001

GRAIN INSTORE

At Duluth, on Saturday, Oct. 27, 1900.

Wheat—	Bus.
No. 1 hard	220,151
No. 1 northern	4,313,569
No. 2 northern	588,800
No. 3 spring	62,175
No. grade	162,151
Rejected	12,335
Special bin	1,241,119
Western	196,875
Winter	147,592
Total	6,966,961
Increase during week	240,652
Stocks year ago	7,712,745
Corn in store	50,121
Oats in store	169,755
Rye in store	23,022
Barley in store	651,393
Flax in store	113,072

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Oct. 29.—Close: Wheat: October, 75⅝c; December, 78⅝c; March, 82c; May, 87⅝c. Corn—October, 61½c; December, 61⅝c; May, 61½c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Oct. 29.—Wheat steady, 1s⅝d higher; December 5s 11½d; February, 6s ½d. Corn, quiet, 1d lower to ½d higher; November, 3s 11½d; December, 3s 11⅝d; January, 3s 9½d.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Oct 29.—The long looked for reaction after the steady decline experienced in wheat developed this morning and a very substantial gain in price over yesterday's closing resulted. Argentine news was the chief incective, cables from that country estimate the exportable surplus as only 12,000,000 to 50,000,000 bus. The complaints of damage there are from various sources and considerable credence has been put in the character of this morning's dispatches. Liverpool, Paris and Antwerp cables were all lower. St. Petersburg cables reported a famine situation in some parts of Russia, but as shipments from that country will exceed 1,000,000 bus, one is naturally skeptical of such a report. No local sales reported, but 41 loads at New York. The upturn in wheat this morning is quite natural, even were there no additional incentives in the way of damage news from the outside. The speculator is beginning to realize that wheat is pretty cheap at these prices and knowing the difficulty in getting the bottom price is setting along the basis that not much money can be lost around these levels and the increase in outside speculation, which was demonstrated that quotation was quite pronounced this morning. Argentine is going to be a factor whose influence it will be difficult to determine. Should anything at all approaching serious damage occur and present advices receive authenticity, the removal of that country as a competitor in the face of our already much depleted wheat crop in America. The bulls will have their own way and will be practically nothing to stop the advance.

The corn market has been dull, specialtively deserted and apparently, news was rather bullish wet weather promising restricted receipts. Local sales were very limited only 9,000 bus with 18 loads at New York. Cash business was restricted by the advance in freight rates East. New corn was offered freely. At this writing the situation does not look very encouraging, the absence of cash demand with free offerings of new corn are bear factors which the very limited speculation cannot overcome.

The oat market has been steady with very limited trade, cash demand slow, affected also by the advance in freight rates East of Buffalo. Local sales 90,000 bus.

The provision market has been firm, buying of January lard has been a feature, stocks of lard and ribs are very small and any buying sentiment finds offerings on that account most limited. The provision market is puzzling, but good people believe in buying on breaks.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
428 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
Representing
Weare Commission Co.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Private Wires to all Markets.
310 Board of Trade. Telephone 713.

F. A. ROGERS & CO.,
(Incorporated.)
Bankers, Brokers and dealers in Stocks, Cotton, Grain and Provisions for cash or margain. 38 Wall Street, New York.
Correspondent:
NEIL McLACHLAN, REAL ESTATE,
Trust Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, Real Estate,
Fire Insurance, Investments.
A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
112 Exchange Bldg.

30,000 cords of Spruce,
favorably located.
H. W. Coffin,
Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Break In Tennessee Coal Caused a Drop In Other Stocks.

CLOSING WAS FIRM

Vigorous Movement In Northern Pacific Lifted It In Last Hour.

New York, Oct. 29.—London was influenced by our weak close on Saturday and prices for American securities abroad were lower. In the local market, the international stocks opened at large fractional declines, notably Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, Northern Pacific, Atchison and Pennsylvania. Some of the specialties sagged sharply, including Manhattan, Sugar and Federal Steel. A sudden break of four points in Tennessee Coal was without explanation, but its decline increased the pressure in other quarters and many prominent stocks yielded over a point. In the railway division, Lackawana lost 1¾ and Wisconsin Central pfd, 1½, while a number of prominent railways fell a point. Business was on a large scale, but no definite news developed to account for the lack of support to the market. Towards 11 o'clock, the market became unsettled. The Pacifics were inclined to harden, while the granger specialties and miscellaneous coal stocks sagged. Northern, Southern and Missouri Pacific rallied from ⅝@⅞, causing slight recoveries in other railways, but meanwhile other stocks were moving downward and their weakness eventually undermined the strength in the Pacifics. The selling pressure showed marked increase and prices lower than before. In industrial and miscellaneous specialties lost between 2 and 3 points.

During the last hour, a vigorous buying movement in Northern Pacific lifted that stock more than a point over Saturday, and gave a better tone to the market. The rally extended to a point or over in People's Gas, Pennsylvania, St. Louis, Southwestern pfd, American Tobacco, Continental Tobacco pfd, Pacific Mail, Colorado Fuel, National Tube and Sugar. The closing was moderately active and firm at the rally, with the best of prices still generally below Saturday.

The following stock quotations are furnished by B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade building:

Stock—	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	121⅝	121⅞	120¼	121½
Am. Steel Wire, com.	34⅞	34⅞	34⅝	34⅝
Am. Tobacco	96¼	96¼	94⅞	95
Atchison, com.	22	22	21½	22
Atchison, pfd.	73⅞	74	73⅝	73¾
Brooklyn Rap. Tran	67⅝	67⅞	66	66⅞
C., M. & St. P.	116	116¼	114⅝	114¾
C., B. & Q.	127¼	127¼	126⅞	126¾
Fed Steel, com.	38	38½	37⅞	38½
Fed Steel, pfd.	68⅝	68⅝	67⅞	67¾
L. & N.	90	90	89⅝	90
Manhattan	97	97	95¼	95
Mo. Pacific	56	56⅜	55¼	55⅞
Nor. Pacific, com.	56	57⅞	55⅝	57⅞
Nor. Pacific, pfd.	72⅞	72⅞	72	72⅞
People's Gas	93⅞	93¾	92½	93¼
Rock Island	108½	108⅞	108	108⅝
So. Pacific	39¼	39½	38⅞	37⅞
Tenn & I.	57½	57½	54	55
U. S. Leather, com.	11⅝	11⅝	11¼	11⅝
Union Pacific, pfd.	75¼	75½	75	75½
Union Pacific, com.	61½	61½	60⅞	61⅛
Illinois Central	118¼	118⅝	118¼	118½
B. & O.	71⅝	71⅝	70⅞	71¼

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, Oct. 29.—Close: Adventure, 7; Allouez, 29¼; Anaconda, 45⅝; Arcadian, 18; Arnold, 4½; Amalgamated, 91½; Atlantic, 25; Baltic, 27½; Bingham, 12½; Bonanza, 39¾; Boston and Montana, 29; Boston Consolidated, 16@17; Butte and Boston, 64; Calumet and Hecla, 790; Centennial, 17½; Cochita, 8¾. Copper Range, 59½; Dominion Coal, 32⅝@40⅛; Elm River, 8¾@9½; Franklin, 14½; Humboldt, 5; 6775; Isabella, 1 bid; Isle Royale, 35¾; Mass, 9½; Michigan, 3¼@4½; Mohawk, 49; Old Colony, 3 bid; Old Dominion, 28¾; Osceola, 74½; Oil, 148¾@15; Parrott, 41½; Pewabic, 26½; Quincy, 153@155; Rhode Island, 3⅝@4; Santa Fe, 7; Tamarack, 290; Tecumseh, 1⅞; Tri-Mountain, 11½½. Union Land, 26½; Utah, 32; Victoria, 3; Winona, 3; Wolverine, 41½; Wyandotte, 19¼; Zinc, 8@10.

BEHEADED SON.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 29.—Clifford Cawthon was found dead in bed this morning with his head hacked off with a hatchet. His mother later confessed to having committed the deed, saying her son had "been bad and smoked cigarettes."

Mrs. Cawthorn is now prostrate over the discovery of her deed.

Activity at Bemidji.

W. H. Johnson, who has just finished a clearing contract on the extension of the Brainerd & Northern road from Bemidji, returned to Duluth this morning. Mr. Johnson says there is great activity on the work at Bemidji now, the past three weeks of dry weather having brought about very favorable conditions for the men to work under. Mr. Johnson says the soil in the region is of a sandy nature and that the prospects are that the work on the new road will extend well on into the winter, because the ground will not freeze so hard as in districts where there is more clay.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Two Harbors, Minn. Oct. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—A man whose name could not be learned was killed by a Duluth & Iron Range train Saturday morning, near Highland. He was walking along the track and seemingly became confused, stepping in front of the train.

M. Johnson, a Finlander, who has been working on the section at French river, arrived in town Thursday night and proceeded to disturb the peace by making much noise around town, and about 2 a. m. was caught running up and down the sidewalk, near the cemetry, calling for a street car for West Superior. Friday he was adjudged insane and was taken to the Fergus Falls asylum.

R. C. Saunders, fusion candidate for attorney general, spoke to a large and enthusiastic audience at the court house Friday evening. His remarks were well received, and the enthusiasm shown was in marked contrast to the scant applause at the recent Republican meeting.

Notice is hereby given that my wife having left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her on and after date.

WILLIAM McNAUGHTON.

West Duluth, Oct. 29, 1900.

For an Outing
Take Beneteau Cognac.

A GREAT MAN is an essential to human progress. The average man a necessity. The man who drinks—worthless. Is this not true? Stop drinking now. Be worth something. The Keeley Cure will make a man of you again. Call or write to the Keeley Institute, 625 10th st So., Minneapolis, Minn.

APPALLING CALAMITY

(Continued From Page 1.)

Warren street when the first explosion occurred. When the second and terrific crash came I was in the middle of the block between Greenwich and Washington streets. I was on the south side of the street looking at the building. Just before the great explosion I had been directly opposite the burning building looking at the fire and the people escaping down the fire ladders. Had I remained in that position a few minutes longer I would have been killed.

"When I first arrived on the scene there was a dense black smoke pouring out of the windows of the burning building. Men and women were being assisted out by the firemen and were coming down the ladders. Then there was a noise from the interior of the structure and a white smoke began to pour out. Just before that I left the front of the building and went down the block. Every one on the escapes semed to have been rescued, and so far as I could see there was no one on the escapes when the explosion occurred.

"As I looked, one man appeared at one of the upper windows. His face expressed both agony and fear. The smoke almost shut him out from the view of those in the street.

"'Go up to the roof. For God's sake, go up,' the crowd shouted.

"The man left the window. I don't believe that he ever left the room in which he was, for it was but a few minutes after that that the big explosion took place. It seemed to me that the whole building was carried up into the air, only to break into a thousand pieces and to come down on the people and houses, bringing death and destruction. There was a slight sound before the explosion, and then, with a flash and noise that shook the ground, the building went up.

"I was standing near a building, and as there was a break in the crowd I darted through and got just inside the shelter of the doors when the glass in the windows of the building crashed in and the glass fell all about me.

"The crowd stampeded down the street. Women and men fell over each other, and, to add to the excitement, the truck horses stampeded. There were a great number of trucks in the vicinity, and as it was the noon hour, many of the horses had their feedbags over their heads. At Greenwich street they blocked the street. Those that had fallen were kicked and run down by the others trying to get past. I tried to get to one of the horses which was not injured, but which had fallen. I made to get an effort to get him on his feet, but was kicked in the head."

T. M. Coughlin, employed by the firm of W. O. Sexton & Co., said he saw two men and a woman on the top floor of the Tarrant building just after the fire broke out. They were frantically appealing for aid. They were at the window when the building collapsed and they fell back into the ruins.

Rumors concerning the loss of life were many and various at 3 o'clock, but none of them could be verified. At that time it was reported that Lena Spritt, one of Tarrant's employes, was killed in the street by falling brick

SOCIAL DANCE! Given by the Rathbone Sisters at Elk's Hall Tuesday, October 30. Tickets 50 cents including Refreshments

PIER SMASHED.

The protection pier on the lakeward end of the north pier at the canal gave way before the pounding of the heavy seas this afternoon and spread itself hurriedly, completely and spectacularly all over that immediate vicinity. The sea was particularly heavy today, and the pier is an old one. It had served its purpose on the south pier, and when it was not longer needed there it was removed to the north pier. The government engineer's office, as one of the officers put it, trusted somewhat to good luck in putting it there, as it was thought that it would not stand a severe sea such as the one that assaulted it today. It did not, and it stood the buffeting of the waves only until shortly after noon, when it went to pieces.

The timber dashed along through the canal, some of the floating on through and scattering over the bay, and others piling themselves on top of the piers and finding lodgment there. One heavy timber dashed through the small house on the north pier where a diver's outfit was kept, and wrecked the building considerably. The waves tossed heavy timbers over the old south pier as though they were toothpicks.

The damage is not great, as the pier, though it cost a pretty sum originally, had paid for itself by its use on the south pier. It will be necessary to build another for use on the north pier, and this will represent the expense caused by the accident.

The lake was a grand and terrible sight this afternoon and many went down to the canal to see the seas washing through, dashing up over the lighthouse and tossing vessels that were making their way in and out.

The present northeaster is general over Lake Superior, according to Weather Forecaster Richardson, and will continue tonight and tomorrow with heavy fog. The highest velocity attained by the wind today was thirty-three miles an hour at 2:40 this afternoon. Since early morning it has been blowing at the rate of twenty-four miles an hour.

Reports received at the weather bureau state that fully thirty vessels have sought shelter at Two Harbors and private advices report a number of vessels sheltered under the Apostle Islands.

GOOD TONE PREVAILS.

A good tone prevailed at the opening of the week's business on Michigan street. The receipts of poultry over Sunday were light and the feeling was steady, the situation giving promise of firmness after the usual sluggishness of the opening had passed. Springs were 5½c and hens 8c.

Butter was a little firmer in tone even than Saturday, though the prices held unchanged at 22½@23c for choice creamery in tubs and 24c for prints. The movement was good for a starter.

Eggs were firm and the advance of Saturday, 1c flat for storage and 19½@20c for countries, and trade was good.

Potatoes were firmer, 55@65c being the ruling figures for good to choice.

Cheese was very firm, with brick up to 12½@13c, others unchanged.

Fruit was slow, with the exception of apples. Prices were unchanged.

Court North Star U. O. F. will give a dance at Hunter's hall tonight Tickets. 50 cents per couple. LaBrosse's orchestra.

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WOLDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

VOTE OF THE CITY

Total Registration Reaches 10,403 of Which 9944 Are Males.

CALCULATIONS UPSET

Party Managers Expected More—Comparisons With 1898 and 1896.

Males, 9944; females, 459. Total, 10,403.

The result is disappointing to both sides. It was confidently predicted that the last day of registation would carry the total considerably above 11,000. More than 50 per cent of the voters registered the first day and that upset party calculations.

As it is, this year's registration is a sort of happy mean between the registrations of 1896 and 1898. It is just 2814 less than 1896 and 2981 more than 1898.

The falling off from four years ago is almost entirely attributed to the constitutional amendment which has since gone into effect, doing away with what was designated "the first paper" vote. Then foreigners were allowed to vote after having taken out their first papers, but this year only qualified voters born in foreign lands must have had second papers at least three months before they are eligible to the privileges of enfranchisment.

Another reason for the falling off is the large number of Duluth men that are working elsewhere and are unable to get home to vote. On one contract at Houghton there are forty men working who are entitled to votes in this city, but who cannot afford to pay $11 car fare to come home and vote. Many similar instances could be cited.

This year 459 women have registered to vote for superintendent of county schools, and in 1896 there were 492 women registered. The following is the feminine registration by wards throughout the city:

First ward	96
Second ward	27
Third ward	35
Fourth ward	33
Fifth ward	100
Sixth ward	48
Seventh ward	49
Eighth ward	71
Total	459

Another odd feature of the registration is that the last day was so much lighter than the two preceding days. Party managers in making forecasts looked for a larger final day registration than they did for the second day. Saturday's registration was but 1729. This was apportioned among the eight wards as follows:

First ward	217
Second ward	181
Third ward	166
Fourth ward	198
Fifth ward	343
Sixth ward	159
Seventh ward	285
Eighth ward	210
Total	1729

The following table gives a precinct and ward comparison of the total registrations of 1900, 1898 and 1896:

	1900.	1898.	1896.
FIRST WARD.			
First precinct	189	156	229
Second precinct	164	127	198
Third precinct	372	275	198
Fourth precinct	437	361	454
Fifth precinct	125	96	135
Totals	1,287	1,024	1,444
SECOND WARD.			
First precinct	337	275	374
Second precinct	237	249	379
Third precinct	269	225	326
Fourth precinct	353	275	409
Totals	1,196	1,024	1,488
THIRD WARD.			
First precinct	215	172	353
Second precinct	365	274	442
Third precinct	282	221	341
Fourth precinct	277	212	361
Totals	1,199	879	1,497
FOURTH WARD.			
First precinct	157	82	138
Second precinct	186	110	336
Third precinct	227	152	288
Fourth precinct	283	205	357
Fifth precinct	171	130	232
Totals	1,024	699	1,401
FIFTH WARD.			
First precinct	464	323	493
Second precinct	353	214	431
Third precinct	336	212	401
Fourth precinct	292	214	472
Fifth precinct	145	92	200
Totals	1,590	1,055	1,997
SIXTH WARD.			
First precinct	187	69	134
Second precinct	258	196	409
Third precinct	134	92	204
Fourth precinct	426	264	520
Fifth precinct	190	141	285
Sixth precinct	146	96	242
Totals	1,341	858	1,794
SEVENTH WARD.			
First precinct	339	243	457
Second precinct	334	244	386
Third precinct	271	176	322
Fourth precinct	245	139	264
Fifth precinct	353	208	458
Totals	1,542	1,054	1,887
EIGHTH WARD.			
First precinct	298	189	343
Second precinct	159	86	176
Third precinct	204	149	310
Fourth precinct	245	155	300
Fifth precinct	185	122	249
Sixth precinct	28	30	76
Seventh precinct	63	69	190
Eighth precinct	42	38	65
Totals	1,224	838	1,709
RECAPITULATION.			
First ward	1,287	1,015	1,444
Second ward	1,196	1,024	1,488
Third ward	1,199	879	1,497
Fourth ward	1,024	699	1,401
Fifth ward	1,590	1,055	1,997
Sixth ward	1,341	858	1,794
Seventh ward	1,542	1,054	1,887
Eighth ward	1,224	838	1,709
Totals	10,403	7,422	13,217

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

This is the season when mothers are alarmed on account of croup. It is quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure, which children like to take. Max Wirth.

ALVORD NABBED

The New York First National Bank Defaulter Arrested at Boston.

Boston, Oct. 29.—Cornelius J. Alvord, Jr., the embezzling note teller of the First National bank, New York, was arrested at the South End today.

Alvord took his arrest very quietly. It is learned that he arrived in Boston last week and went to the Hotel Touraine, but did not register. On Wednesday he engaged a back room on the second floor of a lodging house on Huntington avenue, near West Newton street, where he went under the name of Mr. Smith, of New York.

A HEALTHY GROWTH.

Washington, Oct. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The census bureau will tomorrow make public the total population of the United States. It is intimated the amount will show a healthy increase over 1890. The population of the United States will exceed 75,000,000. Minnesota's total will not be ready to be given out for two or three weeks.

$25.00 REWARD!
For information furnished us within the next thirty days from date of this notice, that will lead to the conviction of any person or persons destroying, mutilating or defacing fences, buildings, signs or sign boards, or any property owned or controlled by the undersigned.
Dated Duluth, Oct. 25th, 1900.
LITTLE & NOLTE,
STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,
Per J. D. Stryker.
A. C. VOLK & Co.,
JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
CROSBY & MARTINDALE,
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.,
By H. H. Hanford.
PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
By Calvin F. How, Jr.
MENDENHALL & HOOPES.

Delighted!
Many people who attended the
Piano Sale
And bought at $128 Pianos that are usually sold at $350. I have a number of bargains left, as follows—
Decker Brothers Upright $175
Vose & Sons Upright $160
Chickering Upright $265
Fischer For $75
Monthly Payments.
Open Evenings.
Geo. W. Tietz,
28-30 W. Superior St.
Over The Fair.

THERE— ARE— GOOD—
Overcoats
—Sold in Duluth—
—Outside of This Store.—
We simply sell the coat your fancy has pictured as right, with the accompaniment: "Your money's worth or your money back."
A hint at prices—
$8.00 $10.00
$12.00 $13.50
$15.00 $18.00
$20.00 $22.00
$25.00 $28.00
$30.00 $32.00
Wearers of our overcoats are forever being interrogated: "Who is your tailor?"
C. W. Ericson,
RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?
This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try
Jell-O,
a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

Articles of Incorporation —OF— Ranier Investment Co.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, the subscribers, do hereby agree to, and do associate ourselves together under the constitution and general laws of the state of Minnesota, and more particularly under Title two (2), Chapter thirty-four (34) of the General Statutes of Minnesota, of the year 1878, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, as a corporation, under the name and for the purposes hereinafter set forth, and to that end do hereby adopt the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be, and is hereby declared to be, "Ranier Investment Company," and its principal office and place of business shall be at Duluth in the state of Minnesota.

The general nature of its business shall be to acquire by purchase or otherwise, lands, tenements and hereditaments legal and equitable, corporeal or incorporeal, and any and all interests therein, also choses in action and all kinds of property real, personal and mixed, and to collect, lease, handle, exchange, mortgage, sell and dispose of the same, to foreclose mortgages and contract to perfect titles, and to deal with and protect right, title, claims and interests acquired by it in all respects as the owner thereof; to conduct, manage and pursue the work and business of mining, smelting, quarrying, lumbering and building, manufacturing, printing, publishing, agriculture, horticulture, grazing, slaughtering, transportation, shipping and forwarding. To buy, sell, let, lease, pledge, hire, exchange, manage, handle or deal in all kinds of property, real and personal and mixed, or any of them, for all purposes, to construct, purchase, hire, release, acquire, sell, dispose of, manage and operate all properties so acquired or in possession. To reclaim and improve submerged land, to borrow money by issuing notes or bonds or otherwise whenever desired for use in business and to give such security therefor as may be agreed upon. To loan money or assets, to take and receive franchises, powers, and to buy and sell on credit and with or without security and generally do or cause to be done any and all acts or things or become a party to any and all transactions designed or intended to conduct, manage, promote, carry on, consummate and subserve the aforesaid business and purposes or any of them within the state of Minnesota or wherever the corporation may legitimately do business.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be November 1st, A. D. 1900, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be ten thousand ($10,000) dollars, divided into one hundred (100) shares of the par value of one hundred ($100) dollars each, and all the capital stock subscribed for in this corporation shall be paid for at par when the same is issued to the subscriber.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness to which this company shall at any time be subjected is the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.
Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

10c A WEEK.

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

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One month	.45
Three months	$1.30
Six months	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

WEEKLY HERALD.
$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...
17,148

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Oct. 29.—Light to heavy rains fell during Sunday or last night over Massachusetts, the lake region, Mississippi valley, Northwest Canada, Nevada, Oregon, Washington and Northern Montana. Warmer weather prevails in North Dakota, Manitoba, Assiniboia and Saskatchewan and cooler over Alberta, Minnesota and Wisconsin. The barometer is high off the New England and California coasts and over Western Ontario, and low over Western South Dakota. The winds on Lake Superior are northeasterly, light over eastern portions and fresh to brisk over western portions, with cloudy and rainy weather generally and light fog at Duluth.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	80	Memphis	80
Battleford	48	Miles City	58
Bismarck	56	Milwaukee	66
Boston	62	Minnedosa	52
Buffalo	68	Montgomery	74
Calgary	50	Moorhead	50
Charleston	72	New Orleans	84
Chicago	56	North Platte	62
Davenport	56	New York	66
Denver	70	Oklahoma	74
Detroit	64	Omaha	60
Duluth	52	Pittsburg	68
Edmonton	50	Port Arthur	46
Escanaba	56	Prince Albert	48
Galveston	82	Qu'Appelle	50
Green Bay	64	Rapid City	54
Havre	52	San Francisco	78
Helena	42	Santa Fe	70
Huron	56	Shreveport	82
Jacksonville	78	Spokane	48
Kamloops	52	St. Louis	80
Kansas City	70	St. Paul	60
Knoxville	78	Sault Ste. Marie	56
La Crosse	56	Swift Current	50
Lander	56	Washington	64
Los Angeles	68	Williston	52
Marquette	56	Winnemucca	44
Medicine Hat	52	Winnipeg	52

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Rain tonight and Tuesday; fresh and brisk winds, mostly northeast.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Showers tonight and probably Tuesday; cooler southeast portion tonight. Minnesota, North and South Dakota—Probably showers tonight and Tuesday. Upper lakes—Variable winds except fresh northeast on Superior; threatening tonight and Tuesday with showers.

Bixby Admits Van Sant's Defeat.

Tams Bixby, manager of Capt. Van Sant's campaign for governor, has finally awakened to the fact that there are many Republicans who believe that the best interests of the state would be promoted by the re-election of Governor Lind and, therefore, intend to vote for him. Tams is making a special effort to whip these Republicans into line and is cracking the party whip in a lively manner. Letters from Bixby have been received by a large number of Duluth people and probably the whole Sixth district has been flooded with them. Bixby admits that Van Sant's chances of election are slim, saying: "It is unquestionably of the utmost importance that the full Republican vote be cast, if Capt. Van Sant is to be elected, and it is to that end that I solicit your active interest and influence. It is reported that in Duluth the Democratic candidate for governor will receive the support of quite a number of voters solely because of his reputed business-like administration." Of course this does not please Tams, and so he proceeds to laud Van Sant as a great business man and to urge that he be supported. The tone of the whole letter shows that Tams feels there is little prospect of Van Sant winning.

Nicaragua Canal Will Be Expensive.

Reports from Washington state that when the report of the Isthmian canal commission is given to the country it will cause a surprise. In the first place, the report will declare that all previous estimates about the width of the canal are entirely too small, and this, of course, will make a great difference in the cost of digging. The commission has found that there is one lock which must be constructed, which is so immense in proportions that, while it is not impossible, it will be the largest engineering feet in the history of the world. The lock must be dug so deep and reared so high that men working on it will operate in four different atmospheres. At the very least calculation, the commission says, it will take twelve years for this piece of work alone. From their calculations it appears that if congress at the next session authorizes the beginning of the work, it will be practically fifteen years before the canal can be opened to traffic. The estimated cost is put up very much by the report. The previous estimates have shown the total cost of digging the canal to be from $120,000,000 to $140,000,000, and some experts have considered these figures too high, declaring the whole canal can be dug for $100,000,000. This commission estimates that the very least sum needed will be $200,000,000. The report is certain to cause a chill to many canal enthusiasts, both regarding the time needed for completion of the work and the estimated cost. The canal bill, which passed the house of representatives last winter, appropriated $120,000,000, and some fault was found that this amount was excessive. The report, it is said, will be ready for transmission to congress next December.

Ex-President Harrison said: "I regard the Porto Rican tariff bill as a most serious departure from right principles." Ex-Senator Edmunds said: "I believe the Porto Rican tariff bill is unconstitutional and violates all our agreements with the pledges to the Porto Ricans." Ex-Speaker Reed said: "The attempt to make three-quarter citizens out of the Porto Ricans is certainly original." Senator Cushman K. Davis denounced the bill as a gross violation of our pledges to the Porto Ricans. Yet Page Morris says he is proud of his vote for the infamous measure!

REPUBLICAN PANICS.

The despicable methods adopted by the Republican politicians in the closing days of the campaign of 1896 are being repeated. Threats to discharge employes who will vote the Democratic ticket are being made by Republican employers under the direction of Mark Hanna. Inspired from the same source, certain partisan business concerns are announcing contracts contingent on McKinley's election or stating that they will not make contracts until after election and will make none if Bryan is elected. Some of these deliberate attempts at coercion are being made in this section of the country and have earned for their authors the contempt of all honest, fair-minded men.

Senator C. C. McCarthy, who has been campaigning the Sixth district with a view of being the Willcuts candidate for congress two years hence, spoke to the men at the Foley Lumber company's mill at Milaca last week and told them that if Bryan were elected the mill would be closed down and not a wheel would turn. Of course, Mr. McCarthy knew that he was not telling the truth, but he was mean enough to use this lie in an attempt to scare the mill employes into voting for McKinley.

These brazen attempts at coercion and intimidation of the voters are on a par with the lying statements made by Republican organs and politicians that Bryan's election would produce a panic and that Democratic administration and legislation in recent years have been productive of panics.

The truth is that in recent years we have not had any "Democratic panics" and men who seek to make it appear that the panics we have had are "Democratic panics" depend upon the forgetfulness of the men whom they seek to mislead.

Now listen to this statement of solemn fact: DURING THE LAST THIRTY YEARS EVERY PANIC THAT HAS HAPPENED IN THIS COUNTRY ORIGINATED UNDER REPUBLICAN RULE AND DEVELOPED UNDER REPUBLICAN LEGISLATION.

During the month of September, 1869, we had the famous gold panics, which gave to history the infamous "Black Friday." The Republican party was in power at that time.

During the month of September, 1873, we had the famous panic marked by the failure of Jay Cooke & Co. The Republican party was in power at that time.

Now let us look at the more recent panic which our Republican friends attribute to Democratic administration and to Democratic legislation. There never was a more palpable falsehood ever sought to be impressed upon a people.

They call this "the panic of 1893." The record will show that this panic commenced under a Republican administration and developed to its worst extent under Republican legislation and before Democratic legislation was in operation.

Benjamin Harrison was inaugurated president March 4, 1890.

The McKinley bill became a law Oct. 6, 1890.

Nov. 11, 1890 the reports showed financial distress apparent in New York. The New York Clearing House association voted to issue certificates to banks in need of assistance. The Boston Clearing House association did the same thing Nov. 17. Barker Bros. & Co., big bankers in Philadelphia, suspended at that time, with liabilities placed at $5,000,000.

Nov. 19, 1890 there was a run on the Citizens' Savings bank of New York, and a receiver was appointed for the North River bank.

Nov. 22, 1890 the United Rolling Stock company, of Chicago, assigned, with liabilities at $6,500,000.

Nov. 28, 1890 B. K. Jamieson & Co., the Philadelphia bankers, failed, with liabilities at $2,000,000.

Dec. 6, 1890, the Oliver iron and steel mills of Pittsburg shut down, discharging 2000 employes. On the same date the cotton firm of Myer & Co., of New Orleans, failed, with liabilities at $2,000,000.

Jan. 3, 1891, the Scottdale rolling mills and pike works and the Charlotte furnace and coke works in Pennsylvania closed, throwing 10,000 employes out of work.

Jan. 18, 1891 the American National bank at Kansas City suspended, with liabilities at $2,250,000.

May 1, 1891, the Spring Garden National bank at Philadelphia closed its doors and the Pennsylvania Safe Deposit and Trust company made an assignment.

The Homestead strike and others during 1892 are well remembered by the people.

In May, 1893, S. E. White and others suspended in New York. The Chemical bank of Chicago and its branches suspended. Other failures followed and finally the famous raids on the United States treasury were made.

Now, let us bear in mind that the so-called "panic of 1893" is designated a "Democratic panic" because the Cleveland administration issued bonds. But it has been shown that the panic ORIGINATED UNDER REPUBLICAN ADMINISTRATION AND DEVELOPED UNDER REPUBLICAN LEGISLATION.

It is a matter of record which no intelligent or honest man will deny that President Harrison's administration had made preparations to issue bonds. Mr. Harrison's secretary of the treasury even went so far as to have the plates of these bonds made, but in order to avoid this stigma Mr. Harrison's secretary of the treasury finally warded off the bond issue and unloaded it on the incoming Cleveland administration. The Cleveland administration in turn warded off the bond issue a little longer, but finally deemed it necessary to make that issue.

That panic is referred to frequently as a "Democratic panic," because those making that reference forget that the panic ORIGINATED UNDER THE McKINLEY BILL AND REACHED ITS HEIGHT BEFORE THAT BILL WAS WIPED FROM THE STATUTE BOOKS.

In order to appreciate this point, let it be remembered that the McKinley bill became a law Oct. 6, 1890, and that the Wilson bill became a law Aug. 1, 1894.

With these facts in view, let it be remembered that it was on Jan. 17, 1894, that Mr. Carlisle directed a bond issue of $50,000,000. That was SEVEN MONTHS BEFORE THE McKINLEY BILL WAS WIPED FROM THE STATUTE BOOKS AND SEVEN MONTHS BEFORE THE WILSON BILL WENT INTO EFFECT. But the REPUBLICAN PANIC had performed its work well, and it paved the way for the infamous bond issue and gave to the gold brokers of New York a suggestion of how the treasury could be raided under the pretense of upholding the national honor. Other bond issues followed, not in response to any commercial necessity, but in obedience to the demand made by the gold brokers that they should possess the option of designating the money in which they should be paid, an option not possessed by any other creditor in the laws of this country.

These are the facts, and they sustain the claim that during the last thirty years EVERY PANIC THAT HAS HAPPENED IN THIS COUNTRY ORIGINATED UNDER REPUBLICAN RULE AND DEVELOPED UNDER REPUBLICAN LEGISLATION.

THE GRAIN INSPECTION.

In a speech at Red Wing on Saturday night Tams Bixby, the manager of the Merriam-Clough machine and now conducting the campaign for Van Sant, the candidate of the same old gang, said, according to a Pioneer Press report, that "the grain inspection had been demoralized so far that the Minnesota, once admittedly the best, was now ignored on European markets."

It is hardly necessary for a Duluth paper, where there are so many who are well acquainted with the grain business, to say that this statement by Tams Bixby is absolutely false. Nor is it necessary to enter a denial for the benefit of the farmer who raises wheat. He knows the difference between the wheat inspection under the Republican administration and what it is now, and he would not return to the old state of affairs.

Two years ago John Lind, as a candidate for governor, made the unequivocal charge that the administration of the grain department of this state under Republican rule had been incompetent and unfair; that in the matter of grades uniformity had given way to favoritism, and that in the threatment accorded the producers and small shippers justice had been practically lost sight of.

This accusation, which no one today will honestly undertake to refute, he followed up with the promise that, if elected, he would correct existing abuses and pursue a policy having for its object the establishment of uniformity and stability of grades at all stages of the market and in all seasons of the year—a policy which would give the same grade in the fall, when the grain is in the hands of the producer, as in the winter or spring, when it is largely in the hands of the dealers; a policy which would give the same grade when wheat is depressed and low as when wheat is boomed and high; a policy which would give to the producer a grade as high as the character and condition of his product would warrant, and to the dealer a grade no lower than the quality of his store demanded.

In other words, John Lind promised equality to all, discrimination against none. This promise has been faithfully fulfilled.

Under Republican rule every complaint came from the producers and the independent shippers; under the administration of the present inspector, Mr. Reishus, the complaints have been confined almost exclusively to those having their inception in the editorial offices of the Republican press.

Under Clausen the injustice and inequality of the inspection was so flagrant as to result in the holding of indignation meetings throughout the farming districts all over the state; under Reishus, the cordial treatment and approval which the department has received at the hands of both growers and dealers signifies that, in spite of the difficult character of the inspection during his term, the work of grading has proceeded with satisfaction and success.

Under Clausen complaints from the farmers received, as a rule, but little or no attention; under Reishus the most thorough investigation was afforded in every instance. In fact, not a specific charge has been made against the department's work that has not been cleared up to the entire satisfaction of the complainant, the investigation invariably showing that the department's position was just and right.

Under Clausen hundreds of thousands of dollars were lost to the producers of Minnesota through unjust and unnecessary discrimination; under Reishus thousands have been saved to them in a single year by according them no more than was justly their due.

Economic statisticians have figured it out that the average productive capacity of each inhabitant of the United States, measured in foot-tons, is 1940 per day, while that of the average European is only 990 foot-tons per day. Whether this estimate is reached by fanciful computations or not it is certain that American workmen accomplish more than any others in the world.

The death of Alexander H. Plough, until recently manager of the St. Paul & Duluth road, will cause deep sorrow among a multitude of friends, not only in Minnesota, but throughout the whole country. Mr. Plough was one of the most popular railroad men in the Northwest—a fact that is undisputed even in view of the broad recognition of many popular officials—and in Duluth his admirers were particularly numerous. He was known personally and loved by all the employes of the former St. Paul & Duluth road, and he was as considerate of a section hand in his employ as one of the higher officials of the road. His treatment of his employes was liberal, and he was also generous in his distribution of favors to the general public—so much so that his good nature in this regard was frequently imposed on. Injuries received in a railroad accident about two years ago were the cause of his fatal illness.

In the parcel post system of the world, so says the November Pearson's, Germany leads all other nations. By this cheap and convenient method 142,000,000 parcels were received and delivered in the German empire last year. The weight of the whole was 1,192,000,000 pounds. How cheap this system is may be gathered from the fact that an 11-pound parcel may be carried even from Berlin to Trieste for 12 cents, and a 110-pound package travels to any part of Germany or Austria for 60 cents.

Senator Knute Nelson, who will speak in Duluth Wednesday evening, voted against the Porto Rican tariff bill. He agreed with ex-President Harrison that it was "a serious departure from right principles." Page Morris, however, says that those who opposed the bill were lacking in intelligence. This must please Senator Nelson and his friends.

Capt. Antoine Paul, according to the Grand Rapids papers, is working among the French voters in that vicinity on behalf of the Republican ticket. It was supposed that Capt. Paul was a special land agent on duty in Florida, but it is evident that he is being paid by the McKinley administration with the people's money to dabble in politics.

That Alvord defalcation does not beat the record. In 1884 the Second national bank of New York lost $3,000,000 through the misappropriations of its president, John C. Eno. In 1890 P. J. Clausen and George H. Pell wrecked the Sixth national, Lenox Hill and Equitable banks, with a loss of $1,000,000.

The next house of representatives will have a Democratic majority. Page Morris would not be of any account in that body. Good business sense demands that Duluth shall give a big majority to Henry Truelsen, who would hold an influential position in the Democratic congress.

The registration in New York city foots up 641,070, an increase of 11 per cent over the largest ever recorded. And yet some of the politicians were recently complaining about apathy.

The Republicans that want the present federal officeholders in Duluth to hold their jobs four years more, in case President McKinley is elected, will vote for Morris. Those who want a change will vote for Truelsen.

Some one asked Tom Reed in New York the other day if he was not going to take the stump in defense of the McKinley administration. "Why, I am not a criminal lawyer," was the quick retort.

What has Page Morris done for Duluth since he has been in congress?

Do the people want four more years of Hanna?

TRUELSEN AT BRAINERD.

Brainerd Arena: One of the happiest disappointments that a Gardner hall audience has ever experienced was that of Monday night when Henry Truelsen spoke for two hours to a crowd that filled the hall and remained until the closing words were uttered. Mr. Truelsen has been caricatured and ridiculed until people had the idea they were going to a show. "And those who came to scoff remained to pray," for they found a plain yet substantial appearing business man with splendid ideas and the language to clothe them with that carried understanding and conviction. He did not pretend to oratory, but the simplicity of language was eloquence itself. As he himself said, what comes from the heart goes to the heart and the people found a man who was the soul of honor, whether for individual life or the affairs of state. There was no hesitation or halting in the two solid hours he talked and the truth flowed freely on to find a responsive chord in many a breast. There was no abuse, no attempt at sarcastic oratory, only a plain statement of fact that no one might misunderstand. The audience was appreciative, attentive, sympathetic and when it was over lingered in the hall to greet the distinguished guest. It was no mean compliment to the speaker that many who could not find seats stood up the entire two hours nor showed a sign of weariness.

McKinley's Powerful Friend.

Indianapolis Sentinel: There is no stronger or more earnest supporter of Mr. McKinley in all the land than John D. Rockefeller. Mr. Rockefeller is the head of the Standard Oil company, the greatest trust and monopoly the world has ever seen. The Standard Oil company not only controls the oil business of the country, but it controls the greatest national banks in the United States and several of the most important railroads, besides mines, ocean and lake steamship companies, gas companies, street railway companies and other great interests too numerous to mention.

Show us a fault in our business and we stop it at once, no matter how profitable. We don't believe a fault can ever be really profitable.

They said our Ague Cure was too bitter and powerful for the weak digestion of malarial illness.

We have corrected the fault. It's cost us thousands of dollars to do it, but we have corrected it.

And there is no better medicine under the sun for every form of malaria than this new Malaria and Ague Cure.

J. C. AYER COMPANY,
Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla	Ayer's Hair Vigor
Ayer's Pills	Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Ayer's Ague Cure	Ayer's Comatone

POINTED REMARKS.

Detroit Free Press: Mrs. Youngwed—"This milk ought to be good, dear. The man says it is certified."

Youngwed—"Who by, the water commissioner?"

Indianapolis Journal: "Were men scarce where you were this summer, Clara?"

"Scarce! I think so; there weren't even any girls there who tried to look like men."

Boston Transcript: Stoughton—"Did you have a good time at the banquet last night?"

Manhattan—"Splendid. I drank myself into insensibility before the speaking began."

Chicago Tribune: "It seems to me," said Hayseed, "it's a mighty late hour of the night to be cleaning up the town."

"Yes, sir," replied the man who was driving the sweeping machine. "We have to wait till you fellows get done painting it."

Washington Star: "We must at least treat the Indian as a rational being," said the man of philanthropic instincts.

"That's what we must," answered Bronco Bob. "Rations is about all them fellers seems to think about."

Philadelphia Press: "They say," remarked the philosopher, "that the darkest hour is just before the dawn."

"Jimminy!" exclaimed Lazybones "that's one of my brightest hours, for I'm always sure to be asleep then."

Brooklyn Life: "The trouble with the drama of today," said the severe critic, "is that the managers are too fond of the mighty dollar. They produce plays to make money."

"Just so," said his friend. "True art, I suppose, would furnish us with free passes."

Detroit Journal: "My dear," observed Calliope, the muse of epic, with the natural solicitude of an elder sister, "you look ill!"

"No wonder!" exclaimed Clio, the muse of history. "Murat Halstead has been waltzing me again!"

It was indeed no pudding being muse of history for a generation which clamored for history right off the reel.

Chicago Tribune: "Isn't it too bad about young Mr. Puddingly?" said the girl in the pink shirt waist. "His rich old aunt has become tired of paying his bills and told him the other day he would have to stand on his own resources hereafter."

"And how very slender they are!" murmured the girl in the Eton jacket, looking pensively at the creases in young Mr. Puddingly's trousers.

A Japanese Requiem.

Here she lies where all must come
After days grown wearisome;
She that was Chrysanthemum.

Tulips falter in the wind,
With blown leaves her eyes are blind
And her singing mouth is dumb.
Here she lies where all must come.

Eyes as dark as indigo
Now a deeper darkness know;
Hair that mocked the raven's wing
Feels its lotus withering
After days grown wearisome.

Lotus flower between her breasts
Rests as deeply as she rests;
Milky veil about her rolled
Feels seeds quicken in its fold.
Heat she fears not, nor the cold—
Here she lies where all must come.

Little feet that moved so light
Music will not stir tonight,
Though the strongest love of men
Lilted on the samisen.
Little hands men's hearts that led
Into snares that she had spread
After days grown wearisome—

Little hands shall hold no more
Closing door or opening door;
Keys of pleasure or of grief,
Lo! they hold a withered leaf.
World, and where is thy distress—
One chrysanthemum the less?
World, what sayest thou? She is dumb;
She, that was Chrysanthemum.

—Chicago Tribune.

A Landslide For Lind.

Roseau County Times: John Lind will get 550 votes out of 1200 in Roseau county and all the influence of the opposition could not prevent it. The vote for Lind might just as well be made unanimous. In some towns Lind will get almost the entire vote. In Roseau county it is a general landslide for John Lind and in all our experience in politics we have never witnessed such enthusiasm for a man irrespective of politics. This is no idle talk or blow, it is a fact.

Too Excited to Talk.

Chattanooga News: Chairman Jones should not be so inquisitive. Of course, President McKinley is not going to answer his questions during the heat of the campaign.

New Voters For McKinley.

New York World: By pardoning eleven convicts who were serving time for betraying trusts President McKinley will win eleven votes, as citizenship was restored to them.

Price Not Stated.

Atlanta Journal: Upon his return from the West Mr. Hanna said: "I have taken South Dakota out of the doubtful column." The price was not stated.

THE DODGER.

WEIGHED AND FOUND WANTING.

THE REAL MENACE.

Chicago Chronicle: What would be the outlook for this country if William McKinley, being re-elected to the presidency, should die during the next four years and Theodore Roosevelt should succeed to fill out the unexpired term? It is worth while to consider such a possibility.

It is not pleasant to speculate upon the possible death of the president—or of any one else, for that matter. Yet presidents, like other men, are subject to disease and accidents. The president of the United States enjoys no more immunity from the grim reaper than does the humblest citizen of the country. What would become of this country if, McKinley being dead, Roosevelt were installed in the White House?

We have had vice presidents of various grades of mentality. Usually they have been men of fair if not superior attainments. Their character has not excited apprehension as to what would follow should they be called from the duty of presiding over the senate to that of directing the destinies of the nation. It is only today that the country is threatened with a vice president whose evident lack of mental balance constitutes a distinct menace to the tranquility of the nation.

No one who has observed the temperament and characteristics of Mr. Roosevelt as manifested in his words and actions can fail to be impressed with his dangerous possibilities.

The man is inordinately vain without intellectual qualities to act as a balance wheel. He feeds upon notoriety. He is essentially theatrical, and in order to make people talk about him he is capable of emulating the youth who fired the Ephesian dome.

He is utterly lacking in personal dignity. He boasts of it and glories in it. He affects the society of "touch" people and exchanges billingsgate with those who interrupt his slangy, abusive and ungrammatical speeches. He disdains argument, and from the moment he opened the campaign in Minneapolis down to the present time he has confined himself to vituperation of the opposing candidates and to the style of repartee which is valued most highly in circles where decent people are not found.

To put it bluntly, Governor Roosevelt is a rowdy and the circumstance is all the more discouraging because he is a rowdy, not by birth and breeding, but from deliberate choice.

There is hope for the reformation of the blackguard who has been reared in an atmosphere of blackguardism. There is no hope for the man who, being brought up a gentleman, deliberately chooses to be a blackguard.

To make such a man the heir presumptive to the presidency is to invite disaster. The man is dangerous. He glories in a row. He delights in making himself notorious. If he were president his chief ambition would be not to promote the peace and tranquility of the country, but to stir up dissension and possible war with other nations that he might indulge his propensity for browbeating and his passion for posing.

It is perfectly safe to say that, with Mr. Roosevelt in the White House for six months, we should be on the verge of war with half the world and on unfriendly terms with the other half. To put Roosevelt in the White House, in short, would be equivalent to turning a lunatic loose in a powder factory with a box of matches. The result would be inevitable.

It rests with the people of this country to say whether they are going to incur the risk which Governor Roosevelt's election to the vice presidency will involve. If they tempt Providence they will have only themselves to blame if Providence punishes them.

Necessary to Empire.

Buffalo Times: Secretary Root, meeting the views of the president, is having prepared plans for an army of 100,000 men and it is said that the president earnestly desires a congress in touch with his policy. Thus does Republican thought justify Democratic declaration that a great standing army is a necessary complement of empire.

Teddy Makes a Hit In Boston.

Boston Traveler: Roosevelt with his insufferable conceit, his vainglory, his braggadocio, his insults and his epithets, is a disgrace to his state, to himself, to his country and to the high office for which he is a candidate.

Destiny Business Limited.

Indianapolis Sentinel: Senator Beveridge does not advocate the subjugation of any of the planets. His idea of our manifest destiny is limited to the earth.

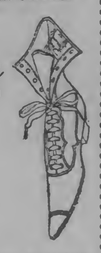
No Right to Complain.

Baltimore World: The man who votes for McKinley has no right to complain of having to pay exorbitant prices for the necessaries of life.

The Famous Shoe Polish preserves and beautifies Ladies' and Children's Shoes and costs but 5 cents a bottle.

STYLE AND SHAPE COMBINED WITH COMFORT....

THE KULTURE SHOE FOR WOMEN..



There was never a nicer—a more comfortable, or a more stylish shoe made. They are made on foot-form lasts in twenty-six different styles and in all kinds of leather, and there isn't a foot we cannot fit. We are Duluth agents for this famous shoe, but there is only one price, and that—pair.. **$3.50**

THE FAMOUS $3.50 SHOE FOR MEN

Is the acme of perfection in shoemaking. It takes the place of any **$5 Shoe sold outside our store.**

THE FAMOUS

111 WEST SUPERIOR ST.
The Bargain Shoe Store of Duluth.
Shoe repairing done here is well done.
Rubbers and Overshoes at Right Prices.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALKER WHITESIDE.

A very large audience saw Walker Whiteside at the Lyceum Saturday evening. The play which he chose to present to Duluthians was "Heart and Sword," a romantic drama of the type that always seems to please. Mr. Whiteside has of late varied his Shakespearean roles with those of the romantic drama, and while he will admit that the latter do not make the demands upon his art, he will probably reply that there is a decided improvement in the vicinity of the box office, and that an actor cannot sacrifice everything to art.

"Heart and Sword" is a romantic story that is very pleasing, and yet not very much out of the ordinary run of such plays. It is very pretty, appeals to the sentiments, and is just the kind of play to completely captivate the feminine sex.

Mr. Whiteside appears in the character of a young prince who loves pleasure and an easy life and is indifferent to the welfare of his principality. Beneath this outward carelessness there is a strong nature which is finally aroused and blossoms forth and, of course, it is love that stirs the man. The love story is a very pretty one, but not go especially new one. The lovely princess, forced by state reasons to marry a man whom she has never seen and of whom she has heard little that is good, afterward meeting him incognito and falling in love with him without being aware of his identity, is not a new situation, but in this case it was a pretty story, well retold. Miss Lelia Woolstan, as the princess, was delightful, sustaining the dignity of the role and yet infusing into it the necessary sympathy and womanly feeling. The cast throughout was good, one of the best that has ever surrounded Mr. Whiteside.

A CLEVER PERFORMANCE.

Andrew McPhee's big company played to another full house Saturday night at the Sixth Avenue theater and gave a good production of "An Arkansas Romance." The specialties introduced between the acts were first-class, and the dramatic performance would do credit to many higher priced attractions. The company is one of the best popular priced attractions that has ever visited Duluth. It closes its engagement here Wednesday evening.

AMUSEMENTS.

Sixth Avenue Theater Tonight!
(Formerly Turner Hall.)
Andrew McPhee's Big Company in The Meddler.
Prices—10c, 20c and 30c.
Matinee Wednesday, 10 cents to all.

Maccabee (HUNTER'S BLOCK) Hall
First Ave. W. and Superior St.
"Maccabee's Carnival" Your friends will be there. Commences Tomorrow Evening.
First class attractions. Refreshments.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT!
"Burton's Big Variety Company."
Three Hours of Fun. Don't miss it this week.

W. A. SCOTT, Pres. Duluth, Minn. R. L. McCORMICK, Vice Pres. Hayward, Wis. A. D. GOODMAN, Sec. & Treas. Duluth, Minn.

DULUTH UNIVERSAL MILL CO. 196 DULUTH UNIVERSAL PATENT DULUTH, MINN.

Duluth Universal Flour.
We have just completed our new up-to-date mill. Mr. Scott is going to make a most excellent grade of flour. It is our intention to run this mill constantly, and we believe, if the people of Duluth and vicinity will give us a fair portion of their trade, we will be able to do so. All grocers in Duluth will sell this flour. Ask them for it.

Duluth Universal Mill Co.
AN INDEPENDENT MILL.

TAXPAYERS!

Next Wednesday, October 31, is the last day to pay the second half of the current tax without penalty. If the second half is not paid on or before that day the law requires ten (10%) per cent additional to be added Nov. 1st. This law is mandatory and admits of no discretion on the part of the treasurer.

L. H. WHIPPLE,
County Treasurer.

PITIFUL APPEALS

Deplorable Arguments to Which Republicans Descend In This Campaign.

SILLY AND EVIL ROT

Threats to Paralyze Industry Should Bryan Be Elected President.

Of all the pitiful, silly and evil campaign arguments that were ever advanced since man attained to the right of voting upon the management of public affairs, the silliest, most pitiful and most evil is the attempt to influence votes by the publication in the Republican press of enterprises and big orders depending on the selection of Mr. Kinley. This was begun in the campaign of 1896, and it has been worked in this campaign with great persistency until the "sentiment" order is a very familiar and amusing figure. For instance, such items as this are frequently found in the Republican papers:

"The Pittsburg Iron and Steel company announces that it has received sufficient large orders for its product depending upon the election of McKinley. If Bryan is elected Peter Q. Shadbeltz, president of the company, says that the plant will close down indefinitely, throwing 3,000,000 men out of employment."

If this method of clubbing voters into support of the Republican candidates continues the following items may be expected to appear in the columns of Republican newspapers:

"Hon. J. Bucket Shopper states that he has purchased 200 bushels of December wheat, contingent upon the election of McKinley. He says that he has watched the market closely during the past four years, and the result of his observation is that the Republican prosperity factory has attained a marvelous faculty of reducing the crops in one portion of the country while increasing them in another, creating a foreign demand for wheat at the same time, thus raising the value of the cereal. In case of Bryan's election the deal is off, for in that case he fears that nature will take its course, and that the usual law of supply and demand will affect the wheat market. This would reduce the speculation in wheat options to a gambling basis, and Mr. Shopper is unalterably opposed to gambling."

"An incident occurred the other day that shows the feeling of those in charge of the business affairs of the country toward the candidacy of Bryan. H. Coupon-Clipper, the wealthy capitalist, ordered eighteen tons of coal to be delivered if McKinley is elected. In case Bryan is successful Mr. Coupon-Clipper says that he cannot afford to burn coal, but will move South with his family to keep warm."

"The attitude of the worthy farmers of this section toward the attempt of William Jenning Bryan to capture the presidency from its rightful owners, the syndicates of the country, is well shown by an incident at a leading hardware store yesterday afternoon. John Finkelson, the most prominent farmer of Barton township, was in getting a supply of grubs for use on his farm, and he announced that if Bryan was elected he would make no attempt to cultivate his soil next year, but will let it remain fallow until Mark Hanna recommends and elects a president again. He said that he was led to this course by his convictions, after hearing Hon. M. Spellbinder, the most noted Republican orator, speak at the school house in Barton township last week. Frank Doodledumps, from the French Settlement, said that he had decided not to carry out his intention of buying a hayrake unless McKinley is elected, for he does not believe that it will pay him to do any haying next year if Bryan is elected."

"Henry Fitzbottom, the Republican candidate for overseer of highways, is a great believer in the success of the Republican ticket, and in its failure he sees only disaster and dismay. In case the ticket is not elected, he has notified his butcher to send liver instead of beefsteak to his house after Nov. 6, and has given his grocer instructions to send buckwheat instead of flour after the same date, because he expects to be compelled to live on pancakes."

"The Fiddlederoo Iron works has posted a notice on its doors to the effect that if Bryan is elected it will have to employ a new set of men. This should be a sufficient argument to the present employes to induce them to vote for the candidate of prosperity, William McKinley."

In other words, if Bryan is elected the soil will cease to yield, the sun will shine no more, the rain will never again appease the thirst of the growing plants, the demand for food and clothing will end and the factories that supply them will shut down. The forge will be silent, the cheerful profanity of the farmhand as he guides his work-horses toward the fat, productive furrows will be heard no more. No more will idle hands find work to do, no more will the laws of nature be effective, for the retirement of McKinley will repeal them. All will be misery, gloom, panic, disaster, sorrow, pain, a very nightmare of dismay, and now Grover, where the dark clouds of hades hover, will croak the words [illegible] "in prophet, crying: "I told you so! I told you so!"

"No Eye Like the Master's Eye."

You are master of your health, and if you do not attend to duty, the blame is easily located. If your blood is out of order, Hood's Sarsaparilla will purify it.

It is the specific remedy for troubles of the blood, kidneys, bowels or liver.

Kidneys—"My kidneys troubled me, and on advice took Hood's Sarsaparilla which gave prompt relief, better appetite. My sleep is refreshing. It cured my wife also." MICHAEL BOYLE, 3473 Denny Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Scrofulous Humor—"I was in terrible condition from the itching and burning of scrofulous humor. Grew worse under treatment of several doctors. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills. These cured me thoroughly." J. J. LITTLE, Fulton, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

DULUTH WINS.

Immense Crowd Sees Ashland Football Eleven Go Down to Defeat.

Nearly 1500 bulldogged enthusiasts surrounded the gridiron at Oneota Park on Saturday afternoon and saw the crack high school eleven win a hard game from Ashland. The score was 17 to 0. The high school men before the game were confident of winning, but were not so sure of keeping the heavy Wisconsin team from crossing the goal line. That was before the game. After the referee's whistle blew the playing was almost entirely in Ashland's territory and, somewhat once during the forty-five minutes of hard play was Duluth's goal in danger.

The Ashland team did not arrive until late and the big crowd grew a little impatient. When the Wisconsin men did show up the feeling of impatience gave way to apprehension, for they looked much heavier than the Duluth men. It was soon long, however, before Duluth's terrific line backing, good interference, and nerve, began to restore the confidence of the rooters. At nearly every plunge the local men would toss the Ashland line to bobs and then will. Still Duluth played a much slower game than at either St. Cloud or Ironwood, and the men are capable of putting considerable more speed in their play.

Ashland played an unusually rough game and it is probable that unless a few features in sugging tactics are abolished the return game at Ashland will be cancelled. At least that was Coach Parke's impression after the game. Ashland put Fred Mallet out of the game in the first half in a manner that would not bear investigation.

In the first half Haroldson and F. Mallett hammered the line repeatedly for steady gains, working the guards back and fake guard's back formations very cleverly and with great success. In less than ten minutes A. Cummings was sent through the line for a touchdown. The angle was difficult and he missed a hard goal.

In the second half the Duluth men put more vim and ginger into their work and proved that they could not only outpoint Ashland when it came to the line scrub, the features of the game and gridiron generalship, but that they were also in better condition. The Ashland men began to tire out, but the Duluth players were fresher in the second half than in the first. They seemed to get their second wind. Rakowsky was brought back and sent clear over the line for a 60-yard run before downed on Ashland's 8-yard line. It was a pretty run and one that will long be remembered by the cheering enthusiasts that crowded the side lines. On the 8-yard line Duluth resorted to its battering ram style of play and in a few seconds sent Capt. Wood across the line for the second touchdown. A. Cummings kicked a pretty goal. The third and last touchdown was made by Rakowsky and it was the logical sequence of some of the cleverest football ever seen on a Duluth gridiron. Cummings kicked another good goal.

The two teams lined up as follows:

Duluth—		Ashland—
Wood	right end	Apothegroye
Whipple	right end	Poole
Potter	right tackle	Oakley
A. Mallett	right guard	Commingore
G. Cummings	center	J. Armstrong
Rakowsky	left guard	Mattson
McInnis	left tackle	Bahken
Bradley	left end	H. Armstrong
Olson	quarter back	Kellogg
F. Mallett	right half	Armstrong
Wood	right half	[illegible]
Haroldson	left half	Henten
A. Cummings	full back	Anley

Score, Duluth, 17; Ashland, 0. Touchdowns, A. Cummings, Wood and Rakowsky. Goals, A. Cummings. (2). Umpire, Scott. Referee, Clint McCormick. Time of halves, twenty and twenty-five minutes.

POLITICAL ROUND UP

C. C. McCarthy, Willcuts' Choice as Successor to Morris, Speaks Here.

GOV. LIND'S COMING

Will Be Feature of the Week In Democratic Circles---Nelson on Wednesday.

The Republican committee has turned C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, loose upon the voters of Duluth. Mr. McCarthy is the man whom L. M. Willcuts has picked out as the next congressman for it is pretty generally understood that Page Morris will not be nominated again whether he is elected or defeated this time. The Windom men are giving that out cold and they mean that Mr. Windom shall have the place two years from now. Mr. Willcuts is not of the kind that will sit by, however, and let his bitter opponents unseat him from his position as congressman-at-large in that manner and so he has picked out C. C. McCarthy as the legatee of the job. If Page Morris had been defeated in this county last spring all the Morris support throughout the district was to have been thrown to Mr. McCarthy.

Mr. McCarthy spoke Saturday evening at Columbia hall and he is coming again. His speech was in his usual vein. He pictured the prosperity which prevails in the country and attributed it all to the Republican party, claiming that the Republicans could find their platform in that while the Democrats had for their platform purely imagination. He discussed trusts and imperialism and belittled their importance as issues.

In Stearns This Week.

Page Morris is putting in this week in Stearns county trying to discover what has become of the German Gold Democrats who were supporting him two years ago. That the task will be a discouraging one for him there is no doubt. His dates are as follows: Monday night, Sauk Center; Tuesday night, Melrose; Wednesday night, Belgrade; Thursday night, Paynesville; Friday night, Cold Springs; Saturday night, St. Cloud.

GOV. LIND COMING.

Great Interest In His Appearance Here Thursday Evening.

In Democratic circles the great interest of this week centers in the coming of Governor Lind. He will be in the city Thursday evening and will speak at Great Eastern hall in West Duluth and later in Normanna hall at the West End. Governor Lind will be greeted by audiences that will pack the halls to their utmost for the interest in his coming is little less than which preceded the coming of Mr. Bryan. All the Republican slanders which have been heaped upon his administration and all the belittling tactics that have been resorted to have not shaken the confidence of the people in Governor Lind and there is more interest than ever to hear him.

Henry Truelsen will also speak here, alternating with Governor Lind.

THE FINAL APPEALS.

Duluth to Overflow With Eloquence Next Monday Night.

The night before election, Monday next, will see a great uncorking of political eloquence in Duluth. Hon. Charles A. Towne will be here and will make two or three speeches that evening, appearing finally at the Armory. The Republicans are really hopeful of getting crowds that evening to hear their own speakers and will put Page Morris and C. C. McCarthy, the proposed Morris successor, in here to compete with Mr. Towne. They will speak at Columbia hall and Great Eastern hall. Henry Truelsen will also appear here that evening and will alternate with Mr. Towne.

Next Wednesday evening Hon. Knute Nelson will speak at the Armory. The Republicans will give him a big demonstration, all the clubs turning out with brass bands, etc.

The Oldest and Best.

S. S. S. is a combination of roots and herbs of great curative powers, and when taken into the circulation searches out and removes all manner of poisons from the blood, without the least shock or harm to the system. On the contrary, the general health begins to improve from the first dose, for S. S. S. is not only a blood purifier, but an excellent tonic, and strengthens and builds up the constitution while purging the blood of impurities. S. S. S. cures all diseases of a blood poison origin, Cancer, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Chronic Sores and Ulcers, Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, Herpes and similar troubles, and is an infallible cure and the only antidote for that most horrible disease, Contagious Blood Poison.

A record of nearly fifty years of successful cures is a record to be proud of. S. S. S. is more popular today than ever. It numbers its friends by the thousands. Our medical correspondence is larger than ever in the history of the medicine. Many write to thank us for the great good S. S. S. has done them, while others are seeking advice about their cases. All letters receive prompt and careful attention. Our physicians have made a life-long study of Blood and Skin Diseases, and better understand such cases than the ordinary practitioner who makes a specialty of no one disease.

SSS

We are doing great good to suffering humanity through our consulting department, and invite you to write us if you have any blood or skin trouble. We make no charge whatever for this service.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

THE WORLD'S MORALS.

Discussion as to Whether They Grow Better or Worse.

Whether the world is better today than in times gone by was the question debated yesterday at the seventh reform meeting at Columbia hall, under the auspices of the Scandinavian Christian Temperance union. Strong arguments were made on both sides. Grace Nyman, representing the negative, said that the way Christian nations send liquor to heathen lands together with missionaries is not a good sign of moral improvement. On the opposite side A. Thoren contended that three great factors have done wonderful things to improve the moral condition during the last twenty-five years, the young people's movement, the Sunday school work and the modern Christian temperance movement, and these have mostly had their origin in our free land.

Rev. J. A. Anderson gave a short address. He said the moral conditions are better than during former times. Christian work has done much in our land in our communities toward the enlightenment of the race. Each branch of religious work has been helpful in spreading the great fundamental principles of the Grand Master of Nazareth. "Jesus Christ was the world's greatest reformer," the speaker said, "and there is yet opportunity in abundance to establish his principles. There are other evils than that of the rum traffic, but our aim in regard to this question is to outline intoxicating beverages to the chemical laboratory to be used for what they are made for, and not legalize its sale and thereby destroy humanity."

Mr. Anderson expressed the hope at the close of the program that the time may come when there will be an opportunity to vote against this great evil.

A piano solo was rendered by Miss Florence Nelson, and selections were given by the Northern quartet. Ester Anderson and Signe Johnson gave two fine duets. The meeting was not very largely attended, the weather being unfavorable. The exercises closed with prayer by Rev. O. H. Wilson.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

Lake Superior Instructors to Hold Annual Session Next Month.

The Lake Superior Teachers' association will hold its annual sessions at Duluth on Friday and Saturday, Nov. 30 and Dec. 1. The association has a membership of about 400 teachers from towns within a radius of 150 miles of the head of the lake, and the attendance is expected to be very large. Reduced rates will be made on the railroads, and the local hotels will probably give special rates to the visiting teachers.

The program has been arranged by Principal C. A. Smith of the high school, who is acting president of the organization. It has many very interesting features.

On Friday, besides the customary opening addresses, there will be an illustration of work in physical culture by classes under the direction of Professor Alletzheuser. States Superintendent L. D. Harvey of Wisconsin will talk on "Lesson Plans," Professor E. W. Walker of the Superior normal on "History in the Grades," and Superintendent J. T. Hooper on "History as a Preparation for Citizenship."

On Friday evening Professor Albion W. Small of the chair of sociology of the Chicago university, will lecture on "The Sociological Element in Education."

On Saturday morning the association will devote itself to the subject of English. Professor S. A. Lynch, of Superior, and Superintendent E. T. Reid, of Cloquet, will lead in the papers and discussion.

The officers of the association are: President, C. R. Fraser, Superior; vice president, C. A. Smith, Duluth; secretary, Miss Jennie N. Smith, Bayfield; executive committee, B. N. Wheeler, Duluth; J. T. Hooper, Ashland, Wis., and the officers. President Fraser removed from the district some time ago and Professor Smith is acting president.

DAMAGE SUITS BEGUN.

Personal Injury Actions Brought Against Two Corporations.

Two personal injury suits were begun in district court Saturday afternoon through John Jenswold, Jr. The estate of Leopold Ivetz asks the court for judgment for $5000 against the Chandler Iron company for the death of Ivetz, who was an ore trimmer in the company's mines at Ely. The complaint alleges that he was sent into a drift in the mine Jan. 10, 1900, to fill a tram car with ore. The drift, not being properly timbered, caved in and killed him.

John Ervin wants $12,200 from the Millen-Arnold Lumber company for personal injuries. He was working as a "top-loader" for the company when he was hurt, and he claims that the company was negligent in not supplying a foot brake and in not having a competent engineer in charge. A log fell on his foot crushing it, and he wants $200 to reimburse him for the time lost in getting it cured and $12,000 for the injuries.

HOLD-UP SATURDAY NIGHT.

L. M. Austin is Relieved of Small Sum of Money.

L. M. Austin, of 524 Lake avenue north, was held up by two men Saturday night and robbed of $5.30, a bunch of keys and a knife. It was rumored that the two men that did the hold-up were members of the Republican county committee, and in the dark mistook Mr. Austin for a minor county officer, but this was later denied.

Mr. Austin is a brother of "Zeke" Austin. He was out in the West End during the evening attending some sort of a rally and was on his way home when the two men nabbed him at the corner of Third avenue east and Second street. The police were unable to get a trace of the two hold-up men.

MULLER IS DEAD.

The Eminent German Savant Joins the Silent Majority.

London, Oct. 29.—The Rt. Hon. Friedrich Max Muller, corpus professor of comparative philology at Oxford university, is dead.

His disease was an affection of the liver. Until ten days ago he was able to continue writing his autobiography. He was perfectly conscious until yesterday morning. Frequently during his illness dispatches of inquiry were received from Emperor William.

Dessert For Today.

You need not worry about it if you have Burnham's Hasty Jellycon in the cupboard. Only necessary to dissolve in hot water and stand away to cool to secure the most delicious jelly. Absolutely pure gelatine, sugar and fruit flavors. Flavors: Lemon, orange, raspberry, strawberry, wild cherry, peach; also unflavored "calfsfoot" for wine and coffee jelly. Your grocer sells it.

THE SALE OF SILKS.

We have placed oh sale several hundred yards of high Class Silks at prices much below their usual worth—because of our desire to demonstrate to our customers that **we can** and **do** sell the best grade of merchandise as low and lower than many stores—for the inferior sorts—These silks are taken from our regular stock—bought from the best wholesale concerns in America and Europe—and, at a time when their stocks were choice and at their best. We offer you—no **Job Lots**, or **Seconds**—but first class, reliable goods—and we stand by every dollar's worth of it that we sell—we are confident that no first-class silks have been placed before the women of Duluth where so much quality, newness, styles and little prices have been so carefully blended as in these special offerings.

Plain **Black Taffetas, 27-inch, $1 quality, on sale at** ---- **69c**

21-inch **Black Peau de Soie,** $1.25 quality, on sale at ---- **89c**

24-inch **Black Peau de Soie,** $1.25 quality, on sale at ---- **89c**

21-inch **Black Peau de Soie,** $1.00 quality, on sale at ---- **69c**

21-inch **Black Satin** Rhadame, $1.50 quality, on sale at ---- **$1.09**

25-inch **Black Satin** Duchess, $1.25 quality, on sale at ---- **79c**

21-inch **Black Satin** Duchess, $1.35 quality, on sale at ---- **95c**

22-inch **Black-Brown's** Armure, $1.50 quality, on sale at ---- **$1.09**

22-inch **Black-Brown's** Gros de Londres, $1.50 quality, on sale at ---- **$1.09**

21-inch Black Fancy Corded Taffetas—$1 quality, on sale at ---- **69c**

Fancy Taffetas in plaids, stripes, checks corded, and Persians, all shades and color combinations, all from $1.25 and $1.50, at-- **69c**

Fancy Satin and Taffeta Stripes, all new goods, $1.50 quality, regular wholesale price $1.15, on sale at ---- **89c**

Braided and Corded Taffetas, $1.50 quality, on sale at ---- **89c**

Check and Plaid Taffetas, value 75c to $1.25, in a variety of colors, on sale at **59c**

Special Values---DRESS GOODS---Special Values.

$1.50 Goods at $1.25.

Black Dress Goods—Black Pebble Cheviots, Camel's Hair Zibolines, Wide Wale Cheviots, Unfinished Worsteds, Clay Serges, English Serges, French Whipcords, Satin Prunellas, Tailor Venetians, Draps de Ete, and Granites, all regular $1.50 values, on sale Tuesday at $1.25 a yard

Colored Dress Goods—

Satin Prunellas—Handsomest cloth on the market. Colors—Fuschia, Gun Metal, Navy, Delf Blue, New Green, Plum, Seal and Castor. Regular price $2.75; on sale Tuesday at $1.98 the yard.

$2.75 Prunellas at $1.98.

$3.50 Venetians at $2.98.

Imported Venetians—The swell fabric—all shades—in both solid and mixed effects in the new Browns, Grays, Blues, Greens and Garnet. Regular $3.50 goods—on sale Tuesday at $2.98 the yard.

All-Wool Venetians—54 inches wide and strictly all wool—in all the leading shades. Please compare with what is sold all over the town for $1.00 and $1.25. Tuesday's price, 90c the yard.

$1.25 and $1.00 Goods at 90 cents.

Silberstein & Bonds Company.

TRUELSEN CONFIDENT

Prospect Is Fine and Expects to Gain Over 1898 Everywhere.

BET TO A STANDSTILL

Republican Money Which Was So Freely Offered Is Down Now.

Henry Truelsen arrived in the city yesterday and was on the streets of Duluth this morning, giving his friends his best campaign shake—and a great shake it is, too—and telling them of the fine receptions he has been having everywhere. He is looking hale, hearty and happy, as though he had been off on a picnic instead of going through the arduous task of campaigning a great congressional district.

"Everything looks fine," he said to a Herald man. "In all of the counties outside of St. Louis I am confident that I will get a larger vote than did Mr. Towne two years ago. Of St. Louis county I am not prepared to say anything for I have not been here for any work since I opened my campaign and hence have not been around the county. I fear nothing from this county, however, and believe that I will do as well here as in the outside district.

"In saying that I expect to get more votes in the district than did Mr. Towne, I do not mean that I consider myself more popular than Mr. Towne, but the vote this year will be larger owing to the number that have been naturalized during the past two years. Then, too, there are questions in this campaign which have taken a peculiar hold upon the people. The imperialistic policy of the Republican party, the tendency toward militarism and the extraordinary growth of trusts under the Republican administration have alarmed the common people and they are rising against these evils and will be heard on election day.

"In every part of the district I have met with a most cordial reception and in not a single instance have I had a meeting which has been a failure. The people are taking a deeper interest in this campaign than they did four years ago and everywhere men can be heard asserting that while they voted for McKinley four years ago this year they will vote for Bryan and the Democratic party.

"John Lind is running tremendously. I do not see how it is possible to beat him. All over the Sixth district I find that he is known as the best governor Minnesota ever had and he will get votes of farmers, laborers and business men who did not vote for him two years ago."

Mr. Truelsen left this afternoon for Biwabik and will speak there this evening. Tomorrow he will speak at Eveleth and Virginia and Wednesday will be at Hibbing.

BACKING DOWN.

Republican Betting Signs Come Down---Have Been Bet to a Standstill.

The Republicans have been crowing for days about the large amount of Republican money which was going begging for want of takers. The Republican pool room in the Torrey block has been plastered with signs advertising all kinds of bets. Today there is a change. The signs have come down. The money is withdrawn, and where a short time ago they were advertising all kinds of odds they are now frightened when they offer to bet even money.

One of the placards which they have been displaying, and about which they have done much boasting, was one offering even money that McKinley would have more than 75,000 plurality in New York. Every dollar of money that was offered at these terms was snapped up by Democrats, and some of them have failed to get bets that were posted. One of the signs placarded was in Charles Schiller's cigar store, and $200 was the amount named. A local Democrat and a man who stands high financially went in and told Mr. Schiller that he would cover the bet and would bring the money in in a short time. He returned a little later and was informed that the money was withdrawn.

Another bet offered was even money that McKinley, Morris and Van Sant will be elected. A Democrat tried to cover this but up to this morning had failed to have it covered.

The sum of $2500, which was put up with J. J. Wall to bet on Bryan, at odds of one to four, has been covered, the Republicans putting up $10,000. The money came from Chicago. The $10,000 has not yet been covered, the Republicans finding it pretty difficult to raise $40,000. The truth is that the big amount of money in the East ready to be put on McKinley at almost any odds, has existed more in the minds of Republican newspaper correspondents than in cash.

As stated in The Herald Saturday, there is another $800 at Mr. Wall's place to bet on Bryan at odds of one to four. Saturday a well known Republican politician went in and said that he would put up $800 against $200 of the amount. Later he came back and said that he had changed his mind.

The Republicans have been putting up their old game of bluff and have been called. The Democrats have not been going after them, but when there are any particular choice offers made they are snapping them up. The Republicans have been bet to a standstill on their own propositions within the past two days.

OFFERING TO TRADE.

Republicans Doing Anything to Get Votes For Van Sant.

The desperation of the Republicans in their efforts to save Van Sant is terrific and they will stop at nothing to defeat John Lind. Within a few days candidates for office on the fusion ticket in this county as well as other Democrats who are known to have influence have been approached with offers to give votes for almost any office in exchange for votes for Van Sant. This proposition has even gone so far as to offer to give votes for legislative candidates. It is anything to beat John Lind and get the state machinery back into Republican hands.

"A dose in time saves lives." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

MARINE NEWS.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Vessels in the grain trade were in brisk demand particularly for loading this month. Rates were strong at 1½c on corn and a good business was done during the forenoon.

OBSTRUCTS THE CHANNEL.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 29.—After making an examination of the location of the sunken barge Mratha at Grosse point in Lake St. Clair, Col. C. J. Lydecker, U. S. engineer, issued the following cautionary notice to vessel masters: "The west half of Grosse point channel in Lake St. Clair is blocked by the sunken barge Martha. Vessels can pass only through the easterly half, and those bound up should check and stop so as not to meet down bound craft in the obstructed section. Nor should vessels bound in the same direction attempt to pass each other in this section."

THE COLONIAL RELEASED.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Oct. 29.—The sunken steamer Colonial swung off the shoal yesterday morning when the pumps had been put to work and lightering was unnecessary. She was brought here and temporary repairs have been made.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Venice, 1:15 last night; Simpson, Correy, 2 a. m.; Baldwin and barges, 2:15; Maricopa, Maida, 2:30; Veronica, Reed, 2:40; Wilhelm and consorts, 7:30.

Up yesterday: Pioneer, Chattanooga, Arizona and consorts, 11 a. m.; Hopkins and consorts, 11:20; Holden, 11:40; Yale, noon; Wright, Tacoma, 1:20 p. m.; Codorus (cleared), 3:30; Siberia, 5:10; Argo and consorts, Auburn, Nicol, 6:40; Stafford and consorts, 9.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Oct. 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Hiawatha, 11:20 last night; Sollah, Connolly Bros., Peshtigo, midnight; United Empire, 1:40; Johnson, 2:20; Selwyn Eddy, 4; Presque Isle, 5:40; Castle, Rhodes, 4; Cadillac, 6:30; Carnegie, Gilbert, 6:30; Merrimac, Gilchrist, Tyrone, 10:30. Down: Waddo, 10:20 last night; Queen City, 2:20; Italia, Amazonas, Pathfinder, Sagamore, 4; V. H. Ketchum, Fayette Brown, 5; Robert Fryer, Athabasca, Eber Ward, 8.

Up yesterday: Joliet, Naples, Schuck, 11 a. m.; Harvard, 11:20; Marshall, Tilden, Kingfisher, Manitoba, Prentice, Halsted, Middlesex, Bannockburn, noon; J. D. Marshall, 1 p. m.; Maunaloa, 1:40; Myles, 2; Shingo, Shawnee, Sig Traverse, Macy, Wilson, 3:40; Peshtigo, 4; Rugee, Germanic, 4:20; Wallace, Ashland, Aztec, 5; Gratwick, Moravia, 5:20; Maryland, Iroquois, 9; Cranage, 9:40; Iroquois, 11:20. Down: Hesper, 3; Hudson, Corsica, 9:20; German, Williams, 11; Marina, Manda, Northern Wave, 1:40; Palliki, Harper, Antrim, 2:20; Frick, ePase, Planet, 6; Morse, 7:40; Waldo, 10:40.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Rose, Buckeye State, Buffalo, salt; Schuylkill, North Star, Buffalo, merchandise; Olympia, Astania, Lake Erie, coal; Pringle, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Penobscot, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—Fryer, Gladstone, Glasgow, Spokane, Mohegan, Mingo, Corsica, Waldo, Oliver, Lake Erie, ore; Scranton, Buffalo, grain; Ward, Northern Queen, Buffalo, flour.

Later—Arrived—Bradshaw, south shore, passengers and merchandise; Bon Ami, north shore, passengers and merchandise; Hanna, Lake Erie, light for ore; Vega, Lake Erie, coal; McDougall, Buffalo, light for grain.

Departed—Bradley and consorts, Pringle and consorts, Lindsay, Wall, McGregor, Smith, Lake Erie, lumber; Roumanian, Barlum, Santiago, Lake Erie, ore; Lackawanna, Buffalo, grain; Bon Voyage, Hancock, passengers and merchandise; Dixon, Port Arthur, passengers and merchandise; North Star, Buffalo, flour.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Weimar, from Bremen.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, New Jersey. Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St. North-Land Printery, Torrey building.

The Women's auxiliary of the Unitarian church will meet with Mrs. A. L. Agatin, 317 East Second street on Wednesday afternoon.

Palestine lodge No. 79, will confer the third degree tonight on a class. A smoker will follow.

The Spalding—A few rooms to rent monthly during the winter, without board.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

A marriage license has been issued to Peter Walsh and Mary E. Lacey.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Martin L. Olander and Robert M. Edwards.

The rush for license to kill deer and moose at the office of the county auditor continues, and up to noon today 357 licenses had been issued, of which five were to non-residents of the state and two to women. It is not believed that the number issued will reach that of last year.

Cara A. Spears, daughter of Frank M. Spears, and C. B. Seymour, of this city, were quietly married Saturday, Oct. 27, at Carlton.

This was a great day for cash drunks in police court. Edward Anderson, Charles Norman, Andrew Larson, Charles Poirier and Peter Wilson, each forfeited $12 by not appearing to answer to charges of drunkenness. The city is $60 better off. Lincoln Spears, Thomas Curbey and William Sheehan, went up for ten days for drunkenness.

The council meeting this evening may be more than lacking in ordinary interest. The matter of reapportioning electric lights so as to give lights to Lakeside, Lester Park, Woodland and Duluth Heights will not come up this evening as was expected. It is probable that nothing will be done in this connection till after election.

Detective Charles Mork, who was shot about two weeks ago, is again on duty.

PERSONALS.

John Panton returned from Chicago this morning where he attended yesterday the funeral of James Brennan, late treasurer of the Siegel-Cooper Co.

Mayor Hugo is confined to his home owing to a slight illness.

M. A. Thomas of Stillwater, is registered at the St. Louis.

F. S. Colvin, of Biwabik, was a caller in the city today.

Daniel Rogers, of Cloquet, is stopping at the St. Louis.

R. C. Stuart and E. L. Ford, of Youngstown, Kas., are in the city for a few day's visit.

O. W. Blodgett, a steamboat man of Bay City, Mich., is registered at the Spalding.

J. T. Emmerson, of Port Arthur, is in the city on a short business trip.

J. A. Davis, of Fargo, is in the city today.

One Democrat Quits.

J. J. Wall has ordered three gallons of whisky on the condition that McKinley is elected. Otherwise the deal is off.

Shipments of Men.

There was a period of great activity about the employment agencies today. A large number of men came into the city over Sunday and shipments out to various contract jobs have been heavier today than for some days past. Several large crews were sent to the logging camps. The National Employment company sent one crew of forty-five men to Clark & Jackson's camp near Foxboro, noon, and another at 4 o'clock to a camp near Ashland. The agency also sent a large number of men out on the Northern Pacific work near McKinley.

ILLEGAL REGISTRATION.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—Warrants charging more than 600 men with registering illegally are to be served tonight and tomorrow, according to officials of the Democratic county committee. The Republican leaders pronounce the threat of arrests to be a "campaign bluff."

Do not get scared if your heart troubles you. Most likely you suffer from indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and gives the worn out stomach perfect rest. It is the only preparation known that completely digests all classes of foods; that is why it cures the worst cases of indigestion and stomach trouble after everything else has failed. It may be taken in all conditions and cannot help but do you good. Max Wirth.

VON MUHLBERG APPOINTED.

Berlin, Oct. 29.—Dr. Von Muhlberg succeeds Baron Von Richthofen as foreign under secretary.

Torturing skin eruptions, burns and sores are soothed at once and promptly healed by applying DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the best known cure for piles. Max Wirth.

THE RICHELIEU GROCERY,

SUTTON & McCABE, Proprietors.
5 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

We lead and some of our would-be competitors close by try to imitate us, and copy our methods of doing business, but are to weak-kneed to make good their offer, or they cannot furnish the goods, but try to mislead you by telling you that sugar will be cheaper and not to purchase now; and further their offer is but for a limited time in the morning, when few people can take advantage of it. Our offer is good every hour in the day. Tuesday and Wednesday we will give you—

25 lbs. Sugar Our Best granulated, for ---- **$1.00**

With the Following Cash Order:

100 lbs of Our Best Fancy Patent Flour	$2.40
3 lbs of Our Richelieu Brand Mocha and Java Coffee	1.00
3 lbs of Our Fancy Japan Tea, best quality	1.50
3 bushels of Choicest Burbank Potatoes	1.20
6 cans Solid Packed Tomatoes	.50
6 cans Best Sugar Corn	.50
6 cans Early June Peas	.50
16 bars Kirk's Laundry Soo	.50
4 lb package Fairbanks Gold Dust	.25
1 lb Rumford's Baking Powder	.30
1 lb Pure Ground Pepper	.30
1 lb Pure Ground Alspice	.30
1 lb Pure Ground Ginger	.30
Assorted Dried Fruits	.45
	$10.00

20 lbs. Sugar Our Best Granulated, for ---- **$1.00**

With cash order for other goods amounting to $5.

18 lbs. Sugar Our best Granulated, for ---- **$1.00**

With cash orders for other goods amounting to $3.

EXTRA SPECIALS.

Apples, fine Cooking varieties, per peck	20c
Grapes, Concords, 10 lb baskets, Fancy	15c
Quinces, New York Fancy Stock, per peck	40c
Apples, sweet, for preserving, per Peck	30c
Plums, Purple Domes, last of the season, per basket	25c
Squash, Green Hubbards, each	5c
Rutabagos, Fancy, per peck	10c
Onions, large red stock, per peck	20c

Butter, Butter, Butter!

When you have tried everywhere without finding what you want, in Fancy Butter, come direct to us and we will show you the choicest line of both Creamery and Dairy Butter, in Duluth. We have a number of Fancy Butter Makers, who ship us weekly their entire product of Fresh Butter direct from the churn, who are practical Butter Makers and keep us supplied with a genuine good article and our prices are always right.

Butter, very Choice Creamery, per lb	24c
Butter, Dairy, Extra Fancy, per lb	22c
Butter, Dairy, Fancy, per lb	20c
Cheese, Full Cream, per lb	14c
Coffee, XXXX or Lion, 4 packages for	50c
Soap Powder, 3 packets only	10c
Soap, Laundry; 10 Bars, only	25c
Corn Starch, 3 packets, only	10c

Coffee! This week we are going to serve FREE our Celebrated Line of Richelieu Coffees, which are unquestionably the finest that can possibly be produced. Drop in and sample them. They are delicious. Remember we are distributing agents for the entire line of Richelieu Canned Fruits and Vegetables, which stand today without a rival. Try them and you will use no other. We make liberal reductions in buying case lots.

SUTTON & McCABE.

SELLING LUMBER

Duluth Manufacturers Making Sales Regardless of Result of Election.

MANY MILLIONS SOLD

During Past Ten Days Twenty-Two Million Feet Has Changed Hands.

The local lumber market was characterized by a considerable degree of business last week. Sales were good and there was more inquiry than for the several days preceding. The presence of a large number of Eastern lumber buyers in the Duluth market last week had much to do with its activity. Despite the reports that lumber business will fall flat if Bryan is elected, the business in the local market is going right on as if there were no presidential campaign rapidly nearing its climax. The total sales of the week or ten days past will very likely reach the 22,000,000 mark, at a very conservative estimate. Prices still continue to hold firm, though it is hinted that they have been shaded a little in some cases in order to permit the manufacturer to get a more rapid movement on certain of his stocks.

Clark & Jackson have disposed of 800,000 feet of their first cut at the new mill. The Lesure company is reported to have sold 1,000,000 feet of Norway and 1,250,000 feet of lath. The Musser-Sauntry company has disposed of some 500,000 feet of mixed stock. Richardson & Avery have let go 1,000,000 feet of No. 4 and some other stock. Alger-Smith & Co. have sold about 3,000,000 feet to go East. There have been a large number of smaller sales ranging from 100,000 to 500,000 feet.

There is said to be a strong tendency among the manufacturers to hold on to their No. 4 boards. There is a fair demand for box lumber. While some of the larger firms are said to be running with close stocks now, everything seems to point to plenty of lumber on the docks here when the last lumber boat clears for a lower lake port this season. The vessel rate remains firm at $2.50, though a Cleveland dispatch of yesterday tells of two $3 charters that were made from the head of the lake. Local shippers say that it must have been a pipe dream and to "forget it." Some do not see now the rate can hold at its present mark much longer, because more tonnage will be available next month. If the prediction is true that vesselmen mean what they say this year, by retiring their boats early, it may soon develop conditions that will not make it difficult to understand why the rate does not go lower, or prove a surprise if it slides up a little.

One of last week's sales was of 2,000,000 feet of the upper grades to go to Massachusetts by an all-rail route, the lumber to be put on the cars at this point.

Logging interests are beginning to show signs of great activity. Since the Nester estate bought the timber and mill of Knight & Villas it has surveyed and located a standard gauge road ten miles from the mouth of Gooseberry river, on the north shore, and has two miles graded with rails laid at the harbor end. The company has about 200 men at work grading, putting in camps, building docks, warehouses, etc., and will increase this number to 400 or 500 as soon as practicable. It is said that the Nester estate will cut over 40,000,000 feet this season, and expects to get all the men necessary for the work.

Immense quantities of supplies are said to be going down the north shore to points where local concerns are operating this season. Camps are to be found along the shore where two years ago there was nothing. The Nester estate is working about eight miles beyond Two Harbors, and farther on the Merrill & Ring company have completed their road and docks and are already rafting logs to their mill here. At a dozen places beyond Split Rock there are said to be camps, and in one instance a mill. Considerable ties and pulp wood will be gotten out at the more distant camps.

Although the contract calls for twenty-five miles of the Brainerd & Northern extension from Bemidji this season, it is doubtful if this limit will be railed, because of the severe summer for the laborer. The line will probably be pushed into township 149, range 30, and extended later. No survey has been made from that point, but a preliminary survey crosses the Big Fork above the mouth of the Sturgeon, and runs in a direct line to the foot of Rainy lake. The line skirts the east end of an immense swamp extending easterly from Red lake, and runs across sixteen miles to it, that must of the road surveyed being actually in the swamp. At its Big Forks and Sturgeon river crossings the road will tap all the quantities of timber on those streams that now have no market except in Canada, and haul it to the South and Mississippi river. It will also open up the spruce forests along the Big and Little Forks and give an opportunity for the 20,000 horse-power of the water of Rainy lake falls. Nearly 1000 men are at work on the line.

ARMORY

Wednesday Evening, Oct. 31.

Hon. Knute Nelson.

County Ballots Printed.

The county ballots arrived Saturday from Virginia, where they were printed, and all of the election supplies are now ready to be given out Thursday, when the town, village and city clerks will appear at the auditor's office to receive them. Thursday will be a very busy day at the auditor's office, as all of the supplies will be given out on that day. There are 19,000 of the county ballots and 41,000 of the state ballots, besides the women's ballots and the little red ballot that is to be distributed by the city clerk in Duluth with the other election supplies.

No other pills can equal DeWitt's Little Early Risers for promptness, certainty and efficiency. Max Wirth.

THE SECOND INSTALLMENT.

Real Estate Taxes Must Be Paid By Wednesday Night.

Wednesday is the last chance for property owners to pay the second half of real estate taxes without a penalty. On Thursday morning, Nov. 1, a penalty of 10 per cent goes on the unpaid half of the taxes, and on the first of the year the taxes become delinquent and the property will go to sale for taxes in May.

Payments at the office of the county treasurer are active these days, on account of the above facts. This year payments of taxes are right up to the handle, and after Wednesday it is expected that the largest percentage of payments in years will be shown. A very large proportion of the taxes were paid in full before June 1, but most of the larger taxpayers took advantage of the half-payment plan, and so did many of the smaller taxpayers. By paying half the tax in May the penalty is averted, but it goes on the balance unless it is paid before Nov. 1.

Several Answers Filed.

Several answers were filed this morning to the case of John A. Humbird and Frederick Weyerhaeuser against the Alger-Smith company and a large number of other claimants of lands in this county that are also claimed by the plaintiffs through purchase from the Northern Pacific. The case involves quite an important dispute as to the terminus of the Northern Pacific and certain indemnity selections of land made by that road. The defendants deny the title of the plaintiffs, and claim that they acquired the lands either by settlement or by purchase from actual settlers who were allowed to file homestead claims. M. Douglas is the attorney for those who filed the answers this morning.

Peter Mitchell Living.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In reference to the statement prepared by the late George C. Stone in which he says that both William Willard and Peter Mitchell are dead, for the information of those interested, I wish to state that Peter Mitchell is not dead. I met him in Duluth two years ago, where he was staying temporarily after the loss of his home by fire in Ontonagon in August, 1896. He is now living with his daughter in California. He has a daughter, Mrs. J. S. Monroe, also living at Ironwood, Mich. Yours truly, JOHN B. HARTFORD.

Two Harbors, Oct. 27.

CHANGES ARE MADE.

Cuba Now One Military Department and Wood Commands.

Washington, Oct. 29.—An order was issued today, by direction of the president, discontinuing the division of Cuba and the eastern and western departments of that division and establishing the department of Cuba. Gen. Leonard Wood is placed in command of the new department.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee is ordered to the command of the department of the Missouri, with headquarters at Omaha.

Gen. E. S. Otis has been ordered to Chicago to command the department of the lakes.

The department of the Missouri has been under command of Gen. Merriam and the department of the lakes under the command of Gen. Wade, both of whom have had the command temporarily.

The best method of cleansing the liver is the use of the famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Easy to take. Never gripe. Max Wirth.

A BIG DAY.

Bryan Is Given a Stunt of Thirty Speeches to Tackle.

Bainbridge, N. Y., Oct. 29.—Mr. Bryan began the first day of the last week with a short speech at this place. His train had been run from New York to Bainbridge, via Albany, during the night and brought up here at 7 o'clock. Notwithstanding the early hour there was a throng of people at the railway station and Mr. Bryan was compelled to respond to their calls.

Mr. Bryan started the day with a schedule of thirty speeches before him, but he announced early this morning that he was never in better condition, and said he wanted to make all the speeches so as to break his own record, the highest number which he had hitherto made in one day being twenty-seven.

This point developed a new orator in the party, in the person of James C. Dahlman, the Nebraska national committeeman. While the crowd was waiting at the depot for Mr. Bryan, and clamoring for his appearance, Mr. Dahlman stepped out on the rear platform to explain the situation. Then he made a speech, telling the people that he had been with Mr. Bryan from the beginning of the campaign and he was sure there would be a landslide in his state.

"There are gains everywhere, said he, "even in Canton, the president's own home, where Mr. Bryan received only thirty-seven votes in 1896, there is now a Democratic club of between 400 and 500 members, and he concluded "Canton is only a sample of what is going on."

Mr. Bryan was greeted by a fine crowd when he began to speak at Bainbridge. He said:

"I extended the time of my stay in New York in order to come up into this part of the state. I am glad to talk to farmers, for it seems to me that if the people of this country who are working on the farm, who are making their living out of the soil, will examine public questions, that very few farmers will be able to give a reason for voting the Republican ticket. In this part of New York you have a great many Republican farmers; in fact, the Republicans have now admitted that the cities are lost. They started out with the full dinner pail as an argument. They started out with the assertion that the country was prosperous and that, therefore, everybody would vote the Republican ticket, and yet today the Republicans are not mentioning the full dinner pail any more."

Proceeding, Mr. Bryan said that the Republicans had abandoned the idea of carrying the cities and were now appealing to the farmers.

HE MENTIONS McKINLEY.

Roosevelt Devotes a Little Time to the President.

Binghamton, N. Y., Oct. 29.—Governor Roosevelt started his second week of state campaigning this morning, the special train leaving this place at 10 o'clock. The governor is in excellent health, having enjoyed the quiet of yesterday and the relief from speaking. His throat was in good condition, considering that he has made 600 speeches since he started through the country. He has not lost flesh with his travel of 19,200 miles, but, in fact, has gained.

The trip for the day was arranged to include a fewer number of stops than for any day of the state tour, only three stops being scheduled, one at Cortland, where, it is arranged, the train is to stop for an hour; one at Ithaca, where three hours are to be spent, and final stop of the night, at Elmira.

When Governor Roosevelt finishes his trip, on Saturday next, he will have made 650 speeches and have traveled over 20,000 miles, a record equal to the combined record of all other candidates for national offices in the past fifty years, exclusive of Mr. Bryan.

Cortlandt, N. Y., Oct. 29.—Governor Roosevelt made his first stop of the day after leaving Binghampton at this place, at 11 o'clock. There was a great gathering of people to meet him, and in addressing them the governor took for his topic the administration of President McKinley, discussing it with more minuteness than heretofore. He paid some attention to Mr. Bryan's statement that he would hurt the trusts by taking off the tariff, and asked his auditors if they considered that admitting goods manufactured abroad by cheap labor would in any way inure to the betterment of those in this country engaged in the production of the articles now made more valuable by a protective tariff.

Hats that are made as carefully as the Gordon hat are sure to give satisfaction.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.** Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

LUMBER-SASH-DOORS. MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

Hair! and Complexion Specialist—Switches, 50c to $25. Ideal Tonic and Skin Food never fails. Manicuring, Chiropody, Electrolysis and Massage.

Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Superior St., Duluth. 1308 Tower Avenue, Superior.

THERE'S CONSTANT INQUIRY FOR ROOMS AND BOARD!

So that if you can provide either, 'twill pay you to keep that fact before applicants in the form of a Herald want ad the cost of which will be small. A landlady said the other day: "I keep my rooms full all the time through my ad in The Evening Herald. 324—2 rings—either 'phone.

HERALD BUSINESS OFFICE OPEN UNTIL 8 P. M.

REPORT OF WILSON

Annual Statement of the Chief of the Board of Engineers.

DEFENSES OF COAST

Subject Is Considered at Length---Estimates For Rivers and Harbors.

Washington, Oct. 29.—The important subject of coast defense, is the one considered in the annual report of C. M. Wilson, chief of engineers. Generally speaking, he reports most gratifying progress in the execution of the various projects during the last fiscal year. Because the report includes the fiscal year only, the subject of the destruction of the Galveston defenses by the September hurricane is left for treatment in another special report.

The torpedo system has been under careful study by expert officers in the light of European games during the Spanish-American war, but so far, only minor changes have been proposed.

Up to the present, thirty localities have been selected for defense on the coast. No formal projects were added to the list during the past year, but preliminary projects have been framed for the defense of the entrance to Chesapeake bay, and the defense of several other localities is under consideration. Attention has been given to the subject of coast defense for Puerto Rico and the Hawaiian islands, and in view of the importance of these island possessions, Gen. Wilson says active measures for their defense should be deferred no longer. A detailed project for the defense for the harbor of San Juan de Puerto Rico involves an estimated expenditure of $1,000,000. Preliminary projects for Pearl Harbor and Honolulu are also already available and ready for execution as soon as congress shall appropriate the funds.

The great changes in the character of guns and armor and ships since the Endicott board framed its plan, the coast defense plans now under execution have involved corresponding changes in those plans. The tendency towards reduction in the caliber of guns, together with the adoption of a successful type of disappearing gun carriage for 12-inch guns, has rendered unnecessary the armor for forts originally planned and now in use in Europe. There has been a reduction also in the number of mortars and a considerable strengthening of the batteries of smaller guns, owing to the development of the rapid-fire type, almost unknown at the time the Endicott board made its plans. These changes have resulted in marked economies without sacrifice of the strength of the defenses, and they will be continued.

The war with Spain had the effect of hastening the work on the coast defenses, and now, ten years after the work was begun he cannot the chief of engineers is able to report that 70 per cent of the work is complete. Twenty-five per cent of the harbors of the United States have a sufficient number of heavy guns and mortars in place to offer a resistance against any possible naval intruders.

Attention is invited to the urgent need for an increase for an artillery arm of the service, which is now too small to take care of the costly and complex defense works.

During the past year, negotiations have been in progress for the acquisition of following sites: In Boston harbor, two sites; Narragansett bay, two sites; New York harbor extension of Fort Wadsworth, Fort Royal, S. C., San Francisco and Eliott Passes, Puget Sound, but the proceedings are slow, owing to legal difficulties. The most important sites are those are those at Boston and one in New York harbor rendered necessary by the necessity of the proposed deep water entrance.

The report gives a summary of the work accomplished at each defense point during the past year.

The total of the estimates submitted on account of fortifications for next year is $4,715,000, of this amount, $4,715,000 is on account of the construction of gun and mortar batteries and position finders.

Gen. Wilson makes an earnest plea for the improvement of the engineer corps, which has been overtaxed by the additional work required on account of the new colonies in the new territory.

The second section of the report treats of river and harbor improvements of the country, for which estimates for the fiscal year ending June, aggregating $20,000,000, are submitted, to which are added $200,000 for surveys and contingencies, $3,800,000 for the Mississippi river commission, $1,000,000 under the Missouri river commission, $15,000 under the Colorado debris commission, and $2,000,000 for deficiency deposits in New York harbor.

The expenditures for the year ending June were $8,185,788, which does not include $125,000 paid the Eads estate for maintaining the jetties at the mouth of the Mississippi and $61,000 for surveys and examinations for a canal from the great lakes to the Atlantic.

The report is a review of all the work done during the fiscal year and refers especially to a number of important subjects, including the Chicago drainage canal, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, and the proposed memorial bridge connecting Washington and Arlington.

Of the Chicago drainage project, the report says that all the interests affected cannot be satisfied and the subject must be referred to congress for ultimate settlement. As to the lowering of the water level of the lakes, Gen. Wilson says that investigations made under the direction of the deep waterway commission and by others may furnish data upon which further consideration of the question may be based.

Among the estimates above $27,000 for the river and harbor work next year is $320,000 for the harbor at Duluth and Superior.

Other estimates in this class are: Ashland harbor, Wis., $80,000; waterway across Keweenaw point, from Keweenaw bay to Lake Superior, $155,000; Marquette harbor, Mich., $4,500; harbor of refuge, Grand Marais, Mich., $170,000; Sturgeon bay and Lake Michigan ship canal, $25,000; Sheboygan harbor, Wis., $48,000; harbor of refuge, Milwaukee, $119,000; Milwaukee harbor, $54,000; Fox river, Wis., $50,000; harbor of Sabine Pass, Texas, $250,000; Galveston harbor, $60,000; Galveston ship canal and Buffalo bayou, Texas, $200,000; mouth of Brazos river, Texas, $120,000; mouth of the Yazoo and Vicksburg harbor, Miss., $30,000; Mississippi river between Ohio and Missouri rivers, $750,000; Mississippi river between Missouri river and St. Paul, Minn., $750,000; Mississippi river between St. Paul and Minneapolis, $77,525; reservoirs head water of Mississippi river, $22,500; Missouri river, between Stubbs Ferry, Mont., and Sioux City, Iowa, $200,000; Cumberland river, Tennessee and Kentucky, below Nashville, $60,000; Cumberland river, above Nashville, $60,000; Tennessee river, below Chattanooga, $60,000; Ohio river, $40,000, movable dams, Ohio, $525,000; Chicago harbor, Illinois, $80,000; Chicago river, Illinois, $75,000; Calumet harbor, Illinois, $70,000; Calumet river, Illinois and Indiana, $60,000; Illinois river, Illinois, $60,000; Illinois and Mississippi canal, Illinois, $1,000,000; Michigan City harbor, Ind., $40,000; St Joseph's harbor, Mich., $53,000; Kalamazoo, Mich., $175,000; Holland harbor Mich., $75,000; Grand River, Mich., $175,000; Muskegon harbor, Mich., $55,200; White Lake harbor, Mich., $27,500; Ludington harbor, Mich., $69,200; Manistee harbor, Mich., $42,000; harbor of refuge at oPrtage lake, $40,000; Frankfort harbor, Mich., $4,500; Petoskey harbor, Mich., $25,000; Saginaw river, Mich., $[illegible],500; Detroit river, Mich., $200,000; Toledo harbor, Ohio, $250,000; Sandusky harbor, Ohio, $125,000; Huron harbor, Ohio, $50,000; Black River harbor, Ohio, $150,000; Cleveland harbor, Ohio, $190,500; Fairport harbor, Ohio, $210,000; Ashtabula harbor, Ohio, $210,000; Erie harbor, Pa., $125,000; Conneaut harbor, Ohio, $125,000; Buffalo harbor, N. Y., $250,000; Coquille river, Oregon, $57,000; Siuslaw river, Oregon, $25,000; canal at cascades, Columbia river, Oregon, $80,000; Willamette river, above Portland, Ore., $30,000; Columbia river and lower Willamette, below Portland, Ore., $225,000; mouth of the Columbia river, Oregon and Washington, $600,000; Gray's harbor, Wash., $25,000; Puget sound, $25,000; Olympia harbor, $25,000; waterway connecting Puget sound with lakes, Washington, $125,000; Snohomish slough, Washington, $30,000; Everett harbor, $40,000.

The estimates under the Mississippi river commission are $3,800,000 and include the following: Harbor at New Orleans, $200,000; Missouri river commission from Sioux City to the mouth of the Missouri, $1,000,000.

Under the head of miscellaneous items is the sum of $2,000,000 for the English system and $881,337 for the American system of filtration of the water supply of the national capital. Also an item of $380,000 for improvements in Yellowstone park.

THANKSGIVING.

President Sets the Day to Give Thanks For Blessings Received.

Washington, Oct. 29.—The state department today issued the following:

"By the President of the United States of America—A Proclamation: It has pleased almighty God to bring our nation in safety and honor through another year. The works of religion and charity have everywhere been manifest. Our country, through all its extent, has been blessed with abundant harvests. Labor and the great industries of the people have prospered beyond all precedent. Our commerce has spread over the world. Our power and influence in the cause of freedom and enlightenment have extended over distant seas and lands. The lives of our official representatives and many of our people in China have been marvelously preserved. We have been generally exempt from pestilence and other great calamities, and even the tragic visitation which overwhelmed the city of Galveston made evident the sentiments of sympathy and Christian charity by virtue of which we are one united people.

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, the 29th day of November next, to be observed by all the people of the United States, at home or abroad as a day of thanksgiving and praise to Him who holds the nations in the hollow of His hand. I recommend that they gather in their several places of worship and devoutly give Him thanks for the prosperity wherewith He has clothed us, for seed-time and harvest, for the valor, devotion and humanity of our armies and navies and for all His benefits to us as individuals and as a nation; and that they humbly pray for the continuance of His divine favor, for concord and amity with other nations and for righteousness and peace in all our ways.

"In witness thereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington, the 29th day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred, and of the independence of the United States, one hundred and twenty-third.

"WILLIAM McKINLEY.

"By the President:

"JOHN HAY,

"Secretary of State."

PRINCE DEAD.

Christian Victor, of Schleswig-Holstein, Succumbs to Fever at Pretoria.

London, Oct. 29.—A dispatch from Pretoria announces the death, of entric fever, of Prince Christian Victor of Schleswig-Holstein, eldest son of the Princess Helene, of England, and a grandson of Queen Victoria. He was born in 1867 and was a major in the King's Royal Rifles.

FOUL PLAY.

Evidence of a Tragedy Near Caledonia, Minn., Comes to Light.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 29.—The mystery which surrounded the strange disappearance of Peter Sac Mary, a cripple, aged 28, living with his parents on a farm near Caledonia, Minn., has finally been solved. The body of the young man was found yesterday afternoon in a badly decomposed condition about a mile from the Sac Mary farm. Across the remains lay two saplings, showing that the man did not meet death by his own hands. Immediately on the discovery of the body, the parents and three sons were arrested, charged with murder. An inquest is now in progress.

Sac Mary disappeared one Sunday last May. He was a cripple, both feet having been frozen off. A search was instituted for him, but not the slightest trace of him could be found. The farm of his parents was carefully searched by the authorities, but without results. The parents told several conflicting stories.

FILIPINOS ARE AGGRESSIVE.

Vigorously Attack American Troops But Are Driven Off.

Manilla, Oct. 29.—While scouting near Loec a detachment of the Twenty-eighth regiments under Capt. Beigler, was attacked by 400 insurgents armed with rifles, under the command of a white man, whose nationality is not known to the Americans. The insurgents for the most part were intrenched.

After an heroic fight Capt. Beigler drove off the enemy, killing more than seventy-five. The fight lasted two hours. Capt. Beigler and three privates were slightly injured and two of the Americans were killed.

A civilian launch towing a large barge loaded with merchandise near Arayat was attacked by a force of 150 insurgents, under David Fagin, a deserter from the Twenty-fourth infantry. The American troops on hearing the firing turned out in force before the boat could be capured and looted. Fagin, who has sworn special enmity against his former company, was in command of the twenty men who were captured four were returned, one, whose body was recovered, was horribly mutilated. Fagin sends a message to his former companions threatening them with a horrible fate. One of Fagin's former command, who was captured, was Lieut. Frederick W. Alstetter, who is still a prisoner.

Reports from Gen. Young's district show a daily increase of insurgent activity. While a detail of the Thirty-third infantry was returning from Bangued it was fired upon by insurgents. Sergt. Berstaller and two privates being killed.

Herald Wants 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

Corner house on Fifth street, water, sewer, bath and stone foundation $3200

110 East Fifth street, ... $1000

100 feet on Superior street, east of Seventh Avenue W., to lease on Reasonable Terms

225 feet front on Ninth street, ... $500

Interstate Land & Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE!

$225 Good lot on Twenty-ninth Avenue West near Michigan Street. Easy terms.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & Co
103 Herald Building.

$3000 Takes 10-room flat building, all modern conveniences.

$2000 Takes 50-foot corner upper side East Superior street.

Houses and lots in all parts of the city.

A. C. Volk & Co. 202 Palladio Bldg.

For Sale I have a fine home with all modern conveniences, corner lot, paved Street in Endion Division at a genuine bargain. W. P. Strickland, 325 Chamber of Commerce.

West Duluth

One of the best political meetings held at Proctorknott thus far during the present campaign, was held on Saturday night. The fact that C. O. Baldwin was to speak was sufficient announcement to fill the town hall with a representative crowd of Proctorknott people. Brian Magoffin was chairman and introduced Mr. Baldwin, who really needed no introduction to Proctorknott people. He was received with great enthusiasm and his remarks from start to finish were listened to with attention and were warmly applauded. Mr. Baldwin explained explicitly the Porto Rican bill, a point that made a great hit. He told the voters that Page Morris is making considerable out of his record on the vote on that bill, saying that if there is one thing that he is proud of during his career in congress it is his vote on the Porto Rican bill. After Mr. Baldwin had shown the injustice of the bill, he showed Mr. Morris' weak point in claiming the support of the voters of this district, basing his claim on his vote for the bill. Mr. Baldwin also took up other national and state issues and explained them to the entire satisfaction of his audience.

LOST MANY VOTERS.

The matter of changing the place of registration in the Fourth precinct of the Eighth ward has not been settled to the entire satisfaction of several West Duluthians yet. It is claimed that after working hours on Saturday night a number of workmen came up to Mr. Murphy's office, where they supposed the place of registration to be located, but finding the place shut up, they decided that the board had closed its labors, so went home without registering. It is claimed that the loss of these votes will mean a great deal more to one or the other party, than the few dollars that would be put in some other fellow's pocket by changing the place of registration.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Tonight the French Canadians will have a big Democratic rally in 187 Central avenue, and dodgers in the French language inviting all of that nationality to participate have been scattered all over West Duluth. The program includes speeches by local orators and others.

Mr. and Mrs. William Lambert returned on Saturday night from a short wedding trip to the Twin Cities and Pine City, Minn.

Buy your coal of Wm. Chesney & Co.

Mrs. Lambert and Miss Lillian Lambert, of Pine City, who were here to attend the Shepard-Lambert nuptials last week, have returned to their homes.

Stovepipe, per length, 10 cents at Wieland & Wade's.

Mrs. C. C. Salter will entertain at cards on Thursday night of this week.

T. R. Haley spent Sunday with his family here. Mr. Haley is inspector of some of the contract work of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road at Eveleth.

George Tupper, of New Duluth, was in West Duluth on business this morning.

Great prices on stoves at Wieland & Wade's.

Tony Ihler, of Proctorknott, was a business caller here today.

On Tuesday night, the Old Maids that held the convention last week at the Morley Congregational church, will convene at the Great Eastern hall in West Duluth, for the benefit of the Plymouth Congregational church. Come and see one of the most novel entertainments ever held in this part of the city.

W. O. Pealer addressed a good-sized crowd at the Republican headquarters on Saturday night. He talked about the tariff, the army in the Philippines, the trust question, the Chinese question and several matters with which he endeavored to win over votes for the Republican ticket.

Miss Daisy Phelps, of Chicago, is visiting friends here.

Rain interfered yesterday with the ball game between the West Duluth Juniors and the Black Diamonds. The game will occur next Sunday, if the game permits.

Rifles at cost at Wieland & Wade's.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

Herald Wants 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

Wanted—Female Help.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 316 East Second street.

WANTED--APPRENTICE GIRL, 220 West Fourth street; also young ladies to learn tailor system of dress cutting. Free lessons. Miss Bell.

WANTED—GIRL AT PRIVATE BOARDING house. 2702 Huron street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2011 East Fourth street.

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED, NOV. 1. Small family, no children; good wages. 1719 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Family of three. No. 4, Adams flats.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

Wanted—Male Help.

WANTED—DELIVERY BOY. 816 EAST Fourth street.

WANTED—MAN TO DELIVER MILK and work on dairy place. Must be a good milker. R. Hodgson, Fifty-sixth avenue east.

WANTED—AT SPALDING HOTEL, young man to run passenger elevator.

CARPENTERS AND WOODWORKERS wanted. Steady work all winter. Street railway shops, city.

YOUNG MEN OUR ILLUSTRATED catalogue explains how we teach barber trade, mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

Wanted—Situations.

WORK OF SOME KIND BY A YOUNG man, good penman. Can furnish good references. Address R 15, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WANTS POSITION IN machine shop, some experience. Correspondence solicited. Box 516, Valley City, N. D.

WANTED—POSITION BY EXPERIENCED office man and shipping clerk. M 5, Herald.

YOUNG LADY WANTS TO DO COPYING and typewriting. Call a. 21 and 23 First avenue west.

A FIRST CLASS COOK WOULD LIKE cooking in a first class restaurant or hotel. Address H 92, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, PLACE to care for horses for private family. M 3, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS SECOND girl or nurse. Address H 91, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONIGN by the day in families. 120 Second avenue west.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF ABILITY will do short hand and typewriting for using office in which to do job work. J. H. Crane, 212½ West First street, H 98, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First Ave. E. Work guaranteed.

Stoves.

STOVES SET UP CLEANED AND REPAIRED. Call at 211 East Superior street, or 'phone 590.

Legal Notices.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 29, 1900.

In the Matter of the Estate of James Croke, Deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of James J Croke, of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that James Croke, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1886, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to James J. Croke granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Monday, the 26th day of November, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 29th day of October, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal).

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-29-Nov-5-12 1900.

TRAINS ARE RUNNING.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 29.—Traffic on the various roads entering La Crosse, which was suspended all day yesterday, was resumed at a late hour last night, and now, save for the delays which are due to the soft condition of the track, all trains are running.

The storm was the worst that has occurred since the flood of two years ago, when not a train entered the city for a week. The damage cannot yet be estimated with any degree of correctness, but it is believed that it will reach $100,000.

The rain continued from 3 o'clock Saturday until a late hour yesterday morning. During most of that time the rain fell in torrents. The streets were rushing rivers of water, and the sewers were unable to dispose of the immense volume, and many basements in the business district were flooded, a large amount of damage resulting.

La Crosse seemed to be the center of the storm, which extended over the entire Northwest. The Southern Minnesota division of the Milwaukee railroad reports very heavy rain and numerous small washouts. The principal trouble lay between here and West Salem, Wis., where the tracks of the Northwestern and Milwaukee roads were washed out in numerous places, and nearly the entire distance the tracks were covered with water. As soon as this went down, a large crew of men were put at work making repairs, and by this morning the tracks are in such shape that trains can be run over them.

All through the surrounding country roads and bridges are washed out and traffic is impossible.

Herald Wants 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Rent—Houses.

FOR RENT—10-ROOM HOUSE, MODern improvements, hot water heat, East End. W. Van Brunt.

FOUR-ROOM HOUSE, 816½ EAST FIFTH street; good repair; no city water. Cooley & Underhill, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE DWELling in East End, and a centrally located 6-room flat by R. M. Newport, No. 302 Lonsdale building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

For Rent—Rooms.

FOR RENT—LARGE ROOM; MODERN conveniences, for two, furnace heat. 308 Mesaba avenue, near Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS, $7 PER month. 614 West Third street.

FOR RENT—LARGE, PLEASANT front room, furnished, suitable for two gentlemen. 313 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 232 Fourteenth avenue east.

FOUR NICE ROOMS, $4.50 WATER INcluded. 217 Pittsburg avenue. Third avenue west, above Fifth street.

FRONT ROOM AND ALCOVE. MODern improvements. 216 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR gentleman. 10 Mason flats.

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS with board. Front, single and en suite, at 117 West Second street.

For Rent—Flats.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM STEAM HEATED flat, bath, gas range, etc., $25 per month, near Tenth avenue east. M 1, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO, THREE AND FOUR-room flats, $4, $7 and $8. Inquire 708 East Second street.

Wanted—Room Mate.

GENTLEMAN WANTS ROOM MATE. Steam heat, gas, bath, central location. H 95, Herald.

Board Offered.

GOOD BOARD. 120 FIRST AVENUE west.

Financial.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

Employment Office.

LEWIS EMPLOYMENT AGENCY FOR ladies, 131 West Superior street.

Midwife.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN, FEmale complaints. Private hospital, 709 East Third street.

MRS. BANKS, 228 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Personal.

LADIES' FREE MONTHLY REGULATor. Cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—FURNITURE OF three nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping; inquire Room 412 Lowell block.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY AND cigar store, centrally located and doing good business. Call or address 315 Central avenue, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—4-ROOM SHANTY AT Tenth avenue west and Sixth street. Apply at 2016 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—NEW HEATING STOVE and drum and thirty feet of piping. 124 Tenth avenue east.

FOR SALE—ALMOST NEW, KRANICH & Bach piano, French walnut case, cheap for cash. M 9, Herald.

FOR SALE—ROLL TOP DESK, COMplete butcher's outfit; also typewriter for sale or rent. Call Stenographer, Spalding, or 'phone 586.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, COOK STOVE with reservoir. Apply 820 Lake avenue north.

FOR SALE — ANDREWS UPRIGHT folding bed, at 1206 East First street.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

FOUR FRAME BUILDINGS TO BE moved away.
306 Burrows Building.

FOR SALE—CHEAP HORSE, WEIGHT 1200 pounds; good for delivery, family driving or farming. 2132 West Second street.

Lumbermen, Take Notice.

We have, specially for our logging trade, from 300 to 400 head of heavy logging horses weighing from 1000 to 1900 pounds, constantly on hand and invite lumbermen to write us for prices.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Midway Horse Market,
St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE—SEWING MACHINE, IN good condition. 1704 Piedmont avenue west.

FOR SALE!

Car Load Heavy Draft and Logging Horses.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN.
19 West First Street.

WILL ARRIVE WITH A CAR OF choice fresh milch cows on Oct. 30. S. Kaner, 1129 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A SMALL SAWMILL, daily capacity, 10,000 to 12,000 feet lumber, or 600 railroad ties; all complete and in order. A bargain. Inquire at No. 10 Mesaba block.

Watch Repairing.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK AT Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior street.

Herald Wants 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Bargains In Carpets.

GET YOUR CARPETS AND RUGS here. Cut prices. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

Lost.

LOST—PAIR LADY'S EYEGLASSES in case, between Board of Trade and No. 701 West Second street. Finder return to Herald office.

Wanted—To Buy.

WANTED—TO BUY FOR CASH, A roll top desk. North-Land printery.

WANTED—A GOOD, STEADY HORSE for delivery wagon. M. S. Burrows.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND clothing and shoes. Will pay highest cash price. Send postal card and I will call. L. Goldberg, 26 West Superior street.

Secret Societies.

MASONIC

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30. Next meeting Oct. 29, 1900. Work, Third degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 12, 1900. Work, Second degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 28, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 14, 1900. Work, M. M. degree. Henry D. Gee H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Nov. 6, 1900. Work. Lyonel Ayers, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FILBERT LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 510 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2296. Meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, Oct. 30, at 8 p. m. in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work, First degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G.; W. Marquart, secretary.

SILVER LODGE NO. 200, I. O. O. F.—Meets Wednesday evening, Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue north. Work, Third degree, Sept. 12. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. A. W. Holbrook, N. G.; T. A. Gaul, R. S.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, chief ranger.

U. C. T.

ZENITH, No. 40, DULUTH, MINN. Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks hall, Superior street. Paul W. Reimer, S. C.; C. W. Button, secretary and treasurer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. C. O. Faller, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

Medical.

MEN NERVE BEANS restore weak parts, make men strong, vigorous, robust; married men, men intending to marry, should take a box; astonishing results; lost losses stopped; power restored; $1 at Boyce's, Max Wirth's and other druggists; or mailed by Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Le Due's Female Regulator Positively warranted to cure most stubborn pathological cases monthly. Stoppages, Irregularities, Obstructions, Suppressions, $2, or 3 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the KID DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. BOYCE and MAX WIRTH, Duluth; Nygren's West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

$1000 REWARD FOR ANY CASE OF lost manhood or weakness in men that I cannot cure. Call or write to F. Quinn, 622 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Clairvoyant.

CLARICE LE LONG, WHO READS the past, present and future, still has her dime social every Friday evening at 16 Second avenue west, room 1, upstairs.

CHARTER AMENDMENT ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the charter commission of the city of Duluth has proposed the following amendment to the charter of said city. By adding to section numbered sixty-four (64) thereof the following:

"Eighty-sixth: To provide by contract or otherwise for the operation of a free or toll ferry across the ship canal in the city of Duluth from Minnesota Point to the main land adjacent thereto."

Said proposed amendment will be voted on by the electors of the city of Duluth at the general state election to be held on Nov. 6, 1900.

H. W. CHEADLE,
City Clerk.

Duluth, Oct. 6, 1900.

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 6 to Nov. 5, 1900.

Herald Wants 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FINANCIAL.

MAGINNIS & SON,
Forest Reserve, Soldiers' Additional, Pine and Iron Lands Bought and Sold.
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUIMDING.

Furniture Moved and Stored....

We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

Excursions to Western Canada.

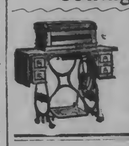
On Tuesday, Oct. 30, and every Tuesday in November, I will have an excursion to all points in Western Canada, where you can secure 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free.

Western Canada is the greatest farming and stock country in the world. Go there and make yourself rich, tickets from Duluth to Winnipeg, for $6.95, and all other points in proportion.

For further information apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
530 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn.

Sewing Machines.



Expert Machine Repairer.
Sewing Machines For Sale from $6 to $22.
Sewing Machine Parts, Needles, Oils and Attachments for all Machines. Sewing Machines for Rent. F. POPKIN, 410 W. 2nd St., Duluth, Minn.

Piano Tuning.

$1.75 PIANO TUNING, CASH PRICE; satisfaction guaranteed. George W. Tietz, Columbus building, over Stack's fair.

Painless Dentistry.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

Window Shades.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. Cut prices. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

Carpet Cleaning and Rug Works.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 553.

House-Moving.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

Professional.

MRS. BALDWIN REMOVES SUPERfluous hair, moles, etc., by electrolysis. Only positive and permanent remedy known. Eight years' experience; references given. Offices 412-413 Masonic Temple. Horace Greeley.

Hotels.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv.....	Duluth	Ar 3.35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar	Proctor	Lv 3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar...	Iron Junction..	Lv 1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar....	Wolf	Lv 1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar....	Virginia	Lv 12.55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar.....	Eveleth	Lv 1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar.....	Sparta	Lv 12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar....	Biwabik	Lv 12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar....	Mt. Iron	Lv 12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar....	Hibbing	Lv 12:25 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv.....	Duluth	Ar 12:00 m
7:15 p.m.	Ar.....	Virginia	Lv 7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar.....	Eveleth	Lv 7:05 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar.....	Ely	Lv 7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†12 25 pm *11 25 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Pts.	*6 43 pm †11 50 am

Sleeper for 11.25 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. C. MONNY, Gen. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
**8 35 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 35 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 35 am

Pullman S

The high quality and low prices of the Silks bought by us at McCreery's Auction Sale will be a surprise and revelation to you.

Freimuth's

High grade Silks from McCreery's Auction Sale at 40 to 50 per cent of their value on sale tomorrow.

Sale of James McCreery & Co.'s Silks Tomorrow

The offering embraces high grade staple black and colored Silks far superior to any ever offered for sale in Duluth. It is not an idle boast when we say that this will be the largest silk sale ever held in Duluth. There's not a shade of exaggeration in the claim. Messrs. James McCreery & Co., of New York, the largest silk handlers in this country, sold at action over $500,000 worth of the finest Silks made at home and abroad. We were among the lucky purchasers to the extent of $6000. Our bids ranged from 40 per cent to 60 per cent of actual values. The last of the shipment arrived Saturday afternoon and an examination shows that these silks are all, and more, than our buyer has claimed for them.

Our Prices Will Be a Slight Advance Over Auction Prices.

This means that you can buy for about one-half what you expect to pay for high-class Silks. Misrepresentation has never been allowed to enter our announcements. We are stating plain, hard facts in the simplest possible manner. These Silks are of superior quality—the best made. **We bought for one-half what we usually pay. We shall sell in a like proportion. Below we give a comparison of McCreery's regular prices and our prices. The figures are not fiction, but are based on actual facts.**

Black Taffeta Silks.

19-inch Black Taffetas, James McCreery & Co's price 60c. Our price, a yard ---------- **45c**

20-inch Black Swiss Taffetas, James McCreery & Co's price 85c. Our price, a yard ---------- **59c**

23-inch Black Swiss Taffetas, James McCreery & Co's price 95c. Our price, a yard ---------- **68c**

James Creery & Co's $1.00 a yard Black Taffeta, our price, a yard ---------- **75c**

James McCreery & Co's $1.25 a yard Black Taffeta, our price, a yard ---------- **87c**

26-inch Black Taffeta, superb quality, James McCreery & Co's price $1.25, our price, a yard ---------- **87c**

27-inch very fine grade Black Taffeta, James McCreery & Co's price $1.40, our price, a yard ---------- **98c**

James McCreery & Co's 27-inch $1.50 Black Taffeta, our price, a yard ---------- **$1.10**

Black Satin Duchesse

19-inch Black Satin Duchesse, James McCreery & Co.'s price 69c; our price, yard ---------- **49c**

23-inch Black Satin Duchesse, James McCreery & Co.'s price 95c; our price, yard ---------- **69c**

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.12½ quality Black Satin Duchesse; our price, yard ---------- **75c**

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.25 quality Black Satin Duchesse; our price, yard ---------- **85c**

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.48 quality Black Satin Duchesse; our price, yard ---------- **98c**

23-inch Black Satin Duchesse, rich quality, James McCreery & Co.'s price $1.89; our price, yard ---------- **$1.35**

14-inch Black Satin Duchesse, Italian make, James McCreery & Co.'s price $2.25; our price, yard ---------- **$1.48**

Black Italian Satin Duchesse, 24 inches wide, James McCreery & Co.'s price $2.25; our price, yard ---------- **$1.68**

25-inch High Quality Black Italian Satin Duchesse, James McCreery & Co.'s price $3.00; our price, yard ---------- **$2.00**

Black Satin Duchesse.

James McCreery & Co's 25-inch $3.50 quality Black Italian Satin Duchesse, our price, a yard ---------- **$2.28**

26-inch Black Italian Satin Duchesse, James McCreery & Co's price $3.75, our price, yd **$2.48**

27-inch best quality Black Italian Satin Duchesse, James McCreery & Co's price $4.50, our price, a yard ---------- **$2.85**

Black Peau de Soies.

20-inch Black Peau de Soie, James McCreery & Co's price 90c, our price, a yard ---------- **68c**

22-inch Black Peau de Soie, James McCreery & Co's price $1.25, our price, a yard ---------- **85c**

23-inch Black Peau de Soie, James McCreery & Co's price $1.75, our price, a yard ---------- **$1.29**

24-inch Black Peau de Soie, James McCreery & Co's price $2.00, our price, a yard ---------- **$1.39**

Black Gros Grains.

20-inch Black Gros Grain, James McCreery & Co.'s price $1.35, our price—a yard ---------- **$1.00**

22-inch Black Gros Grain, James McCreery & Co.'s price $1.75, our price—a yard ---------- **$1.35**

23-inch Black Gros Grain, James McCreery & Co.'s price $2.39, our price ---------- **$1.69**

Novelty Silks.

James McCreery & Co.'s 75c and $1.00 Novelty Silks at—per yard ---------- **49c**

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.00 and $1.25 Novelty Silks at—per yard ---------- **59c**

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.25 and $1.50 Novelty Silks at—per yard ---------- **69c**

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.50 and $1.75 Novelty Silks at—per yard ---------- **75c**

James McCreery & Co.'s $2.00 Novelty Silks at—per yard ---------- **95c**

A Word to the Would-be Silk Purchaser

In order that you may attend this sale with perfect confidence and buy with the greatest of freedom, we make the following liberal and unprecedented offer: We agree to refund to you the money for any silk bought during this sale which you, on examination, may find not as represented or not cheaper than any Silk you have ever purchased before.

FUSIONISTS HAPPY.

Say Bryan Will Carry South Dakota By Two Thousand.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Oct. 29.—For the first time in the present campaign the managers of the fusion state campaign committee have given out an official statement as to how South Dakota would go Nov. 6. The statement made by Chairman Arthur, secretary of the committee and approved by the full committee is as follows:

"The state of South Dakota will give its electoral vote to William J. Bryan by a majority of not much less than two thousand. It will be the only state ticket by name to carry the state by a majority of this. We shall elect the lieutenant governor, or at least, then lacking by a few votes of being elected, we will return Senator Pettigrew to the United States senate, which of course, we take for granted. The estimate is based on information collected by my knowledge of conditions existing in the state at large."

Said lead is an eczema of the scalp, very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

No one would ever be troubled with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

Don't be prejudiced against the Gordon Hat because you are not asked $5.00 for it. It couldn't be any better.

It's perplexing to figure the way the votes will go. But it's easy to figure out why our Clothing Department is so popular.

Because you have a good, clean, stylish, up-to-date stock to select from.

Because we give you "honest goods" at "honest prices."

Because of the concern being known as one that deals fair and square with its patrons.

Because of the "$1 per week payment" plan.

Because it enables every one to dress well whether they have the ready cash or not. We carry a complete line of Men's, Boys' and Ladies' Clothing.

Don't forget us if you need a Rain Coat. All kinds and prices.

Gately Supply Co.

8 East Superior St.

SPEECH OF PREMIER

Waldeck-Rousseau Outlines the Political Program of French Government.

MUST CHERISH ARMY

Policy Does Not Exclude Social Reforms—Alludes to Dreyfus Case.

Paris, Oct. 29.—M. Waldeck-Rousseau delivered yesterday at Tulle the anxiously awaited speech announcing the political program of the government in anticipation of the reassembling of the national assembly. The occasion was the laying of the corner stone of the new barracks there.

The premier left Paris Saturday and arrived at Tulle yesterday morning. He was received by the mayor and other officials. The two sons of Gen. Galliffet and the populace cheered M. Waldeck-Rousseau although a few dissenting voices were heard.

The archbishop of Toulouse and generals of the army corps delivered addresses assuring the premier of their respect for him and the republic.

Replying to the addresses of the generals, M. Waldeck-Rousseau said: "The army is to be cherished by the country. We are no jealous of the future of the army but to strive to have France, not only follow the progress of other nations, but outstrip them. We are sure the army will respond to the efforts by devoting itself entirely to its noble task and will resume its place in the ranks for divisions which only weaken it."

The laying of the cornerstone took place in the afternoon. M. Waldeck-Rousseau reserved his principal effort for the banquet which followed the ceremony.

Devoting the principal part of his speech to answering criticisms he said he had not replied before because the cabinet had received the widest and clearest mandate, because it was time to act and not time to talk, and because he and his colleagues looked to the chamber of deputies alone for approbation or disapproval of their conduct.

Alluding to the great demonstration of mayors in Paris, which he described as the "most striking consecration any regime had ever received," he said that France had showed in this way how little she was moved by biased reports against the ministry.

Referring to the support which the Socialists had given the government, he remarked that the government desired the support of "those who, having always served the republic are better entitled to defend her than those who have opposed her."

Proceeding to sketch the gloomy situation that existed when the cabinet took office, "with agitation increasing and nationalism engaging in daily battles with the police," he said that to face this condition of things a sincere concentration of Republicans was brought about, "yet not by conceding to each member of the cabinet something which separated him from the others, but by excluding everything that tended to division and retaining all that tended to unity."

"It is said," he continued, "that we are leading the country to ruin, when really it would only be an exaggeration to say that we have saved her from ruin."

Going to discuss the government program he said it did not include collectivism, but that it did not signify that the party of Republican union excluded social reforms. He spoke of the success of the government in suppressing agitation and of the demonstrations which showed the country might hope during the present calm to see marks of sincere repentance on the part of the anti-Republicans.

Alluding to what he described as the "last act of the pregnant Dreyfus drama," he said that the indictment was given in ordinance independence and that the decision remained respected, but that, at the same time humanity had found satisfaction in a "measure of clemency that has been ratified by the generous heart of our great country which awoke at its first." He announced that he would ask the chamber of deputies, as he had already asked the senate, to pass a bill for effectiveness, a "measure necessary to assure definite appeasement."

"While these internal interests are being accomplished," continued the premier, "our position is being strengthened abroad, where we are supported, when necessary, by the valor of our army. Our policy has regained us our former authority and success. We have shown ourselves determined to abdicate nothing of our rights, and we are convinced that aggressive blustering has nothing in common with true patriotism.

"When the exposition opened the government desired that after undergoing such violent shocks, the country would lead be able to taste the benefits of a peaceful truce. This period of peace has been filled with glorious work. No more fruitful ideas were ever agitated than came to the front in the exposition congresses."

M. Waldeck-Rousseau dwelt upon the necessity of enforcing discipline among state officials. He expressed the hope that the budget would be voted and referred to the projected diminution of the excise duty on alcohol, which is one of the leading integral questions. After this he enlarged upon the necessity that the chamber should pass a law regulating associations, a measure directed against religious congregations. He alluded to the dangers attending the accumulation by such parties of immense properties and the evil teachings prejudicial to the republic, declaring that "the existence of such a rival power within the state constitutes an intolerable situation which demands an immediate solution." He also announced that the government would present a bill providing for old age pensions.

"The crisis through which we have just passed," he said, in concluding, "has been one of growth. We have triumphed over death germs. We appeared to be prostrated, but we find ourselves stronger than ever. If we seemed beyond recovery, it was only to regain the ardor and the union that formerly made us so confident and full of high hopes. We have restored our shattered unity. A great Democratic party may be formed, with increased activity on the part of the government, and increased security for our institutions, as well as more liberty, more fraternity and more justice."

The speech was followed with cheering that lasted several minutes, the assembly rising cries of "Vive Waldeck-Rosseau" and "Vive La Republique."

KILLED AND MUTILATED.

Sickening Chapter in the Murder Annals of Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—With a bullet in his brain, his throat cut from ear to ear, his face hacked almost beyond recognition, and one eye gouged out, Anton Lizl, a Bohemian florist, brother to the burgomaster of Prague, Bohemia, was found dead yesterday in a ditch near Forty-third court, on the North branch of the Chicago river.

Twelve hours later, Joseph Dolirski, a Polish tailor, was arrested for the crime. When arrested his clothes were covered with blood. Mary Lizl, wife of the murdered man, is also being detained by the police.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

THE DAKOTAS.

North Dakota Supreme Court Decides Ballot Case---Jamestown Sensation.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—The supreme court decided that the name of W. J. Anderson, Republican candidate for judge in the First district, comprising Grand Forks and Nelson counties, shall not go on the official ballot, and this decision will leave Judge Fisk practically without opposition.

The court holds that certificates of nomination must certify the name of the particular office, and failing in this they cannot be filed by the secretary of state. The decision also holds that certificates must be filed with the secretary of state not less than thirty days before election. The fact that the thirtieth day before election fell on Sunday will not modify this rule.

The court also decided the Pierce county mandamus case where there was a split in the county convention, and the minority element tried to get its ticket on the official ballot. The court dismisses the mandamus proceeding also, holding that a political convention is the judge of the qualifications of its delegates, and that a minority of the delegates so determined cannot make party nominations.

State's Attorney Allen has offered a reward of $50 for the arrest and conviction of the persons who attempted to wreck a train on the Bismarck, Washburn & Great Falls road by placing ties across the track. No clue has been found yet.

Jamestown—Through a letter Mrs. Fox, of this city discovered that her son, John Fox, has been married since July 8. Mrs. Fox found a letter which the writer addressed John as "My dear husband," and which was signed "Theda." She concluded that it was Miss Theda Fleming, who is visiting in Washington state, and who was her son's sweetheart. Mrs. Fox told her son of her discovery and he admitted that he and Miss Fleming were married July 8 of this year by Judge Bigelow. The matter was kept a secret until this time. The announcement created a sensation, as both are well known and popular. The groom is 21 years of age and his bride 19.

The petition forwarded to Washington by the towns between Carrington and Leeds on the Jamestown & Northern for a six-day-in-the-week mail service had the desired effect and contracts have been advertised for, to take effect Dec. 1. The establishment of the star route is due to the fact that a three-day-in-the-week mail train was put on the Jamestown & Northern.

Tacoma, Wash.—The transport Lawton brings advices from Nome to the effect that the Roanoke arrived on the day the former vessel sailed and that the special United States marshal, who was sent from San Francisco by the circuit court to arrest Receiver Alex McKenzie, of North Dakota, had made the arrest and taken charge of the $25,000 of gold which McKenzie had in his possession, placing a soldier sentry in the bank to guard its being removed. It was expected that McKenzie would be brought down on the Lawton, but the marshal did not get ready by the time she sailed. He will probably be brought down on the Roanoke.

Drayton—Guy Jamieson, a lad, was accidentally shot in the left foot by another boy while hunting. Amputation was found necessary, the whole charge from the gun striking the boy's foot and ankle at close range.

Fargo—The crew of a Great Northern freight train discovered at Grand Harbor, the ghastly remains of a human body which proved to be those of a man, but so terribly mangled that recognition or description of features were impossible. There is no direct information as to how he came to be run over, but the fact that the cow catcher of No. 3 showed blood and brains would indicate that the man was possibly under the influence of liquor and was walking on the track. He had $270 in currency on his person.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton—Mrs. Iver Bagstad, wife of an influential citizen of Gayville, while temporarily insane through sickness, wandered out of the house and was run down and killed by a Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul freight. She has been in poor health for several years and lately had become quite despondent. Her presence was not missed until early in the morning. Her body was found on the railroad track one-half mile out of Gayville in a mangled condition.

Elk Point—The jury, after being out twenty-four hours, found Lawrence Stevens guilty of murder in the first degree and fixed the punishment at imprisonment for life in the penitentiary at Sioux Falls. Stevens killed Samuel Livingston on June 1, 1900.

Aberdeen—The reported capture of John Wilson, the alleged murderer of Ernest McNames, proves to be incorrect. A large posse of men hunted for him three days and nights and thought they had him surrounded, but such was not the case.

Deadwood—Charles Winslow, one of the leading jewelers of this city, has been adjudged insane, and will be sent to the Yankton asylum.

IN MICHIGAN.

Experiment In Heating at Negaunee Mine—Revival of the Mastodon.

Negaunee—A Webster heating plant is being installed at the Negaunee mine. Superintendent Piper will give it a fair trial and if it proves equal to his expectations a great saving in fuel and labor will be the result. The arrangement is something new, and it is said to be perfect in every way for the uses to which it will be put. The plant is attached to the exhaust steam pipe and will utilize the surplus vapor to heat all buildings, also water for the boilers. The fittings are now being put in position by a force of men and in a short time everything will be in readiness for a test. Pipes are being sent from the apparatus to the dry, the machine shop, blacksmith shop, office and every structure on the property. The exhaust steam, which was wasted before, will now be used to great advantage. The water for the boilers will be heated as usual in a large tank and pumped from there into the respective boilers. It is guaranteed that the water will be heated to 200 degrees—eight short of the boiling point.

Superintendent Piper is confident that the apparatus will prove a success. The saving in fuel will be a large item, and danger from fire will be greatly lessened. The drys have always been heated by stoves and fires in them are frequent. If the experiment is a success at the Negaunee, other mines in the vicinity will no doubt put in the same arrangement.

Menominee—There is a possibility of the continuance of the old Mastodon mine, are being found in an exploration shaft C. S. Greece, John Tufts and Paul Bluto are into close to the old pit. When the old lense cut out the Mastodon company drilled and drifted in every conceivable way from the mine that ore would be liable to exist in, but found nothing but rock. It happened that no work was done to the east end of the old pit, up to the old engine house and the location. Mr. Greece, who has resided at the mine since its abandonment, took an idea in his head a short time ago that he would put a pit down in just the locality overlooked by the Mastodon folks, and his first pit bottomed in fine ore. He then secured an option on the property and interested the other two gentlemen with him. They are going to shove the pit down and see what is there, but the outlook at the present time is good.

The recent closing down of the Dunn mine, of all the shut downs at this property in the last five years is the one most to be deplored from the fact that the opening up of the property is such a stupendous undertaking that no operator with a faint heart will care to tackle the proposition. Thus the chances are that it will be many years before the property is again worked, and the probability is that it will be abandoned for all time.

Houghton—Within a short time the erection of a rock house will be commenced at the Mass mine. A frame, instead of a steel structure has been decided upon. The structure will be built over the Ridge shaft and will be designed in every respect to handle the rock rapidly and economically. Built over the Ridge shaft, it will nevertheless serve to handle the product of the Evergreen. By means of a trestle the rock from the Evergreen will be "trammed" to the Ridge rockhouse and there go through the crushers. The scheme is considered a good one and there is every reason to believe it will prove entirely equal to the needs of the property for some time to come.

Other buildings at the mine will soon be under way, and by the time the stamp mill is ready to receive the rock it is probable the machinery about the mine will be quite ready to bring the product to the surface and treat it as is customary at other mines.

The company is already purchasing the equipment of the mill and has made its decisions with regard to the class and make of machinery to be used. Much of the mill machinery will doubtless be built at Portage lake as the founderies here are building every day just such machinery. The stamps and the like will of course be built below and shipped in.

The Wisconsin Bridge and Iron works has set a gang of men to work preparatory to beginning at the Tamarack shaft No. 5. Here a steel rockhouse is to be erected and much if not all of the structural iron is already on the ground. Nothing toward placing the steel has yet been begun and may not be commenced for some little time but the men are making ready.

GRAND

Hallowe'en Entertainment,

Tuesday Evening, Oct. 30,

AT THE ARMORY, Second Avenue East and First Street, Duluth,

Under the Auspices of Clan Stewart, No. 50, O. S. C.

Grand Concert and Exhibition of Moving Pictures by the Scottish Concert Kinematograph Company,

OF ABERDEEN, SCOTLAND.

Entertainment to commence at 8 o'clock prompt. Chief Henry Taylor, Presiding.

...PROGRAM...

PART FIRST.

MARCHES AND REELS ..... Pipers John Dow and Norman McLachlan
Chairman's Address of Welcome.
Song—"Jock o' Hazeldean" ..... Miss Mary Burnett
Violin Solo—"Auld Robin Gray" ..... Miss Jennie Thomson
Duet—"Ye Banks and Braes" ..... Misses Burnett and Malcolm
Mandolin Solo—"Scottish Selections" ..... Miss Jennie Thomson
Dance—The Highland Fling ..... Prof. John Smith, (Piper John Dow.)
Song (Illustrated)—"Home, Sweet Home" ..... Miss Mary Burnett
Stereopticon Views—Scenes of Scotland and Kinematograph Exhibition, "London Fire Brigade," "Highland Dancing," "Black Watch," and South African War Pictures.

PART SECOND.

Song—"I'm Owre Young to Marry Yet." ..... Miss McGregor Malcolm
Violin Solo—"Sprigs o' Heather" ..... Miss Jennie Thomson
Song—"The Scottish Emigrant's Farewell" ..... Miss Mary Burnett
Mandolin Solo—Selected ..... Miss Jennie Thomson
Song—"The Hundred Pipers" ..... Miss Mary Burnett
Dance—The Sailor's Hornpipe ..... Prof. John Smith (Piper Norman McLachlan.)
KINEMATOGRAPH EXHIBITION—Including "Lord Dundonald on his way to relief of Ladysmith," "Scots Grays," "Charge of 21st Lancers," "Major Wilson's Last Stand," and other pictures.

Pianist and Accompanist ..... Miss McGregor Malcolm.
Piano for entertainment kindly Loaned by French & Bassett.

ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

Tickets to be had from Simon Clark, 17 East Superior street; James Dingwall, 112 East Superior street; W. D. Gordon, 20 First avenue west; John Christie, Providence building, or from any member of Clan Stewart.

THE DEATH OF A. B. PLOUGH

Brings Sorrow to Wide Circle of Friends in Duluth.

The announcement of the death of A. B. Plough, of St. Paul, formerly vice president and general manager of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, was a very sorrowful one to a great many Duluth people. He was always friendly to the people of this city, and did much for it, but their was genuine regret for the loss of the man for his personal worth. He was a man whose good deeds were but little known. He was generous and kindly, and rejoiced in relieving the wants of others. Every Christmas in St. Paul it was his custom to see that every unfortunate person who had ever been connected with the road or family, whose support had been cut off by accident upon the road, etc., was remembered in some substantial way. Duluth frequently felt his benevolence, too. Every year he gave $100 to the Bethel. At the time of the typhoid fever epidemic in this city he hauled water from springs some miles out of the city free of charge, and it was dispensed in the city to those who came for it.

In St. Paul during Mr. Plough's illness there was great concern all over the city. It could be heard on the streets, in the hotels and everywhere. Everybody seemed to know him and to feel that it was a great loss to the entire community.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1900. LAST EDITION TWO CENTS

Your Credit Is Good

At French & Bassett's for all you want. You need not have the cash to take advantage of the excellent bargains this store offers.

A large volume of business is what makes low prices possible. It is a fact that the sales here are as large as all similar Duluth stores combined—thus it is possible to sell each article at a small percentage of profit.

This store is run on a liberal plan and offers its customers the best of treatment under all circumstances.

That is why it has so many customers.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS. DULUTH, MINN.

Northern Security Company DULUTH & WEST DULUTH

We have a buyer for a good, modern house.

BARGAINS OFFERED:

Full East End Lot and Stone Foundation. East Third Street Lot, near Court House. East Sixth Street Corner.

OFFICES: Banking Rooms, First Floor Palladio Bldg. Merchants Bank Building, West Duluth.

CONSOLIDATED STOCK.

FOR RENT.

Two-story building, No. 22 East Superior street, with basement on Michigan street; steam heat; freight elevator from basement to second floor. Will rent for a term of years.

FOR SALE.

Lots in Endion Division in desirable location.

....C. H. GRAVES & CO....

Office: Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 PHOENIX BL'K. Telephone 755, Call 4.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Superior Street Store Has frontage of 25 feet. Heated by steam. Centrally located. **FOR RENT!**

G. G. DICKERMAN & CO., Trust Building.

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishing and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Superior St.

OFFICE SUPPLIES. The best line in the city.

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR, 323 W. Sup. St.

$5500 Will buy the nine-room modern dwelling, situated at 1508 E. Superior St. This is a bargain.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor, Providence Bldg.

We are Candidates for Campaign Printing Or anything else in our line. Best Work. Quickest Time.

Zenith phone 336. 12 Second Avenue West.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Prompt Printers.

KASSMIR'S TURKISH BATH PARLORS, 415 W. Michigan St.

Under Chamber of Commerce Building, formerly managed by C. O. Faller, and 311 West Michigan street. We respectfully invite the public to visit these, the finest bath parlors in the Northwest. Our parlors at 415 West Michigan street are open from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. FOR THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF LADIES. Monday evenings are also reserved for Ladies. Gentlemen have the use of these baths after 6 p. m. Our Parlors at 311 West Michigan street are open day and night for THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF GENTLEMEN. Our specialty is Turkish, Russian, Plunge and Auldrossis Celebrated Compound Vapor Baths. Best of attendants and the best service is our motto. Treatments given for rheumatism, kidney trouble and chronic colds.

M. Z. KASSMIR, Proprietor 311 W. Michigan St. and 415 W. Michigan St.

HUNT FOR THE DEAD

Searching Explosion Ruins In New York For Bodies of Victims.

THE PROPERTY LOSS

Estimated at About Two Million Dollars---Official Inquiry Probable.

New York, Oct. 30.—All night long a gang of several hundred laborers were at work among the ruins caused by the explosions in the building occupied by Tarrant & Co. It is not believed that the list of dead will exceed thirty, and some estimates place the total dead at below twenty. One hundred and twenty-seven injured persons were received at the hospitals, and of this number over a score were discharged after their wounds had been dressed. The list of missing was large at first, but many of those supposed to have been buried in the ruins have been accounted for, and as far as known not more than twenty-five persons are missing this morning.

The property loss is variously estimated at from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000.

Chemicals probably entered into the origin of the fire. The first smoke that was seen was dense and very black. This changed into what appeared to be a light vapor, greatly increasing in quantity. Then began a series of minor explosions, not heavy enough to disturb persons in the street further than to warn them from coming too near. Suddenly an explosion of much greater force drove the glass from the windows, showering it upon the firemen and policemen and the thousands of spectators who had gathered in the streets. This was followed almost immediately by another explosion, of far greater intensity. There was, perhaps, an interval of two minutes, when there came a third explosion, that exceeded those that preceded, and which brought the buildings on both sides of Warren street, in that block, tumbling to the ground as though they were built of pasteboard. All was immediately panic for blocks in every direction.

Fire Commissioner John G. Scannell said today:

"I have no doubt that chemicals and oils far in excess of the quantity sanctioned by law were stored in that building. I suppose that keen watch was kept over the official movements of inspectors, and when it became known that a visit might be made the quantity of explosives was depleted. After the inspector had departed, the supply was built up again. Any one who has seen the result of the explosions that have occurred here need not be told that the law has been violated. I cannot tell what action will be taken, but you may be sure that a rigid investigation will be made and full punishment meted out to the guilty ones if such a thing is possible. Tarrant & Co. have not been the only offenders. There are other similar concerns that pay little heed to the law."

Superintendent of Buildings Dorner said last night that it would be necessary to make a thorough investigation of the neighborhood as soon as possible, and the result of it will be that some of the buildings will have to come down. There was little doubt, he said, that many of the foundations had been damaged and that they were now in a dangerous condition.

Exact figures on the amount of insurance on the buildings and contents will not be ascertained for a week or two. The board of fire underwriters will meet today to work on the figures. The insurance is carried principally by local companies.

The principal losses are: The Tarrant building, $10,000; the Tarrant stock, $100,000; Hunyada Janos stock in this building, $10,000; the Mercantile building, at the southeast corner of Greenwich and Warren, $50,000; contents, $100,000, the building occupied by Epperis, Smith & Wiemann company, coffee dealers, $80,000; contents, $200,000; Home Made hotel, building and contents, $200,000; building and contents on the north side of Warren street, from the Tarrant building to the corner of Washington street, $175,000; other buildings, together with their contents, in Warren, Greenwich and Washington streets, $[illegible].

Prominent among those apparently missing is Victor Hugo Malbusk, a piano manufacturer. Edward Fisher, his foster father told the police Mr. Malbusk had an appointment with a lawyer, J. Dearborn, in Warren street, and had left at noon, agreeing to come back at 4. He had not kept the appointment, and nothing had been seen of him since. Fisher greatly feared he had been killed in the explosion.

Scores of anxious persons thronged the Leopard police station all night inquiring for lost friends and relatives. Many women came weeping, only to learn the names of their loved ones were not in the list of dead or injured, prepared by clerks from reports sent in by the hospitals and the police. Chief Devery soon established an information bureau in the district, and here were tabulated the names of the known dead in the district. An extra force of clerks were sent to the station, and these took down the names of persons sent from the hospitals and those missing.

From the time the first ambulance returned with its load of wounded from the scene of the disaster until late in the evening, the Hudson street hospital was besieged by anxious men and women, who were looking for missing relatives and friends. Outside the street was thronged with a curious, morbid crowd. At the hospital there was a continuous stream of people coming in with blood trickling from their wounds, and they were met at the door by another line of people with bandaged faces, hands and arms.

The search for bodies in the ruins of the building occupied by Tarrant & Co., which was kept up all night, was without result until after 8 o'clock last night, when Deputy Fire Chief Ahren reported that the body of a woman had been located under the wreckage in the rear of the Home Made restaurant, and said that he feared about twenty bodies would be found at this point, as he had been informed that many women were on the fire escapes of the restaurant a few minutes before the Tarrant building collapsed, and that they ran into the building just before the big explosions.

Some of those missing returned to their homes last night. Louise Jeckeyl, an employe of Tarrant & Co., was one of these. She said she went to lunch at 1:12 o'clock and, having lunched some distance away from Tarrant's, had missed the explosion. She remained about the place for some time watching the fire.

Michael Coughland, of 133 Monroe street, who had been reported missing, went home during the night, after his friends had been looking for him all day. Herman Dorowitz, a bookkeeper, when he found he could not work any more, went to see some acquaintances. He got home late at night to find that he had been reported missing. M. Shielkauff had been reported mising, but he got home all right last night.

At 9 o'clock about 1000 men were at work on the wreckage and firemen were playing streams of water into the half burned buildings on Washington street, below Warren. Seven fire engines were still on the ground.

The list of missing up to 9 a. m. was: A. Armstrong, an employe of J. S. Howard; Bradley, Mary, employed in the printing office of J. Carroll; Besso, Joseph, egg packer; Barnes, Ira, egg packer; Barnes, Francis, egg packer; Cruger, John, egg packer; Callaghan, Kate, employed on fourth floor of Tarrant & Co.; Cohen, Isaac, truck driver; Christie, Stella, employed by Tarrant & Co.; Donolds, George, truckman; Flatman, Ernest, employed by Acker, Merrill & Condit; Golden, Mollie, employed by Tarrant & Co.; Griffin, Miss, address unknown; Harriett, Thomas, employed by Tarrant & Co.; Halsey, William, employed in egg store; Hennessy, Patrick, employed in commission store; Kwaver, Morris, address unknown; Lodole, James, address unknown; Multier, Joseph, address unknown; Moorehouse, Benjamin, Montclaire, N. J., clerk in Tarrant & Co.; Murphy, Julia, employed in Warren street; Muh, Henry, employed in Washington treet; Matthew, Hamilton, truck driver; Mathuek, Victor Hugo, of the Mathuek Piano company; Mathenk was known to have been in the vicinity a few minutes before the explosion occurred; Oppenheim, Jules, employed in Warren street; Peters, Frederick, employed at Greenwich street and Park place; Pottinger, George, gateman elevated railway station; Rusch, Mary, employed by Tarrant & Co.; Schoeter, Frank, employed in Greenwich street; Smith, E, employed in Chambers street; Sulker, George, egg employe; Schuck, George, employed in Tarrant's; Smith, Mary, employed by Tarrant's; Smith, Lizzie, employed by Tarrant & Co.; Smith, Jennie, employed by Tarrant & Co.; Tause, Lawreace; Wilkinson, James, employe of street cleaning department.

Schwartz, Max, porter, employed by Tarrant & Co.

Three hundred men were at work on the ruins all night. Superintendent of Buildings Doner had 1000 men at work as soon as daylight approached. He believes bodies may be reached before the afternoon. He declares that a dozen buildings will have to be torn down.

Sanitary Superintendent Roberts said that nearly 200 tons of fruit and vegetables were in the ruins. He said much of this had spoiled, and some of the offensive odor ascribed to dead bodies was really caused by decaying vegetable matter.

Explaining his statement that a dozen buildings will have to be torn down, Superintendent Doner said:

"More important than finding the dead is the protection of the living. The force of the explosion has impaired many buildings in the vicinity. I cannot think of letting men work in them while there is a possibility that they may come down. I believe the buildings along the south side of Chambers street from Greenwich to Washington, and on Washington from Chambers to Warren, have been made unfit for occupancy. They will be thoroughly examined this morning, and until I am sure of them I will not allow the proprietors to open them for business.

"Forty buildings were damaged by the explosion. I place the property loss at $2,000,000."

Dr. Feeney, chief inspector of the health department, was at the scene of the explosion today. "This havoc was never wrought by benzine or naphtha," he said. "I believe it was nitro-glycerine. It is used very largely nowadays by physicians as a heart stimulant, and Tarrant & Co., as wholesale druggists, would have had to supply it. The stuff used is in a very weak solution. Usually it is from one-tenth of 1 per cent to 1 per cent of water. If Tarrant & Co. had twenty-five pounds of nitro-glycerine in their place it would have blown a building like theirs into fragments."

During the day, several names were added to the list of missing, and a number were stricken from it. Stella Christie, George Donnelly, Ernest Faltman, Morris Kwaver, Henry Muh and Frank Schiete had all been found before noon.

At that hour, the police had been asked to add the following to the list of missing: Charles Clark, bookkeeper at 192 Duane street; Kate M. Greene, employed in the Home Made restaurant and Harry Moore, an errand boy.

Tarrant & Co. and M. J. Britenbach & Co. have opened new headquarters at 58 Murray street. President Thomas F. Main, of Tarrant & Co., said today:

"In our stock, we had no ether, or, at most, not more than a few pounds; we had no benzine and no collodion. When we needed any of these articles to fill orders, we bought it from dealers. We had very little alcohol in stock, notwithstanding the fact that we use a considerable quantity in making our perfumes. We had absolutely no nitro-glycerine and no gunpowder. All our employes but two have been accounted for."

FIVE CREMATED.

Little Children Are Burned to Death In a Settler's House.

Winnipeg, Oct. 30.—A dispatch from Edmonton states that the house of a settler named Hurisko, at Egg Lake East, was burned down a few days ago, five little children losing their lives in the building. The father was away and the mother had gone to a neighbors and on returning, found the house in ashes. The children belonged to a neighbor.

TOWN HELD UP.

Robbers Raid Ohio Town, Dynamite Safes and Shoot at Citizens.

Bellefontaine, O., Oct. 30.—Robbers raided the town of Roundhead, fourteen miles northwest of here, early today. They dynamited several safes, securing small sums. Citizens aroused by the explosions were shot at by the robbers, who finally rode away towards Lima, shooting as they went.

STORY IS STARTLING

Alleged Affidavit of Finley Anderson Confessing Perjury in Powers Trial.

TAKES IT ALL BACK

Statement of Incriminating Talk with Powers About Goebel Is Retracted.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 30.—The Louisville Evening Post today prints an affidavit of Finley Anderson, a telegraph operator, upon whose testimony Caleb Powers was convicted of complicity in the murder of Governor Goebel, in which Anderson swears his story told on the stand at Georgetown was perjured. After telling of a conversation with Attorney Campbell, at Cincinnati, in connection with the Goebel case, he says:

"I remained in Cincinnati after this conversation with Mr. Campbell, and, some time after that, Arthur Goebel, in his store, upstairs on the fourth floor, where I had gone at his request, asked me if Powers had not, in my presence at Barbourville, in January, said to me in substance these words, referring to William Goebel: 'They say he wears a coat of mail, but it won't do him any good,' or something similar to that.

"I told Arthur Goebel that Powers had never said anything of that sort in my presence, to the best of my knowledge. He told me to think and see if I could not remember. I could not remember such a remark and I know that Powers never did make such a remark or anything resembling it in my presence, but being urged by Arthur Goebel, I finally concluded to state that he did make such a statement and swore upon the trial, which testimony was false.

"Before making my statement to Campbell, Wharton Golden told me to make it as strong as possible and they, referring to Campbell and Goebel, would take care of me and protect me.

"I desire now to say that I never had but one conversation with Caleb Powers and that was in relation to my going to Frankfort with the men on Jan. 25, and at no place was the name of William Goebel mentioned or referred to in any way or in any connection by Caleb Powers.

"I have, since my conversation with Campbell and Arthur Goebel, received from Arthur Goebel various sums aggregating about $300, and upon one occasion from Justus Goebel. The last sum I received was on Tuesday, Oct. 23, 1900, which was $5 given to me by Col. Campbell at his office in Cincinnati."

FATALITY AT TWO HARBORS.

John Caplin, a Sailor, Struck By a Tow Line.

Two Harbors, Minn., Oct. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—While the barge Brightie was being towed into port last evening the tow line broke, and recoiling, struck John Caplin, a sailor on the Brightie, crushing his right leg so badly it was necessary to amputate it, but he died under the operation. Deceased's parents live at Amherstburg, Ont.

About fifteen vessels have taken shelter here from the severe gale now prevailing.

THE ENVOYS CONFER.

They Consult on Form of the Chinese Negotiations.

Pekin, Sunday, Oct. 28.—A meeting of the diplomatists was held this morning to consider the form of the negotiations for a settlement of the China difficulty. The decision arrived at is kept secret in order to prevent any information reaching the Chinese.

NO ACTION TAKEN.

Choate Has Not Intervened For American Transvaal Prisoners.

London, Oct. 30.—The report that Lord Salisbury has notified the United States ambassador, Joseph H. Choate, that the British authorities will release all the American prisoners in Ceylon, South Africa and St. Helena, is incorrect. Mr. Choate has not been notified of their approaching release, nor have any representations been made to that end by the United States embassy here. All that has been done consists in an exchange of communication regarding the identity and destination of American civilians deported from the Transvaal and sent home at the expense of the British government.

QUEEN IS NOT ILL.

Rumor Concerning the Health of Victoria Is Denied.

London, Oct. 30.—There is no truth in the report that Queen Victoria is ill though, naturally, she is depressed over the death of her grandson, Prince Christian Victor of Schleswig-Holstein.

SHIP GOES DOWN.

German Vessel Founders and a Dozen Men Missing.

Hamburg, Oct. 30.—The German ship H. Bischoff, which left Salota Buena, July 2, for this port, has been wrecked at Grosservogelsand, at the entrance of the Elbe. A boat containing eight of the crew put off from the vessel, and another vessel, in which were four men, left the lightship for the purpose of rendering assistance. Both of these boats are missing and have been given up for lost.

The H. Bischoff is 2708 tons gross. She was built in 1885 at Glasgow and is owned H. H. Bischoff & Co., of Bremen.

NORMAL BROKAW DEAD.

Milwaukee, Oct. 30.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Kaukauna, Wis., says: Normal Brokaw, a millionaire paper manufacturer, died today after a lingering illness resulting from appendicitis. Mr. Brokaw was one of the most prominent paper manufacturers in the country, owning mills at Kaukauna, Little Chute, Appleton and Wausau.

WHAT WE NUMBER

Population of the United States Over the Seventy-Six Million Mark.

FIGURES OF STATES

Comparisons of Each Given ---Growth Nearly Twenty-One Per Cent.

Washington, Oct. 30.—The official announcement of the total population of the United States for 1900 is 76,295,220, of which 74,627,907 are contained in forty-five states representing approximately the population to be used for apportionment purposes. There is a total of 134,158 Indians not taxed.

The total population in 1890, with which the aggregate population of the present census should be compared, was 62,069,756. Taking the 1890 population as a basis, there has been a gain in population of 13,225,614 during the past ten years, representing an increase of nearly 21 per cent.

Following is the official announcement of the population of the United States in 1900 by states. In the figures, the first column represents the census for 1900 and the second for 1890, and the third column, when given, represents the number of Indians not taxed:

Minnesota	1,751,395	1,301,826	1,768
Alabama	1,828,697	1,513,017	....
Arkansas	1,311,564	1,128,179	....
California	1,485,053	1,208,130	1,349
Colorado	539,700	412,198	507
Connecticut	908,355	746,258	....
Delaware	184,735	168,493	....
Florida	528,542	391,422	....
Georgia	2,216,329	1,837,353	....
Idaho	161,771	84,385	2,296
Illinois	4,821,550	3,826,351	....
Indiana	2,516,462	2,192,404	....
Iowa	2,251,829	1,911,896	....
Kansas	1,469,496	1,427,096	....
Kentucky	2,147,174	1,858,635	....
Louisiana	1,381,627	1,118,587	....
Maine	694,466	661,086	....
Maryland	1,189,946	1,042,390	....
Massachusetts	2,805,346	2,238,943	....
Michigan	2,419,782	2,093,889	....
Mississippi	1,551,372	1,289,600	....
Missouri	3,106,117	2,679,184	....
Montana	243,289	132,159	10,716
Nebraska	1,068,901	1,058,910	....
Nevada	42,334	45,761	1,065
New Hampshire	411,588	376,530	....
New Jersey	1,883,669	1,444,933	....
New York	7,268,009	5,997,853	4,711
North Carolina	1,891,992	1,617,947	....
North Dakota	319,000	182,719	4,692
Ohio	4,157,545	3,672,316	....
Oregon	413,536	313,767	....
Pennsylvania	6,301,365	5,258,014	....
Rhode Island	428,556	345,506	....
South Carolina	1,340,312	1,151,149	....
South Dakota	401,559	328,808	10,832
Tennessee	2,022,723	1,767,518	....
Texas	3,048,828	2,235,523	....
Utah	276,965	207,905	1,172
Vermont	343,641	332,422	....
Virginia	1,854,184	1,655,980	....
Washington	517,672	349,390	2,631
West Virginia	958,800	762,794	....
Wisconsin	2,068,963	1,686,880	1,057
Wyoming	92,531	60,705	....
Total for forty-five states	71,627,907	62,116,811	44,647
Territories, etc.—			
Alaska (estimate)	44,000	32,052	....
Arizona	122,212	99,629	21,641
District of Columbia	278,718	230,392	....
Hawaii	154,001	89,990	....
Indian Territory	391,960	180,182	56,083
New Mexico	195,777	153,593	2,937
Oklahoma	398,245	61,834	5,927
Persons in the service of the United States stationed abroad (estimated)	84,400		....
Indians, etc., on reservations, except Indian Territory		145,282	....
Total for seven territories, etc.	1,667,313	952,945	89,541

The Alaskan figures are derived from partial data only, and all returns from Alaska and for certain military organizations stationed abroad, principally in the Philippines, have not yet been received.

AS A PLAIN MISTER.

Kruger Is Expected to Travel "Incog" In Europe.

Paris, Oct. 30.—The foreign office officials believe former President Kruger will travel incognito during his visit to the European capitals, relinquishing it in each city only long enough to permit an exchange of visits between Mr. Kruger and the head of the nation. His stay in Paris will not exceed forty-eight hours, and possibly only twenty-four. The French government will not offer Mr. Kruger any formal function, though it is expected the city will tender him a demonstration which will be a scene of enthusiasm. The government will not take part in the reception, but will not, however, put any obstacles in the way of private plans of welcome. In short, the government will not take any steps likely to be construed as an offense to Great Britain, though it is certain President Loubet and Mr. Kruger will exchange visits. The same proceedings, it is believed, will be followed at each European capital visited.

DAMAGE IS HEAVY.

Official Report on the Earthquake at Caracas, Venezuela.

Washington, Oct. 30.—The state department has received the following cablegram from Mr. Russell, secretary of legation at Caracas, concerning the recent earthquake in Venezuela, in which Cipriano Castro, the president of the republic, was injured:

"Caracas, via Hayti, Oct. 29.—Secretary of State, Washington: Severe earthquake this morning, great damage to property, several killed; president jumping from second floor government house, leg broken; details from interior later. RUSSELL."

VETERAN DEAD.

St. Louis, Oct. 30.—Gen. G. D. Frost, for fifty years one of the best known residents of this city, is dead, aged 77. Gen. Frost was born in Schenectady county, N. Y., in 1823; was graduated from West Point in 1844 and served in the Mexican and civil wars; in the latter, on the Confederate side.

EDITOR HEARSEY DEAD.

New Orleans, Oct. 30.—Maj. Henry R. Hearsey, editor of the Daily States and one of the best known newspaper writers in the South, died here today. He was 60 years of age.

LANDSLIDE FOR BRYAN

Grover Cleveland Expresses His Views on Result of the Election.

BREAKS HIS SILENCE

Believed His Statement Will Help Bryan and Injure the Republicans.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Oct. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grover Cleveland, the "Princeton hermit," has at last expressed his views regarding the outcome of the election next Tuesday. He anticipates a landslide for Bryan.

He so stated to a representative of the Philadelphia Times at Princeton last night. This Philadelphia paper emphatically declares that its interview with Cleveland printed today is authentic.

Politicians here are discussing this statement of the former president with avidity. While Cleveland may not vote for Bryan, his announcement that he believes Bryan will be elected will help the latter and injure the Republicans. This much is admitted by prominent Republican leaders in Washington.

The enthusiasm Bryan has worked up for the Democracy in New York is pretty certain to result in a sweeping Democratic victory in that state. That he will carry New York is not doubted by his supporters in the East. This, with other pivotal states he will carry, insures his election one week from today beyond all possible doubt.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

VICTIMS OF WRECK.

Killed and Injured in the Northern Pacific Accident.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 30.—In the wreck of the Northern Pacific east-bound passenger train, No. 4, at DeHart, Mont., Sunday night, seven persons were killed and several injured, as follows:

The dead:

W. C. Reifenrath, of Helena.

Dr. Lester Pendleton, of Mount Hope, Wis.

Ed Eastman, of Raymond, S. D.

Dr. C. C. Harthorn, of Livingston, Mont.

Miss M. S. Tracy, of Bozeman, and two unknown women.

Another of the victims was an elderly gentleman returning from Cape Nome to his home at Bradherd.

The injured: Walter Nelson, of Dickenson, N. D., left side bruised. Miss Lucy Carpenter, head, side and arm bruised. Mrs. Jacob Hugh, of Marietta, Mich., left foot and side bruised. Marth Tracy, of Bozeman, Mont., sister of M. S. Tracy, who was killed, wrist and arm bruised. M. J. Sweeney, of Butte, Mont., slight injury to right arm. Erick Pendleton, brother of Lester Pendleton, slight. Edward Gray, traveling freight agent of the Omaha railway, foot bruised. M. A. Diedrich, engineer, slight injury to the hand. George Hubbard, sheriff of Yellowstone county, left arm and leg broken, and a dozen others less seriously.

The train was going forty-five miles an hour at the time of the accident. The first three cars were derailed and thrown on their side and the casualties were all among the passengers in the day coach, the remainder of the train not leaving the track.

COME OUT FOR BRYAN.

Prominent Indiana National Democrats Support Him.

Laporte, Ind., Oct. 30.—Sigmund Mayer, of Marshall county, who was a leader in the gold Democratic movement in 1896, has given out a statement that he will vote for Bryan and Stevenson. He says that if Mr. Olney can vote for Bryan every other gold Democrat can consistently follow in his footsteps.

Sylvester Bertrain, of Starke county, who stumped Indiana for McKinley in 1896, has also declared for Bryan and has taken the stump to advocate the cause of Democracy.

TAX FOR RED CROSS.

The Russian Government Imposes One on Railway Tickets.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 30.—The government, for the second time within two months, has imposed a special tax for the benefit of the Red Cross society. The first was a tax of from 5 to 10 roubles upon licenses to travel abroad, according to the length of time for which the license was granted, and now railway tickets are taxed 5 kopeks when the fare is 2 roubles or upwards. It is estimated that the ticket tax will yield $125,000 yearly, and that on licenses $10,000.

It is understood that the czarina, whose interest in the Red Cross society is keen, originated the idea of imposing the taxes.

TOLSTOI IS BUSY.

Enjoys Good Health and Is Writing a Drama.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 30.—Count Tolstoi is enjoying excellent health. He is engaged in writing a drama entitled "A Corpse."

IS REPORTED DEAD.

Private Dispatch Announces Demise of President of Hayti.

New York, Oct. 30.—A private cable dispatch received at Kingston, Jamaica, according to the Herald's correspondent, reports the sudden death of T. Simon Sam, of Hayti. The news, which has not been confirmed, has greatly excited and rejoiced the Haytien exiles at Kingston.

MINERS KILLED.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 30.—William Whitemore, Robert Campbell and Charles Blackie, miners employed in the Smoke House mine, were asphyxiated yesterday by powder gas. They had fired twelve shots and went down too soon afterward.

BUSINESS NEGLECTED

Not Much Attention Paid to Uncle Sam's Work These Days.

ARE ON THE STUMP

Officials Are Drawing Salaries For Speeches In Behalf of McKinley.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Oct. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The business of the United States government is being given very little attention these days. The president of the United States, William McKinley, is at present at Canton, Ohio, and nearly every member of his cabinet is now or has been in various sections of the country, either making speeches or in other ways endeavoring to bring about victory for the Republican presidential ticket in this campaign. The only members of the cabinet who have not appeared on the stump are Secretary of State Hay and Secretary of Interior Hitchcock. Secretary Gage of the treasury has been and is now engaged in delivering speeches in behalf of the Republicans. Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith has been on the stump in various sections of the country for several weeks past. Secretary of War Root made a notable speech in Ohio a few days ago, and would continue to address the voters of the country in behalf of McKinley and Roosevelt, were it not for the fact that he is not enjoying the best of health. Secretary of Agriculture Wilson is at present in Iowa stumping that state for the Republican national ticket. Secretary of the Navy Long is journeying through the West, and will put in all the time he can spare in behalf of his chief. Attorney General Griggs will do some talking in New Jersey from now on until election day, and Director of the Census Merriam has gone to Minnesota to do what he can to stir up enthusiasm for the Republican ticket.

The "big guns" in official life are not the only members drawing salaries for "out in the field" work in behalf of the Republican party. Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn of the war department has been campaigning in Nebraska. Assistant Secretary Ryan of the interior department is doing work for the Republicans in Kansas, his own state. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor has gone to Wisconsin to do what he can in the interest of the Republican national and state tickets. Assistant Secretary Hill of the state department is in Mississippi hard at work for the Republican cause. It is a matter of fact that nearly every Republican office holding any prominent position whatever is at present out of the city, with the advice and consent of the president and Chairman Hanna of the Republican national campaign committee, so that until after the election the national capital, from a news point of view, will be one of the dullest places in the United States. It might be added that thousands of the employes under this administration in the various departments have been granted leaves of absence to go to their homes to work for and to vote for the Republican party on Nov. 6.

The Democratic employes, protected by the civil service to some extent, have deemed it unwise for them to go home to vote. They fear, at least it is so stated, that if they do so "the powers that be" in Washington will separate them from the positions that they now occupy in the various departments. It is understood that some of these Democratic employes have been warned that if they desire to continue in office under this administration they had better remain at their desks until after the coming election is over.

* * *

Charles Denby, who was for twelve years United States minister to China, asserts that the recent outbreak in the Flowery Kingdom was not due to the missionaries. Mr. Denby prepared a statement for the Foreign Missionary society of the Southern Methodist church, and this statement has just been made public. Mr. Denby says:

"The missionary question as affecting China claims at this time a calm and fair consideration, if for no other reason than because it may furnish an element in the settlement which the allies must soon make with the Chinese government. I assume that such a settlement will be made. After the terrible experiences of the past two months it will not do for our troops to withdraw from China without securing safeguards for the future protection of foreign residents. If, as means of the indulgence of the powers, or their combining views, nothing is done the Chinese will claim as they invariably do under such circumstances, that they defeated the foreign troops, and the condition will be laid for new troubles in the near future. Now is the time to settle all questions touching foreign rights. It is the time, also, if it be possible to do so, to settle what rights China has, if she has any, in the family of nations. A declaration in which all the treaty powers would guarantee her against dismemberment or partition would be the foundation stone of a convention which should contain liberal safeguards for the protection of foreigners. Undoubtedly one of the prominent subjects in such a convention would be the status of the missionary. It is probable that China would endeavor in some way to curtail rights which have been granted to the missionaries by existing treaties and conventions, but she would not demand the impracticable thing of their total exclusion.

"Now, when the position of the missionary is made secure, both by imperial edict and by treaty, it is sought to charge him with the responsibility of the last outbreaks in China, with a view to prevent him from continuing his labors. Recent history does not sustain the proposition that the people are so much opposed to missionaries as to be willing to drive them out by violence. If that proposition had been true they would long ago have been driven out of China. In the provinces of Caihli, where the recent riots had their most important sphere of operation, from 1850 down to 1890 there was no riot, though the province is full of missionaries. There have been usually specific causes for riots. At Chinkiang, for instance, the riot which occurred a few years ago arose from the striking of a Chinaman by a Hindu policeman. Several riots have been caused by the ridiculous charge that the missionaries use the eyes of infants to make medicine. This was the origin of the celebrated riot at Tien Tsin in 1870. Here it must be said that if the foreigners would give up the establishment of orphan asylums they would avoid a prolific source of disaster. In one of the towns on the Yangtse a missionary laid her hand on a boy's head in the streets. The boy claimed that he was bewitched, and a fearful riot ensued.

"It must be admitted that sudden disturbances growing out of such incidents or delusions as above mentioned do not indicate a general antagonism among the people to missionary work. Missions are established all over the great empire, many in the most isolated and unprotected places, and disaster has come to comparatively few of them. It is not to be denied that a hatred of missionaries exists among the literati and the higher classes. While the government has not failed on suitable occasions to acknowledge that the missionaries do good, and to order that they should be protected, still official classes view them with envy, hatred and malice.

"Much has been said about sending ladies as missionaries to China. The China inland mission has been greatly attacked on this account. Possibly if I had ever seen the ladies at work I might have agreed with these critics, but the truth is that they do the hardest part and the most of the work in China. The teaching of the children and the nursing and treating of the sick women and children, surgical and medical, fall to their lot.

"It is not within the range of probability that any administration in this country will consent to the exclusion of its missionaries from China. It cannot be dreamed that a step fraught with such vast and injurious results will ever be taken by the treaty powers. The treatment of the whole subject rests with the Christians of this and other countries. It will be found that the sentiment of the world will now, as heretofore, be on the side of a reasonable and prudent policy of religious expansion."

* * *

It was stated at the navy department that Secretary Long has given his consent to the removal of the battleship Maine from Havana harbor. Immediately upon the return of Gen. Wood to Havana he will make arrangements for the raising of the wreck. Several months ago applications were made to Gen. Wood by persons willing to remove the Maine, if they were given the hull in return for the work, and it is possible that they may still be willing to observe the same terms. Besides the Maine, Gen. Wood will probably make arrangements for the removal of the armored cruisers Vizcaya, Almirante Oquendo and Cristobal Colon, that now lie along the south coast of Cuba, and the gunboat Jorge Juan, which is lying in the mud in the harbor of Nipe.

Gen. Wood will have a representative present during the removal of the Maine, and Lieut. Commander Young, the captain of the port of Havana, will witness the operation. Should any evidence be discovered bearing upon the cause of the destruction of the ship it will be immediately reported to Washington. The Maine is pretty far down in the mud and it will probably be a very difficult task to raise her.

L. S. VAN ANTWERP.

ECZEMA NO CURE NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, Itching Humors, Dandruff and all Skin Diseases no matter of how long standing. Price 50c. If your druggist should fail to have it send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail, and at any time you notify us that the cure was not satisfactory we will promptly return your money. Your druggist will tell you that we are reliable, as our LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE Tablets, which have a national reputation for colds, are handled by all druggists. Address PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

PHILLIES COME IN.

Milwaukee, Oct. 30.—Matthew R. Killilea, president of the American Baseball club, returned from Chicago yesterday, where he was in conference with President Hart, Johnson and Charles Comiskey. Mr. Killilea declared positively that Philadelphia will be taken into the American league beginning with next season.

The Fad

Of the modern woman is health by exercise. It's an excellent fad, provided that it is always remembered that exercise cannot cure womanly diseases.

Indeed, where such diseases exist exercise is apt to aggravate the condition rather than to help it.

The first step toward establishing the general health is to establish the local womanly health. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures womanly diseases which undermine the general health. It establishes regularity, dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. When these are cured, backache, headache and nervousness are things of the past. The universal testimony of weak and sickly women, cured by "Favorite Prescription," is this: "It has made me feel like a new woman."

"My wife has used three bottles of Dr. Pierce's medicine, and I never saw such results," writes A. B. Haynes, Esq., of Aurora, Lawrence Co., Mo. "It was wonderful in its work. We had used lots of medicine, also had one of the best physicians in Aurora, but my wife got no better; we heard one pill given after another, day and night. A friend handed me a copy of Dr. Pierce's book, the Common Sense Medical Adviser, and after reading the testimonials of Dr. Pierce's successful treatment, and seeing that the cases described were similar to my wife's, I bought for her a bottle of Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Before she had taken all of the medicine she was up and helping to do the work. She has taken three bottles and is now about well. Has better health than she has had for years."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

THE FARMER IS FOOLED

Practical and Successful Wool Dealer Talks on the Wool Tariff.

SAYS IT IS A MENACE

To All Wool Growers and a Benefit to the Woolen Trust.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—H. Halthusen, of Colorado, is without doubt one of the greatest raisers and wool buyers in the United States.

He has recently declared, without reservation, that the wool tariff as it now stands, is a menace to all wool growers.

For many years Mr. Halthusen has been one of the largest wool purchasers in Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, New Mexico and other Western states and is conceded to be at the present time the largest holder of wool in this country.

"The people of the United States," says Mr. Halthusen, "are taxed 100 per cent on the clothes they wear. The per cent goes to the Eastern manufacturers and the favored classes, and the farmer pays the bill. A trust would be an impossibility if it were not for the miscalled protective tariff. Open competition with the world would quickly wipe out all the trusts and Col. William J. Bryan is right in his arguments that all articles and goods upon which trusts are founded should be put on the free list. That is the very thing the trusts are most bitterly opposed to.

"The wearer of clothing in this country is a contributor to the woolen trust. This gigantic corporation has the country at its mercy, and can turn out such goods as it likes and the people have no redress, for the imported goods are too costly in price for the great body of the people. The trust manipulates cotton and shoddy and mixes them with wool in such proportions as to shut out all competition. The people are actually compelled to buy what the trust offers or go without clothing. The trust regulates the quality and the price, and yet tens of thousands of wool raisers are bamboozled into voting the Republican ticket by specious arguments which are wholly false. They are bamboozled by the delusion of McKinley prosperity, when in truth the alleged prosperity was caused by decreased supply in other countries and conditions over which no government had any influence.

"The American Woolen company," said he, "has absolute power to control prices. It can raise or lower the price at its will, and nobody can say nay; can change the class of goods manufactured in the mills by using shoddy or coarse wools and the sheep raiser stands helpless. When the company is ready, it goes in the market. It has been the policy of the great corporation to stay out of the market during the present year. As a result we have 2,000,000 or 3,000,000 pounds of wool in store in Colorado and no demand. Wool has dropped 20 cents on the scoured pound and wool that was selling for 65 cents per scoured pound is now a drug on the market at 45 cents.

"The wool situation is duplicated in the hide industry. The trusts have almost ruined all traffic in hides. The American Hide and Leather company and the sole leather trust control all business in hides. They have so manipulated the market that there has been a decline of 30 or 40 per cent since Jan. 7. Manufacturers are in bad shape, as they are at the mercy of these trusts, and the outlook for next year bodes no good for either wool or hide men.

"One of the things I expected has happened, and the outcome cannot fail to be disastrous to the investors. Commission houses of New York and Boston have taken millions of pounds of wool and placed it in storehouses, with the expectation that after the election there will be a reaction and prices will go skyward. Then they hope to unload. The big dump will pound the prices lower.

"Today I met a farmer who has seventy-eight sacks of wool who estimates the wool is worth 12 to 13 cents a pound. Let him try to sell it. I would not give 10 cents a pound for the lot."

A year ago Mr. Halthusen was a passenger on a steamer enroute to Liverpool and by his force of argument silenced every gold standard and high tariff advocate aboard the ship.

"That was the hottest debate I ever undertook," said Mr. Halthusen. "I showed in the course of two days' debate that my opponents were non-producers, and the country would be much better off if they were all dropped into the Atlantic. I find that our people in the mountains and on the farms are vastly better off in educational qualifications that the majority of the people of New England, and it does not come with good grace for these people to attempt to offer advice to us as to how we should vote. The fact is, the people of Colorado are intelligent enough to vote without receiving instruction from the flood of orators the Republican national committee is sending out here."

TO TAX CORPORATIONS.

Chicago Teachers' Federation Begins Action Against Board.

Chicago, Oct. 30. Mandamus proceedings were begun yesterday by Catherine Goggin, president of the Teachers' federation of Chicago, against twenty-two members of the state board of equalization and State Auditor James S. McCullough to compel the board to find the fair cash value of more than $225,000,000 worth of intangible capital stock and franchise property of twenty-three Chicago corporations and to assess the corporations at once according to law so that they will pay their portion of the taxes for 1900. This step is necessitated, the teachers say, by the obvious intention of the members of the state board to shirk the issue of assessing the corporations until after election, once in office again it is charged the members will refuse to consider the matter of franchise tax and will allow the corporations to escape taxation.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

WHAT CAUSES DEAFNESS.

The Principal Cause Is Curable But Generally Overlooked.

Many things may cause deafness, and very often it is difficult to trace a cause. Some people inherit deafness. Acute diseases like scarlet fever sometimes cause deafness. But by far the most common cause of loss of hearing is catarrh of the head and throat.

A prominent specialist on ear troubles gives as his opinion that nine out of ten cases of deafness is traced to throat trouble; this is probably overstated, but it is certainly true that more than half of all cases of poor hearing were caused by catarrh.

The catarrhal secretion in the nose and throat finds its way into the Eustachian tube, and by clogging it up very soon affects the hearing and the hardening of the secretion makes the loss of hearing permanent, unless the catarrh which caused the trouble is cured.

Those who are hard of hearing may think this a little far-fetched, but anyone at all observant must have noticed how a hard cold in the head will affect the hearing, and that catarrh, if long neglected, will certainly impair the sense of hearing and ultimately cause deafness.

If the nose and throat are kept clear and free from the unhealthy secretions of catarrh, the hearing will at once greatly improve, and anyone suffering from deafness and catarrh can satisfy themselves on this point by using a 50-cent box of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, a new catarrh cure, which in the past year has won the approval of thousands of catarrh sufferers as well as physicians, because it is in convenient form of use, contains no cocaine or opiate, and is as safe and pleasant for children as for their elders.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is a wholesome combination of Blood root, Guaiacol, Eucalyptol and similar antiseptics, and they cure catarrh and catarrhal deafness by action upon the blood and mucous membrane of the nose and throat.

As one physician aptly expresses it: "You do not have to draw upon the imagination to discover whether you are getting benefit from Stuart's Catarrh Tablets; improvement and relief are apparent from the first tablet taken."

All druggists sell and recommend them. They cost but 50 cents for full-sized package, and any catarrh sufferer who has wasted time and money on sprays, salves and powders will appreciate to the full the merit of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

BLAZE OF ENTHUSIASM.

A Mammoth Bryan Demonstration In Greater New York.

New York, Oct. 29.—William J. Bryan last night brought to a close his electioneering work in the present campaign in greater New York by making a speech in Manhattan and six speeches in Brooklyn. The demonstration in Brooklyn was one of the largest political outpourings in the history of the borough. Over 100 bands furnished music, and it is estimated that over 100,000 people saw and heard the Democratic candidate speak last night. Fireworks flamed until midnight from a dozen official stands, and Greek fire was everywhere. A great army of the policemen kept the crowds in order and twenty mounted officers met Mr. Bryan's party at the bridge entrance and acted as escorts for the remainder of the evening. The first speech was made at the Academy of Music. As the Bryan party appeared at the academy, bombs and skyrockets were fired in front of the borough hall and filled the sky with clouds of colored stars. Music broke forth from a dozen bands, and the throngs of people in the streets cheered and shouted themselves hoarse. The academy was crowded with an enthusiastic audience, and thousands of people who wished to hear the Democratic candidate could not be admitted. When Mr. Bryan appeared on the platform the crowd went wild with applause, and it was at least ten minutes before sufficient quiet could be restored to allow the speaker to proceed. Mr. Bryan spoke for thirty minutes, being frequently interrupted by applause.

Senator Wellington of Maryland followed Mr. Bryan who, as soon as his speech was ended, started for the Park theater, where he addressed another large gathering.

After leaving the Park theater, Mr. Bryan made a dash for the East Side district, arriving at the Palace Park rink about 9 15 o'clock. Before his arrival there was a parade of 6000 Democrats with twenty bands.

At 9:45 Mr. Bryan arrived at Lederkranz hall, where there was another parade and more bands. At Military hall, the next stopping place, there was a parade and twenty-seven bands to greet the candidate. It was nearly 11 o'clock when the candidate reached Arion hall. This was a labor meeting, and Edward Markham and Comptroller Carter had addressed the gathering before Mr. Bryan arrived. From Arion hall Mr. Bryan was driven to Schwabenham hall.

Mr. Bryan and his party left for Connellsville at 12:12 a. m., on the Erie railway.

EARTHQUAKE AT CARACAS.

Fifteen Persons Are Killed and President Castro Injured.

Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 30.—Caracas was visited by a severe earthquake yesterday. Fifteen persons were killed and many others injured. Great damage was done to buildings, including the Pantheon and the churches. The United States legation was badly damaged, but all the occupants escaped unhurt.

President Castro, who leaped from a balcony on the second floor of the government house, had one of his legs broken. William Henry Doyleton Haggard had a narrow escape, the second floor of the British legation having fallen upon him and buried him in the debris.

The city of Caracas, which has frequently suffered from earthquakes, was visited last July by a series of seismic disturbances which did great damage to property. There were seven terrific shocks in quick succession, and the residents of the city were terror stricken. President Castro and his family slept for several nights under tents in the Plaza Bolivar, and all the churches and theaters were kept closed for a week.

NEW THROUGH LINE.

Kansas City Southern Is Acquired By Connecting Roads.

New York, Oct. 30.—It is learned on excellent authority that John W. Gates, who recently purchased a controling interest in the securities of the Kansas City Southern railway (formerly the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf), has just sold such control to a syndicate representing various connecting roads. The new purchasers include James Stillman, representing the Rockefeller interest in the Missouri, Kansas & Texas; Cohn, Loeb & Co., representing the Union Pacific; E. H. Harriman, representing the Chicago & Alton, and George Gould, representing the Missouri Pacific. The sale is regarded as a decidedly important one in Southwestern railway circles as well as regards Pacific coast business. By means of the new control, it now becomes a direct road from Chicago to the gulf, and, by means of the Union Pacific, a direct line to the Pacific.

A FATAL DISPUTE.

Political Discussion at Bryant, Wis., Ends In Murder.

Antigo, Wis., Oct. 30.—Tom Baker and John Cannelton became involved in a political argument at Bryant, seven miles north of this place, and Baker stabbed and instantly killed Cannelton.

TURNS SHIP INTO MENAGERIE.

Python, Monkeys and Wild Animals Brought By an Engineer.

New York, Oct. 30.—Chief Engineer John Drew of the British steamship Indravelli, which arrived here from Singapore on Saturday, has a penchant for snakes, monkeys and wild animals generally, and, according to his own account, must have transformed that vessel into a veritable menagerie.

His collection includes a python twenty-six feet long; three tailless black Javanese monkeys, which he has named McKinley, Bryan and Hanna; twenty-three other monkeys with tails, but minus cognomens, ten squirrels and a Japanese poodle.

"The python," said he today, "is a wonder, and I believe he is the largest in captivity. He is from the jungles of the Straits Settlement. He's been asleep all the way from Singapore to New York except for a few minutes on one or two nights, when he roused himself sufficiently to swallow some chickens, a duck and a rabbit. He is green, red, blue, white and several other colors. He is really a beautiful reptile."

BOUTELLE'S CASE HOPELESS.

His Malady, Doctors Say, Does Not Yield to Treatment.

Boston, Oct. 30.—Congressman Charles A. Boutelle, who has been an inmate of the McLean asylum for the insane at Waverly since last spring, and who was recently re-elected by the people of his district in Maine, is regarded by the physicians at the institution as a hopeless case.

Mr. Boutelle's malady, which the physicians say results from a clot of blood on the brain, does not yield to treatment. His moods vary. At times he appears and talks rationally.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents

DEMOCRATS GAIN IN OHIO.

Heavy Increase In Registration Shown In Anti-Republican Cities.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 30.—The third and last day's registration in Ohio was completed Saturday night and footings made today show a remarkable increase over the registration four years ago. In five of the large cities Cleveland, Cincinnati, Columbus, Dayton, Springfield and Hamilton—the increase over 1896 is nearly 21,000, indicating an exceptionally large vote this fall. Complete registration in Columbus shows 34,000 voters, an increase of 4000; Cleveland registers 70,709, an increase of 5879; Dayton shows a gain of 5000, the total registration being 25,000; Springfield's increase is 556 over four years ago and Hamilton is 500; Cincinnati's total registration is 81,817, a gain over 1896 of but 959 and over 1899 of 7681. At Canton, President McKinley's home, 5301 voters registered a gain over 1896 of 519.

The state Democratic campaign officials are jubilant over the result because of the fact that best showings are in Democratic cities. The large registration in Democratic wards here makes Democratic victory almost certain in this county and practically assures the re-election of John J. Lentz to congress.

$150.00 Cash Prizes.

Pleasure and profit combined. C. P. Howes Co., St. Paul, Minn., agents for Belding Bros. & Co., silk manufacturers, offer substantial cash prizes to both old and young, for best embroidery work done with Beldings' silks; $25.00 in prizes to girls under 16 years. Write for information.

A Good Road to Cincinnati.

The Monon Route and C. H. & D. R'y run four trains daily from Chicago to Cincinnati. The day trains leave Dearborn station, Chicago, at 8:30 a. m. and 11:45 a. m., and are equipped with elegant parlor and dining cars. The night trains leave at 8:30 p. m. and 2:45 a. m. These trains are equipped with elegant sleepers and compartment cars. The sleepers on the latter train being ready for occupancy at 9:30 p. m. Ask for tickets via Monon and C. H. & D.

City ticket office, 232 S. Clark street, Chicago.

THE WORKING MAN AND HIS EXPERIENCE

He Is Learning to Look Out For No. 1.

Outside of any union or labor organization features, the working man has learned the art of self-protection. He has been trifled with long enough, not so much by trusts or corporations as by the manufacturers of the goods he buys. Nowadays the laboring man is learning to ask questions when buying goods: "Who made this?" or "What does it contain?" or "Was it made by a trust?" In buying tobacco, it is well for you to ask your dealer for Gold Rope, Kingbolt, Thrasher or Rise and Shine. These brands are made by the Wilson-McCallay Tobacco company, of Middletown, Ohio, a company independent of trusts. They are better than any other brand on the market, and are pure, wholesome and of delightful flavor. Do not be deceived with inferior and dishonest brands, but paste the above list where it will not be lost.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by overwork and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or pleasure. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cts. per package or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circulars free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 328 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.

House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

CIGARS that are GOOD

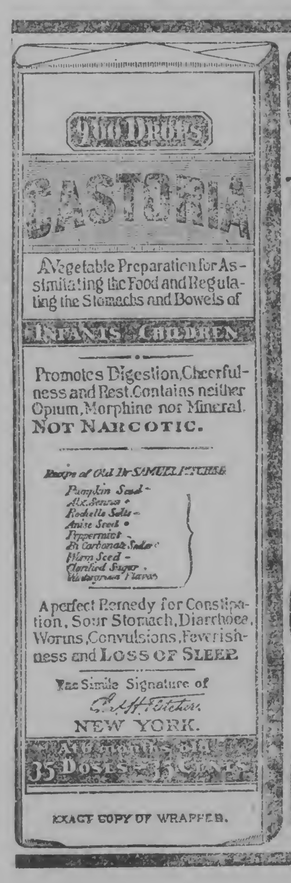
THE NEW IMPROVED TELLER 10 cent Cigar AND THE TELLERETTE 5 cent Cigar

TRY A FEW. YOU WILL ENJOY THEM

AT ALL DEALERS

WATCH OUT FOR OUR TRADE MARK STAMPED IN RED ON EVERY BOX OF GOOD CIGARS.

MATHEWS ADV. CO. MPLS.



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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" Pills great Vegetable French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure it without an operation. 500 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for page circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN

SAPOLIO

IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

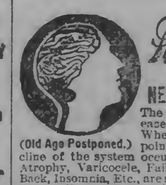
Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists, Duluth, Minn.



TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.

(Old Age Postponed.) The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book.

HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth, Druggist, 12 West Superior Street

BIG G. Trade Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Mull's Lightning Cough Cure FOR WEAK LUNGS

STOPS COUGH-PNEUMONIA-COLDS-GRIPPE-CROUP ETC. NO OPIATES-SAFE FOR CHILDREN-ALL DRUGGISTS-25¢ A BOTTLE.

A SLIGHT ADVANCE

Wheat Started Out Easier, Rallied, Fell Off Again But Recovered.

THE CABLES HIGHER

But the Advance Was Slight Response to Monday's Bulge Here.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 30. The wheat market was rather weak and slightly lower this morning, in marked contrast to the strength manifested at the close yesterday. The easy sentiment was directly due to the cable reports which indicated profit-taking by bears. There was an advance of ¾d at Liverpool, but this was considered a very unsatisfactory response to yesterday's bulge in the American market. The continued wet weather in the Northwest and a reduction in the estimate of the Russian wheat crop combined to check the decline and a rally ensued, but was soon followed by another slump. Later in the morning the market showed slighter full prices recovered to the best figure. One bullish feature was the working of some loss for direct export. There has been a loss to Liverpool. Cable advices were also received, confirming the story that the Argentine wheat crop has been damaged to the extent of 50 per cent. The loss was a bigger than yesterday [illegible] Flour at Chicago for the coarser options.

Futures were dull on the Duluth Board. December wheat opened ¼c higher, December 78 11-16c, February, 78 5-8c. Corn, quiet, ¼c lower. November, 45c; May, 43c. Oats, steady. Rye, [illegible] Flax, steady. Cash wheat to arrive was quoted at $1.73 for No. 1 hard, $1.71 for No. 1 northern, $1.69 for No. 2 northern, $1.66 for No. 3 spring,

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17,148

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Oct. 30.—A trough of low barometric pressure extends from Manitoba to Texas, the center having moved from Western South Dakota to Kansas. This area of low pressure has caused rainy weather over the lake region, Ohio, Mississippi, Missouri and Red River valleys, the Dakotas, Manitoba, Assiniboia, Utah, Wyoming and Colorado, with brisk and high northeasterly winds and fog over Western Lake Superior. Another low pressure area is developing over British Columbia. The barometer is high over Eastern Ontario, Utah, Nevada and California. Cooler weather (with freezing temperatures) prevails in Rocky mountain districts, and warmer in central states.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	70	Medicine Hat	32
Battleford	12	Memphis	72
Bismarck	8	Moorhead	18
Boston	54	Milwaukee	62
Buffalo	48	Minnedosa	18
Calgary	46	Montgomery	80
Cedar City	4	Moorhead	22
Charleston	72	New Orleans	74
Chicago	58	North Platte	58
Davenport	48	New York	66
Denver	52	Oklahoma	72
Detroit	52	Omaha	64
Dodge City	66	Pittsburg	58
Duluth	48	Port Arthur	48
Edmonton	46	Portland	54
El Paso	80	Qu Appelle	12
Escanaba	56	Rapid City	48
Galveston	80	San Francisco	60
Green Bay	52	Santa Fe	58
Havre	30	Shreveport	80
Helena	44	Spokane	46
Huron	54	St. Louis	74
Jacksonville	80	St. Paul	56
Kamloops	50	Sault Ste. Marie	46
Kansas City	64	Swift Current	46
Knoxville	78	Washington	68
La Crosse	58	Williston	48
Lander	42	Winnemucca	42
Los Angeles	74	Winnipeg	32
Marquette	50	Prince Albert	—

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Rain tonight and probably Wednesday. Brisk and high northeast winds, shifting to westerly during Wednesday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Rain tonight and Wednesday.

Minnesota—Threatening with rain tonight and possibly east portion Wednesday. Cooler west portion tonight.

North and South Dakota—Showers and cooler tonight. Fair Wednesday.

Lake Michigan and Huron—Brisk easterly winds, probably becoming variable Wednesday. Rain.

Lake Superior—Brisk to high easterly winds, becoming variable western portion Wednesday. Rain.

Secretary Root Praises the Trusts.

Considerable attention is being paid to the remarkable speech which Elihu Root delivered at the home of his chief in Ohio the other evening. He spoke as Mr. McKinley's secretary of war. He spoke in Mr. McKinley's town of Canton. He spoke as Mr. McKinley's personal guest. He spoke as Mr. McKinley's representative and mouthpiece. One of the secretary's remarkable statements was the explicit declaration that government "does not depend upon consent, and ought to be exercised whether there be consent or not." Mr. Root, it will be seen, is not in agreement with the Declaration of Independence, which the United States supreme court has held is the spirit of our government, of which the constitution is the form and letter. The Declaration of Independence declares that all governments instituted among men derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, and that any government not based upon the consent of the governed is a tyranny. The Herald believes that the American people will support the Declaration of Independence in preference to the views of Secretary Root and that they will not agree to set aside the principles which it enunciates in order to bolster up the McKinley policy of imperialism, because to impose upon any people a government of force, which Mr. Root (speaking as Mr. McKinley's mouthpiece) favors, is to substitute the methods of imperialism for those of a republic. But Mr. Root did not confine himself to this startling and un-American statement. His view of the trusts is equally edifying and illuminating. As the war secretary put the case: "Mr. Bryan says that trusts have grown to an unprecedented degree during the present administration. Yes, the great industrial enterprises which are opening the whole world to American markets, which are sending $500,000,000 of American manufactures abroad during this year, to pay the wages and swell the savings bank accounts of American laborers, have grown beyond precedent." In view of such a declaration as this at the president's own home what possible hope remains that a McKinley administration will make any attempt whatever to curb or cure the industrial evils of the day? Mr. Root, it will be observed, is in thorough accord with Mr. Hanna on this question, and Mr. Hanna controls the policy of the administration. Mr. Hanna has said that trusts are "good things." Those who believe the trust evils should be removed should work for Bryan and a Democratic congress.

McKinley Elector Now For Bryan.

It is announced that Washington Van Horn, of 151 Perry street, Chicago, a McKinley presidential elector for the Seventh Illinois district in 1896, has renounced the party in which he was an active and honored member for thirty years and come out squarely for Bryan. Mr. Van Horn is the founder of Ravenswood, Ill., and up to five years ago, when he retired, was one of the largest building contractors of Chicago. As a captain in the famous Eighth Illinois volunteers, he marched with Sherman to the sea. Touching the cause of his conversion, Mr. Van Horn said: "For thirty years I voted to tax myself for the purpose of building up the industries of the United States, never dreaming that I was helping to conjure up a monster that now threatens to destroy us. Under the protective tariff system, a few syndicates have gained absolute control of all the industrial enterprises in the country and they are now dictating the policies of the government for their own selfish purposes. The veil dropped from my eyes when McKinley draw-fished on 'plain duty' to the Porto Ricans. This was the most cowardly act ever recorded against a president of the United States. Then I saw that he was but the visible puppet of the giant syndicates which have crept noiselessly into power and which are our real legislators today. Having exploited the home market, they are looking for new fields in the far East. The maintenance of a large standing army is an incident in their policy. What they have gained by corruption, they will maintain by force. Bryan is immeasurably greater and stronger than McKinley. He has no debts to pay to syndicates and owns no duty except to the whole people. I shall vote for Bryan."

JOHN SHERMAN'S VIEWS.

The McKinley administration organs, that have been lauding John Sherman since his death a few days ago, were denouncing him but a short time ago because he differed from Mr. McKinley on the latter's imperialistic policy. They called him "old fogy" and "fossil" and such other pleasant epithets as flow freely from the mouths of that crowd of politicians. Mr. Sherman, despite the abuse showered upon him, tried to reform the administration rather than abandon it. Yet he did not permit the American people to be in doubt as to his views on this important question. In November last he said:

"I am opposed to this country holding the Philippines and subjugating the natives. I do not believe we have any business in the islands."

Contrast this with Mr. McKinley's statement that "Where the flag once floats it shall never be lowered."

Republican campaigners are trying to deceive the less intelligent voters by referring to the Filipinos as savages; that they comprise sixty tribes, and indicating that carnage and anarchy would follow the withdrawal of our troops. This is what John Sherman said:

"The Filipinos are a people superior to any other Malay race. They have a literature and fine arts distinctive and almost national in character; they are eminently capable of governing themselves and they are splendid fighters. They have been misrepresented to the American people. Many of us have been led to believe that Aguinaldo's followers were a horde of unorganized savages. That the contrary is true has now been established to the satisfaction of fair-minded Americans."

John Sherman, as secretary of state, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, a student of history and political conditions throughout the world for years, had an opportunity to learn, and doubtless knew, the facts regarding the Filipinos as well as any living man. He doubtless conveyed his information to Mr. McKinley.

If you believed John Sherman, then you must believe Mr. McKinley is trying to deceive the people of the United States and play upon their prejudices, their passions and their ignorance. Is that worthy of a candidate for president? Mr. McKinley said that we have acquired a title to the Philippines by purchase and by conquest, the best titles known to international law. This is what John Sherman, the leading authority on international law in the United States senate for thirty years, said:

"We have no right to cede the islands to another power because they do not belong to us. I am speaking now of our moral right to these things. We have not even the right to claim the islands by conquest, because we have not conquered them. We drove the Spaniards from the Philippines just as we did from Cuba, and have no more moral right to claim one than the other."

Mr. McKinley, in his letter of acceptance, and the Republican campaigners say there was no alliance with the Filipinos; that they are savages who have no moral claims upon us; that we are not obligated by any agreement, express or implied, or by any obligation whatsoever to the Filipinos. Here is what John Sherman said:

"The Filipinos aided us to overthrow and tumble over Spain's Eastern empire. Dewey can tell you how Aguinaldo's men fought by the side of ours and helped us to win our victories. And now we send a large army there to subjugate the natives—the lightful owners of the islands. Already we have spent upward of $160,000,000—and for what?"

Roosevelt and the Republican speakers generally say that there is no intention of adding to our standing army. Sherman said:

"It will be impossible for us to hold these people in subjection without large armies there, entailing an enormous expenditure of money, far in excess of any commercial profits we may hope to derive from possession of the archipelago."

The Duluth News Tribune has criticised Mr. Bryan's policy of dealing with the islands. Mr Sherman said:

"Instead of sending soldiers, let us send statesmen to the Philippines; men who can assist the islanders to establish a substantial republican government, with which we can easily secure trade treaties that will give us all the privileges and profits of possession without the responsibilities thereof."

McKinleyites are shouting that we must become a world power. John Sherman said:

"I cannot see why we should go to the opposite side of the world to acquire territory by conquest, with the added danger of involving ourselves in the meshes of Europe's lust for Eastern land. The country has never before undertaken a job of conquest. It is contrary to our national principles and is destined to prove disastrous. Conquest was Spain's habit. Are we to begin it where she left off? One of the saddest spectacles in the history of the rise and fall of nations was the decline and final overthrow of the Spanish empire, which, four centuries ago, was the grandest power on the face of the earth."

Republicans who would follow McKinley must abandon not only Lincoln, but John Sherman, and every great man that prior to four years ago was honored and followed by Republicans. This is why so many Republicans in Duluth and elsewhere find it impossible to follow McKinley and support his imperialistic program.

IMPERIALISM IN PRACTICE.

The following synopsis of the Porto Rican law under which that island is now governed by the United States has been made by a writer in the Chicago Chronicle:

1. The Porto Ricans are not citizens of the United States, nor are they promised citizenship at any time whatever.

2. Porto Rico is not a territory of the United States preparing itself for statehood, but it is a colonial dependency, and no statehood is promised or foreshadowed.

3. The Porto Ricans have no representation in congress.

4. The Porto Ricans are taxed without such representation, which was formerly denounced as tyranny.

5. The Porto Ricans, while declared to be citizens of Porto Rico, are under the effect, the provision and the spirit of the Porto Rican law subjects of the United States.

6. The upper house of Porto Rico is appointed by the president of the United States and is called the executive council, and this executive council has the power of passing upon the qualification of voters for the lower house.

7. No person can be a member of the lower house unless he possesses in his own right taxable property.

8. The governor is appointed by the president and has the power of veto over all legislation.

9. There is a two-edged tariff of 15 per cent between the United States and Porto Rico.

10. The supreme judges of Porto Rico are appointed by the president and the local judges by the governor, an appointee of the president.

11. All the salaries of the president's appointees are to be paid by the Porto Ricans.

When the Porto Ricans welcomed the American forces that landed on their island during the war with Spain, they were assured that they would receive all the blessings of American institutions and become a part of the great American republic. Contrast their scandalously shabby treatment by the Republican congress and the Republican president with this fair promise. Shall the American people endorse this base perfidy? Shall this brand of imperialism for which Page Morris voted and to which he shamelessly points with pride be approved by the voters of the Sixth district?

A Cincinnati dispatch gives particulars of the most significant combination yet projected—the twine and cordage trust. This is the first trust which has grown out of the new colonial policy of the administration. The majority of the thirty-five twine and cordage manufacturies now in the United States will unite their capital in one great concern located at Manilla. This will close up the various institutions and throw at least 100,000 men out of employment. From the trust standpoint the scheme is a sure winner. Manilla being the home of raw material, the saving on the transportation of the finished product over the raw material will be not less than 20 per cent, while the labor employed in Luzon will not exceed 20 cents per day. This closing of the twine and cordage factories will bear very heavily upon the people of Ohio. All of the factories are not yet in the combine, but that will be but a matter of time, as the small number not in cannot contend with the powerful syndicate in control of the situation.

No European in China is better qualified than Sir Robert Hart, the Englishman, who has been director general of the Chinese imperial customs for many years, to express an opinion concerning the present Chinese crisis, its origin and its ultimate outcome. In the November Fortnightly Review he strongly sustains the feeling, somewhat prevalent, that the Boxer movement "is national and patriotic, has taken hold of the Chinese imagination, and will spread like wild fire throughout the length and breadth of the empire." He holds that beyond any doubt "fifty years hence there will be millions of Boxers in serried ranks and war's panoply at the call of the Chinese government." From the standpoint of those who look upon China as merely a huge watermelon for Western commerce to gorge upon, Sir Robert Hart's views will be unpleasant and even dismal. A renascent China, national and patriotic, with millions of trained soldiers armed with the latest weapons, and indisposed to permit foreign countries to make its tariff laws, is not a thing our red-hot imperialists would prefer to conjure with.

By means of a duty of 20 cents a gallon the linseed oil trust has been enabled to make another advance of 7 cents a gallon in the price of the article which it manufactures. If this duty should be repealed it would not be in the power of the trust to put this additional tax upon the consumers of an article chiefly used in the preparation of paint. Competition from abroad would then come to redress the balance in favor of consumers. But the Republican leaders oppose this remedy for the trust evils.

A native Filipino living in Omaha, has demanded the right to register as an elector of that city, and the registration officials are in doubt about his right to do so, and to vote as an American citizen. The question, or one like it, has been decided both ways by inferior courts, and nobody will ever know whether the Porto Ricans and Filipinos are citizens or subjects until the supreme court of the United States settles it. That tribunal has always given decisions that there can be no subjects in a republic.

A change of 20,000 votes in the following states would have elected Bryan in 1896: Indiana, Kentucky, California, Delaware, Oregon and West Virginia. The Democratic national committee claims all of these states with perfect confidence with the exception of Oregon. A change of 5 per cent in the 1896 vote in Ohio would carry that state with its twenty-three electoral votes, and the state is now classed as doubtful.

In 1884 Cleveland was elected. The October odds against him were 3 to 1. In 1888 Harrison was elected. The October odds against him were 2½ to 1. In 1892 Cleveland was elected. The October odds against him were 2½ to 3 to 1. Is there any reason why voters should be affected by the state of the betting market?

The Berlin correspondent of the New York Post, discussing German politics, says: "To console the German masses for their virtual loss of political liberties, they are always directed to notice the material progress of the country." So the "full dinner pail" argument of Mr. Hanna was borrowed from the kaiser!

Florida has a full crop of oranges this year at last, and yet it is not expected that its electoral vote will be cast for Mr. McKinley. This is base ingratitude. Do not the people of Florida know that if Mr. Bryan is elected the orange crop will be a failure? Mark Hanna has said it.

Mr. Hanna seems disposed to do nothing to make the price of coal come down, now that he has settled the strike. Why, asks the Springfield Republican, this indifference to the people's interests on the part of one so powerful with the coal mine owners?

The Portland Telegram says it is hinted that one reason why the coal magnates surrendered is the increased demand for coal in Republican headquarters ever since that letter of ex-President Benjamin Harrison appeared.

On three occasions California has divided her electoral vote. In 1880 the vote stood five Democrats and one Republican, in 1892 eight Democrats and one Republican, in 1896 eight Republicans and one Democrat.

A story is told of a wealthy young Englishman who was cured of blindness on his wedding day. With most men it takes longer.

Over 100 new school houses have been built in Kansas in the last year. Another indication that Bryan will carry the state.

The campaign has not caused Grover Cleveland or Thomas B. Reed to consult a throat specialist.

Very few states will cast as many votes as will be polled in the city of New York.

One week more and "the agony will be over."

CHAFF THAT CHEERS.

Detroit Journal: Sometimes the prick of conscience helps us to see the point.

Pittsburg Chronicle: "I'm dead on to Joe Spiffins," exclaimed the high school girl's brother.

"How did you become fatally superimposed upon Joseph Spiffins?" asked the high school girl.

Indianapolis Journal: "Dolly, is your new young man intelligent?"

"Well, pa, he's just about right; he doesn't understand politics any better than I do."

Chicago Post: "Poets," said the youth with long hair, "are born and not made."

"Possible," replied the long-suffering editor. "Still, I would hesitate to advocate the Herod method of doing business. So long as we can't discriminate at that early age I am in favor of letting all babies live."

Washington Star: "Loyalty," remarked Senator Sorghum, "is one of my great characteristics.

"But you have been known to change your mind once or twice."

"That is true. But my loyalty is tremendous while it lasts. When I attach myself to a man's political interests I stick to him like a brother until he gets defeated."

Philadelphia Press: "Now, tell me," said the kind-hearted woman, "you're a runaway, aren't you?"

"Yes, I am, maam, fer tell the truth," replied the young tramp. "Mother died not long ago, and after that things didn't go right, and one day I lit out and I run till I was dead tuckered out."

"Poor boy! Couldn't go a step farther, eh?"

"O, no! It was 'cause I couldn't go a stepmother."

Bryan and the Young Man.

Philadelphia Times: If a life of opportunity is still to remain open to the young men of the country it must be through a reversal of the policy which has placed the capital, the industries and natural wealth of the country in the hands of a handful of grasping trust shareholders. That policy was originated and fostered by the Republican party and its leaders, and a continuation of political power in Republican hands means the perpetuation of the trusts and the still greater obliteration of the individual. The only hope for the young men of the country is in the defeat of McKinley, the election of Bryan and the return of the government to the principles and methods which permitted an open field and fair play for all in the struggle for a livelihood. Bryan and the Democratic party offer the only hope left to the young men of this country of achieving successful careers and financial independence in the future.

BODY-RESTORER

Food is the body-restorer. In health, you want nothing but food; and your baby wants nothing but food. But, when not quite well, you want to get back to where food is enough.

One of the most delicate foods, in the world, is Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil. When usual food is a burden, it feeds you enough to restore your stomach; baby the same.

The body-builder is food; the body-restorer is Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

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I will guarantee that my Kidney Cure will cure 90 per cent of all forms of kidney complaint and in many instances the most serious forms of Bright's disease. If the disease is complicated send a four-ounce vial of urine. We will analyze it and advise you free what to do.
MUNYON.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st., Phila.

KIDNEY CURE

The Rounder

The trouble in China does not compare with the smash that took place in china at a West Duluth home recently. As the story goes, one of the street railway employes was out to West Duluth several nights ago to call on a young lady that was visiting at the home of some friends. While the two were having a pleasant chat in the parlor the door of the kitchen was opened either purposely or by accident, and the street car man had the pleasure of hearing himself discussed in anything but complimentary terms by two West Duluth young men that had dropped in. He stood it as long as he could and suddenly appeared before the astonished young men to demand what they were up to. They tried a bluff and began to tell how wicked street car men are and how they should be shown their places. Matters got real interesting until the street car man called one of the other men a liar and they both started for him. Next to the street car man was a table loaded with the supper dishes and he did not waste any unnecessary time, but commenced to repel the attack with great vigor, his missiles being the dishes. Plates, cups and saucers, meat dishes, potato dishes, some with their contents, began to follow each other with deadly precision and the room was cleared in about half a minute. The last cup went crashing through the window as the street car man saw one of his enemies pass by on a run.

The man of the house, who was an interested spectator of the affair, was so pleased at the termination of the battle that he refused the street car man's offer to settle for the dishes, remarking that he was glad enough to get rid of the young fellows so easily, and that he had no doubt but that they would be perfectly willing to settle to keep their names out of the paper. It is said that they fulfilled his expectations by settling in full. The street car man now goes out there to visit his friend any time he pleases without interference from the fellows who believe all street car men to be very bad.

* * *

There is a young man in one of the leading wholesale houses of this city who is exceedingly reticent in regard to the way in which he spent last Sunday. It seems that he made arrangements with a friend to spend the day at the latter's lodge some twenty miles up on the Cloquet river, for which they were to start Saturday night and return on Monday. The young man from the wholesale house had all the supplies and took them in a rig, the horse attached to which was rather fractious and would not stand. His friend showed him the way up over the hill and told him to go ahead as he, the friend, would probably overtake him on the way. The young man started, but lost the road and did not get out of the city, but his friend starting a little later supposed the other rig to be in front and drove all the way on to the lodge, only to find that he would have to picnic alone. Having no supplies he was obliged to put up at a farm house and returned yesterday afternoon, fearing that some harm had overtaken his friend from the wholesale house.

About 7 o'clock last evening he located his man, who, losing his way did not dare show up in the city for fear of being lashed by his friends, so put the rig in a livery barn and took a room at the hotel, remaining in it from Saturday night until Sunday night for fear of meeting some of the boys. He even had his meals sent to his room. The young man did not say how he enjoyed himself, but it transpires that he had to settle a livery and hotel bill that cost him in the neighborhood of $10.

* * *

A Duluth young man recently came into possession of a large, juicy, tender piece of Rocky mountain sheep, elephant's steak, or whatever it is best to call it before Nov. 1. In confidence, it was venison, killed some time before the opening of the season on venison. It may be imagined that this is an uncommon thing, but it is not, for St. Louis county is a very large piece of ground, and earnest and vigilant as the game wardens are, they cannot cover it completely at all times. So someone had killed a deer, and this young man had been honored with a choice piece of it. Now there is a young woman with whom this young man intends to share all he has or all he ever expects to get some day, so he decided that it would be a very clever idea to take that piece of venison up to her home and surprise her with it. So he wrapped it up and started out. He had another errand to do, so he left the package with a man who purported to be a friend of his, and did the errand. When he came back he took the package and joyfully marched on to the home of his intended. The young woman herself came to the door, and the young man, his face wreathed with smiles, handed her the parcel. Then he stepped in to witness her pleasure when she opened the package.

"Sit down," she said, and he sat down. She began to unwrap the package, and he squirmed in his seat to think how pleased she would be. Then the paper fell away and disclosed—a very ancient pair of shoepacks and a decidedly unclean and offensive pair of overalls.

"Sir," she said, her eyes blazing, "what does this mean?"

"I—I—," began the young man, the breath taken from him by the unexpectedness of the denouement.

"No excuses. This is unpardonable. I am astonished that you would descend to such a petty practical joke as this."

"If you'll excuse me," he said, rising, "I'll go. I want to go down and kill a friend of mine."

Then she burst out laughing and produced the package containing the venison, an exact duplicate of the one he had brought. His friend had changed the packages and had sent the real one up to the house by a messenger with a note explaining the situation to the girl.

Recompensed.

Under the spreading bleacher's shade
The brawny halfback stands.
A leathern harness on his head,
And blisters on his hands.
The lungs within his steel-ribbed chest
Can holler like twelve bands.

Week in, week out, from morn till night,
He butts his Profs to go
And punt the pigskin through the mud
And hear the trainers blow.
They fall on him when he's too swift
And kill him when he's slow.

His hair is but a muddy mop;
A war map is his brow;
He feeds on oatmeal—uncooked chop,
He bones—no matter how.
Yet in this life hath he reward
Exceeding great, I trow.

* * * * * * *

High on the club drag's topmost seat
A winsome figure stands;
She snubs the other men, and yet
His praise from all demands.
She screams his college yell, and thrusts
Her roses in his hands.

—KATHERINE BROWN, in Truth.

As It Now Appears.

Boston Post: John Sherman, financier and statesman, passes away in retirement. Mark Hanna sits in his seat in the senate. William McKinley rattles around in the executive chair which Sherman should have filled.

Probably Overlooked.

Indianapolis Sentinel: The Republican managers are appealing for funds with which to bring home "15,000 absentee" Republicans to vote. Are Rathbone and Neely included in the number?

Jekyll and Hyde.

New York World: The tame Roosevelt now stumping the state should not be confounded with the wild man of the same name who was heard from recently in Oklahoma.

Keeps Right at His Work.

Chicago Chronicle: It is pleasing to note that, while he is not giving out any estimates of his plurality in the electoral college, Brother Wooley continues to saw wood with exemplary energy.

Keep It Within Reach.

Atlanta Journal: Mr. Hanna wants it understood that he is not placing the dollar so far above the man that it can't be reached if he votes right.

Minnesota Proud of Him.

Richmond, Minn., Standard: Minnesota friends view with very great pride, the records of ovations everywhere tendered Hon. Charles A. Towne, as given by the press of the states in which he has been pleading the cause of reform. Mr. Towne's ability and successes have surpassed the most sanguine expectations of his friends.

Suspicion Justified.

Chicago Chronicle: The Cubans are justified in distrusting the purpose of the McKinley administration to deal honestly with them.

JAP ROSE TRADE-MARK **SOAP.**

A NEW CREATION.

A Transparent Glycerin Soap.
Designed especially for toilet and bath.
A large size cake.
Delicately perfumed.

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The Prudent Housewife

Will examine carefully the Range she buys and know it has no weak points.

A CHEAP STEEL RANGE

Is dear at any price and will rust or burn out in a few years. The

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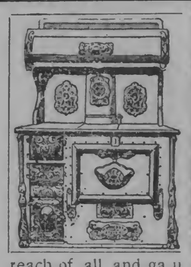


Is the only **First Class Range** manufactured in the Northwest. Is within the reach of all and guaranteed. Duluth buyers should be especially interested in a Minnesota made Range.

Manufactured by MINNESOTA STOVE CO., SHAKOPEE, MINN.

For Sale Exclusively in Duluth by **E. FIEBIGER,** 129 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

IN MICHIGAN.

Houghton County's Heavy Naturalization---Cars Running In Houghton.

Calumet—About 150 United States citizens will be created by the courts of Houghton county before the coming election. A great many foreigners who have been in this country the required time are making application for citizenship papers.

Ben Severtson, of Jacobsville, has brought suit against the Portage Entry Sandstone company for $30,000 for personal injuries sustained while in the employ of that company. Mr. Severetson alleges that on Aug. 20 a number of cars of stone, which were being pulled up a track out of the quarry, broke loose and forced him against a wall of stone, fracturing his pelvic bone. He maintains that the injuries received will permanently disable him.

Houghton—Electric street cars are now running regularly in Houghton and Hancock, on the Houghton County Street Railway company's line. The line has not yet been finished through between the two towns.

The trestle over Otter river on the line of the South Range extension of the Mineral Range, about five miles west of Laird, has been completed and the rails laid over it, and the construction trains are now crossing. It is expected that during the present week the Pine Steel river bridge will be the all-absorbing question with the construction gangs. This bridge is about 1000 feet long and 100 feet high. In its construction about 600,000 feet of timbers will be used.

The grading the entire distance to Mass City is practically finished, and very shortly a gang will begin the laying of steel from that village, working east. There will also be a gang working west from the opposite end, and the two will meet at an early date.

Hancock—President Dunstan says of the Victoria mine: "The new Glen Creek lode is opening up very well. It shows copper uniformly distributed, and as we are as yet only in about six or eight feet, of course enough has not yet been done to determine whether it will be profitable or not; but it is certainly encouraging. The copper ground in the lower levels of the old mine is lengthening the deeper we go. It is not only looking well in the extreme east ends of the drifts at the fourth, fifth and sixth levels, but is extending westerly in our bottom drifts. Hence the deeper we go in the mine the better the outlook."

Ontonagon—Elm River mine has a shaft down 150 feet, which shows bunches of good copper. The management intends sinking to the 500-foot level and then crosscut in search of other lodes.

The Manganese to be mined at Copper Harbor is said to be the purest yet discovered and as it is there in inexhaustible quantities, it promises to develop into a large industry.

PICTURE CARD CRAZE.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 30.—The picture postcard craze is in full swing in the Baltic province and Poland. A postcard exposition is to be held in Warsaw during the coming winter.

AMUSEMENTS.

Eighth Year—Season 1900-1.

Star Lecture Course.

FIRST M. E. CHURCH, DULUTH.

Course Ticket Seat Reservation, on Saturday, Nov. 3, at 1:30 p. m., in the Lecture Room of the Church.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Ernest Seton-Thompson.
November 14. Lecture: "THE WILD ANIMALS AT HOME." Illustrated. Price 75c.

Musical Festival.
Two performances.—November 26.
Afternoon—A concert by Chicago Symphony Orchestra—20 men and an Eminent Quartet from New York City. Price $1.00.
Evening—The Oratorio of St. Paul by an Immense Duluth Chorus, the Chicago Symphony Orchestra and the New York Quartet of Soloists, as follows: Price $1.00.
MISS ELEANOR MEREDITH, Soprano.
MISS MABEL LL. CRAWFORD, Contralto.
MR. E. C. TOWNE, Tenor.
MR. A. W. POETER, Bass.

Prof. Eugene C. Foster.
December 11. Lecture. "LIQUID AIR," illustrated by experiments. Price 50c.

Maud Ballington Booth.
January 23. Lecture: "PRISON REFORM." Price 50c.

Thomas Dixon, Jr.
February 8. Lecture: "MODERN BABYLON," or "MODERN MUNICIPAL CORRUPTION, AS EXEMPLIFIED IN THE HISTORY OF TAMMANY-RIDDEN NEW YORK." Price 50c.

The Apollo Club.
60 male voices—of Minneapolis. February 22. Price 75c.

Col. L. F. Copeland.
Date to be announced. Lecture: "SEEING THE ELEPHANT." Price 50c.

Major J. B. Bond.
Date to be announced. Lecture: "MEMORIES OF THE LYCEUM." Illustrated. Price 50c.

Leland T. Powers.
March 11. Impersonations of Characters in "CYRANO DE BERGERAC." Price 50c.

Season Ticket, $2.50.
Course Reserve Seat 10 cents to $1 extra, according to location.

Selection of seats for Course Tickets the first day in the Lecture Room of the Church on Saturday, Nov. 3, at 1:30 p. m.; doors open at 1:25 p. m., thereafter at Chamberlain & Taylor's. The "line up" will be by numbers given as persons enter after the opening of the door. Persons leaving the room forfeit their number. No person permitted to reserve more than four seats at any one time. To expedite selection of seats at least five plats will be used. For Season Tickets address Lecture Bureau, First Methodist Episcopal Church, Duluth, Minn.

Seating plan of the church will be sent on application for Season Ticket.

AMUSEMENTS.

Sixth Avenue Theater Tonight!
(Formerly Turner Hall.)
Andrew McPhee's Big Company in The Meddler.
Prices—10c, 20c and 30c.
Matinee Wednesday, 10 cents to all.

Maccabee (HUNTER BLOCK) Hall
"Maccabee Carnival" **Tonight!**
There will be glorious sport. Meals served tomorrow noon and evening by the ladies. Come with your friends.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Friday, November 2nd.

"There ain't no sense in doin' nuthin' for nobody what won't do nuthin' for you."
J. R. Sterling Presents the Dramatic Comedy Success of the Season,
RoseMelville
In Sis Hopkins the Pastoral Comedy Hit.
Second season, revised and reconstructed. Large Company. Special Scenery. Catchy Music. Clever Specialties, including the Famous Snakentine Dance.
Prices, 25c, 50c and 75c

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

ELECTION FIGURES

Statistics of Contest Two Years Ago That Are of Interest Now.

THE SIXTH DISTRICT

Lind Carried It By 4504—Congressional Vote In This County.

With the election but a week distant interest in the outcome is plainly on the increase and the study of former results is becoming more a matter of much interest. Nearly every person who is anxious to know the result of former elections can be depended upon to find a copy of the legislative manual somewhere and get most of the information he wants. There are some things, however, which the manual does not show. One of these is the vote on congressmen by precincts in the various districts of the state. It shows the vote by counties, but not by the subdivisions of counties on this office. Another thing which is of interest to many in this district is the vote of the district on governor. This can be found by going through the list of counties and picking out those in the Sixth district and totaling them, but it cannot be found in any separate table by itself. Of course this cannot be charged against the manual as a defect for it is impossible to give all these combinations. In order that those interested may have the figures, The Herald has compiled a table showing the vote of Eustis and Lind, and Morris and Towne in this district two years ago. It is as follows:

	Eustis.	Lind.	Morris.	Towne.
Askin	388	496	542	276
Aspelia	87	83	1,125	85
Belmont	411	417	490	381
Burton	431	385	699	820
Carlton	516	397	679	491
Clay	588	449	635	325
Cook	78	8	93	76
Deer Wing	1,049	501	1,116	773
Duluth	437	381	156	149
Dwight	461	353	275	321
Lake	293	229	264	256
Mille Lacs	621	678	349	489
Morrison	1,187	2,168	1,161	1,388
Pine	395	93	695	521
St. Louis	4,109	1,869	1,349	5,526
Stearns	631	222	710	443
Strang	1,969	4,661	2,456	3,871
Todd	1,523	1,548	1,830	1,575
Wadena	977	528	741	597
Wright	1,511	2,569	2,401	2,081
Total	19,151	23,058	22,191	21,733

Lind's majority, 4504.
Morris majority, 463.

The vote by precincts in this county for Morris and Towne in 1898 was as follows:

CITY OF DULUTH.

First ward—	Morris.	Towne.
First precinct	71	72
Second precinct	48	68
Third precinct	125	125
Fourth precinct	164	173
Fifth precinct	42	49
Total	448	486
Second ward—		
First precinct	118	138
Second precinct	91	125
Third precinct	76	125
Fourth precinct	96	165
Total	381	561
Third ward—		
First precinct	54	36
Second precinct	121	151
Third precinct	52	157
Fourth precinct	75	117
Total	302	464
Fourth ward—		
First precinct	21	54
Second precinct	29	61
Third precinct	39	81
Fourth precinct	71	111
Fifth precinct	61	70
Total	219	367
Fifth ward—		
First precinct	109	152
Second precinct	72	116
Third precinct	68	119
Fourth precinct	70	126
Fifth precinct	22	60
Total	372	574
Sixth ward—		
First precinct	23	34
Second precinct	32	118
Third precinct	26	52
Fourth precinct	83	143
Fifth precinct	38	30
Sixth precinct	19	71
Total	216	498
Seventh ward—		
First precinct	93	126
Second precinct	75	151
Third precinct	58	106
Fourth precinct	42	73
Fifth precinct	74	109
Total	340	575
Eighth ward—		
First precinct	63	100
Second precinct	26	43
Third precinct	22	53
Fourth precinct	29	77
Fifth precinct	29	71
Sixth precinct	13	15
Seventh precinct	33	31
Eighth precinct	21	14
Total	269	439
Grand total city of Duluth	2,647	3,951

OUTSIDE PRECINCTS.

City—	Morris.	Towne.
First ward	126	62
Second ward	49	29
Third ward	58	43
Total	233	134
Tower	114	91
Virginia—		
First precinct	41	32
Second precinct	51	16
Third precinct	28	27
Fourth precinct	28	37
Total of Virginia	141	134
Mesaba		4
Meadowlands	59	15
Pequaywan	40	37
Biwabik	95	85
Breitung (Southan)—		
First precinct	71	28
Second precinct	62	5
Third precinct	46	12
Fourth precinct	46	2
Total of Breitung	228	48
Clinton	8	33
Cotonia	8	13
Culver	12	3
Duluth	11	25
Durham	3	18
Fayal	96	21
Floodwood	17	12
Gheen	27	21
Grand Lake	3	19
Great Scott		6
Herman	38	31
Industrial	2	17
Kelley	5	11
Meadow	4	4
Midway	24	21
Mesaba Mountain—		
First precinct	18	4
Second precinct	29	3
Third precinct	29	12
Fourth precinct	10	3
Fifth precinct	81	123
Sixth precinct	6	3
Seventh precinct	28	29
Eighth precinct	28	17
Total Mesaba Mountain	229	203
Morse	10	15
McDavitt	4	14
New Independence	10	11
Nichols	45	6
Rice Lake	14	22
Solway	7	16
Stuntz (includes Hibbing)—		
First precinct	124	156
Second precinct	31	18
Total of Stuntz	155	174
Township 50-20	5	5
Township 52-20	8	2
Township 53-21	5	2
Township 62-17	4	4
Township 67-17	5	5
Township 52-20	1	12
Total	1,702	1,355
Total of city of Duluth	2,647	3,951
Grand total	4,349	5,326
Towne's plurality		977

VIRGINIA'S REBUILDING.

Boston Transcript Comments on Enterprise of Its Citizens.

The rapidity with which the town of Virginia recovered from the effects of the conflagration which visited it this summer, nearly wiping it off the map, has been a matter of comment with the Eastern papers. The Boston Transcript in a recent issue says:

"The village of Virginia, near Duluth, Minn., was destroyed by fire June 9 this year. All the business portion was swept away, and 300 buildings were burned. Since that time the village has been twice rebuilt, and it has now a business section of solid brick, extending for half a mile along the main street. Immediately after the fire, upon every lot that had contained a building there sprang up a mushroom growth of wooden temporary structures. Families lived in box cars along the railroad track, single cars accommodating an entire family with all its furniture, from a sewing machine to a piano. The depot was in a box car, and dry goods boxes and cloth enclosures served as both dwellings and places of business.

"As soon as men and material could be secured the wooden huts were torn down and permanent brick buildings began to take their place. Now, four months after the fire, there are over 3000 feet of solid brick buildings of two and three stories either completed or nearly so. There is not a wooden building on the main street. A handsome theater, called, of course, 'opera house,' capable of seating 700 persons, has been completed; a club for the social wants of mining engineers, business men, and their visitors has been organized and a house for it erected. The best hotel north of Duluth is under way, and the village is putting in all the newest conveniences of civilization. An iron mine has been discovered under the town, and is being opened. The Virginia of today is very different from that of four months ago. It is an excellent example of Western hustle."

STORM INTERFERES.

Delay In Traffic Affects Some Ore Carrying Contracts.

With the close of last week, some of the vesselmen thured that from Saturday on until this week Thursday, the lakes would be black with the smoke of steamers hustling to the iron ore docks at the head of the lake to get a final cargo before their season contracts expire, on Nov. 1. It was predicted that in some cases it would be a race of boats, with conditions in favor of the newer and faster boats, and with a prospect that some would get here to find no contract ore to be had, and a barren market on which to seek a charter. The rapid change in weather on the lakes will put an end to the hopes of the vesselmen that expected to get in another load before the contract season expires. While some of the contract ore boats are now on their way up here, they have been forced to seek shelter from the storm on Lake Superior, and some will probably be delayed beyond the time limit of their contract.

Many of the contracts were made a year ago, with the provision that the boats should put in all their time up to Nov. 1 in carrying ore, instead of the owner contracting for a certain number of tons. It was then supposed that the ore shipper would want to move every ton possible, but, as the season has turned out, they will be about through with their business, and rather prefer that the boats lose a final load.

Underwriters on hulls are said to be in daily receipt of letters from vessel owners seeking information concerning the amount of saving that can be made in the premium rates on tonnage laid up by Nov. 1 or 15. The inquiries are said to refer mainly to vessels of the large size, for which it would be almost impossible to obtain grain charters after the movement of contract ore ceases. Owners of the smaller vessels are not heard from, and this leads to the belief that they intend to see the season through with their tonnage.

Nacey-Walsh Marriage.

The marriage of Miss Mary Elizabeth Nacey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Nacey, and Peter Walsh took place at 8 o'clock this morning at St. Clement's church. Rev. Father Alfred performed the ceremony. The bride was attired in a handsome gown of pearl gray silk, trimmed with cream satin and chiffon applique, with hat to match, and carried white roses. Miss Lulu Nacey, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid and was charmingly gowned in rose-colored silk with cream satin trimmings, and hat to match, and carried pink roses. The groom was attended by Neil McGurl. After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, where a wedding breakfast was served, only immediate relatives of the contracting parties being present.

Mr. and Mrs. Walsh left on the 2:15 train for Chicago and other points, and will be at home at 708 East Second street after Nov. 15.

AMUSEMENTS.

"SIS HOPKINS."

There is a great deal of comedy, a little pathos, a whole lot of sentiment and enough fun to be amusing in "Sis Hopkins," the new pastoral comedy which comes to the Lyceum Friday. Rose Melville plays the title role. This character was originated by Miss Melville a short time ago as a sort of an experiment, and it made such a tremendous hit that the most natural result was a completed play and in which she was seen in the principal cities for the first time last season.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey No Fusel Oil.

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED TRADE MARK

THE WORLD'S FAMOUS CONSUMPTION CURE

has no equal. Prescribed by leading doctors for nearly half a century as the only absolutely pure, invigorating stimulant and tonic. At druggists and grocers or direct $1.00 a bottle. Write for our free medical booklet.

DUFFY'S MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N.Y.

MEANS A SHUT OUT

Stringent Ordinances Against Clairvoyant and Runners Are Adopted.

OCCUPATION IS GONE

Some Bowery Habitues Will Find Themselves Minus Easy Mode of Living.

Suppressing all modes of mystic lore, an ordinance passed by the council last evening is designed to give clairvoyants infallible advice and truthful predictions of what will happen to them if they seek to converse with the spirits in Duluth. A second ordinance was passed to do away with that portion of the swift set known as "runners." Ostensibly working for restaurants and clothing stores these "runners" put unsuspecting persons through a course of sprints that usually leaves them financially shattered. Henceforth there will be nothing between the police and clairvoyants and "runners," save war and implacable hatred.

The anti-clairvoyant ordinance is a copy of the best features of several similar ordinances now in force in the leading cities of the United States. During the recent visit of Dr. H. V. May and his partner to this city, it is claimed by detectives that young girls of Duluth's very best families and hundreds of working girls consulted with them. The police at the time endeavored to find some means to prevent their doing business in this city, but not until the two mediums walked out with $2500 in cash were they able to get after them.

About the same time Bowery soubrettes began calling themselves by odd looking French names and offering to give woodsmen reliable advice in matters of love, marriage and family affairs till an innocent man on the Bowery couldn't turn round without getting his past and future read incorrectly and being relieved of his surplus capital.

That is what caused the ordinance against fortune telling. Hereafter when mediums hold sweet converse with the spirit world, they will need much of the earthly-producing power to pay the license fees. For one day it will cost $10, for one week it will cost $25; for a month it will cost $50; for six months, $150, and for a year, $300.

All persons taking out licenses must wear badges and in case any of the provisions of the ordinance are violated punishment is provided in the shape of a fine not to exceed $100 and imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding ninety days.

The anti-"runner" ordinance is something that the police department has longed for for many months. Second-hand clothing stores, restaurants and saloons have been employing men to run down trade for them. These men are what are known on the Bowery as rounders and they are a class not very desirable as is shown by the numerous complaints made against them by persons that have been robbed. Their line of work gives them abundant opportunities for hold-ups and bunco games. The new ordinance provides that every "runner" must be licensed and the license costs $150. He must also be able to show a certificate from the judge of the municipal court that he has never been convicted of any crime, must have the recommendations of the police department and must wear a bright metallic badge eight inches in circumference. After obtaining the license it is liable to be revoked at any time if the owner is seen soliciting trade in any but the most affable and gentlemanly manner.

The better class of merchants doing business on the Bowery say they are anxious that this ordinance should be enforced. They recognize the bad features of the runner business and only employ them in order to compete with their rivals.

A third ordinance was adopted making some minor and technical changes to the ordinance relating to the supervision and control of sewers. It changes the present $25 license for all connections for the right to make sewer connections to a permit of $5 for each connection, and it also provides that the city shall have a complete diagram of all sewer connections.

A resolution was adopted by which the city agrees to pay the men working on the Park Point ferry for service rendered between Nov. 1 and Nov. 10, subject, however, to the approval of Attorney J. B. Richards, acting for the taxpayers, who have obtained an injunction in the district court restraining the city from operating the ferry. By stipulation Mr. Richards agreed to allow the ferry to run without protest until Nov. 1 on condition that City Attorney Mitchell would dismiss his supreme court appeal. The resolution was adopted only on condition that Mr. Richards' consent could be obtained.

Alderman Wing introduced a resolution which was adopted, extending the time for receiving payment on assessments on which the period of redemption had expired, to Dec. 1.

An offer was made by seven of the bondsmen of the old Bell & Eyster bank to settle with the city for $3500. This offer was referred to the committee on finance and will be taken up at the meeting of the council next Monday evening.

DR. BRUESS' POWERFUL ELECTRATING PERFECTED REMEDY

IF!

YOU HAVE RHEUMATISM DR. BRUESS REMEDY WILL CURE YOU

Read what a prominent citizen of Dubuque says; your experience would be the same:

948 Iowa St., Dubuque, Ia., May 5, '99.
I have been using Bruess' P. P. P. Remedy for Rheumatism; before using I was not able to walk, and now my Rheumatism is all gone. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and all say it is the finest Liniment they ever used, and as a household remedy for Aches and Pains of all kinds it is superior to anything I know of. Yours truly, MRS. W. K. BROWN.

Sold by druggists. 50c. and $1 a bottle.

BRUESS & CO. (Inc.) Proprietors, Chicago, Ill.

SOLD BY S. F. BOYCE.

SAME SHAPE TWO QUALITIES

"Cluett" KATONAH 25¢ each

ARROW BRAND CRESWELL 2 for 25¢

CLUETT PEABODY & CO MAKERS

TO DOUBT THIS

Is to Disbelieve the Evidence of Your Own Senses.

IT'S DULUTH PROOF FOR DULUTH PEOPLE—IT'S LOCAL ENDORSATION FOR LOCAL READERS—IT WILL STAND THE MOST RIGID INVESTIGATION.

Mr. Charles Hendee, of 1811 Superior street west, night foreman at the Northern Pacific Railroad roundhouse, says: "I was troubled on and off for years with pains through my loins and kidneys. If I caught cold or strained myself the pains became very severe. I attribute the trouble to the heavy jarring I received while a locomotive engineer in years past. If I sat or laid long in one position my back became so lame and sore that I could hardly straighten up and in the morning on rising I felt tired and unrested. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended and determined to try them. Procuring a box from the Duluth Drug company, I used it and was promptly relieved of the trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

BACK TO CHINA.

Charlie Sing Lee Will Visit His Family For a Year.

Charlie Sing Lee, the well-known Chinese merchant will leave today, accompanied by his nephew, Ho Fo Shing, for China for a year's visit. He has not been in China for five years and has not seen his family in that time.

Charlie's family numbers a wife, a daughter and four sons. Of the sons three are married. The family is a prosperous one and keeps two servants, a mark of considerable wealth in China. They have extensive property interests in Canton which the wife manages. Charlie's former visits to his family have been short but this time he intends to make a long stay and will be there a year.

CHARLIE SING LEE IN CHINESE COSTUME.

Charlie came to this country forty years ago and located in California. He tried gold mining but lost money at it. He came East later and lived in different parts of the country finally coming to Duluth twenty-seven years ago.

The papers necessary for a Chinaman to have in order to travel from this country to China and afterward return are quite intricate and are supplied by the customs office. Yesterday Charlie received his from the Duluth office.

MACCABEES' CARNIVAL.

Five Days Event to Open at Hunter Hall Tonight.

The five days' carnival of the Maccabees will open at the hall in the Hunter block this evening and will be continued until Saturday evening. There is much enthusiasm among the local Maccabees and also among those of surrounding towns and the Twin Cities over this affair and the attendance of many from abroad is expected. The committees in charge of the program have arranged a great number of attractive features that will be sure to please and entertain all Maccabees and other people as well. For this evening a fine program of solos and quartet numbers has been arranged and all people of Duluth and outside the city are invited to attend.

Is Your Ailment Catarrh?—"I had Catarrh for 1 year." "I had Catarrh for 2 years." "I had Catarrh for 5 years." "I had Catarrh for 20 years." "I had Catarrh for 50 years" and Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cured me. These are sentences from the volumes and volumes of testimony for this great catarrh cure, not mythical patients, but words from men and women all over the continent who have been cured. It relieves in 10 minutes. Sold by Smith & Smith and Max Wirth.—6.

WORK OF REFORMERS

Explosion In Canton Result of Plot to Murder Chinese Officials.

SIX PERSONS KILLED

Occurred Next to the Governor's Yamen and Four Buildings Destroyed.

Hong Kong, Oct. 30.—Reports from Canton say the explosion that occurred there Sunday morning, destroying four houses near the governor's yamen, is likely to prove serious to the reformers. The officials, according to the advices, are convinced that the destruction of the yamens and the murder of officials were contemplated. The house in which th explosion occurred was unoccupied, but was visited occasionally and packages were taken there. The lessee of the building is missing. It is probable that evidence will be manufactured against the sympathizers with the reform movement.

It has been ascertained that six persons were killed and two wounded.

BASIS OF DISCUSSION.

Foreign Envoys at Pekin Adopt the French Note.

Paris, Oct. 30.—The Havas agency has received the following from Pekin: "The foreign envoys have held further meetings and the French note has been accepted in principle as the basis of discussion. Li Hung Chang has informed the legations of the persecuting of Yu Hsein. The Austrian minister has arrived.

"A company of French troops sent for a distance fourth west of Pekin to rid a district that was supposed to be infested with Boxers, killed eight rebels, took one prisoner and captured a mitrailleuse.

"The International column now returning from Pao-Ting is paying the villages en route. The armed population is being punished and all arms are destroyed."

ADVICE TO KWANG.

Paris, Oct. 30.—The Chinese minister here cabled to Emperor Kwang Su urging him to return to Pekin, pointing out that his so doing would greatly facilitate the peace negotiations.

SAYS OHIO IS DOUBTFUL.

Monnett Declares Trust Issue Turn People to Bryan.

Columbus, O., Oct. 30.—Frank S. Monnett, ex-attorney general, who is now stumping Ohio for Bryan, is much encouraged over the political outlook in the Buckeye state. In a letter to George S. Long, chairman of the Democratic state executive committee, Mr. Monnett speaks of the conditions throughout the state. His letter in part is as follows:

"I am aware that a campaigner cannot take an impartial view of the political conditions on the eve of elections, but in five different state campaigns in which I have had the pleasure of taking part I never have seen a universal trend so strongly in favor of any candidate as is now setting in for Bryan. The people believe him to be an honest man and that he will enforce the laws of his country through his various district attorneys and will not compromise with the combinations, trusts and monopolies for the sake of getting campaign assessments.

"The seven pounds of sugar exacted by the trusts out of every twenty-one, as one man told me last night after the meeting, weighed more in the minds of the masses than all the flimsy tawdry of the campaign in the way of rough-riding hats and brass bands. Opposition to the sugar trusts, steel trusts, tobacco trusts and oil trust.

"The rapid concentration of wealth in the last four years in the hands of a few magnates so that less than 1 per cent of the people own 55 per cent of all the wealth, 7 per cent of the people own 80 per cent of the wealth, while 32 per cent of the people own less than 1 and 2-10ths per cent of the property, is arousing a frenzy among the masses against Hannaism, the Rockefellers, the Morgans and the indifference of Griggs and McKinley in not enforcing the Sherman anti-trust act to prevent the concentration of wealth. This will have a telling effect in this election and the Democrats from the lake to the river, coupled with the independent voters, have aroused the state so as to make Ohio a doubtful state."

NEW GAS DISCOVERED.

It Produces a Brighter Light Than Calcium.

Salt Lake, Oct. 30.—A scientist has discovered a new gas obtained from petroleum, which burns with a brighter light than calcium or an electric arc. With a pint of kerosene the scientist produces a 700-candle power light. He can also generate power enough to run a four-horse power engine or an automobile.

The process and the name of the inventor are kept secret by Congressman W. H. King and Judge E. F. Colborn, two of his sponsors. They have shown the workings of the light, however, and promise later to disclose the name of the inventor, who is said to be already famous for other discoveries and contrivances.

LIFE SAVING NET A SUCCESS.

Fireman Jumped Safely From a Fourth Story Window.

New York, Oct. 30.—Fire Chief Croker says that the new life saving net with which the department had been experimenting for two months at fire headquarters, has been adopted. A fireman jumped into the net from a fourth-story window the other day and the shock of the impact was trifling, while the men holding the net felt practically no strain.

The net consists of a circular gas pipe frame, which shuts up like that of an old-fashioned purse, and which, when opened, has a diameter of 15 feet. Attached to the frame is the canvas net and the canvas is lined with a layer of wadding two inches thick. To reduce to the minimum the shock of a person striking the net and to lessen the difficulty of the men holding it up by the frame, the canvas is attached to the frame by strong metal springs, which take up the force of the impact.

Piano Prizes

Steadily, but surely, we have climbed to the leadership in Piano selling. The big volume in our business brings advantage in such bargains as these. Yours if promptly secured.

USED UPRIGHT PIANOS.

This Week Sale Price.		Regular Price.	This Week Sale Price.		Regular Price
$125	EBONIZED—Medium Size	$175	$165	MAHOGANY CASE—Medium Size	$235
$138	ROYAL—Mahogany	$198	$175	REMINGTON—Used one month	$250
$147	WILLARD—Walnut finish-ish; used several months	$225	$188	OPERA GRAND—Oak Case	$375

SQUARE PIANOS.

This Week Sale Price.		Regular Price.	This Week Sale Price.		Regular Price.
$25	Lindholm	$45	$55	Hardman	$85
$35	Stoddard	$65	$60	Great Union	$90
$50	Gabler	$85	$65	Hintsman	$100

And twenty more equally as good or better. We have too many, so we put a little price on them. Send for special letter.

Duluth Music Co.

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agents for Steinway and Knabe Pianos.

TORN BY EARTHQUAKE.

Mount St. Elias Shaken and Acres of Ice Dislodged.

Port Townsend, Wash., Oct. 30.—A report has reached here from Yakutat that Mount St. Elias was badly shaken by the recent earthquake that did so much damage at Kodiak. Indian trappers and hunters, who were in the vicinity of the mountain, have returned to Yakutat and say that the mountain was badly shattered. The shocks were so severe that acres of ice broke loose near the top and came crashing down the sides, carrying everything before it.

Indians state that from where the avalanche started clear to the base of the mountain it made a track half a mile wide, where no snow or ice remains. All the trappers had not returned and some fears are entertained that some may have been overwhelmed in the avalanche.

A TICKET RING.

Big One Reported Unearthed Among Canadian Pacific Employes.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 30.—Through the well organized work of Pinkertons, of Chicago, during the last six months, an organized association has been discovered, including in its membership railway conductors, ticket agents, hotel runners, baggage men and others in and out of the Canadian Pacific's employ, whose operations in the Kootenai district alone have involved a loss to the road (and a profit to the ring) of between $900,000 and $1,000,000. The organizer of the system, which involves repeated use of regulation tickets and an elaborate system of hat checks, so punched as to carry a special passenger along without interference anywhere, is supposed to have been a conductor who has been with the company since the laying of the road. By talking too freely, being too greedy, or, perhaps, growing careless, the whole scheme has been exposed. Men who were working for $65 a month were spending that much possibly in a night. There are believed to be several hundred involved in the ring and developments promise to be of a sensational character.

RUSSIA'S COTTON CROP.

An Increased Quantity This Year In Central Asia.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 30.—Official reports show that the area under cotton cultivation in Central Asia has increased 30 per cent this year. The crop is estimated at 7,500,000 pood, or half the Russian requirement, whereas previously only 6,000,000 pood had been yielded from Russian possessions. The situation in the cotton industries is improving.

The wholesale prices of petroleum and petroleum shares have fallen sharply recently. The Novoe Vremyea attributed this to a campaign of the syndicates, who wish to discourage any possible competitor from bidding for the petroleum fields recently discovered in Trans-Caspia.

There will be an exposition of heating systems here this winter and an electrotechnic exposition will be held in Moscow in January.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Secretary Wilson probably will ask congress for authority to build a cable from the mainland to Tattosh island, at the entrance of the Puget Sound, Wash., and then establish a permanent weather bureau there.

George Snell was arrested near Williamsburg, Ohio, yesterday, for dynamiting the home of Henry Wilson near there last winter and killing Wilson's 10-year-old son. Another arrest is expected.

J. M. Schreiver, general passenger agent of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad died yesterday at Baltimore, of apoplexy.

Men of Duluth!

Distinctive features of shape, style and finish characterize our Clothing.

Overcoats.

The beginning price is EIGHT DOLLARS. We show some very attractive ones at this figure.

In better grades

Fifteen, Eighteen and Twenty Dollars

and upwards. Many shining examples of added worth. More to select from now than later.

C. W. ERICSON,

Reliable Clothier.

ROBERT DOLLAR IN.

The Long Overdue Steamer Reaches Seattle From Nome.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 30.—The long overdue steamer Robert Dollar has arrived from Nome, with 350 passengers and $1,000,000 in gold dust. She was delayed by storms, preventing her discharging and loading cargo and hindering her on the way down. She left Nome Oct. 14. All on board are well.

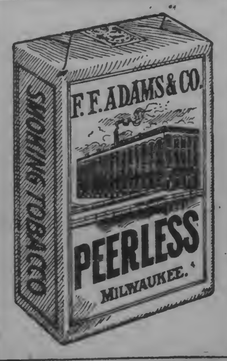
The steamer Ohio arrived from Nome, with 147 passengers and $250,000 in gold dust.

FREE FROM PLAGUE.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 30.—The Russian plague commissioner announced that Port Said and Bushari are not infected with the disease.

Your greatest obstacle to advancement lies within yourself. You cannot succeed if you drink. Stop now. Take the Keeley Cure. Call or write to the Keeley Institute, 625 Tenth st. So., Minneapolis, Minn.

THE OLD Not made by a Trust. PEERLESS



RELIABLE Not made by a Trust. SMOKING

RUBBER BOOTS FOR BOYS AND MEN.

The Great Eastern

OILED CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS.

MACKINTOSHES and

.....UMBRELLAS

You need them now.

$1.25 For Umbrellas worth $2.00 and $1.75

A Special Lot—just 450

UMBRELLAS—Closed out from New York's best Umbrella maker. He sold 'em so cheap he don't care to have us use his name. They are made of woven twill silk, with case and tasses to match, lock rib frame—steel rods—Boxwood and other handles—a well made, splendid looking umbrella in every way and actually worth $1.75 and $2.00; your choice, while they last..... $1.25

Mackintosh for $5.00.

That's cheap enough—say you—if it's any good. Well, these are made of an all-wool material, black in color, fancy plaid body lining—cut good length, with wide sweeping skirt—We should get $7.50. We bought them cheap: you can share in our good luck and buy them for..... $5.00

Better Mackintoshes $10 to $25.

M. S. BURROWS.

CRUSHED HIS HEAD

Ben Knutson, Elevator Operator in Chamber of Commerce, Killed.

CAR WENT UPWARD

Was On Top Adjusting the Machinery and Left Valve Open.

Ben Knutson, elevator boy at the Chamber of Commerce building, was instantly killed at noon today. He was on top of the car adjusting the machinery when the elevator flew upward, crushing his head between the car and the steel sill of the sixth floor. The boy was 20 years of age and the support of his widowed mother, Mrs. Matilda B. Knutson, of 232 Mesaba avenue.

He had only been working with the elevator for three or four days, having formerly been employed in the factory of the Duluth Shoe company. He knew very little about the elevator, but being a young man considered steady and reliable and quick to learn, he was given full charge of the car much sooner than the average apprentice.

At noon today the elevator was not working exactly right, and young Knutson stopped it at the fifth floor and went on top to arrange the machinery. One old and experienced elevator operator said that he must have set the safety brake and left the valve open. This allowed the elevator to shoot upward. There was absolutely no chance for young Knutson to save his life, for if he had passed the sixth floor safely the car would have crushed his life out at the top of the shaft. He must have realized this in the half second or so given him to live after the car started, as people in the building say they distinctly heard a startled cry blending with a moan, and then all was quiet. No person saw the accident, but several heard the half cry and moan and the car crushing the helpless body against the steel sill.

The engineer relieved the pressure of the elevator and the body was pulled from between the car and sill within a few moments after the accident, but the striking of the sill and death were simultaneous. The sill extends out into the elevator shaft, and the car coming up so swiftly was stopped when the young man's head caught. The entire right side of the head was crushed in and the face so smashed out of all resemblance of its former self that one of his most intimate friends failed to recognize him shortly afterward, and inquired of the crowd around the elevator shaft who the dead man was.

Young Knutson is said to have been a sober, industrious and ambitious young man. For some time he has been the support of his widowed mother. He also leaves two sisters, Miss Ella Knutson and Miss Julia Knutson, both waitresses.

Coroner Ecklund was notified and after examining the body at the Chamber of Commerce building, ordered it taken to Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms on Second avenue west.

A GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE

The New Store Has Too Many Dress Goods!

Unfortunately (for us) the overstock is in fine, High Class Dress Fabrics (stocks of the lower price dress stuffs are low). The only one way we know of to **positively** and **quickly reduce stock** is to **slaughter** these better goods. So we invite you all to come to **Our Great Slaughter Sale**. Trust us to mark the prices **low** enough. ***FOR INSTANCE:***

We will slaughter the price on over 50 pieces of Dress Goods, such as **All-Wool Homespuns, Plaids, have been 50c and 59c, All-Wool Gray and Black Fine French Plaids, have been 75c and over; Long Hair Zibo-line Plaids in rich dark Autumn color combinations, have been 59c and 69c; All-Wool Cloth Plaids** in the Scottish Clan colors, have been 59c; **Covert Suitings** in dark Autumn mixtures, have been 50c; and other various kinds of Dress Goods, every yard of which cost us more than our..... Great Slaughter Sale Price, 32c

We will also slaughter the price on about 35 pieces of **Fine Dress Goods** such as 46-inch Covert Cloths, 45-in. all pure Worsted Storm Serges, French Serges and Cheviots, (including some of the celebrated "Collingwood" steam shrunk and sponged goods), colors in navy blue, brown and black, This lot contains many former $1.00 and $1.25 fabrics; all to go at our..... Great Slaughter Sale Price, 69c

We will slaughter the price on a lot of very fine Dress Goods, such as 46-inch Mohair and Silk Mixed Novelties, formerly $1.25; 56-inch all wool Scotch Tailor Cheviots, formerly $1.25; 52-inch all wool Gray Mixed Tailor Suitings, formerly $1.25; 54-inch all wool Homespuns, formerly $1.25..... Great Slaughter Sale Price, 88c

We will also slaughter the price on **about 25 pieces of Fine Black Dress Goods**, such as Silk and Wool Pierolas, formerly $1.50; Silk and Mohair Crepons, formerly $1.75 and $1.50; 50 to 54-inch all wool Sponged Cheviots and Serges, formerly $1.50 and $1.25, Silk Warp Drap d'Alma, formerly $1.25; Brilliantianes and Sicilians, formerly $1.35; Granite Cloths, formerly $1.25, and others. This lot all black, remember..... Great Slaughter Sale Price, 95c

There are over two hundred pieces of other **High Grade Fabrics** which we have been selling at various prices up to $3.50 per yard, which will be put in this sale at **Slaughter Prices.** If you want to find out what a **genuine slaughter** means come to our great Silk Sale (announced Sunday) and this **Slaughter Sale of Dress Goods.** If you want Silks or Dress Goods you can't afford to miss this.

117 AND 119 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH.

The New Store

117 AND 119 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH.

PALMER'S HEARING

Preliminary Examination on Sensational Charges Is On in Municipal Court.

TWO GIRLS TESTIFY

Girls, Thirteen Years of Age, Tell of Visits to His Office.

The preliminary examination of Roswell H. Palmer, 55 years of age, who is charged with taking unwarranted liberties with children visiting his office in the Palladio building, was taken up in the municipal court this morning. Assistant County Attorney McClintock is prosecuting the case in the interest of the state, and Mr. Palmer has retained C. O. Baldwin and J. L. Washburn.

Most of the morning session was taken up with the testimony of Anna Mosoff, a 13-year-old girl. She said that she had been going to Mr. Palmer's office for the past two years and since the first of the present year went as often as three times a month. She told a straightforward story and when asked why she went there, she said she went for money, adding that Mr. Palmer always gave her from 10 cents to $1.

She said she began visiting him when his office was on the third floor of the McDonald block two years ago and said she was first taken there by a little girl, and while they were selling votes for a church fair. After Mr. Palmer left the McDonald block they first visited him in the Palladio building looking for lotteries. Then followed a long series of visits.

The specific offense of which Mr. Palmer is charged is said in the complaint and by Anna Mosoff, to have been committed in May last year. The girl also testified that at the time a schoolmate, Johanna Munson, was with her.

The little Munson girl, who is also only 13 years of age, was then called to the stand and she testified that the offense was committed in very cold weather and was somewhat positive on that point, whereas the Mosoff girl testified that it was during warm weather toward the latter part of May.

The court room was crowded all through the morning session and it was frequently whispered that the trial would at least have one warning to parents who allow their children to peddle tickets and beg slotters in downtown offices. This is a most common practice and the present scandal is described as attributed to it.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the hearing was resumed.

THE NOVEMBER TERM.

Apparently Little to Be Done at the Coming Session.

Even the business of the district court seems to be contingent on the election of somebody, because there is a very slight outlook for the November term of district court, and the nearness of election seems to be the only thing to account for it. Tomorrow is the last day for filing notice of issue for the term, which begins a week from tomorrow, and up to noon today there was hardly anything in sight. Unless the attorneys come in pretty lively and file a lot of new cases tomorrow the term will amount to very little, and it is likely that will be about the size of it. The term will begin Wednesday, Nov. 7, when the calendar will be called and the grand jury started on its work, which will not be very long. Thursday divorce cases will be tried, and on the following Monday the trial of civil jury cases will be taken up.

THE ECONOMIC LEAGUE.

Formally Organizes, Elects Officers and Discusses Trusts.

The new Economic league which has been organized for the study of economic questions met at the High School last evening and the organization was completed. A constitution and by-laws were adopted. Meetings are to be held twice each month and are to be held on Wednesday evenings at the Y. M. C. A. lecture room. The following officers were elected: President, O. H. Simmons; vice president, John Miller; secretary, C. E. Richardson; treasurer, J. R. McGiffert; executive board, H. F. Greene, George Ruple, J. L. Washburn.

After the business of the meeting had been completed, Professor Walker of the Superior normal school gave a short talk on trusts, the first subject which the league will take up. Professor Walker believes that the industrial problem is being worked out at the present time at a more rapid rate than many people suppose. It took a century or more to work out the idea of religious freedom, and the industrial problem will not be solved in a year or two, but will take time. He discussed corporations and their growth, and gave it as his opinion that corporations have come to stay, and that, when they are wisely managed, are a good thing. Great combinations of capital are inevitable, and conditions will have to shape themselves to the new order of things. Their tendency is to cheapen and better products, and where this is what they accomplish there is nothing to be feared from them. It is when the corporation approaches the limit of monopoly that it becomes dangerous. He gave his opinion against the limiting of the capital stock of any corporation, holding that it is no more right than it would be to limit a man's weight. He did not believe in watered stock where dividends are paid on the watered portion, but could see no harm in it otherwise. Social and national monopolies were also discussed. Professor Walker suggested that the patent laws were perhaps too free in allowing the renewal of patents for an interminable number of years.

There was an informal discussion of the subject after Professor Walker concluded, in which J. L. Washburn, H. I. Gravely and S. T. Harrison entered.

Investigating Revenue Payments.

A deputy revenue inspector spent part of this month looking over the office of the register of deeds to see if the war revenue law was working satisfactorily. He examined a large number of instruments that had been recorded to see if they had the proper amount of revenue stamps and he found very few mistakes. He is doing the rounds of the counties looking up this matter and he said that the register's office here compares very favorably with other counties in the matter of accuracy in applying the war revenue law.

YERKES STEPS OUT.

Kentucky Republican Candidate For Governor Resigns His Job.

Washington, Oct. 30.—John W. Yerkes, collector of internal revenue for the Eighth district of Kentucky, has resigned, to take effect Nov. 1. Mr. Yerkes is the Republican candidate for governor of Kentucky.

Y. M. C. A. DIRECTORS MEET.

A Number of Routine Matters Arranged By the Board.

The directors of the Y. M. C. A. held a business meeting yesterday afternoon and appointed a nominating committee comprised of J. D. Stryker, B. N. Wheeler and Albert Baldwin, to place in nomination ten directors, to fill the terms that will expire in December.

W. O. Peatee, chairman of the auditing committee, reported that he has examined the books of the general secretary and the treasurer and found them to be correct.

Secretary Shuman gave an interesting report in which it was shown that the enrollment in the night school is eighty-five, with an average attendance of sixty-six men during the months of September and October. Increase of membership during the month just closed has been very large, sixty-six new members having been added. The management has every reason to believe that the prospects are very good of reaching the 1000-mark by Dec. 1.

Secretary Shuman also reported the establishment of a working boys' department, provided for boys under 16 years of age, who are at work.

A decision was reached at the meeting yesterday to place the free reading room in the front part of the first floor, thus bringing it close to the Superior street entrance. The reading room has heretofore been at the back end of the building.

KLONDIKE LIFE.

Horace Michaud Sends Bill of Fare and a Laundry List.

Alex and J. T. Michaud of the St. Louis hotel, have just received a letter from their brother Horace, of Dawson City, Alaska, who was here on a visit for a few weeks during the summer just past. Mr. Michaud reached Dawson City, on his return trip, in September, and his letter is written under date of Oct. 4.

Mr. Michaud writes that Dawson City is in a very prosperous condition and there are many indications of extensive mining operations there this winter. At the time he wrote, Mr. Michaud said there was considerable small pox in Dawson and the physicians seemed to fear an epidemic with the cold weather. Although Dawson, he said, has not been quarantined one of the camps on a creek twelve miles from the city has been quarantined and prospectors are not allowed to go up the creek.

Mr. Michaud is satisfied that there are untold riches in the county and that it has a brilliant future ahead of it. Wild transportation facilities are much better now than formerly, yet greater facilities are needed, for as it is now, there is such a large stretch of overland hauling that it makes prices high on all kinds of goods at Dawson.

One of the bad features about the city and one that he believes needs correcting is the number of speculators who during the season when navigation is closed speculate on the goods in the place. When there is a shortage of certain kinds of goods they buy up all there is in sight and sell the same at their own prices. For this reason living continues to come at a high figure. There was one instance one winter when speculators bought up all the eggs and then retailed them at $22 a dozen. The people must have the food products in order to live and the speculators make more money than some having good claims. Another feature that is not to the city's credit is the large number of bad women there who fleece the poor miner out of his gold. These women number in the neighborhood of 600 and there are certain streets where they seem to have full sway.

Wages, he says, are very good at Dawson City. Ordinary labor can command $10 a day while skilled workmen can get from a double that amount. There are plenty of hard luck stories about Dawson City as well as in other parts of the world, but Mr. Michaud says one can find the same class of shiftless people everywhere in the world. They can have all the work that they want, and at good pay, but it is this class that spend all their money in drinking and gambling.

Mr. Michaud inclosed in his letter the bill of fare at one of the principal Dawson city cafes, also a laundry bill from which the following items of interest are gathered: Porterhouse steak, $3; sirloin, $2; tenderloin, $2.50; plain steak, $1; Dill pickles, 25 cents; potato salad, 50 cents; Lobster salad, $1; blue points, $1; half spring chicken, $5; chops range from $1 to $2; soft shell crabs from $1 to $1.50; three eggs, $1; omelets from $1 to $2; halibut, $1.50; whitefish, $1.50; sandwiches, 25 cents; cucumbers, 50 cents; tomatoes, 50 cents; corn, etc., from 50 cents to $1; canned fruits, 25 cents; pancakes from 25 cents to $2; coffee, per cup, 25 cents; milk, 25 cents; side order of eggs, 50 cents.

The laundry bill shows that it costs the Klondiker something to keep clean. Some of the prices are as follows: Shirts, 50 cents; collars, 15 cents; cuffs, 25 cents; undershirts, 75 cents; drawers, 50 cents; handkerchiefs, 5 cents; socks, 15 cents. An average weeks washing at Dawson City for one man is nearly $5.

AN ODD ENDING.

W. B. Moer Suddenly Drops Movement to Get C. F. Hopkins Off Ballot.

The attempt of W. B. Moer, the People's party candidate for judge of probate, to get the name of Charles F. Hopkins, the Mid-road Populist candidate, off the county ballot, came to an end in district court this morning in a manner that was rather peculiar.

Yesterday Mr. Moer, who acted as his own attorney, secured an order from Judge Dibell, commanding County Auditor Hadden to take the name of Mr. Hopkins off the ticket or to show cause why he had not done so at 10 o'clock this morning. At that time the parties appeared, Mr. Hadden being represented by County Attorney Phelps. The order to show cause had not been served upon Mr. Hadden personally, but had been left with one of his deputies. On this ground Mr. Hadden claimed the court had no jurisdiction, and asked that the matter be dismissed. Judge Dibell denied the motion, and then it was up to Mr. Hadden to produce his return to the order to show cause.

He produced copy, and refused to appear further in the matter. Judge Dibell turned to Mr. Moer and asked him if there was anything further and Mr. Moer said there was not. The parties then walked out of the court room and the matter ended there.

IS FOR EFFECT.

Claim That Lumbermen Are Withholding Operations Is Disputed.

From time to time the News Tribune and other Republican papers in this section have been publishing statements that certain lumber companies expect to do very little this winter in the way of logging if Bryan is elected, are making all their contracts conditional on the election of McKinley, and are delaying the sending out of crews until after the votes are counted.

A Duluth man who is associated with the lumber industry in such a way that he knows just what each company is doing says that there is not a lumber company today that has timber on high ground that is not sending out crews for logging. There has been so much rain and the ground is so wet in much of the timber region that many of the firms have been forced to delay sending out men until the water runs off and the ground gets into condition so that they can work. This delay they are ascribing to a desire to know the result of election in order to influence voters.

The employment offices of the city can find places for every man who wants to go into the woods and this does not look as though the lumbermen were holding off on account of a fear that Bryan will be elected.

It is an election bluff, and the men making it know that business will go on just the same if Bryan is elected. Considerable comment has been heard to the effect that this must be pretty thin prosperity if it is dependent upon the continuance of William McKinley in power.

Meetings at Two Harbors.

Senator Charles O. Baldwin will speak at Two Harbors tomorrow evening. This will be one of the first opportunities the Democrats of that city have had to hear a political speech this year and no one more acceptable than Mr. Baldwin could have been sent to them. He stands very high among the people of Lake county.

Henry Trudsen will speak in Two Harbors Saturday evening. Friday evening he will speak in Ely.

UNIONIST GAIN.

London, Oct. 30.—Returns of the election in the Orkney and the Shetland district show a Unionist gain, J. C. Watson, the candidate of that party, defeating Sir Leonard Lyell, his Liberal opponent.

REPLIES NOT RECEIVED.

London, Oct. 30.—The British foreign office has not received the Russian and French reply to the Anglo-German agreement on China. The news of the United States was expected this afternoon, but it had not been delivered at 4 o'clock.

FERRELL TRIAL.

Marysville, O., Oct. 30.—Rossin E. Ferrell's fate probably will be in the hands of the jury by 4 o'clock p. m. today. Ferrell requested the services of a physician last night and appeared in court this morning in a critical condition. Hon. R. S. Jameson resumed his argument for the defense. After having spoken three hours and a half, he concluded with a plea for mercy. Prosecutor Robinson then began the closing argument for the state.

He Will Not See It.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The News Tribune must be awfully excited over the election. Perhaps the outlook is not pleasing to it. Anyhow, its nerves must be unstrung. Look at that alleged picture of Bank Robber Alvord in this morning's edition. You have seen that picture before, haven't you? And you never saw Alvord, did you? That is what puzzled me, when I looked over it. After ransacking my memory, I solved the mystery. It is a picture of Charles Broadway Rouss, the millionaire merchant and philanthropist, of New York, who vainly offered $1,000,000 for the restoration of his sight. And he does not look in any way like Alvord. But he will never see it, so the News Tribune is safe from a libel suit. Yours,

NEMO.

Duluth, Oct. 29.

Photographed Whiteside.

On Saturday last, when the Walker Whiteside troupe was in this city, the entire company, including Mr. Whiteside, went to Zweifel for photographs. They were well pleased with the results and complimented the work very highly. This is a fine endorsement for a local photographer, when it is remembered that the company has just come from New York city, where some of the finest studios in the country are to be found.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

GEIST & ERD GEIST & ERD

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS

GEIST & ERD, 121 West Sup. Street

DUNLAP and all other Fall Style Blocks, 1000—received at C. VOLLAND'S HAT FACTORY, 14 First Avenue East. 'Phone 1034.

Hats sold at Factory Prices.

Ladies' fine French Beaver Felt Hats made to order.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Scalp and Complexion Treatment

Scalp treatment, facial treatment and manicuring. Beautiful hair switches.

Knauf Sisters, Over 101 E. Superior St

Painless Dentistry

We guarantee to fill or extract your teeth without pain and furnish teeth with or without plates, at lowest prices for first-class work.

Examination Free.

F. H. Burnett, D. D. S.

Top Floor Burrows Block.

TAKE ELEVATOR.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

Hair! and Complexion Specialist. Switches, 50c to $25. Ideal Tonic and Skin Food never fails. Manicuring, Chiropody, Electrolysis and Massage.

Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Superior St., Duluth. 1303 Tower Avenue, Superior.

FOR RENT AT WEST DULUTH

1 Flat	$7.00
1 Flat	$9.00
1 Flat	$5.00
6-room house	$8.00
8-room house	$10.00
6-room house	$7.00
7-room house	$8.00

CHAN. SMITH, No. 2 First Ave. W., Hunter Block.

GRAIN-O THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Do you know that three-quarters of all the world's headaches are the result of using tea and coffee?

So physicians say.

Quit them and the headaches quit.

Grain-O has the coffee taste but no headaches.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

Every Mother, Expectant Mother or Marriageable Girl

can have a practical treatise on motherhood, telling about "MOTHER'S FRIEND" (that will save months of pain and trouble), sent, free, by sending name and address of self or friends to THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

"The world can produce nothing like 'Mother's Friend.'"

Sold by best Druggists, $1.00, or sent by express paid on receipt of price.

Large Circulation, Best Results, Moderate Prices....

REQUISITES FOR A SUCCESSFUL WANT AD MEDIUM.

WHEN YOU INSERT A WANT AD IN THE HERALD YOU ARE GUARANTEED ALL THREE.

BOUND TO SEE BRYAN

Enthusiastic Folks Rout Him Out of Bed for an Ovation.

IS WESTWARD BOUND

The Last Day of His Tour in New York State Has Ended.

Hornellsville, N.Y., Oct. 30.—Mr. Bryan completed his last day of the New York tour at the town of Addison, a few miles east of this place. He made a five-minute speech here from the rear platform of his car a few minutes before 9 o'clock, notwithstanding a quite heavy rain. Quite a crowd assembled at the time there was a big crowd assembled to greet him and to bid him God speed as he left for the West.

Mr. Bryan entered his car at Jersey City just about midnight. Arthur Sewall came his duties yesterday, his rest was undisturbed during the night. He had received a request before leaving New York, to make a stop at Port Jervis, and had cheerfully consented to do so. When the train arrived, the station was ablaze with Roman candles, skyrockets and Greek fire. People were yelling and swinging like Indians, and shouting "We want to hear from you until morning." "We'll help up the train every time." Mr. Bryan dressed himself in a few minutes and, going to the rear platform, jumped to make a speech. The people, however, so full of enthusiasm, made it so difficult for him to find opportunity to proceed. Mr. Bryan's voice was broken by so many cheers that he could hardly utter a word. Finally he found a lull in the enthusiastic that he did not feel it was necessary to make them a speech, and he could do so under more propitious conditions. He asked them to go home in their conventions, and not to allow themselves to be swerved by "Republican threats."

Soon after daylight Mr. Bryan's train passed through Corning, where Governor Roosevelt's train was lying up preparatory to beginning his day's work. Mr. Bryan was asleep at the time, and there was no exchange of courtesies between the two candidates.

At Bath Mr. Bryan was reached the news which had set in a few miles farther east. Being a pronounced downpour of rain the crowd was large and enthusiastic.

Mr. Bryan dwelt briefly on what he asserted to be the evils of trusts, militarism, imperialism, expansion and the colonial policy of the Republican party.

"I need not tell you," he said, "that of our prisoners of war in Cuba, nine hundred of them are sick, and that they will stand such care as they get across the Pacific. All that I need to tell you is that we believe in liberty at home and we believe in liberty in the Philippines also. We believe that a government deriving its power from the consent of the governed is worth a great deal more than a government deriving its power from the sword. We want to make that declaration now and we want the Filipinos to hear it. If you are going to give them a chance to live under a government that is to give it to live under a government that is worth living for, we want to make that declaration now and we want the Filipinos to hear it. If you are going to give them a chance

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT

PANTON & WHITE

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

The First Day of the Department Managers' Sale

Has proved a wonderful success. The inclemency of the weather has kept some from favoring us with their presence and participating in the grand good things we are offering, but considering the kind of weather we have had, both yesterday and today, the attendance has been good and we are well satisfied. Our firm ought to be.

The Department Managers of Panton & White.

The unique sale goes on throughout the entire week and the following few items ought to demonstrate to you the kind of bargains we are giving.

Velvets	Embroidered in dots and bow knots for waists, trimmings, etc. Former price $2 and $2.50, Department Managers' special. P. S. This includes Panne Velvets.	99c
27-inch Silks	Japanese Silks for waists and evening dresses, over 100 plain colors to select from. Former price 50c, Department Managers' sale price	38c
Satins	In plain colors, evening and street shades. Former price 50c, Department Managers' sale price	33c
Foulards	Printed Foulards in Persian, Oriental Dots and fancy designs. Former price $1.25, Department Managers' sale price	59c
Taffeta Silks	Large assortments in fancy Taffeta Silks, all new designs, no left-overs. Former price $1, Department Managers' sale price	48c
Satin Foulards	Plain Satin finished French Foulards, washable. Former price $1.00, Department Managers' sale price	66c
Evening Silks	Fancy Brocaded Silks and Satin, all evening shades. Former price $1.00, Department Managers' sale price	50c
Crepe de Chene	Full range of plain colors, 24 inches wide. Former price $1.25, Department Managers' sale price	90c
Black Silks	Wear guaranteed, in Peau de Sois and Satin Duchesse. Former price $2, Department Managers' sale price	$1.29

Silks. Silks. Silks.

As buyer and manager for the biggest and best Silk Department at the Head of the Lakes I want to place myself on record as the best bargain giver in this four-cornered silk sale. My goods are the choicest to be found in the market—being selected from the newest and best things, from fifty different Silk Houses. They are not the unsaleables or left-overs that call for the auctioneers' hammer at the end of the season. Neither are they the remnants or odds and ends of an ancient Silk Department. The goods are this season's, and to see them and know the prices we have put on them are more convincing than four pages of Printer's Ink. "Enough said."

James Singer

WASH GOODS.

Covert Suitings	Our former price 12½c, Department Managers' price	8½c
Vicuna Fleeced	Our former price 10½c. Department Managers' price	7½c
Ginghams	(Fancy dress.) Our former price 18c, 20c and 25c. Department Managers' price	12c
Ginghams	for shirtings, imported. Our former price 25c. Department Managers' price	10c
Ginghams	(Silks.) Our former price 30c to 50c. Department Managers' price	22c
Scotch Shirtings	Our former price 50c to 75c. Department Managers' price	38c
Silk Fabrics	(Cream and white.) Our former price 50c to 85c. Department Managers' price	44c
Buntings	For decorations. Our former price 5c. Department Managers' price	3½c
Apron Ginghams	Checks. Our former price 7c. Department Managers' price	5c
Reynier Glace Gloves	Our former price $2.00. Department Managers' price	$1.49
Ladies' Kid Gloves	Our former price 75c. Department Managers' price	49c
Ladies' and Children's Wool Mittens	Our former price 10c. Department Managers' price	5c
Ladies' Silk Mittens	Our former price 75c. Department Managers' price	25c
Ladies' Mocha and Kid Mittens	(Fleece lined.) Our former price 50c. Department Managers' price	39c
Fans	Any Fan in stock at 25 per cent reduction from former prices.	
Tailor-Made Suits	Our former price $15.00. Department Managers' price	$7.98
Women's Jackets	Fine tailored. Our former price $6.50. Department Managers' price	$4.98
Misses' Jackets	Fine Kersey. Our former price, $5.00; Department Managers' price	$3.98
Infants' Long Coats	Our former price $1.25; Department Managers' price	49c
Corsets	Black or Drab. Our former price, 89c; Department Managers' price	29c
Ladies' Shoes	Lace or button, former price $3.00. Department Managers' sale price	$1.95
Misses' Shoes	Sizes 5 to 11, former price $1.00, Department Managers' sale price	69c
Candies	Over 20 different kinds, all at, only—per pound	10c
Drugs	Hood's Beef, Iron and Wine, regular $1.00 size, Department Manager's sale price	49c
Wall Papers	Papers bought to to sell at 5c a roll, at	2c
Music Rolls	Filled with five sheets assorted music, each sheet formerly worth 40c to 60c—per roll	10c

RATHBUN'S
CASH GROCERY.

17 East Superior Street.
Tel. 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

Sugar for Nothing

Would be high-priced with a string attached to it, compelling you to purchase goods you do not want, and which you are asked to pay outside prices for. We offer for your consideration a list of staple, every-day goods at the right prices.

IF YOU CAN PURCHASE THE GOODS WE QUOTE FROM THE SUGAR-CUTTING GROCERYMEN AT OUR PRICE, AND GET 2 POUNDS OF SUGAR FOR $1.00, they are entitled to your trade. IF NOT, we will be glad to serve you.

GRANULATED SUGAR—(At what it is worth)—14 lbs for— **$1.00** Per sack— **$6.50**

PROCTOR & GAMBLE'S LENOX SOAP—per box of 100 bars— **$2.65**

WHITE LILY SOAP—per box of 100 large bars— **$4.10**

WHITE CLOUD SOAP—per box of 100 large bars— **$4.10**

KIRK'S WHITE RUSSIAN—per box of 100 large bars— **$2.65**

KIRK'S CABINET SOAP—per box of 100 bars— **$2.10**

GONA JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE—per lb— **20 cents**

SPRAGUE & WARNER'S WHITE LABEL TEA—per lb— **50 cents**

SPRAGUE & WARNER'S JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE—per lb— **18 cents**

RICHELIEU BRAND SEEDED RAISINS—per packet— **11 cents**

No. 1 QUALITY NEW YORK BALDWIN OR GREENING APPLES—per barrel— **$2.50**

HAND-PICKED NAVY BEANS—per pound— **4 cents**

BEST QUALITY PORK—per pound— **9 cents**

YOUNG PIG SUGAR-CURED HAMS—per pound— **11 cents**

BEST QUALITY BUCKWHEAT FLOUR per pound— **3 cents**

CAMPBELL'S SOUPS—all varieties, 3 cans for— **25 cents**

STRICTLY FANCY CREAMERY BUTTER—per lb— **23 cents**

RATHBUN'S.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

The Sale of Silks

Continues—and becomes more important as it progresses, for notwithstanding the unpleasant weather our business was very satisfactory and promises to be more so—as our values become known—and comparisons are made. We do not believe in sacrificing quality at the bargain altar—cheap stuff and goods out of style—or patterns and colorings not desirable—are always the most expensive in the end, for it is true that good comes only from good, bear in mind, then, that quality is a star feature of this store's business—and these silks are a fair criterion—the silks on sale are from regular stock—and bought several months ago when assortments were at their best—but priced for present selling to meet any and all competition—We repeat prices today merely to keep you posted.

Plain **Black Taffetas**, 27 inch, $1.00 quality, on sale at	69c
21-inch **Black Peau de Soie**, $1.25 quality, on sale at	89c
24-inch **Black Peau de Soie**, $1.25 quality, on sale at	89c
21-inch **Black Peau de Soie**, $1.00 quality, on sale at	69c
21-inch **Black Satin Rhadame**, $1.50 quality, on sale at	$1.09
25-inch **Black Satin Duchesse**, $1.25 quality, on sale at	79c
21-inch **Black Satin** Duchesse, $1.35 quality, on sale at	95c
22-inch **Black Brown's** Armure, $1.50 quality, on sale at	$1.09
22-inch **Black Brown's** Gros de Londres, $1.50 quality, on sale at	$1.00
21-inch **Black Fancy** Corded Taffetas, $1 quality, on sale at	69c
Fancy Taffetas in Plaids, Stripes, Checks, Corded, and Persians, all shades and color combinations, all from $1.25 and $1.50. On sale at	69c
Fancy Satin and Taffeta Stripes—all new goods, $1.50 quality, on sale at	89c
Braided and Corded Taffetas, $1.50 quality, on sale at	89c
Check and Plaid Taffetas—75c to $1.25—in a variety of colors, on sale at	59c

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Freimuth's

Rain and storm did not keep the crowd from McCreery's Silk Sale.

It is the quality and the price that make this Silk Sale so auspicious.

Tomorrow is the second day of the sale of McCreery & Co.'s

SILKS!

The temptations today were too irresistible and not the severest Lake Superior gale could keep the crowd from our silk counters. Appreciative shoppers found this sale all that we claimed for it—namely, Silks of the highest character at much below their wholesale worth. With fair and pleasant weather we predict the attendance at this sale will be doubled daily. Good news spreads quick, and so will the merits of this sale. It can't be otherwise — the bargains are too good to be kept secret. Our liberal offer of yesterday to refund the money for any silk bought at this sale, if the same is not found in every particular as represented or not cheaper than any silk that you have ever purchased before holds good.

Freimuth's

West Duluth

The report in the morning paper that the meeting of the Democratic French Canadians at West Duluth last night was a frost has caused a great deal of indignation among the people of that nationality that were present at the meeting. They say that the paper must have been laboring under the idea that the meeting was to be held at the fusion headquarters, when it in reality took place at 107 Central avenue, the hall being packed with a very enthusiastic crowd. The term "spellbinders," as applied to the Frenchmen out here, is another thing that does not set very well, for the members of the French Bryan club do not believe themselves to be laboring under greater, or for that matter, as great a spell as the Republican club or its organ. The meeting last night was presided over by Adolphus L. Gurnache, president of the French Bryan club. Edward Peltier, of Minneapolis, and other local speakers in the French language, and by John E. Davies, candidate for county attorney on the fusion ticket, in English. All the speeches were to the point, no abuse was given any person or party, but plain facts were adhered to. This made a strong impression on the audience, and the speakers were heartily cheered.

COUNCIL MATTERS.

Two matters of interest to the people of West Duluth came up in last night's council meeting: Some time ago the council passed a resolution asking the Northern Pacific Railroad company to put an arc light at its crossing with Raleigh street. The company has refused to do this, so another resolution was introduced by Alderman Swenson, and passed by the council, instructing the city attorney to take the necessary legal steps to enforce the resolution. An ordinance, introduced by Alderman Swenson, and passed by the council, last night, amended the ordinance fixing the new pound limit of the Fifth pound district. The amendment changes the boundary from Seventy-first avenue west to Seventy-third avenue west.

RAFTS ALL IN.

The Lesure Lumber company has received a raft of 4,000,000 feet of logs that has been kept up the Brule river for some time on account of low water. Loggers say that all the logs that were held back on the Nemadji and Brule rivers this spring and summer because of the low water have now been brought down, with the exception, perhaps, of a few scattered logs along some of the branches of the Nemadji.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The West Duluth Republicans will hold a special meeting tonight for the purpose of working up a little enthusiasm for the Knute Nelson meeting at the Armory tomorrow night.

Judge Stone is expected to hand down his opinion about the first of November in regard to the legal controversy as to whether the Duluth police have a right to accept the constable fees.

On Saturday night, Mrs. Lewis Ranstad and Mrs. F. W. Gerrish entertained at cards at their home on Fifty-fourth avenue west. There was a large attendance and a delightful time ensued. Refreshments were served.

Joseph Bovine has just returned from Seattle and resumed his position at Mitchell & McClure's mill. Mr. Bovine expected to start from Seattle for the Klondike gold fields, but on account of the reported smallpox scare up there has decided to put his visit off another year.

Ed Dailey, of Second street, has departed for the Pacific coast.

Joseph Logan will leave today for Eau Claire to visit his parents and others for a few days.

Miss Josephine Bentson returned yesterday from a several weeks' visit at Two Harbors. She was accompanied by Miss Gudrun Floathe, who will visit here for a few days.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Jennie Olson and Julius James, both West Duluth young people. The wedding will occur in the spring.

Peter Nelson received a telegram from Saginaw, Mich., yesterday, announcing the death of his mother. Mr. Nelson left this morning to attend the funeral.

A large delegation, representing the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers at Proctorknott, went over to West Superior last night to attend the engineer's ball. The delegation had a special car, and left Proctor at 8 o'clock p. m., returning at 4 o'clock this morning. A royal good time is reported.

Mrs. Carrie Clementson, wife of Martin Clementson, of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Grand avenue, died this morning, aged 36 years. The funeral will occur from the residence at 2 o'clock on Thursday afternoon.

Have just received 20 head of Minnesota horses, and 10 cows, some Jersey heifers coming in, which I will sell at the right figure. J. WINNESS.

The Old Maids' Convention, that was to have been held in the Great Eastern hall tonight, has been postponed on account of the weather.

Buy your coal of Wm. Chesney & Co.

WEST DULUTH ADVERTISEMENTS.

It's Coming

The cold wave will soon arrive. We can assist you in preparing to receive it. We will sell you an Air-tight Stove for **$2.50**

We will sell you a nice wood Stove with large door and nicked rails for **$10.00**

We will sell you a Radiant Home Heater (best stove made) for **$37.00**

We sell a fine Steel Range for **$25.00**

Stove Pipe, per joint only **10c**

Everything in the Stove and Hardware line at lowest prices.

WIELAND & WADE,
—Dealers in—
Reliable Hardware and Stoves.

CUBAN ROAD MEETING.

London, Oct. 30.—The first annual meeting of the directors of the Cuban Central railroad was held here today. A 5 per cent dividend was declared.

THE DAKOTAS.

Fargo Man Sued His Girl to Get Back Money Advanced.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—A. Norlander started suit last week against Clara de Priest to recover something over $100, which he claimed the fair Clara had secured from him under false pretenses. Norlander alleged that the defendant had come from Indiana to Fargo to marry him when she secured a divorce. After working for him a short time she left his place and later refused to become his bride. Norlander decided not to prosecute the case and withdrew his suit. He is the proprietor of a greenhouse here and is a preacher.

The suit of the Mercer County Mercantile company, which was started in the state district court at Bismarck against the Northern Pacific Railway company, has been transferred to the United States court, on motion of the defendant's attorneys.

Jamestown—Efforts are being made by the asylum authorities to discover the identity of a woman sent from Sargent county recently. She is a beautiful woman of about 22 years of age. She was found wandering about in Sargent county and there is no one there who knows anything concerning her.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—Douglas Greenwood, of this city, is in jail under $1000 bonds for attempting to kill Gertie James, a waitress at Lead. Greenwood cut the girl's throat with a razor from ear to ear, but not deep enough to kill. He then cut his own throat badly. Jealousy was the cause of the crime.

De Smet—Dorchester & Van Vrakin's livery barn was burned. Twenty-three horses and all the contents were consumed. The loss is $6000; insured for $3500. The fire was confined to the building.

LEAGUE MAGNATES MEET.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—The circuit committee of the American league, composed of Messrs. Johnson, Comiskey, Somers and Manning, will meet today in the office of President Johnson. At the meeting a report will be made on the recent Eastern trip of President Johnson and Mr. Somers, and some definite action may be taken by the committee regarding the entering of Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore. There will probably be a number of Western cities dropped to make way for Eastern cities.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth, 12 W. Superior, and S. F. Boyce, 335 W. Superior, druggists.

TWELVE PAGES--SECTION ONE--PAGES 1 to 6

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1900. LAST EDITION TWO CENTS

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

These Fashionable Mixtures

of green, brown and gray in imported Tweeds and Cheviots—plaids, overplaids, checks and pencil stripes, beautiful patterns—the same stuffs that the tailors are showing. We have an elegant selection of all these new fabrics in stylish sack suits, garments that cannot be distinguished from the best custom work. They have that air of exclusiveness that has made made-to-measure garments so popular with the best dressers. Suits that the tailor would charge you $40, $45, $50 and $60 to make you can buy here for $18.00, $20, $22.50, $25, and they'll fit perfectly.

Double-Breasted Sack Suits

of blue and black Serges and Worsted Cheviots and Cheviots are the most desirable fabrics to buy in double-breasted sack shape, $12.00 to $[illegible].00.

Heavy Weight Top Coat[illegible] $15 and $18

of tan, gray and Oxford mixed [illegible]overt Cloth, double faced. This popular style of coat is always fashionable and these that we are showing for autumn and winter wear are cut after the high-class tailors' models and built with broad shoulders. They are of medium length.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL—
We have several fine new Normal school All great bargains.

LONDON ROAD—
Lot 50 feet wide south front runs through to lake. A beautiful lot worth $800, price $1250

211 and 217 16th avenue west—We have [illegible] rooms for $18 per month, entire all separately $1800

129 West Fifth street, [illegible] rooms, [illegible] water, both rooms $1600

Lot [illegible] block 12, Merchants Park, a snap $75

Modern Houses in East End—
We have several for sale at low prices.

LAKESIDE AND WEST DULUTH—
Many houses in these suburbs cheap. Acres and Business Property a specialty.

FOR RENT—
Will build a 25-foot store on Superior street to suit tenant, near Twenty-fifth avenue west, upper side.
Offices in Mesabi block.

5 per cent Money to Loan.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

Out of Place.

Discord and varying views are out of place as to the best beer obtainable in Duluth, for all who have ever used Moose Brand Beer are in perfect accord in acclaiming it the purest, most palatable beer which ever passed their lips. It's not only pleasant as a beverage, but a strength-giver to the weak, a strength-keeper for the strong. In short, it's a good all round beer for sick or well, the sick room or table. Sold in cases, etc., etc.

Duluth Brewing and Malting Company.

Ether 'Phone 241

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 PHOENIX BL'K. Telephone 755, Call 4.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Superior Street Store Has frontage of 25 feet. Heated by steam. Centrally located. FOR RENT!

G. G. DICKERMAN & CO., Trust Building.

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Superior St.

NEW MILLING COMPANY.

Articles of Incorporation Are Filed In New Jersey.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 31.—The Standard Milling company filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state here today with a capital of $11,500,000. The incorporators are Richard B. Coleman, of Montclair, and Edwin H. Corry and Green Perkins, of New York.

CALEDONIA MYSTERY.

Coroner's Jury Finds Sac Mary Died From Causes Unknown.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 31.—The investigation by the coroner's jury of how Peter Sac Mary, whose dead body was found Sunday afternoon near his parents' farm at Caledonia, Minn., came to his death, was concluded this morning, when after an hour's deliberation, the jury returned a verdict that the cause of the cripple's death was unknown to them. This leaves the case more complicated than ever.

EARL DARNLEY DEAD.

London, Oct. 31.—Edward Henry Stuart Bligh, seventh Earl Darnley, is dead. He was born in 1851.

ELEVATOR FIRE.

Henderson, Ky., Oct. 31.—The grain elevator and plant of Aaron, Walker & Co., was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss estimated at $120,000.

CHINESE TYPEWRITER.

The Rev. D. Z. Sheffield, president of the Tung-Chou college, an American missionary in China, has invented a typewriter for Chinese characters.

In the Chinese each word has a separate ideograph. There are 50,000 of these. In common use 1000 words will answer.

Mr. Sheffield's writer consists of a large wheel on whose under side the letter stamps project, while a hammer from below drives the paper up against them. The wheel is revolved with the left hand, while the right hand operates a pointer that indicates where the desired letter is.

Typewriting Chinese is slow work, but it isn't so slow as writing out the characters one at a time, with from five to twenty-five hundred strokes in each one.

Another American genius is at work upon a Japanese typewriter to print 500 characters. The system is somewhat similar to that of Dr. Sheffield.

CLEVELAND INTERVIEW

Man Who Talked With Ex-President Swears to Truth of Story.

Belief That Cleveland Did Not Expect It Would Be Published.

Washington, Oct. 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Philadelphia Times says editorially today:

"Mr. Cleveland's emphatic denial of the interview on the political situation, published in this journal yesterday morning, is accepted as conclusive.

"The Times owes it to itself and to its large circle of readers to say that it was not in any measure a party to the publication of the interview, beyond accepting it from the author, who was highly accredited. The Cleveland interview was brought to the Times office at a late hour on Monday night by R. J. Black, a resident of Iowa. He had letters of recommendation from J. Sterling Morton, a member of President Cleveland's cabinet, and from other close friends of the ex-president. He stated that he had come directly from a visit to Mr. Cleveland, had discussed the political situation fully with him and had carefully taken down Mr. Cleveland's utterances. Thus accredited, and at an hour too late to verify the interview, the editor in charge was fully convinced that no imposition was intended, and promptly published the interview, as it was highly important, if true."

The Times adds this important statement:

"As soon as Mr. Black, whose initials were signed to this dispatch, heard yesterday afternoon that Mr. Cleveland had denied the interview, he voluntarily came to the Times office and made the following affidavit:

"Philadelphia, Oct. 30, 1900.—I, Resort J. Black, had an interview with Grover Cleveland on the 23rd day of October, 1900, in his home in Princeton, and during a lengthy talk with him in his parlor he told me that he favored Mr. Bryan, and said: 'My boy, you will see a landslide for Bryan on the day after election.' That he also said 'Bryan was a great orator.'

"R. J. BLACK,
"Vinton, Iowa.

"Witness—JOHN A. BRADLEY.
"Sworn and subscribed before me this 30th day of October, 1900.
JOHN A. THORNTON,
"Magistrate of Court 23."

The opinion prevails among politicians in Washington that Mr. Cleveland made the statement credited to him by Black, but the former, they say, may not have expressed these views for publication.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

GOT HIS MONEY

Man Robbed of Seven Hundred Dollars in a Chicago Bank.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—While William F. Frey, of Ravenswood, was making up a deposit of $700 in the First National bank today he was robbed of all his money by two men, one of whom attracted his attention while the other made off with the money.

HELD FOR BLACKMAIL.

People of Wall Street Press Force In Trouble.

New York, Oct. 31.—Leonard Watson, counsel for and assistant manager of the Wall Street Press, John Evans, president of the paper, and Ferdinand G. Gardner, an employe, were defendants in police court today on the charge of blackmail. The complainant is C. W. Morgan, a banker and broker.

Morgan says Gardner came to him several days ago with a proof of an article which he threatened to publish in the Wall Street Press, if he (Morgan) did not pay $750. Mr. Morgan says he denounced the article as libelous, and finally ordered Gardner out of his place. On the following day, Mr. Morgan asserts, Watson and Evans called and repeated the demand. He then agreed to pay them $500, and he asserts that the defendants accepted a marked $500 bill on account. The accused were held in $2,000 bail for examination.

THIS SETTLES IT.

Kentucky Appeals Court Confirms Title of Democratic Officials.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 31.—In the court of appeals today, the judgment of the lower court in the contest over the minor state offices was affirmed, thus establishing the title of the Democratic incumbents of those offices. Three Republican judges dissented. This case applied to all of the state officers except governor and lieutenant governor, the contest over which was settled by the legislature.

THE N. A. A. L. M.'S.

Milwaukee, Oct. 31.—The National Association of Agricultural Implement and Vehicle Manufacturers, one of the wealthiest associations in the country, convened in its seventh annual convention at the Plankinton house today. The afternoon was taken up with the annual address of President W. C. Jones, and the reception and discussion of various committee reports. Mr. Jones referred to the year 1900 as a fairly prosperous one. He advocated a movement by congress to create a department of commerce and industry, also the movement to secure uniform classification of freight rates throughout the United States, besides various other suggestions.

RICE INQUEST.

New York, Oct. 31.—Coroner Hart announced today that he will tomorrow commence an inquest into the circumstances surrounding the death of William Marsh Rice, the millionaire. In a report filed with Coroner Hart several days ago, Professor Withaus, chemist, said he had found a small quantity of mercury in Rice's body.

DIES FROM INJURIES.

Chicago Board of Trade Man Is Crushed by Cars.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—Frank J. Carpenter, treasurer and general manager of the Nye-Jenks Grain company, and a member of the board of trade, died today from injuries received in leaving an Illinois Central suburban train last night at the Fifty-seventh street station. He alighted from the rear platform and was crushed between the steps and station platform.

GRAND TRUNK SALE.

The Stockholders Bid the Road In Under Foreclosure.

Port Huron, Mich., Oct. 31.—The Chicago & Grand Trunk railway was sold at noon today under first mortgage foreclosure proceedings brought by the Mercantile Trust company, of New York, in accordance with a decree of the district court. General Manager Hays and E. W. Moldaugh, of Detroit, representing the stockholders of the road, were the only bidders, the road being sold to them for $5,708,701.04. Of this amount $5,437,000 represented the mortgages and $271,701.04 was interest. Walter Harsha, of Detroit, special master commissioner, conducted the sale, which occupied but ten minutes.

COAL MINE STRIKE.

A Walk-Out at a Colliery at Wilkesbarre.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 31.—Three hundred miners employed at the Hudson colliery of the Delaware & Hudson company, went on strike this morning, because the foreman insisted on more "topping" on the cars than the men were willing to give.

THE PROHIBITIONISTS.

Woolley and His Party Holding Meetings In Pennsylvania.

Pittsburg, Oct. 31.—John G. Woolley, Prohibition presidential candidate, and party, including National Chairman Stewart and Samuel Dickie, spent a short time in Pittsburg this morning and then went to Connellsville where a large meeting was held. Mr. Woolley was so hearse that he could scarcely be heard by the crowd. This afternoon a large meeting was held at Uniontown. Seventeen meetings were held yesterday in New York and Eastern Pennsylvania.

BANKER KNAUTH DEAD.

New York, Oct. 31.—Otavia Knauth, a member of the banking firm of Knauth, Knauchaud & Co., of this city, and Leipsic, Germany, died here today at the residence of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Percival Knauth, after a short illness. He was formerly a resident of this city, but for the last ten years of his life he preferred to reside most of the time in Germany on account of ill health. He was born at Zurich, Switzerland, on July 8, 1857, but was educated at Leipsic, where he entered the banking firm founded by his father, Theodore Knauth, and hereafter, for a number of years, was one of its representatives in New York. The remains will be sent to his family for interment at Leipsic, Germany.

BODIES ARE FOUND

Remains of New York Explosion Victims Taken From the Debris.

TORN TO FRAGMENTS

Some Are Gathered Up Piecemeal and Will Never Be Identified.

New York, Oct. 31.—At an early hour today only four bodies had been recovered from the ruins caused Monday by the explosions in the Tarrant drug house. Of these only one body has been identified, that of August Schmidt. The three unidentified bodies were gathered piecemeal and never will be identified.

Early this morning a number of bodies were found. Inspectors Tench and Kenny, of the building depatment, found a woman's head at the northwest corner of Greenwich and Warren streets. Later the same men found a package of tools, a man's apron and hat. Inspector Graham, of the building department, while hunting through the ruins, found two pieces of human flesh, and the same inspector found another piece of human flesh and a knee joint.

Two tons of chlorate of potash and one ton of sulphur, it appears, were in the building occupied by Tarrant & Co. when it was demolished by fire and explosions on Monday noon. It has now been decided by Fire Chief Croker and Fire Commissioner Scannell to investigate all of the wholesale drug establishments in the city. Chief Croker said, in the course of an interview:

"I know that nearly all of these wholesale drug houses carry explosives in such quantity as to render them powder magazines to all purposes. They are a constant menace to public safety, and I propose to see that storage houses are maintained at a safe distance outside the city."

The force of men at work today numbers 800. About 4 a. m. a fresh outburst of fire occurred at Warren and Greenwich streets, stopping for some time the work of clearing away the debris.

Ira C. Barnes, an egg dealer, and William Halsey, employed by Mr. Barnes, who were reported missing, were found today. Mr. Barnes says that the "Francis Barnes," egg dealer, reported missing, is probably a fictitious person. He says he has made inquiry and can find no trace of any such person and believes that his name was confused with the other. If this is true, the list of missing is thus reduced by three.

Frederick Thomas, who was employed as a bootblack in 289 Greenwich street, and was reported among the missing, made his appearance today.

NO SURRENDER.

Botha and Steyn Refuse to Enter Into Negotiations With British.

London, Oct. 31.—A belated dispatch from Pretoria, tells of the failure of the British negotiations with Gen. Botha for the surrender of the Boers. Botha received Gen. Paget's flag of truce courteously and admitted his defeat, but said it was impossible to treat for surrender as long as any burghers wished to continue the war.

President Steyn was more irreconcilable. He refused to even see the bearer of a flag of truce.

MAGAZINE BLOWN UP.

Explosion By Lightning at Nankin Causes Great Destruction.

Shanghai, Oct. 31.—The Daily News reports that a powder magazine at Nankin has been exploded by lightning and that many persons were killed or injured and that much property was destroyed.

FINE EXHIBIT.

Books and Manuscripts on Early History of District of Columbia.

Washington, Oct. 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The centennial year of the removal of the seat of permanent government to the District of Columbia is to be recognized in an appropriate fashion at the library of congress. An exhibit is now being prepared of books, maps, prints and manuscripts relating to that period in the history of the district. Owing to the acquisition of the Force and Toner collections and to the interest in the district which A. R. Spofford has always taken in the long years he has been connected with the national library, it now contains the largest collection of material about the district that is to be found in any other one place. Under the direction of A. J. Parsons, a portion of this material in the library is being assembled, and it is the purpose when the exhibit is completed to arrange it in cases in the print department. This will probably be done within the course of the next few weeks.

It will then be possible for those interested to see what sort of books were turned out from the printing offices in Washington, Georgetown and Alexandria in the opening years of the existence of the district, to examine the specimens from the shelves of the library. The earliest book shown will be one printed in Georgetown in 1792, one year following the announcement of the selection of the district as the seat of government. It is the Potomac Almanac, the work of Andrew Ellicott, the surveyor, upon whom the duty of laying out the city devolved after disagreement between L'Enfant and the city commissioners.

In addition there will be specimens of the famous Apollo press, which was established in this city after the government was removed here, by William Duane, who was one of the well known printers of Philadelphia. There will also be samples from the printing office of Samuel Harrison Smith, editor and proprietor of the National Intelligencer, who began as early as 1801 to send forth books and pamphlets. The examples of art preservative in this early period in the history of the district are, as a rule, extremely good, both as to quality of paper used and the typographical execution.

Another important section of this special district exhibit will be the maps, which will include the first maps of the city, mainly those printed in the year 1792, and known respectively as the Boston and Philadelphia maps. There are man curious cartographic illustrations of the city and district in the collection of the library, and those will be shown.

The collection of prints in the library relating to the district contains many rare examples. There will also be exhibited manuscripts about the city, written at early period and illustrative of the conditions that prevailed here at that time. The entire exhibits promise to be one that will add interest to the centennial period, and will tend to show the rising generation that the district has a past that is ancient as well as honorable, and that the men and women who lived here at the beginning of civic life were a people of intelligence and worth.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

SEEKS DEATH.

Rosslyn Ferrell, Convicted of Killing Messenger Lane, Attempts Suicide.

Marysville, Ohio, Oct. 31.—Rosslyn H. Ferrell, who was last night found guilty of the murder of Express Messenger Lane, attempted to commit suicide during the early hours today by smothering himself. He wrapped the bed clothing tightly about his head and turned over on his face. When his purpose was discovered, the guards pulled the clothes off while Ferrell fought to prevent their removal.

Judge Meithorn has adjourned court until Friday morning, when he will hear arguments on a motion for a new trial which the defense will file today.

News of the verdict was not broken to the prisoner's mother until today. Both she and Miss Costlow are prostrated.

NEW YORK.

The Democratic State Chairman Claims Fifty Thousand Majority For Bryan.

New York, Oct. 31.—Executive Chairman James K. McGuire of the Democratic state committee gave out last night the first statement from the Democratic state committee on how the state will go. He said:

"Our canvass of the state gives Bryan 50,000 majority, and it also shows that the Republicans will not come to the Bronx with more than 70,000 majority. I have refrained from making any statements heretofore until our canvass was completed. This estimate on our canvass is a very conservative one."

BURNED IN EXPLOSION.

Pittsburg, Oct. 31.—By the explosion of an alcohol vat at the Homestead Steel works early this morning three workmen, Andrew Dolliki, Michael Donder and John Harnetti were terribly burned. Dolliki and Donder, it is thought, will die. The explosion was caused by the alcohol coming in contact with natural gas.

FREE CHURCH PACT.

Ceremony of Uniting Is Marked By a Split.

Edinburgh, Oct. 31.—The Rev. Robert Rainey, D.D., was chosen moderator of the United Free church. The small minority which opposed the union met in a separate hall today and constituted themselves a Free Church assembly.

The scene at Waverley market was striking, though it was marred by rain. Some 3000 ministers took part and dense crowds along the route cheered them repeatedly. The hall where the uniting act was signed was draped with crimson and yellow and liberally bedecked with flags used by the covenanters.

The earl of Aberdeen, Dr. Parker, the Rev. John Watson, Ian MacLaren, and delegates from Canada, Australia, Africa, France and elsewhere participated.

DEMOCRATS CONFIDENT

Are Assured of a Majority In the Next House and That Bryan and Stevenson Will Be Elected.

Washington, Oct. 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The work of the Democratic national congressional campaign committee is practically ended. About all the committee will do between today and next Tuesday is to receive at headquarters here supplementary reports from the various states and congressional districts.

Today the members of committee now in Washington feel perfectly confident that a winning fight has been made all along the line in this campaign.

They not only expect a Democratic majority in the next house of representatives, but further assert that the election of Bryan and Stevenson is assured beyond all possible doubt.

Those in charge of the committee headquarters will not yet make a statement of the congressional districts in which they expect gains. It is known, however, they look for an increase of two in Washington state, three or four in California, two in South Dakota, three, if not four, in Minnesota; three or four in Wisconsin, possibly eight in Illinois, from two to five in Indiana, four in Michigan and an increased Democratic representation in Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, Maryland, Texas and other Southern states.

As before telegraphed, the Democratic committee is certain of a majority in the next house of between thirty to forty-five.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

MESS IS A BAD ONE

The New Revolution In Colombia Mixes Up Matters Very Seriously.

FIGHTING IS FIERCE

Thirty Thousand Have Been Killed and Wounded In the Strife.

New York, Oct. 31.—C. B. Hart, United States minister to Colombia, South America, who has arrived here and who is on his way to his home in Wheeling, W. Va., said in an interview:

"Matters in Colombia are seriously mixed. The Liberals started a second revolution a few days ago, and it has developed great strength. The fighting has been fierce, and up to date the killed and wounded have numbered 30,000.

"While the Liberals have met with much success, it is my belief that the government will be eventually successful, but the revolution is successfully disturbing business. Gen. Prospero Pinzon is in command of the government forces, and the revolutionists are commanded by Gen. Raefel Uribe Uribe. The scene of the trouble is in the department of Cauca."

HANNA IN INDIANA.

He Is Hustling Around Laboring with the Hoosiers.

South Bend, Ind., Oct. 31.—Senator Hanna, chairman of the Republican national committee, spoke in this city today to an enthusiastic crowd of large proportions. He arrived from Chicago on a special train at 11:40 a. m. At the station a committee of prominent citizens greeted the senator, who was escorted to the speaker's stand by a regiment of Rough Riders, headed by two bands. Congressman Brick introduced Senator Hanna, who spoke about fifty minutes. He expressed much gratification at his enthusiastic reception. Most of the factories of the city were closed from 11:30 to 2 to enable the employes to hear Senator Hanna. At the conclusion of his address he was escorted back to the train and left at 1:30 for Goshen.

COLLEGE STRIKE.

Alliance, Ohio, Oct. 31.—Three students of Mount Union college were suspended yesterday for participating in a midnight demonstration, when a crowd of students clad in night robes entered the ladies dormitory and pushed the president's cow into an upper hall, where they left it. About 150 students met on the college campus and decided to go on strike pending reinstatement of the suspended men. The faculty, however, remain firm in their decision.

WAGON MAKERS.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—At the annual meeting of the National Wagon Manufacturers' association, held here, representatives of twenty-nine of the largest wagon concerns of the country were present. It was agreed that there should be no change in the price for the coming year. The following officers were elected: President, F. B. Suydam, Toledo, Ohio; vice presidents, George R. James, Memphis, Tenn.; F. L. Mitchell, Racine, Wis., secretary and treasurer, P. M. Kimberley, Winona.

SMALLPOX OUTBREAK.

Kingston, Jam., Oct. 31.—The British consul at Guayaquil, Ecuador, cables the report of a smallpox outbreak at that place, but says the disease is not epidemic, though it is spreading.

KEANE WINS.

London, Oct. 31.—T. F. Keane, the runner, defeated F. C. Bredin, English, in a 35-yards race at Northampton today for a purse of £100. Keane, who had the best of the start won by two yards. Time, 38 2-5 seconds.

PENSION GRANTED.

Washington, Oct. 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—An original pension of $6 per month has been granted to Leander Parmanter, of Staples, Minn.

BIG FOUR ELECTION.

Cincinnati, Oct. 31.—At the annual election of the Big Four Railway company here today, the old directors were reelected.

A. M. McGREGOR DEAD.

New York, Oct. 31.—The death of A. M. McGregor, a director of the Standard Oil company, was announced here today.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Large Circulation, Best Results, Moderate Prices.... WHEN YOU INSERT A WANT AD IN THE HERALD YOU ARE GUARANTEED ALL THREE

REQUISITES FOR A SUCCESSFUL WANT AD MEDIUM.

BRYAN AT TOLEDO

Is Given an Enthusiastic Reception and Talks to Large Crowds.

ON A TOUR IN OHIO

He Goes From Toledo For His Trip In the State.

Toledo, Ohio, Oct. 31.—Col. and Mrs. Bryan arrived in this city at 9 o'clock this morning, coming direct from Dunkirk, N. Y. They were met at the railroad station by Mayor and Mrs. Jones. Mr. Bryan was escorted to the Boody house by the mayor, while Mrs. Bryan was conveyed to the mayor's residence for a brief reception.

Beginning at 10 o'clock, Mr. Bryan made a speech of an hour's duration in Armory park here, leaving immediately afterwards on his day's tour of the state. He was received with cheers from a big crowd gathered about the depot when he left his car, and also found a large number of people grouped about the hotel when he reached it. They cheered him heartily.

Before proceeding to the park, Mr. Bryan made a brief speech to the crowd assembled in front of the Boody house, telling them simply that he was pleased to see so many people out so early in the morning. At the park, he was greeted by several thousand persons, who cheered heartily when he entered his company with Mayor Jones. The mayor was introduced to make the first speech. He urged upon his hearers the importance of allowing their votes to represent their conscientious opinion. Whoever was elected, he felt sure that the country would go on as it had been going. As for himself, he was following his highest and best conceptions of duty. There was considerable applause and also some hisses during the mayor's address.

While Mr. Jones was talking, fifty or sixty school boys congregated and kept up such a clamor that it became necessary for the police to disperse them.

Mr. Bryan was introduced by Mayor Jones and said he was proud to be presented by a man to whom duty was a higher consideration than was any party. Taking up the question of non-partisanship Mr. Bryan said not only were former Republicans coming over, but that Gold Democrats were coming back. This, he said, was the natural result of political conditions and of the Republican party's persistent disregard for the rights of the people at large.

In his speech, Mr. Bryan gave considerable time to the plea of prosperity. On that subject, he said:

"The Republican party has failed in this campaign, and I am going to show you how one proposition after another put forth by the Republicans has failed to meet with a response from the people. When this campaign opened up, the one cry was that the country was prosperous, that the Republican party had made it so, and, as Republicans, the Republican party must be kept in power. That was the only plea, and to represent that they had a full dinner pail painted on their banners. The full dinner pail! If they wanted to paint that full dinner pail now as it looks, they would paint on their banners the worst battered, the most beaten and most dilapidated dinner pail that ever was seen.

"Let me tell you why the dinner pail argument failed. First, because not every laboringman has a full dinner pail. They went on the theory that every laboringman had a full dinner pail, but the anthracite coal strike opened the eyes of a great many people to the fallacy of that Republican argument. Men down there in the anthracite coal regions, the strike showed the men did not get half as much as they ought to, and paid twice as much for powder as they should. I would be willing to let this campaign be decided on the full dinner pail argument, and I would ask the laboringmen who vote yes or no on this proposition, are you satisfied with present conditions and want them continued just as they are? I would be perfectly willing to let the laboring men vote on that proposition, but before they vote I want them to go to the sweat shops and ask themselves whether that is prosperity and they want it continued just as it is. It is not true that the development of this country are receiving their fair share of the wealth they produce. That is one reason why the full dinner pail argument failed."

Mr. Bryan then took up the question of trusts, declaring that the utterances of both President McKinley and Governor Roosevelt showed them to be more interested in protecting what they call the good trusts than in suppressing the bad trusts. He said that if times got hard the corporations would cut down wages rather than reduce their dividends. He would make it impossible for a private monopoly to live under the American flag and, if elected president, all the power vested in the executive should be used to that end. This sentiment was vigorously cheered, and there were cries of "bravo."

Speaking of the standing army, Mr. Bryan declared that if the Republican ticket is elected there will never be a smaller standing national force than at present.

He declared the Republicans were not prepared to defend their foreign policy and he gave the following as a resume of all the Republican speeches on the Philippine question:

"We are sorry to have the Philippine islands. They came to us by accident. We are sorry we have them, but we cannot let go them. It looks as if God had sent us there. It looks as if we were following the leading of a Divine hand, and besides, there is money in it."

That, he said, was the gist of all the Republican speeches on the subject.

He declared that it was neither right, nor wise to coerce the Filipinos, and he thanked God that he had so firmly united together that which is wise and that which is right that they cannot be torn asunder.

According that the president was exceeding the powers conferred by the constitution Mr. Bryan said:

"Our constitution creates the president and he shall not usurpe his creator."

In concluding his speech, Mr. Bryan said:

"In this city, your own mayor had to choose between the Republican party and the golden rule and he left the Republican party in order to stand by the golden rule. Monnett, who was your attorney general, who tried to fulfill his duty and carry out the laws and prosecute the trusts, was driven out of his party by the trusts that controlled the party. He had to choose between his convictions and the Republican party and he left the party and carried his convictions with him. You Republicans have boasted that you love Abraham Lincoln. If you love the principles of Lincoln, compare them with the practices of Hanna and see what a change you have to make in your ideas to follow the Republican party now."

Just before Mr. Bryan began to speak, and while Mr. Jones was still on his feet, ten or twelve of the young men who had caused the disturbance of the meeting, were taken in charge by the police and carried out of the grounds. They had brought to the meeting place a huge board representation of an elephant, which was labeled "G. O. P.," and which they were parading about the outskirts of the Democratic meeting with much glee.

CONFERENCE IN SESSION.

Pastors of English Lutheran Churches Meeting In Duluth.

The first meeting of the Central Mission conference of the English Lutheran synod of the Northwest opened in this city yesterday afternoon at St. John's English Lutheran church and the sessions were continued today and will be concluded this evening. Rev. S. W. Kuhns, of this city, is president, and Rev. C. L. Wagseiler, of St. Paul, secretary.

The regular program was varied somewhat yesterday afternoon. Rev. G. H. Trabert was to have made the first address on "The German Reformation and Its Missions," but in his place Rev. A. J. D. Haupt gave a "Resume of Mission Work in the Northwest." He gave some figures as to the growth of the synod. It was organized in 1891 with 7 pastors, 6 churches, 6 congregations, 253 members and 60 Sunday school scholars. In the year 1900 it has 21 pastors, 20 congregations, 15 churches, 2170 members and 2122 Sunday school children. This increase is regarded as eminently satisfactory.

Rev. S. W. Kuhns, of this city, discussed the subject, "Loyalty to the Spirit of the Reformation."

In the evening there was a large attendance and the Lord's supper was administered to the members of the conference and congregation. Rev. G. H. Trabert preached the sermon, his topic being "Christ the Corner Stone."

The session this morning was devoted to business. The program for this afternoon and evening, beginning at 7:30 o'clock, is as follows:

"Our Mission Field and Its Need"....
Rev. A. Fred Ramsey.
"Distinctive Miss on Methods of Our Church"....
Rev. A. C. Peterson.
"Benefit of Missionary Work to a Denomination"....
Rev. A. C. Carty
"The Missionary Pastor"....
Rev. L. O. Nelbustin.
EVENING.
"The German Reformation and Missions"....
Rev. G. H. Trabert, D. D.
"A Resume of Mission Work in the Northwest." (Continuation from yesterday)....
Rev. A. J. D. Haupt.

New Suits Begun.

Thomas C. Cummings has begun suit in district court against J. P. Campbell to recover $106.06 alleged to be due for unloading and caring for goods and camp supplies in Lake county during the winter of 1898-99. F. A. Tenney is the attorney.

W. H. Pride has begun suit in district court to recover $90 on a note from F. C. Bowman. Eckman & Stevenson are the attorneys.

The Fosher company has begun suit to recover $1729.76 from the Evanston Farmers' Alliance Elevator company. The money is alleged to be due for loans made to the defendant company. J. L. Washburn and W. D. Dailey are the attorneys.

Alexander Sim claims that in a contract on the Mesabe road he overpaid James Grimstad, a sub-contractor, $262.29, and he has begun his suit through Davis, Hollister & Hicks to recover the amount.

Thanks Fire Laddies.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Cripps, of No. 13 West Sixth street, desire to express their appreciation of the assistance extended them during the illness of their son, Patrick, and for other services rendered after his death. They are especially desirous of acknowledging the beautiful floral gift of headquarters fire department, which had affectionately called Pearson their "angel," when he was a familiar visitor at headquarters.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c.

UP TO THE JUDGES.

Arguments in the Telephone Cases Are Finally Concluded.

The matter of the right of the Duluth Telephone company to continue on the streets of Duluth with its wires and poles after the city has asked it to get out is now up to the courts. In Judge Lochren's court at St. Paul it was submitted several days ago and this morning the arguments in the district court before Judge Canton, which were later spread out over a week to permit the attorney to keep their engagement with Judge Lochren, were concluded and Judge Canton took the case under advisement. The arguments were resumed yesterday afternoon.

The matter is expected to be in the courts for a year or two. The decision in the state court will be finally reached before that time, probably, but in the United States court the matter will probably keep right on going until it reaches the top and is brought before the United States supreme court for final settlement. Then the telephone fight will be over, and the Duluth company will either go or stay.

Has Two Vessels.

Sheriff Sargent is in the vessel business. This morning he seized two vessels, the Moore and Interpriken, barges belonging to Comstock Bros. on a suit brought by the Edward Hine Lumber company. The company claims damages of $2274.13 because of the alleged failure of the defendants to carry out a contract to sell it all of the mill culls and scouts from its sawmill at Manistique, Mich. It is alleged that there was a direct damage of $257.13, and that the company was to an expense of $60 in filing boats to haul the lumber it did not get. Davis, Hollister & Hicks are the attorneys.

Tip From Chicago.

A local retired man who has been doing some betting on the racetrack got the following tip from a friend of Chicago by wire yesterday afternoon: "Be careful how you bet; betting here is only even on the general result." This would indicate that the idea that McKinley's friends have been holding him up to be shrinking into an even chance at best.

Does the type become blurred when reading? If so you need glasses. See Stancke the optician, No. 7, West Superior street. Examination free.

REFORM ELECTION.

Medford, Mass., Oct. 31.—The Medford Women's club has voted to withdraw from the General Federation of Women's clubs, because the executive board of the latter organization, at the federation convention at Milwaukee last June, refused to seat Mrs. Josephine S. Griffin, who represented a club of colored women.

MARINE NEWS.

Bad Mix-up Among the Boats at the Missabe Ore Docks.

There was a bad mix-up among several boats at the Missabe docks yesterday afternoon owing to a mistaken signal on the steamer Iron King, and damage amounting to $10,000 was done among the steamers City of Genoa, Lagonda and Iron King and to the dock. The Genoa and Lagonda were lying on the east side of No. 1 dock and the Iron King was taking a position on the same side. The Iron King, owing to the mistake in the engine room, did not slacken speed, and struck the Genoa in the stern, knocking her port quarter off above the main deck, together with the stanchions and the top of the cabin. The Genoa went against the dock and then against the Lagonda, and the Iron King went into the dock and did considerable damage, knocking down an ore spout and damaging the dock otherwise. The Genoa is damaged about $5000, and the damage to the Lagonda is about $2000. The dock suffered to the extent of $2000, and while the injuries to the Iron King are not known the total will reach $10,000.

INTO WINTER QUARTERS.

Cleveland, Oct. 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is said the insurance of the steamers Frontenac, Pontiac and Choctaw, of the Cleveland Cliffs company, has been cancelled and the three boats will go into winter quarters at once.

THE JOLIET DAMAGED.

Washburn, Oct. 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Joliet struck the elevator dock with such force as to shove in two plates above the water line. The damaged boat was taken to Ashland for repairs.

GRAIN RATES.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The outlook in the grain trade was not promising today for November. None of the vessel men expects better rates than 1½ cents on corn to Lake Erie.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Information has been given by the lighthouse board that the post office of the west end of the south pier, St. Marys Falls canal, Michigan, is now plainly marked by two red lights from the same vertical pole—the upper an electric light 25 feet above the level of the lake and the lower an oil light 15 feet above the level of the lake. In case of any derangement with the upper electric light its place will be taken by an oil light of the same characteristic. The fixed white light now shown from the end of this pier and known as No. 25, St. Marys falls canal, south pier, in the list of lights and fog signals on the northern lakes and rivers, E0, will be discontinued on and after Nov. 1, 1900.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Harvey Brown, 9:20 last night; Japan, 10:40; Kalikoga, 10:50; Whitaker, 3:30 a. m.; German, 8; Angeline, Cornell, Boston, 9:20; Howard Warren, 2:30 a. m.; Oliver, 1:50; Fryer, 2:20.

Up yesterday: Zenith City, 11 a. m.; Sacramento, Matanzas, 11:40; Cherokee, Newaygo and consort, 1:30; John Dunham, 12:10 p. m.; Iron Duke, Foster, Wawatam, 2; Spencer, Amboy, 4:10; Nacragma, Grenada, 4:20; Fowler, 5; Arabia, 7:50.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Oct. 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Northern King, 11:30 last night; Buffalo, Alberta, 8:20 a. m.; Marloma, Ford, D. Dawes, Crosby, 2:20 a. m.; North Star, 7; Garden City, Drake, King, 7:30; Castle, Rhodes, Manitoba, Presque Isle, Lackawanna, 9:30; Coffinberry, Choctaw, Pahama, Pomeroy, 11:20. Down: Saturday night, Mariposa, 11:40 a. m.; Monohansett, Pahlow, Delta, 3 p. m.; Nicol, 7:20; Northern Queen, 11:20. Down: Edenborn, Spokane, Yukon, 2:20 p. m.; Genesseer, 7.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Carnegie. Cleared: Lamber Madden, Nopiming, Manitowoc, Tonawanda. Ore—Harvard, Conneaut; La Salle, Ashtabula, Passadena, Buffalo; Gilbert, Cleveland.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal—Chili, Duluth. Light—Princeton, Marticana, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal—Ketchum, Ashland. Light—Republic, Wolvin, Wade, Homer, Duluth; Tempest, Munising.

Conneaut—Cleared: Coal—Zenith City, Duluth. Light—Corsica, Rees, Caledonia, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Owen, Duluth; Nimick, Superior.

Lorain—Cleared: Coal—Nimick, Duluth, Marquette, Cleveland; Wheeler, Gladstone, Gratwick, Moravia, Buffalo; Roby, Ashtabula; Rhodes, Conneaut.

Toledo—Cleared: Gettysburg, Iron City, Duluth. Light—Iron Duke, Charles Foster, Duluth.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Iron King, Johnson, IronQueen, Hobson, Gates, Maryland, Bulgaria, Lake Erie, light for ore; Dhoda, Iroquois, Lake Erie, coal; Selkirk, Connelly Bros, Pushtigo, Viking, Lake Erie, coal or lumber.

Down—F. E. Kelsey, Ketchum, Ed Smith, Warmington, Lake Erie, lumber; London, John Owen, Adams, Ogden, Jones, Jeanette, James Hill, Olympia, Lake Erie, ore; Bradshaw, south shore, coal and mdse; China, Buffalo, coal and Rome Osceola, Chicago flour, Iron Aint, north shore, coal and mdse; Yuma, Two Harbors, light.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Teutonic from Liverpool. Cape from Liverpool.

Queenstown—Arrived: Majestic from New York for Liverpool.

Liverpool—Arrived: Georgia from New York; Numidian from Montreal; Ultonia from Boston.

London—Arrived: Michigan from New York.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Paxo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee—no cure, no pay. Price 50c. If your druggists don't keep it in stock send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by Paxo Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo. Manufacturers of Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

California Without Change Via "Sun Shine Route."

The traveling public will be pleased to know that the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will re-establish its popular Sun Shine route to California this season.

Beginning Wednesday, Oct. 31, and every Wednesday thereafter, a modern Pullman sleeper will leave St. Paul and Minneapolis and run through to Los Angeles, arriving there the following Sunday morning.

The route will be the C., M. & St. P. railway to Kansas City (in connection with the Iowa Central), thence via Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, through one of the most interesting portions of America.

The rate per double berth in this sleeper will be $6 from the Twin Cities to California.

For full information as to lowest passenger fares and other particulars apply to ticket agents, or write, J. P. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE!
$225 Good lot on Twenty-ninth Avenue West near Michigan Street. Easy terms.
CHAS. P. CRAIG & Co
103 Herald Building.

$600 Takes 50-foot corner one block from Portland square.
$850 Takes 6-room house, stone foundation, well, etc.
$675 Takes lot on East Third, near 12th avenue east.
A. G. Volk & Co. 202 Palladio Bldg.

MAGINNIS & SON,
Forest Reserve, Soldiers' Additional, Pine and Iron Lands Bought and Sold.
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUINDING.

Corner house on Fifth street, water, sewer, bath and stone foundation $3200
110 East Fifth street, $1000
100 feet on Superior street, east of Seventh Avenue W., to lease on Reasonable Terms
225 feet front on Ninth street, $500
Interstate Land & Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

For Sale I have a fine home with all modern conveniences, corner lot, paved Street in Endion Division at a genuine bargain. W. P. Strickland, 325 Chamber of Commerce.

Wanted—Female Help.

WANTED AT ONCE, GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 1631 East First street.
WANTED—COOKS AND DININGROOM girls, and girls for general housework, in and out of town, at once. 225 East Superior street.
WANTED—NURSE GIRL AT ONCE. 915 Tenth avenue east.
WANTED—GIRL TO WASH DISHES. 318 East Second.
WANTED—WOMAN TO MAKE COMFORTERS. Call flat 14, U. S. block.
WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1422 East Second street.
WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2011 East Fourth street.

STENOGRAPHERS.
Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 223 West Superior street.

Wanted—Male Help.

WANTED—HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT to work after school hours. Address L 77, Herald.
WANTED—SCANDINAVIAN CLERK with experience in employment office. Apply to Alexander & Co., 423 West Michigan street.
CARPENTERS AND WOODWORKERS wanted. Steady work all winter. Street railway shops, city.

Wanted—Situations.

WANTED—BY FIRST CLASS SEAMSTRESS place to sew for dressmaker. Will work reasonably. Address N 2, Herald.
WANTED—POSITION BY FIRST CLASS engineer well versed in high or low pressure engines. C 63, Herald.
WORK OF SOME KIND BY A YOUNG man, good penman. Can furnish good references. Address R 15, Herald.
WANTED—PLAIN SEWING OR DAY work by Mrs. Smith, 224 West Third street.
A YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A place in a private family to do light housework, or nurse a girl. Proper place west of Lake avenue. Address 222 West Second street.
YOUNG MAN WANTS POSITION IN machine shop, some experience. Correspondence solicited. Box 516, Valley City, N. D.
WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 22 First Ave. E. Work guaranteed.

Window Shades.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. Cut prices. Senberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

Chirvoyant.

CLARICE LE LONG, WHO READS the past, present and future, still has her dime spell every Friday evening at 16 Second avenue west; room 1, upstairs.
MRS. DR. BEATTIE, THE FAMOUS English Clairvoyant, Palmist and Card Reader, 102 East Second street, opposite High School. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m., daily. Sundays, Sunday Ladies, 50c; Gentlemen, $1.00. Everything private; no sign.
RESIDENT OF DULUTH TELLS ALL Sickness of every kind. Business readings. 622 West Superior street, Duluth.
MRS. ROSCOE CLAIRVOYANT, PALMIST, 1705 West Superior.

Watch Repairing.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 331 W. Sup. St.
THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK AT Vanderberg's 214 West Superior street.

NO MORE VICTIMS.

Wilkesbarre, Oct. 31.—The debris in No. 1 shaft of the Kingston Coal company, the scene of yesterday's explosions, was cleaned up today without any more dead bodies being found. All the employes nowhere been accounted for.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

For Rent—Houses.

$14 A MONTH, 6-ROOM HOUSE, CITY water, etc.; $15 a month, 6-room house, city water, etc.; $20 a month, 8-room house, very complete; $12.50 a month, 4-room house; $25 a month, 7-room house, city water, etc. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 12 Exchange building.
FOR RENT—5-ROOM HOUSE, FIRST avenue west and Cascade square. Inquire No. 5 South Fifth avenue west.
HALL FOR RENT, SUITABLE FOR small societies and unions. Over 21 East Superior street. Apply down stairs.
TWO HOUSES IN HUNTER'S PARK for rent. 312 Palladio building.
FOR RENT—10-ROOM HOUSE, MODERN improvements, hot water heat, East End. W. Van Brunt.
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED—A centrally located 8-room house, all modern conveniences; city water, furnace heat; very comfortable. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 12 Exchange block.
FOUR-ROOM HOUSE, 816½ EAST FIFTH street; good repair; no city water. Cooley & Underhill, Exchange building.
FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE DWELLING in East End, and a centrally located 6-room flat by R. M. Newport, No. 302 Lonsdale building.
HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

For Rent—Flats.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM STEAM HEATED flat, bath, gas range, etc., $25 per month, near Tenth avenue east. M 7, Herald.

For Rent—Rooms.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT, well heated, 15 Fifth avenue west.
FOR RENT—LARGE ROOM; MODERN conveniences, for two, furnace heat. 308 Mesaba avenue, near Third avenue west.
FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS THREE blocks from postoffice. 641 Herald.
FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AT 318½ West Fourth street.
FOUR NICE ROOMS, $120 WATER INCLUDED. 217 Piedmont avenue, Third avenue west, above Fifth street.
FRONT ROOM AND ALCOVE, MODERN improvements. 216 East Third street.

Board Offered.

GOOD BOARD, 120 FIRST AVENUE W.
ROOMS WITH BOARD, 126 WEST Third.
FRONT ROOM WITH BOARD. 27 WEST Second street.
PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS with board. Front, single and en suite. 317 West Second street.

Financial.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.
MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 224 W. Sup. street. Established 1895.
MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $100. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

Stoves.

STOVES SET UP CLEANED AND REPAIRED. Call at 211 East Superior street, or 'phone 596.

Employment Office.

LEWIS EMPLOYMENT AGENCY FOR ladies, 531 West Superior street.

Midwife.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN, FEMALE complaints. Private hospital, 708 East Third street.
MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

Personal.

LADIES' FREE MONTHLY REGULATOR. Cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—S. KANER HAS ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows. 1122 East Fourth street.
FOR SALE BALED SHAVINGS. Three bales for 25 cent. Woodruff's planing mill.
FOR SALE—ONE SET SHELVING suitable for grocery; one Dress-size Garland heater, and one delivery wagon. 521 East Fourth street.
FOR SALE BUTCHER'S OUTFIT, including K. & H. cooler and everything complete, almost new, at a sacrifice. Can be seen at 401 Lake avenue south. J. H. Karlack, Spalding hotel.
FOR SALE, CHEAP FURNITURE OF three nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping; inquire Room 112 Lowell block.
FOR SALE—ROLL TOP DESK, COMplete bookkeeper's outfit; also typewriter for sale or rent. Call Stenographer, Spalding, or 'phone 590.

FOR SALE CHEAP.
FOUR FRAME BUILDINGS TO BE moved away. ALF. KJELLIN, 306 Burrows Building.

Lumbermen, Take Notice.
We have, specially for our logging trade, from 300 to 400 head of heavy logging horses weighing from 2000 to 1900 pounds, constantly on hand and invite lumbermen to write us for prices.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE!
Car Load Heavy Draft and Logging Horses.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
19 West First Street.

FOR SALE—A SMALL SAWMILL, daily capacity, 10,000 to 12,000 feet lumber, or 500 railroad ties; all complete and in order. A bargain. Inquire at No. 19 Mesaba block.

Painless Dentistry.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURROWS B'LD'G. Best work. Moderate prices.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Bargains in Carpets.

GET YOUR CARPETS AND RUGS here. Cut prices. Stenberg, 10 E. Sup. St.

Wanted—To Buy.

WANTED—TO BUY FOR CASH, A roll top desk. North-Land printery.
WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND clothing and shoes. Will pay highest cash price. Send postal card and I will call. L. Goldberg, 26 West Superior street.

Secret Societies.

MASONIC
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30. Next meeting Nov. 5, 1900. Work, Third degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.
IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 12, 1900. Work, Second degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.
KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 28, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 7:30 p. m. Nov. 14, 1900. Work, M. M. degree. Henry D. Gee H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.
DULUTH COMMANDERY, No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Nov. 6, 1900. Work. Lyonel Ayers, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux recorder.

A. O. U. W.
A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. P. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation weekly, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. R. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 93, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.
ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, Oct. 30, at 8 p. m., in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work, First degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G.; W. Marquart, secretary.
SILVER LODGE NO. 200, I. O. O. F.—Meets Wednesday evening, Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue north. Work, Third degree, Sept. 12. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. A. W. Holbrook, N. G.; T. A. Gaul, R. S.
UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Ohlund, chief ranger.

U. C. T.
ZENITH, No. 40, DULUTH, MINN. Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month, Elks hall, Superior street. Paul W. Palmer, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.
IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, Wa-ke-me-wa tribe, No. 17, meets every Monday evening in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. C. O. Faller, Sachem; N. J. Orr, Chief of Records.

Medical.

$1000 REWARD FOR ANY CASE OF lost manhood or weakness in men that I cannot cure. Call or write to F. Quinn, 622 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.
VIRTUAMA French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires, ambitions aspirations of youth and health, $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth; Nygren's West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Morrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bachfeld Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Green River, Wy. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.
VICTORY OF SCIENCE OVER DISEASE. Cancer baffling general practitioner's skill yields readily to our scientific methods. No knife, plaster or pain. Mason Medical Co., 121 W. 42nd. St., New York. Book and advice free.
MEN NERVE BEANS restore weak parts, make men strong, vigorous, robust; married men, men intending to marry, should take a box; astonishing results; night losses stopped; power restored; 61 at Boyce's, Max Wirth's and other druggists; or mailed by Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sewing Machines.

Expert Machine Repairer.
Sewing Machines
For Sale from $6 to $22.
Sewing Machine Parts, Needles, Oils and Attachments for all Machines. Sewing Machines for Rent. F. POPKIN, 410 W. 2nd St., Duluth, Minn.

CHARTER AMENDMENT ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the charter commission of the city of Duluth has proposed the following amendment to the charter of said city. By adding to section numbered sixty-four (64) thereof the following:

"Eighty-sixth: To provide by contract or otherwise for the operation of a free ferry across the ship canal in the city of Duluth from Minnesota Point to the main land adjacent thereto."

Said proposed amendment will be voted on by the electors of the city of Duluth at the general state election to be held on Nov. 6, 1900.

H. W. CHEADLE, City Clerk.

Duluth, Oct. 6, 1900.
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 6 to Nov. 5, 1900.

Herald Wants { 1 CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Excursions to Western Canada.
On Tuesday, Oct. 30, and every Tuesday in November, I will have an excursion to all points in Western Canada, where you can secure 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free.
Western Canada is the greatest farming and stock country in the world. Go there and make yourself rich, tickets from Duluth to Winnipeg, for $6.35, and all other points in proportion.
For further information apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn.

Stove and Furnace Repairing.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES AND ranges. City Stove Repair Works, 28 E. Sup. St., Zenith 'phone 742. C. J. Refuss, Mgr.

Lost.

LOST—DOG, ENGLISH BULL TERRIER, answering to name "Pete." Return to 2020 East Superior street. Reward.
LOST—SUNDAY, OCT. 28, HEIFER, dark brown, half Jersey, 11 months old; finder leave word at Kendall's farm.
LOST FRIDAY AFTERNOON, LADY'S eyeglasses in case, between Board of Trade and 701 West Second street. Finder please return to Herald office and oblige owner.

Piano Tuning.

$1.75 PIANO TUNING, CASH PRICE; satisfaction guaranteed. George W. Tietz, Columbus building, over Stack's fair.

Carpet Cleaning and Rug Works.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works, 1522 West Michigan street. Telephone 523.

House-Moving.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.
HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

Professional.

MRS. BALDWIN, REMOVES SUPERfluous hair, moles, etc., by electrolysis. Only positive and permanent remedy known. Eight years' experience; references given. Offices 412-413 Masonic Temple.

Hotels.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

Railroad Time Tables.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth ..... Ar		3:35 p.m.
5:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv		3:05 p.m.
10:10 a.m.	Ar..... Junction..... Lv		1:15 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv		1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv		12:55 p.m.
10:40 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv		1:02 p.m.
10:45 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta Lv		12:53 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar..... Tilsonbay Lv		12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron Lv		12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv		12:25 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

2:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth ..... Ar	12:00 m
7:35 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:37 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave Duluth	DULUTH, ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	Arrive Duluth
†1 25 pm *11 25 pm		†1 55 pm *10 00 am
*Daily.	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Pembina. Superior, Shore Line. Swan River, Hibbing, Int. P. R.R.	*6 45 pm †11 50 am

Sleepers for 11:25 p.m. Trains for 7:55 a.m. can be occupied at any time after 9 p.m. J. C. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

| Leave Duluth | *Daily. **

CENT AND A HALF UP

Wheat Started Out Strong and Active and Made Sharp Advance.

THE CABLES HIGHER

And Reports of Damage to Argentine Crop Were Again Confirmed.

Chicago Board of Trade, Oct. 31.—Trading in wheat market was strong, higher and active from the opening and prices rose sharply [illegible] on buying by bulls and [illegible] by the bulls. [illegible] of the move. This consisted principally of an advance at Liverpool which was greater than the rise in prices in the [illegible] markets yesterday and further [illegible] from Europe confirming the [illegible] received of severe damage to the Argentine wheat crop. The market closed strong to-day and closed at the [illegible] Leiter loan yesterday [illegible] higher at Chicago for the December option.

[illegible] was active on the [illegible] December wheat opened [illegible] up to 76c at 11:30 [illegible] at 1:30, sold at [illegible] closed off to 75½c at 1:30 and [illegible] 76c higher than yesterday [illegible] December price, to arrive [illegible] Most of the buying was [illegible] short covering. Cash [illegible] also strong. Corn advanced [illegible] than a cent, and closed at [illegible] November 25c. [illegible] December 25c. [illegible] December 25½c. October [illegible] at $1.01, and closed at [illegible] November 25c. [illegible] December 25½c. [illegible] December 25½c. [illegible] December 25½

DON'T ARGUE WITH KIDNEY or LIVER DISEASES

USE WARNER'S SAFE CURE

THE ONLY SPECIFIC.

A BIG STRIKE.

Supt. Berger Reports a Rich One at the Randolph Mine.

There was a big ripple of excitement in local mining circles this afternoon by the announcement of a strike at the Randolph gold mine, in the Rainy Lake country, that is claimed to be the richest thing that has yet been discovered in the Seine River gold fields. The announcement was made by Superintendent Neil Berger of the mine, who arrived in the city at noon today with a box containing 100 pounds of the gold bearing quartz that Mr. Berger declares was not picked out, but was shoveled up out of the mine and boxed.

The quartz is of a soft, pinkish variety and breaks up readily. The quartz is fairly loaded with the yellow metal, so much so that in many of the pieces of rock it would be difficult to put down a pin head without striking needles of gold. Local mining men are much excited over the ore and say that it is the richest thing ever brought out of the Rainy Lake country.

Some of the mining men that have seen the ore declare that it will run from $800 to $900 a ton, and perhaps more. The gold in the ore that Mr. Berger brought down is not in nuggets, as has been found in some of the quartz from that country, but is fine, and instead of lying in seams in the quartz, seems to thoroughly permeate the rock.

Superintendent Berger says that the strike was made two days ago, and the miners in the district are very much excited over it. The ore that has been taken out has been sacked and is being guarded, so valuable does he consider it.

The Randolph people have been working under some disadvantage for some time, he says, and have had only one crew at work, but kept at work feeling that they were sure of results. The crew have been cross-cutting at a depth of 200 feet, some sixty-three feet to the west. Superintendent Berger claims that a few days ago they struck a six-inch stringer that seemed rich, but regard it as too small, and continued cross-cutting ten feet farther until they struck the new vein which, he says, is two feet thick.

The specimens were shown here this afternoon and taken over to West Superior.

The Randolph people, it is said, will have a ton of the ore sacked and taken to Fort Portage, to be reduced into bullion.

HEARING ADJOURNED.

New York, Oct. 31.—Cornelius L. Alvord, the former note teller of the First National bank, who embezzled $800,000 of the bank's funds, was arraigned in police court today but his examination was adjourned until tomorrow.

WANT LIND ELECTED

Charles S. Greeves, North Dakota Farmer, Says Farmers There Like Him.

THE RAIN CONTINUES

So Much That Fall Ploughing Is Way Behind—Is Not Discouraged.

Charles S. Greeves, of West Duluth, who has large farming interests in the Red River valley country and in parts of North Dakota, has just returned from a week's visit at his farms. Mr. Greeves went out there with special carloads of lumber with which to build new granaries and barns, but he says the lumber lies beside the railroad tracks where it was unloaded. Because of the heavy rains, the roads are so deep with mud that the removal of the lumber to the places where he desires to build is entirely out of the question.

Mr. Greeves says that in political matters the farmers do not take even the little interest that is manifested in the Northwest. The best there are 2 to 1 on McKinley and the Republicans expect to carry the state. But Mr. Greeves says the farmers have a very warm spot in their hearts for Governor Lind, of Minnesota, and they appear to take some interest in his campaign. Although the odds are on McKinley among them, they are betting 2 to 1 that Governor Lind will be re-elected. Mr. Greeves says he personally knows of one bet placed of $500 to $250, on Lind.

Speaking of the conditions of North Dakota, Mr. Greeves said:

"The outlook in North Dakota at the present is very bad for the farmers. It has done nothing for the past three weeks but rain and the country is fairly under water. All fall ploughing has been stopped, and it will throw the farmers far behind in their sowing of spring wheat next year. Last year was early in my ploughing, and put on all the ploughs and men and teams that I could get, and was more fortunate than some of the others. About all of my ploughing except forty-five or fifty acres I finished and I have given up hope of ploughing the rest. Next season I will have in 1200 acres of wheat. This season I had in 800 acres of wheat, besides a lot of flax, barley and rye. The crop this year was very disappointing because of the early drouth and the heavy rains during the harvesting time. Of course all sections did not feel it, but the crop generally was terribly damaged. Many of the farmers are discouraged, but I see no reason why they should be, because they have always had big crops before, and will have good crops another season.

"In the northern portion of the state, about a third of the wheat crop is totally ruined. A lot of it was in shock and in stacks and this, owing to the rains, has sprouted.

"North Dakota will have about half a flax crop this year. I calculate that about half of the flax that has been cut is under water, some of it three inches deep, and has been there for weeks.

"Some of the flax that was threshed has been put in the market, but it is quite black. I got about 200 for my flax were I should have had 1000. In some localities I saw whole sections of cut flax under water. Of course some of this may be saved when dried out, because it is a very hardy grain, but it will not bring over $1.25 to $1.30 a bushel on the basis of present prices.

"In spite of the fact that the flax crop of North Dakota will be short this year, I believe that flax is the crop for that state. It will stand more drouth and more wet weather than any other kind of grain that I know of."

About the middle of next month a party of twelve or fifteen of the large farmers of North Dakota will visit Duluth, and while here will be the guests of Mr. Greeves, who is planning on a series of special features to make their stay pleasant and profitable. The farmers are coming because they send all their wheat to the head of the lake and they wish to see the two cities here and the lakes. They will also visit the ranges and see the mines.

This is the season when mothers are alarmed on account of croup. It is quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure, which children like to take. Max Wirth.

Better Write Today

Those battling with stubborn blood and skin diseases are often discouraged and at times almost despair of a cure. Perhaps we can help you, as we have thousands of others. Write us all about your case; our physicians, who are skilled in the treatment of these diseases, will gladly assist you by their advice. Remember, your health is involved and you cannot afford to wait; **Better write today.**

CANCEROUS SORES often need some stimulating or soothing salve or wash to keep down inflammation and relieve pain while S. S. S. is destroying the germs and purifying the blood. Our physicians will prescribe the local treatment that will prove most beneficial in your case, if you will but write us about it. After reaching a certain stage Cancers begin to eat rapidly, and it is best to act promptly. **Better write today.**

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON is a most treacherous and loathsome disease. You take mercury and potash faithfully for years; still your bones ache, pimples and sores are continually breaking out. You think you are almost well—sometimes all signs of the disease disappear—when, without warning or apparent cause, all the old symptoms return. You may expect to be worried this way all your life if you are depending upon mercury and potash for a cure. Write us about your case, describing symptoms, and our physicians will answer your letter promptly, and we will send you a most interesting and valuable little book on self-treatment of this disease. **Better write today.**

RHEUMATIC PAINS increase as the cold damp days of winter approach. The slight pains you felt during the Spring and Summer strike deeper into the muscles and joints, and pains increase in spite of liniments and ordinary remedies. The acid laden blood must be restored to a healthy condition before the pains will entirely cease. S. S. S. neutralizes the acids, purifies and quickens the circulation, when the poisonous deposits in the tissues and bones are dissolved and filtered out. Send for our book on Rheumatism, and don't endure pain when it can be helped. **Better write today.**

OLD SORES are caused by a depraved condition of the blood. That old sore that has worried you so long, and made life a burden instead of pleasure, may develop into a cancer, if it has not already done so. S. S. S. makes the weak, sluggish blood healthy and strong, and forces the impurities out, and the sore heals. Don't spend one-half your life nursing an old sore; write us. **Better write today.**

ECZEMA, TETTER, PSORIASIS, SALT RHEUM, in fact, all severe forms of skin diseases are caused by an excess of acid in the blood, which keeps the skin irritated and inflamed. S. S. S. destroys these acid poisons, and when pure, healthy blood is carried to the skin the eruptions heal and the skin becomes smooth and soft. If your skin is rough and pimply, hard, dry and scaly, write us at once. Don't wait until your disease becomes chronic and disfigures you. **Better write today.**

SSS

cures all diseases that originate in the blood; it is purely vegetable, and the ideal blood purifier and tonic. For nearly fifty years S. S. S. has been curing blood and skin diseases, in many cases after all other remedies had failed.

Never in its history has S. S. S. enjoyed such popularity. There is an ever increasing demand for this medicine, and it is sold by all druggists.

Our Medical Department is in correspondence with hundreds of patients all the time. Each case receives the most careful attention and best advice. Write us fully and freely, as nothing you say goes beyond our office.

We make no charge whatever for medical advice, and we will be glad to mail you our books free. Address THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Wall Paper!

And plenty of daylight to help you choose—plenty of patterns to choose from—and plenty of ready intelligent assistants to help you choose.

300 styles of Bedroom Papers alone, including rose, chintz and Dresden effects, Moire stripes. The variety is bewildering. The hues and patterns are not only exquisite, but we have a staff of skilled men to see that it goes on the wall effectively.

Everything at least 30 per cent lower, 7c, 15c up to 30c per roll.

H. A. Hall & Co.

16 East Superior Street.

OCTOBER ADDITIONS.

List of Books Added to Duluth Library During the Month.

The following books have been added to the Duluth public library in the month of October:

Spofford, A. R., "A Book for All Readers."
"Report of Librarian of Congress, 1899."
Fitzgerald, Percy, "The Book Fancier."
Dawson, J., "Practical Journalism."
Flammarion, Camille, "L'Inconnu."
Bowker, R. R., "The Arts of Life."
Abbott, Lyman, "Problems of Life."
Hubbard, Elbert, "Message to Garcia."
Evans, E. E., "The Christ Myth."
Dutton, W. E., "History of the Crusades."
Booth, W. S., "Village Manual for the State of Minnesota," pam.
Adams, Brooks, "America's Economic Supremacy."
Palgrave, R. H., "Dict. of Political Economy," vol 2.
Spahr, Charles B., "America's Working People."
Harvey, W. H., "Coin on Money, Trusts and Imperialism."
Anitchkow, Michael, "War and Labor."
Baily, Fr., "Doctrine of Life-Annuities."
Mark, H. T., "History of Educational Theories in England."
Marden, Q. S., "Winning Out, Character Building."
Minneapolis, "Annual Report of City Officers, 1899."
McCaskey, J. P., "Christmas in Song, Sketch and Story."
Peary, Virginia, "Employments of Women."
Hulme, F. Edward, "Natural History, Lore and Legend."
Montoya, M., "Legends and Popular Tales from the Basque People."
Sweet, H., "History of Language."
Teal, F. H., "English Compound Words."
Patrick, J. N., "Lessons in Grammar."
Patrick, J. N., "Lessons in Language."
Caporl, Florain, "History of Physics."
Russell, I. C., "Lakes of North America."
"Glaciers of North America."
Winchell, N. H., "Geological and Natural History," survey of Minnesota, vol 5, ref.
Bigelow, J. M., "Botany Along the Route of the Union Pacific Railway."
Gibson, W. H., "Pastoral Days;" "Happy Hunting Grounds."
Bennett, A. W., "Flora of the Alps."
Traherne, J. P., "Habits of the Salmon."
Arnold, E. L., "Bird Life in England."
Greene, W. T., "Birds of the British Empire."
Cochrane, C. H., "Wonders of Modern Mechanism."
Marshall, Percival, "Electric Batteries, How to Make and Use Them."
Field, Edwin R., "Mining Engineer's Report Book."
Wallace, R. L., "Canary Book."
Burkett, C. W., "History of Ohio Agriculture."
Wilkinson, F., "Story of the Cotton Plant."
Lane, Ch. H., "All About Dogs."
Pearson, H. C., "Crude Rubber."
Earle, M. T., "Pot-Pourri from a Surrey Garden."
Fergusson, James, "Temple of Diana at Ephesus, The Parthenon."
Delamotte, P. L., "Art of Sketching from Nature."
Gilbert, J., "Landscape in Art Before Claud and Salvator."
Statham, H. H., "My Thoughts on Music and Musicians."
Baum, L. F., "Songs of Father Goose."
Chamberlain, D. B., "Songs of All the Colleges."
Sonntag, Hedwig, "Magic Ring of Music."
Colquhoun, J., "Moor and Loch, Instructions in Highland Sports."
Herbert, H. W., "Frank Forrester's Field Sports of the United States," 2 vols.
Pfleneger, William, "Debater's Treasury."
Blaisdell, E. A., "Child Life in Literature."
Grief, K. A., "Glimpses of Nature for Little Folks."
Riddle, George, "Modern Reader and Speaker."
Smith, G. G., "The Transition Period."
Rogers, H. A., "History of English Romanticism in the Eighteenth Century."
Minto, William, "Literature of Georgian Era."
Baum, L. L., "Father Goose, His Book."
Foss, S. W., "Dreams in Homespun;" "Songs of War and Peace;" "Back Country Poems."
Wallace, Lew., "Wooing of Malkatoon and Commodus."
Arnim, Robert, "Italian Tayler and His Boy."
Drayton, M., "Complete Poetical Works," 3 vols.
Rogers, S., "Poetical Works."
Huntington, Helen, "Folk Songs from the Spanish."
Castelo, Louisa S., "Rose Garden of Persia."
Howells, W. D., "Bride Roses," a farce; "The Smoking Car;" "An Indian Giver."
Farquhar, George, "Dramatic Works," 2 vols.
Field, Michael, "Attila, My Attila."
Given, Walker, "Further Study of the Othello."
Webster, John, "Dramatic Works," 4 vols.
Santayana, George, "Interruptions of Poetry and Religion."
Meynell, Mrs. Alice, "The Spirit of Place."
Wilkes, John, "Correspondence," 5 vols.
O'Rell, Max, "Woman and Artist."
Ingemann, B. S., "King Eric and the Outlaws," 3 vols.
Alger, H., "Jed, the Poorhouse Boy."
Alden, W. L., "Cruise of the Ghost."
Bell, Lilian, "The Expatriates."
Black, Clementina, "Pursuit of Camilla."
Brown, K. L., "Alice and Tom."
Butterworth, H., "In the Days of Jefferson."
Douglas, A. M., "A Little Girl in Old Washington."
Dunn, B. A., "Battling for Atlanta."
Dunn, Martha Baker, "Memory Street."
Foslick, C. A., "Carl, the Trailer."
Grant Robert, "Unleavened Bread."
Gordon, H. R., "Red Jacket, the Last of the Senecas."
Green, Anna K., "A Difficult Problem."
Habberton, John, "Who Was Paul Grayson."
Harris, Joel Ch., "On the Wings of Occasions."
Hays, Mrs. W. J., "Adventurers of Prince Lazybones, Princess Idleways."
Hinkson, Mrs. K. T., "The Handsome Brandons;" "She Walks in Beauty."
James Henry, "The Soft Side."
Kaler, James Otis, "With Preble at Tripoli."
La Flesche, Francis, "The Middle Five."
Lillie, Lucy C., "Mildred's Bargain, Nan."
Phillpotts, Eden—"Sons of the Morning."
Perry, G. H.—"Uncle Peter's Trust."
Russell, W. C.—"Cruise of the Pretty Polly."
Glosson, A. T.—"Story-tell Lib."
Sherwood, M. E. W.—"A Transplanted Rose."
Smith, Arthur C.—"The Monk and the Dancer."
Stockton, F. R.—"Afield and Afloat."
Taylor, M. Imlay—"Cobbler of Nimes."
Thompson, Maurice—"Alice of Old Vincennes."
Tomlinson, E. T.—"In the Hands of the Redcoats."
Townsend, E. W.—"Daughter of the Tenements."
Vachell, H. A.—"The Procession of Life."
Warren, Charles—"The Girl and the Governor."
Besant, Sir W.—"The Fourth Generation."
Edgar, J. G.—"How I Won My Spurs."
Hope, Anthony—"Quisante."
Crakle, Mrs.—"Robert Orange."
Henty, G. A.—"With Buller at Natal;" "Out With Garabaldi;" "In the Irish Brigade."
Jersey, Countess of—"Eric, Prince of Lorlonia."
Morley, Henry—"Fairy Tales."
Maxwell, M. E.—"The Infidel."
Nisbet, Hume—"Empire Makers."
Pearce, J. H.—"Drolls From Shadowland."
Raju, P. V. Ramaswami—"Tales of the Sixty Mandarins."
Raine, Allen—"Garthowen."
Smith, J. M.—"Tales of Old Thule."
"Isle of Unrest."
Scott, Hugh Seton—"The Gray Lady."
Whibley, Charles—"The Pageantry of Life."
Ebers, George—"In the Desert."
Jokai, Maurls—"Dr. Dumany's Wife."
Amicis, Edmondo de—"Heart of a Boy."
Coloma, Luis—"Currita;" "Countess of Albornoz."
Mikszath, Kalman—"St. Peter's Umbrella."
Weppner, M.—"North Star and the Southern Cross," 2 vols.
Fowler, W. W.—"Roman Festivals of the Period of the Republic."
Sudbury, Richard—"Two Gentlemen in Touraine."
Umlauft, F.—"The Alps."
Hearn, Lafcadio—"Shadowings."
Barr, Robert—"The Unchanging East," 2 vols.
Vivian, Herbert—"Tunisia, and the Modern Barbary Pirates."
Ansorge, W. J.—"Under the African Sun."
Greene, W. S.—"Among the Selkirk Glaciers."
Hurlbert, A. B.—"Red Men's Roads."
Ward, Julius H.—"White Mountains."
Muzzy, A. B.—"Reminiscences of Men of the Revolution."
Merriam, G. S.—"Life and Times of Samuel Bowles," 2 vols.
Davis, M. L.—"Memoirs of Aaron Burr," 2 vols.
Clarke, H. Butler—"The Cid."
Warwick, Sir Philip—"King Charles I."
Colton, Calvin—"Life and Times of Henry Clay," 2 vols.
Wright, Thomas—"Life of William Cowper."
Brady, C. T.—"Stephen Decatur."
Ogle, Arthur—"Marquis d'Argleson."
Franklin, S. R.—"Memoirs of a Rear Admiral."
Sparks, Jared—"Life of Benjamin Franklin," Ref.
Armstrong, Walter—"Thomas Gainsborough."
Aitkin, Lucy—"Memoirs of the Court of James I," 2 vols.
Baron, John—"Life of Edward Jenner."
Macgeorge, A.—"William Leighton Leitch, Landscape Painter."
Lee, R. H.—"Life of Arthur Lee," 2 vols.
Campbell, David—"Gen. Hector A. Macdonald."
Sparks, Jared—"Life of Governor Morris," 3 vols.
Lord, Wa. Frewen—"Sir Thomas Maitland."
Pulitzer, Albert—"Roman de Prince Eugene."
Farnham, Charles Haight—"Life of Francis Parkman."
Reynolds, Frederick—"Life and Times," 2 vols.
Sartain, John—"Reminiscences of a Very Old Man."
Cornford, L. Cope—"Robert Louis Stevenson."
Read, D. B.—"Life and Times of Gen. John Graves Simcoe."
Ewald, Alexander Charles—"Hon. Algernon Sydney," 2 vols.
Taylor, Henry—"Autobiography," 2 vols.
Stanley, A. P.—"Thirlwall's Letters to a Friend."
Marshall, John—"Life of Washington," 6 vols.
Coates, Th. F. G.—"Sir George White, V. C., the Hero of Ladysmith."
Bury, J. B.—"History of Greece to the Death of Alexander."
Duffy, Sir Charles—"Young Ireland."
Eyton, Rev. R. W.—"Court and Household of Henry II."
Malleson, G. B.—"Battlefields of Germany."
Bonnechose, Emile de—"Popular History of France."
Hopkins, Tighe—"An Idler in Old France."
Porter, Robert K.—"Campaign in Russia During the Year 1814."
Farini, L. C.—"Roman State From 1815 to 1850."
Clark, Sir George S.—"Russia's Sea Power."
Gerrare, Wirt—"Story of Moscow."
Wildman, Rounsevelle—"China's Open Door."
Snedden, G. S.—"Ducas, the Indian Boy of Santa Clara."
Thomas, Cyrus—"The Cherokees in pre-Columbian Times."
Cook, Frederick—"Gen. Sullivan's Expedition Against the Six Nations."
Drake, S. A.—"Bunker Hill, Letters From British Officers."
Fiebe—"Campaign of British Army at Washington 1814-1815."
Barclay, Sidney—"Grace Barclay's Diary During the Revolution."
Cushing, Caleb—"Treaty of Washington."
McCulloch, Hugh—"Men and Measures of Half a Century."
Smith, T. E. V.—"City of New York in 1742."
Schenck, David—"North Carolina, 1780-1781."
Temple, Oliver Perry—"East Tennessee and the Civil War."
Dye, Mrs. Eva Emory—"McLoughlin and Old Oregon."
Olivares, Jose de—"Our Islands and Their People," 2 vols., Ref.

A Tug Heavily Fined.

Capt. Singer's new boat, the Mabel Bradshaw has been enrolled in the Duluth customs office. The number of boats enrolled in this port is now very close to the 300 mark.

The customs office in Duluth has fined the tug Grayling $500 for going outside the district in which it is limited in its inspection papers. The tug made a trip to Grand Marais.

West Duluth

West Duluth Democrats are to have their treat of the campaign tomorrow evening. Governor John Lind will be there, Henry Truelsen will be there and Chris D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, one of the finest speakers of Minnesota, will also be present and address the voters.

The meeting will be held at Great Eastern hall and the capacity of the hall will undoubtedly be taxed to the utmost, for not ony will there be a great desire among the fusionists of this part of the city to hear Governor Lind, but fusionists from all over the city will be there too. Governor Lind will be the first speaker and will probably arrive at the hall shortly before 8 o'clock. He will speak an hour and will then leave at once for Normanna hall. When he concludes his address, C. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, will speak. Mr. O'Brien is a very fine talker and one of the most effective that ever appeared on the platform in Minnesota. He is known throughout the Northwest, and everywhere his ability is recognized.

When Mr. O'Brien concludes, Henry Truelsen will speak and the candidate for congress will undoubtedly be enthusiastically greeted upon the occasion of his first appearance in West Duluth during this campaign.

THE W. C. T. U. MEETING.

The West Duluth branch of the W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Helen Stewart, on Fifty-seventh avenue west, tomorrow afternoon. The topic of the meeting will be "China, its Past and Present." Mrs. G. W. Smith will be the leader. It is expected that there will be a large turnout at the gathering tomorrow afternoon, owing to the increased membership. Besides papers and discussion of the topic there will be current temperance items, a musical program and refreshments. The branch is so large now that it is outgrowing the home meetings, and there is some talk of getting a hall for the meetings in the future. The corresponding state secretary of the W. C. T. U. has written here to the effect that the West Duluth branch is now the largest in the state, and there is every prospect that the branch will carry off the banner at the next state convention.

NOT THE OFFICIAL ORGAN.

Notice to the public has been given by the Dynamite club that the morning paper is not the official paper of the organization, and that all matters as to election of officers that appears in that sheet are to be discredited. In the first place, it is stated on good authority that there are no offices vacant. The club is in a flourishing condition, all the chairs having been taken since the late rains.

HALLOWE'EN FESTIVITIES.

Great preparations are being made among the young people to observe Hallowe'en in fitting style and matters will probably be interesting about West Duluth tonight. All loose signs will be stored away before dark by the careful business man, however, and the officers will keep a weather eye out for young America. There are several Hallowe'en parties scheduled for tonight, including at least one old maids' party in a certain house where there are about six or seven young ladies and no men. The program in this instance is said to be rich with features.

MOUNTAIN SHEEP PLENTIFUL.

Alderman Robert Cochrane and Emil Zauft have returned from a hunting trip up the Cloquet river. They say the woods are full of game and in several instances they had to climb trees to keep from getting run over by the same. There was talk of sending a special car up after the results of their shooting, but Alderman Cochrane decided that it would be too strong a story, so the matter was dropped. The hunters say that there seem to be plenty of mountain sheep in the woods, but antipathy to slaughter kept them from going after any of them.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

West Duluth lodge of A. O. U. W. expects to have great "doings" at its hall tonight. There are several candidates to put through their paces, and the attendant ceremonies will be followed by the customary spread.

Buy your coal of Wm. Chesney & Co.

George C. Pyle, of Iowa Falls, Iowa, who is connected with the large real estate firm in that city of Ellsworth & Jones, has been visiting friends in West Duluth for the past few days and incidentally has been looking up investments in Northern Minnesota property. Mr. Pyle was well pleased at the outlook in the real estate conditions of Duluth, and believes it to be the place for excellent investments.

David Sang, candidate for commissioner of the district on the fusion ticket, has recently returned from a trip among the voters of the district outside of the city. Mr. Sang says the outlook for his election is very excellent, and he has every confidence that the people will come to his support at the polls next Tuesday. Mr. Sang says that Henry Truelsen has all kinds of strength in the district, the result being only a matter of majority.

An intensely interesting session of the Moogey club was held last night, all being present but the chief shaver. For alleged misconduct, fine after fine was imposed on the president, and it is said that had not the lights gone out the fines would still be piling up.

William Axford left this morning for McKinley, where he will attend the wedding of his cousin, Miss Minnie Bight. The latter is well known to many of the West Duluth young people, having visited here on several occasions.

Henry Haskins and R. H. Pierce punctured the atmosphere at West Duluth with large pieces of Republican doctrine last night at the Republican headquarters.

The gale that has prevailed on the lake for the past few days has raised the water in the bay until it penetrated the boiler room of the Lesure mill at West Duluth yesterday, and necessitated the shutting down of the mill for a time.

At the Great Eastern hall tonight the alumni of the Irving school will give a dancing party. Graduates of the Fairmont school have been invited.

Mr. and Mrs. William McNaughton, of West Duluth, are both after the legal document that dissolves the marriage tie. They both appeared before Judge Stone yesterday, but he advised them to consult an attorney first.

Olander's—Pure drugs at right prices.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Asbury M. E. church met this afternoon at the home of Mrs. E. Noxon, 323 Fifty-first avenue.

The funeral of Mrs. Martin Clemenson will occur tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home, at the corner of Grand and Fifty-seventh avenues.

Mrs. C. C. Salter is entertaining Miss Marcia Searles, of Stillwater, Minn.

L. S. Neumann is in Eveleth, where Kastriner & Neumann will soon open their new store.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Kastriner are entertaining Mrs. Irvine Goodwin and daughter, of Spokane.

Social dance tomorrow night, Nov. 1, 217 Fifty-ninth avenue west.

Have just received 20 head of Minnesota horses, and 10 cows, some Jersey heifers coming in, which I will sell at the right figure. J. WINNESS.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

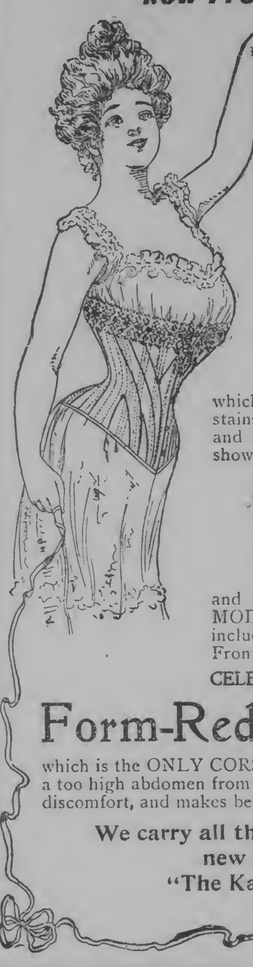
NEMO MEI IMPUNE LACESSIT

PANTON & WHITE

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

Sole Agents Fasso Corsets. Complete Lines R. and G. Corsets in all New French Effects.



KABO CORSETS ARE THE ONLY CORSETS IN ALL THE WORLD, WITHOUT BRASS EYELETS,

which ensures undergarments against stains from RUST or CORROSION and thins the lacing so it cannot show through the gown.

84 STYLES

ranging in price from

$1.00 to $3.00

and comprising every imaginable MODEL, LENGTH and FABRIC, including Bias-Gored Straight Fronts, Semi-Straight Fronts and the CELEBRATED

Form-Reducing Kabo

which is the ONLY CORSET that does actually reduce a too high abdomen from 4 to 6 inches without harm or discomfort, and makes beautiful a large figure.

We carry all the styles and all the new effects of "The Kabo" Corsets.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WOLDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

The Masonic Temple Grocery,

203-205 East Superior Street. DENNY O'LEARY, Proprietor

Every-Day Prices —AT THE— Masonic Temple Grocery

Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

100 pounds Guaranteed Flour	$2.25
3 pounds Absolutely Pure Mocha and Java	85
3 pounds Good Japan Tea (come and see it)	1.00
3 bushels Fancy Burbank Potatoes	1.00
6 cans solid packed Tomatoes	45
6 cans best Sugar Corn	45
6 cans Early June Peas	45
16 bars Kirk's Laundry Soap	40
4-pound package Gold Dust	25
1 pound Rumford's Baking Powder	30
1 pound Pure Pepper	25
1 pound Pure Allspice	25
1 pound Pure Ginger	25
Assorted Dry Fruit	45
	$8.60

You see the Masonic Temple Grocery will fill your $10.00 list for $8.60, and you have $2.40 left with which you can get 34 lbs Granulated Sugar at

THE MASONIC TEMPLE GROCERY,
The Right Price Store.
We are here for business and we mean to get it.

Copy of the Richelieu Ad Monday, October 29.

THE RICHELIEU GROCERY,
SUTTON & McCABE, Proprietors.
5 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

We lead and some of our would-be competitors close by try to imitate us, and copy our methods of doing business, but are to weak-kneed to make good their offer, or they cannot furnish the goods, but try to mislead you by telling you that sugar will be cheaper and not to purchase now; and further their offer is but for a limited time in the morning, when few people can take advantage of it. Our offer is good every hour in the day. Tuesday and Wednesday we will give you—

25 lbs. Sugar Our Best granulated, for $1.00

With the Following Cash Order:

100 lbs of Our Best Fancy Patent Flour	$2.40
3 lbs of Our Richelieu Brand Mocha and Java Coffee	1.00
3 lbs of Our Fancy Japan Tea, best quality	1.50
3 bushels of Choicest Burbank Potatoes	1.20
6 cans Solid Packed Tomatoes	.50
6 cans Best Sugar Corn	.50
6 cans Early June Peas	.50
16 bars Kirk's Laundry Soo	.50
4 lb package Fairbanks Gold Dust	.25
1 lb Rumford's Baking Powder	.30
1-lb Pure Ground Pepper	.30
1 lb Pure Ground Alspice	.30
1 lb Pure Ground Ginger	.30
Assorted Dried Fruits	.45
	$10.00

You pay $11.00 for your sugar and the above list at the Richelieu Grocery.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Wet Weather Shoes With Extension Soles.

The Walk-Over

is acknowledged to be the best shoe American invention can produce. It stands severe treatment, and is artistic. Price—

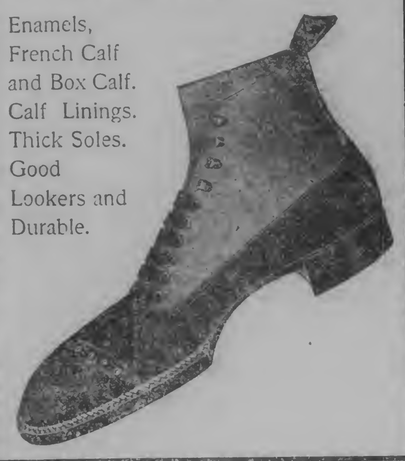
$3.50

Enamels and Patent Leathers. Price—

$4.00

Ask to see **Strong & Garfield's "Water Proof" Shoes.**

Enamels,
French Calf
and Box Calf.
Calf Linings.
Thick Soles.
Good
Lookers and
Durable.



"The Pingree Composite" for $3.00 Storm Shoes made with heavy soles and thick uppers, kid lined

"The Princess" at $3.50 is a Princess indeed. Fashionable Ladies have a penchant for it.

Ladies' small size Rubbers at ---------- 14c

PHILLIPS & CO.

Ladies' storm Rubbers at ----- ---- 39c

LOAD IS TOO GREAT

Lord Salisbury's Intention to Resign the Foreign Secretaryship is Announced.

GOES TO LANSDOWNE

He Is Slated For It and a Great Outcry is Expected.

New York, Oct. 31—A special to the Times says: It is announced unofficially that Lord Salisbury has decided to resign his offices by relinquishing the foreign secretaryship. Lord Salisbury has been ailing seven years in the House of Commons, and recently he would have appeared in the House of Commons only in the most critical moments. Lord Lansdowne, who is the heir apparent to Lord Salisbury, is the most conspicuous member of the cabinet after the premier, and he is generally considered the most competent successor to the premiership.

Lord Lansdowne, who has been a member of the cabinet ever since the Salisbury ministry came in, will be succeeded as foreign secretary by Mr. Brodrick, who is the son of the Earl of Midleton, and who is a member of the house of commons. Mr. Brodrick is a very able man, and he will be a great acquisition to the foreign office. Lord Lansdowne will be succeeded as secretary of state for war by Mr. Wyndham, who is a member of the house of commons and who is a very able man. Lord Lansdowne is a conservative, and his appointment should be a great victory for the conservatives.

Lord Lansdowne, who is 65 years of age, is a member of the house of lords. He is a very able man, and he is a very good speaker. He is a very able man, but he is not a very able politician, but he has had a very great victory, and is personally very popular.

Now, Lord Salisbury, who will still be able to direct the foreign policy of England, whenever occasion may arise, will be the case if a vacancy occurs in Mr. Chamberlain's cabinet, will be a great victory. It is generally believed that Lord Salisbury will be succeeded by Lord Lansdowne as president of the council.

It is also believed that the appointment of Lord Lansdowne will be a complete surprise to the country and the foreign world.

A NOVEL DOES UP.

Protest Against Lansdowne Being Given the Foreign Secretaryship.

[illegible]

of the electorate and the Conservative party will see the liberal Westminster Gazette, crowing over the discomfiture of the ministerial newspapers which have been so loudly demanding the retirement of Lord Lansdowne, expressing relief at the fact that Joseph Chamberlain was not given the post, saying:

"The latter's appointment would have filled thoughtful people with dismay and it is regrettable that he declined this serious honor."

"Lord Salisbury, apparently arranged matters with his chief, at Balmoral a week ago. Mr. Brodrick's own inclination was to resign his present office of secretary of state for war, but he was induced to accept the suggestion of Lord Salisbury, therefore, went to Balmoral to discuss the question with the result that the queen carried her point.

Public anxiety is to some extent relieved by the concluding fact that Lord Salisbury's experience will still be available to direct the broad lines of the prospective administration.

BIG MEETING.

Truelsen and Other Democratic Speakers Arouse Enthusiasm at Biwabik.

Biwabik, Minn., Oct. 31—(Special to the Herald.)—The Democratic meeting held at the town hall in this village under the auspices of the Bryan and Stevenson club was attended by an enthusiastic crowd. The hall was filled, many standing.

The speakers were M. E. Neary, candidate for secretary of state; W. F. McCleary, candidate for the legislature on the Forty-ninth district, and Frank Truelsen, who upon being introduced by the chairman to a short speech was received by a tremendous applause. Very many left the audience as the meeting ended, as I presume Mr. Truelsen was an American flag and rounds of applause. The speaker was introduced as the candidate of the common people, who had ably champion their cause in the house of half speech, receiving round after round of applause.

BUDDHISTS ARE ZEALOUS.

Japanese Devotees Will Engage In Active Missionary Work.

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 31. According to Yokohama advices, the Buddhists of Japan are making preparations for the celebration of the twentieth century by active missionary work. The recent arrival of some Buddhist priests from Siam who made the journey on an ox cart, attracted considerable attention in Japan. The road over which the cortege was borne was covered with cloth which was afterward sold in small pieces at more than its weight in silver. The priests are now on their way to Japan. They propose to collect funds and to erect a central building for operations. Then they will return to Siam to have done. Their work will then consist in visiting the country and collecting.

DEATHS ON A TRANSPORT.

Many Occurred on the Meade Coming From Manilla.

San Francisco, Oct. 31.—The names of the men who died on the transport Meade during her late voyage are: James Thompson, private, Company G, Forty-seventh infantry; Harry Hodgeson, private, Company D, Twenty-eighth infantry; Charles L. Thurber, private, Company F, Thirty-ninth infantry; Joseph LaBatt, ex-soldier, Company I, Twenty-second infantry; Jan Yannes, private, Company D, Twenty-second infantry; Henry Kenney, private, Company C, Thirty-ninth infantry; Leo A. Hall, private, Company B, Twenty-fourth infantry.

The bodies of Harry Hodgeson, who died on the voyage, were taken to his home in Minneapolis.

MEDAL FOR WOOD.

Marquette, Mich., Oct. 31—The Society of Arts of Boston has awarded a silver medal to Professor R. R. Woods, of the physics department of the university of Michigan, in recognition of his work on the application of color photography. Professor Woods visited England in February by special invitation of the society, presenting papers on this and other subjects before the principal societies of London.

The President a Slave to Catarrh

[illegible] President of Sample [illegible] Washington, D. C., writes: "For 14 years I was afflicted with Catarrh. Hundreds and treatments I had given me temporary relief. I finally tried Ely's Cream Balm. It gave almost instant relief and has cured me. I recommend this to all sufferers." Sold by Smith & Smith and Max Wirth.—5.

EIGHTH YEAR.

Twentieth Century Star Lecture Course With Best Program Ever Arranged.

The eighth year of the Star Lecture course at the Methodist church, under the auspices of the Twentieth Century Star Lecture course, will open Nov. 14 and will continue through the winter and up to March 13. The list of attractions is a very fine one, and with some old favorites of the course there are some new and notable additions to the list.

The first number will be one that will be delightful to lovers of nature and of literary and charming literature. Ernest Seton Thompson, author of "Wild Animals I Have Known" and other very popular books of similar sort, will speak on "Wild Animals at Home," dealing with hunting wolves, the death of the old lion and other matters. This speaker needs no advance notices or press articles to secure for his name and reputation will draw large audiences without any further effort.

Nov. 26 there will be a musical festival in the afternoon there will be a concert by the Chicago Symphony orchestra, of fifty men, and in the evening the Oratorio of St. Paul will be given under the direction of Francis E. Woodward. The Symphony orchestra and the quartet that accompanies it will assist. The quartet is composed of the following singers: Mrs. Eleanor Meredith, soprano; E. C. Towne, tenor; Miss Mabel Crawford, contralto; A. W. Porter, bass. Mr. Woodward is a skillful organist. There will be a big chorus of local singers.

An interesting number will be a lecture by Professor Eugene C. Foster Dickson, "Liquid Air," profusely illustrated by experiments with this new and marvelous discovery.

Jan. 23 Maud Ballington Booth, of the world made famous by its efforts among the Salvation Army lines, will speak on "Prison Reform." This will be a particularly interesting number, as Mrs. Booth is a very able orator and an interesting thinker.

Thomas Dixon, Jr., the famous New York pastor, author and lecturer, will speak Feb. 8 on a timely and interesting subject, "Modern Babylon," which is a study of modern municipal corporations as exemplified by the history of Tammany-ridden New York. Mr. Dixon is a very dramatic and effective orator.

Another notable musical number will be the Apollo club, of Minneapolis, which will appear Feb. 22. There are sixty male voices, and the officers of this venerable musical club instituted by Dr. Dudley Buck, and the club and which is the opportunity of hearing it again.

The next number will be Col. I. P. Nelson Dike, at a date to be announced later, will speak on "Seeing the Elephant." This man is a very witty and eloquent speaker, and it is considered by many that he is the most popular lecturer in the country.

A date that is not yet fixed Maj. J. B. Pond, the veteran manager of lecturers, will speak on "Memories of the Platform," and this will be a particularly excellent number. Maj. Pond is full of fascinating reminiscences of the hundreds of great people whose lecture courses he has managed, and he tells them in a manner that is altogether charming and graceful.

The last number of the season will be given on March 13, when Leland T. Powers will give impersonations of characters in "Cyrano de Bergerac." Mr. Powers has been here before, and there are many who can testify to the charm and power of his impersonations.

GOES TO LONDON.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—E. H. Louderback [illegible] last night on his way to London, where he is to take charge of the Charing Cross underground railroad, in which Charles T. Yerkes and other Chicago and Eastern capitalists are interested. He will be the personal representative in London of the American syndicate and will assume the direction of the work as soon as he arrives there. Mr. Louderback was selected to go to London because of his long experience in the planning, promotion and building of street and elevated railway systems in Chicago.

"The Nest Store" is holding slaughter sale of silverware and ready-to-wear garments in milk. It's "bargain time" for the ladies now.

Torturing skin eruptions, burns and sores are soothed at once and promptly healed by applying De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, the best known cure for piles. Max Wirth.

"The Thorn Comes Forth With Point Forward."

The thorn point of disease is an ache or pain. But the blood is the feeder of the whole body. Purify it with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Kidneys, liver and stomach will at once respond. No thorn in this point.

Blood Poisoning —"The surgeon said when he took out the brass shell received in wound at San Juan Hill two weeks before that it would have poisoned me if it had not been for my pure blood. I told him it was Hood's Sarsaparilla that made it pure." Corpl. P. Cooper, Co. G, 25th U. S. Inf. Washington Barracks, Washington, D. C.

Rheumatism —"Myself and a friend both suffered from severe attacks of rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured both. We would not be without it." Wm. H. Lacey, 65 Leonard St., Fall River, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints.

Hood's Pills are liver pills, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

REPLY ON ALLIANCE

United States' Note Relative to the British-German China Agreement.

IT IS SATISFACTORY

Full Sympathy With the Trade and Territorial Clauses Is Expressed.

Washington, Oct. 31—The state department today made public the British-German agreement respecting the maintenance of the "open door" and territorial integrity of China, with the answer of the United States government sent in duplicate to each of the principles to the agreement.

(Mr. Hay to Lord Pauncefote):

Department of State, Washington, Oct. 29, 1900.—Your Excellency: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 23rd of October, enclosing the text of an agreement between Great Britain and Germany relating to affairs in China, which was signed in London on the 16th inst. by the marquis of Salisbury and the German ambassador on behalf of their respective governments, and inviting the acceptance by the United States of the principles recorded in that agreement. These principles are:

"It is a matter of joint and permanent international interest that the ports on the rivers and littoral of China should remain free and open to trade, and to every other legitimate form of economic activity for the nationalities of all countries without distinction, and the two governments agree on their part to uphold the same for all Chinese territory so far as they can exercise influence.

"Her Britannic majesty's government and the imperial German government will not, on their part, make use of present complications to obtain for themselves any territorial advantages in Chinese dominions, and will direct their policy toward maintaining undiminished the territorial condition of the Chinese empire."

The United States have heretofore made known their adoption of both these principles. During the last year, this government invited the powers interested in China to join in an exchange of views and purposes in the direction of impartial trade with that country and received satisfactory assurances to that effect from all of them. When the recent troubles were at their height, this government, on July 3, once more made an announcement of its policy regarding impartial trade and the integrity of the Chinese empire, and had the gratification of learning that all the powers held similar views, and since that time the most gratifying harmony has existed among all the nations concerned as to the ends to be pursued and there has been little divergence of opinion as to the details of the course to be followed. It is, therefore, with much satisfaction that the president directs me to inform you of the full sympathy of this government with those of her Britannic majesty and the German emperor in the principles set forth in the clauses of the agreement above cited.

The third clause of the agreement provides:

3. In case of another power making use of the complications in China in order to obtain under any form whatever such territorial advantages, the two contracting parties reserve the right to themselves to come to a preliminary understanding as to the eventual steps to be taken for the protection of their own interests in China.

As this clause refers to a reciprocal arrangement between the two high contracting powers, the government of the United States does not regard itself as called upon to express an opinion in response to it. I have, etc.,

JOHN HAY.

A similar note mutatis mutandis, was addressed on the same day by the secretary of state to the imperial German charge d'affaires.

Reservation of Seats
For Season Tickets
Star Lecture Course.
at First M. E. Church,
Saturday, Nov. 3d, at 1:30 P. M.

ATKINSON WINS.

McDonald Has No Right to Office of Timber Inspector.

The supreme court of Wisconsin has just handed down a decision in a case that attracted considerable attention at the head of the lake about a year ago. The case in question was entitled state of Wisconsin ex rel Timothy Atkinson, vs. J. P. McDonald. The dispute was over the timber inspectorship. McDonald was appointed timber inspector of the Thirteenth district in Wisconsin, by Governor Scofield, to succeed Atkinson. The latter claimed that McDonald was not a resident of the state at the time of his appointment and was, therefore, ineligible. Atkinson first brought suit against McDonald in district court here on the grounds that the latter had obtained his citizenship papers illegally, but the case was dismissed, the court holding that the matter of a man's citizenship concerned the government and not a private citizen.

Atkinson then brought out the ouster suit in Wisconsin on the grounds that the defendant was not a citizen of Wisconsin when the governor appointed him, having taken out his second naturalization papers in Minnesota, within one year prior to his appointment.

Attorney Victor Lindey, of Superior appeared for the relator and Ross, Dwyer & Hanitch for the defendant.

Municipal Court Jurors.

The following list of municipal court jurors has been summoned for duty on Nov. 7:

Christ Ottinger, W. B. Dunn, Emil Engle, Andrew Hormgren, H. W. Kruse, J. N. Barnegard, O. G. Hulberg, Alois Ebner, C. W. Harvey, John Christie, John Harney, L. McLean, James Kenney, E. M. Patterson, David Beck, C. D. Pattison, B. F. Bishop, Herbert Bragg, Hogan Dow, O. S. Olson, James Trudel, Morris Thomas, Charles H. Appleby, John T. Dunph.

ANCHORIA AGROUND.

Glasgow, Oct. 31.—The Anchor line steamer Anchoria, from New York Oct. 20, for this port, is aground in the Clyde. She is expected to float tonight.

We put certain chemicals together, chemicals which have a known result. We make no immoderate claims for them, and we confidently expect them to do what we say they will do.

Ayer's Hair Vigor will make hair grow.

Miss Moore, who is the postmaster at Welchburg, Ky., put this letter in her mail the other day:

"Last summer my hair was thin and short and was falling out profusely. I then began using Ayer's Hair Vigor, and two bottles of it gave me beautiful and glossy hair. My hair is now over a yard long, and my friends all wonder what has made it so thick and heavy."

Now that the secret's out we suppose her friends will stop wondering.

J. C. AYER COMPANY,
Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla	Ayer's Hair Vigor
Ayer's Pills	Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Ayer's Ague Cure	Ayer's Comatone

THE DAKOTAS.

North Dakota Insane Hospital Accounts In Good Shape—Wahpeton Fatality.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—An examination of the accounts of the state hospital for the insane has been completed by State Examiner Langlie. The affairs of the institution were found to be in good shape. The per capita cost of maintenance for the last biennial period was $174.59 which, compared with Minnesota's cost per patient during the past year of $152, speaks well for the management, considering the higher rates on freight. The cost for the preceding biennial period for the North Dakota hospital was $173.60.

Wahpeton—Mike Peterka, a Breckenridge cigarmaker, was instantly killed by the cars here. He had been out all night, and started to walk on the track to Breckenridge and either slipped or threw himself under a passing Great Northern train. He was about 23 years old and unmarried.

Fargo—The Fosston Wind Stacker company has had an office in Fargo for some months and has done a large business selling an attachment for threshing machines. Some surprise has been created by the announcement that the Indiana Manufacturing company, of Indianapolis, has notified customers of the Fosston concern not to pay the company as a suit for an infringement of patent will be brought.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton—Mrs. H. M. Baker, of Philadelphia, and O. C. Jenson, of Wakonda, were married in Yankton Monday evening. This was a long-distance romance, illustrating the power of the press. Mrs. Baker, who was a wealthy widow, used a paper of general circulation to make known the fact that she needed a husband. Mr. Jenson saw the "ad." and answered it. The widow came West and they met for the first time in Wakonda yesterday. They hastened to Yankton, secured the necessary license and were married. They left for the East yesterday.

Aberdeen—Tyler Smith, 12 years old of Hufton, took a gun, loaded, with which he had been hunting, by the muzzle to haul it out of the boat and lost his right arm near the shoulder in consequence of the hammer catching on the side of the boat.

Elk Point—JudgeJones sentenced Lorenzo Stevens to life imprisonment in the Sioux Falls penitentiary for the murder of Samuel Livingston.

IN MICHIGAN.

Adventure Mine In Good Shape—The Situation at the Baltic.

Houghton—From recent reports from the Adventure it would appear that superintendent Roberts has gotten the property into the best of condition for the winter's operations. Not only is the outlook underground the brightest, but there has been a gradual improvement of the surface equipment and the whole property is in better condition for the work in hand than at any previous time since explorations were begun.

The three shafts numbered 1, 2 and 3 on the Knowlton lode are looking well and stoping is being actively carried on in 1 and 2, sixteen drills being at work. About 150 men are now employed and the indications are that the coming season will be a most active one.

From shafts 1 and 2 on the Knowlton the Butler lode, which runs parallel to the Knowlton, has been reached by crosscuts and a considerable amount of drifting has already been accomplished. In fact, had there not been an unforeseen delay, the drifting operations would have connected the two workings on Saturday last, instead of this occurring about the middle of this week, as now probable.

From No. 3 shaft a considerable amount of copper is being raised, at the present month, mass and barrel work. Quite a considerable of stamp rock is on the ground which had been taken out previously.

The surface plant is about completed for the time being. Three substantial shaft houses have been erected, a 20-drill compressor installed and ample engine room facilities provided. In addition there are a machine shop and office quarters.

With regard to a rock house, it is understood that the same plan will be followed that has been adopted by the Mass people. One rock house of ample proportions will be built to serve all three shafts, the product of each being "rammed" over a trestle to the one house and there go through the crushers. The plan is an economical one, at least, and it is probable will serve the purpose for some years.

The foundations have been completed and the walls are up for a compressor house at the Baltic. It now remains for the roof to be erected. Steel trusses will serve to support this, and these will be placed in a very short time.

The foundations for a boiler house are well under way, and like those put in for the compressor plant are being built of concrete. This is quite contrary to the usual custom in erecting mining buildings, by far the greater part of them in the county have stone foundations, but it has been demonstrated to the entire satisfaction of builders that concrete makes the best of foundations. It makes a wall not only as substantial as can be built but is well entirely water proof, and in many places is the only material used especially in the construction of large buildings.

Concrete mixers similar to those in use at the Redridge dam are being used in the foundation work. They were first introduced into the copper country by the contractors on the steel railway power house in Hancock, and at the time so thoroughly demonstrated their efficiency that they have been adopted in the erection of numerous other structures. They do their work rapidly and well and make concrete work possible in places where otherwise it would be too expensive.

The rock for use in this concrete work is being transported from the Atlantic mine, where a crusher and such other machinery as was found to be necessary for rapid loading was set to work some time ago to supply rock for the Redridge dam. The sand is being taken from the Atlantic mill, where special loading machinery was placed for supplying the same material to the contractors at Redridge. By making use of these two specially arranged plants it is possible for the Baltic people to get rock and sand in almost inexhaustible quantities and as rapidly as they can use it. The job of building the two foundations was, of course, not so very extensive, but nevertheless rock and sand were necessary in large quantities when compared with the average concrete job.

In addition to these two buildings the Baltic company will erect a smokestack at the boiler house. It will be a steel structure and will be constructed and put into place by the Wisconsin Bridge and Iron works, the same company having the contract for erecting the steel trusses for the roof of the compressor house. The stack will be similar to the one now standing at the Houghton plant of the electric light company, or in technical terms a self-sustaining, brick-lined, steel stack, seven feet in diameter and 140 feet in height. The feature of such a stack is the fact that no guy wires are necessary. By means of mechanical principles the structure is anchored in the base of masonry, and by means of the brick lining in such a manner that no external guys are required.

A BOY ABDUCTED.

Hudson, Wis., Kidnaping Has a Duluth Chapter Possibly.

Hudson, Wis., Oct. 31.—Floyd Brown, an 8-year-old boy, was abducted from the Sixth street school late yesterday afternoon by an unknown woman and under peculiar circumstances. The motive of the abduction is yet a mystery. The boy's father lives in Duluth, which may have some connection with the abduction. The woman escaped apprehension, although detected. The authorities are making a close investigation.

WILL KEEP AWAY.

Germany Wants No Acquisition Near the American Continent.

Berlin, Oct. 31.—The Cologne Gazette, confirming the dispatch of the Associated Press of Oct. 29, authoritatively denies the stories of Germany's contemplated lease from Venezuela of a coaling station at the island of Margarita, and adds:

"Germany does not covet any acquisition in the vicinity of the American continent."

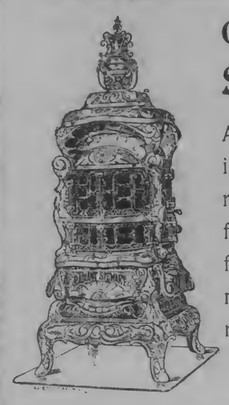
LOTS OF SUGAR.

Philadelphia, Oct. 31.—The imports of sugar at this port during the month of October exceed the record for any corresponding period of the history of the port. More than 50,000 tons of raw sugar have been delivered on the wharves of the sugar refineries since Oct. 19. The arrivals have been nine steamships from Java and the far East and three ships from the Hawaiian islands.

All that we ask—is that you

Come and See our Stewart Stoves

Then, if you're not satisfied, don't buy one. But we know you'll be satisfied, for the simple reason that we have the **right Stove** at the **right price**.



Our Radiant Stewart For Coal

As a fuel saver you can't find its equal. Its drafts are so arranged that you get more heat from your coal than you will from any other Stove on the market. The price is within the reach of everyone—

From $30.00 up

Our Stewart Round Oak For Coal or Wood

The body is made of best cold rolled steel, nickel trimmed, makes an attractive, as well as useful heater. Considering the material used, the price on this stove is also very low—

From $13.00 up

A full line of **Air Tights** and **Stewart Hot Blasts**, **All prices, from $2.20 up,** according to the size.

Stewart Steel Ranges The kind that give sure satisfaction—

From $24.50 to $100.00

Old Stoves taken in part payment for new ones.
Cash or Credit for everything in the store.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.,

Duluth, Minn.

IS HE RECKLESS?

One might think so at a first glance, but this man has had experience; he knows the destination of his dollars; he knows that

C. W. ERICSON,

THE RELIABLE CLOTHIER
GIVES
MEASURE FOR MEASURE,
AND THEN SOME.

Would you not like to see a

Black Frieze Ulster...

A handsome one—
A garment which laughs at any low down trick the thermometer can play?
Hordes of them here for

TEN DOLLARS EACH.

The Ulster scale of prices extends from

$10 to $25.

All of them as honest as a banker, and as much to be depended on as your grandfather's word.

C. W. Ericson,

RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

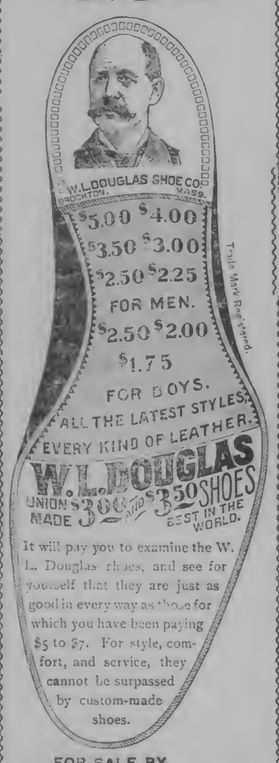
RUBBERS

372 pairs Ladies' Storm Rubbers—per pair—

39c

Men's Rubbers—Over 1000 pairs Men's 75c and 85c Rubbers at —per pair—

39c



It will pay you to examine the W. L. Douglas shoes, and see for yourself that they are just as good in every way as those for which you have been paying $5 to $7. For style, comfort, and service, they cannot be surpassed by custom-made shoes.

FOR SALE BY

SUFFEL & Co.
129 W. Superior St.

PLAY ON RELIGIOUS FEARS.

Republican Circulars Tell of Danger to Philippine Friars.

Washington, Oct. 31.—A circular emanating from Republican sources, written by a "W. T. Redmond," pretending to be an analysis of the Philippine question with reference to the Catholic interests in the islands, is being sent all over the country to Catholics with the hope of taking votes for McKinley.

The circular speaks of the danger of the Filipinos assuming the friars in the islands, and of the necessity of retaining the sovereignty of the United States there in order to protect their lives and property. The document is being widely disseminated for campaign purposes by the Republican national committee.

A prominent Catholic priest in discussing the circular, said:

"The man who wrote that Redmond circular is as ignorant of the true feelings of an American Catholic as he is impudent in assuming that they are bound to trample under their feet all loyalty to their country whenever the interests of their coreligionists are in question. What do I or any other Catholic care about the lectures of the Philippine friars if the United States are unconstitutional on Philippine territory. It is likely that very many Catholics are of the opinion that we are, I, in common with many others, think that we have no right to be there at all."

Advertising Copy for THE FRIDAY HERALD Must be ready THURSDAY AFTERNOONS to insure insertion in all IRON RANGE EDITIONS.

IS ABOUT TIRED OUT

Roosevelt Feels the Strain of His Labors in New York.

TALKS OF CALAMITY

Croaks Dire Prophecies of What Will Happen if Bryan Triumphs.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 31.—Governor Roosevelt is feeling the strain of his continued talking much more today than at any time since he started on the state tour. His chest is sore and his voice does not carry as well as it did. The train left Rochester at 9:30 and making several stops is expected to get to Buffalo at 4 p. m. The rain of yesterday and last night has left the country road in bad condition and the day's audiences probably will be limited almost to residents of the several towns.

Albion, N. Y., Oct. 31.—The sun came out just after the Roosevelt special left Rochester, giving promise of a pleasant day. The first stop was made at Brockport. Here the governor said:

"Mr. Bryan invokes the Declaration of Independence as applying to the Philippines. Nebraska was acquired by Thomas Jefferson without the consent of the Indians in it, and he ought to have known how to apply the Declaration of Independence because he wrote it. I appeal to you not only to see that the president is re-elected, not only that Mr. Odell shall be governor, but I wish to have in each case the president and the governor backed by congress at Washington and the senate and the assembly at Albany. We cannot afford to let Mr. Bryan's principles and the present Bryanized Democracy continue a formidable danger to American political life. I appeal to you not merely to beat it but to stamp it under foot, that no similar appeal will ever be made in our time. While we can afford to differ on questions of policy, we cannot afford, as good Americans, to differ on the underlying principles, the lack of which makes any party, whatever it is, a standing danger to the country."

At Holly, where the train made its second stop, the prospects for a fine day had vanished and it began to rain. Nevertheless, the governor spoke to a great crowd. Some of the things he said were:

"A year ago, I went through here against my will, without stopping, and then I said I would come back and I have come. We do not want to cut in two the national honor by cutting in two the national debt. It would hurt our honor and, so far from benefiting us materially, it would bring the most widespread disaster. If Mr. Bryan's policies ever should become enacted into law, they would bear with an especial weight of woe upon the very people concerning whom he affects to be most interested."

Speaking on the Philippine question, the governor said:

"Mr. Bryan speaks of polygamy in the Sulu island and says it ought to be stopped. Why, his proposal is to establish a protectorate over those islands and thus guarantee both slavery and polygamy in Sulu. He proposes to cut himself off from the power of altering polygamy and slavery in the islands, but to establish a protectorate over them which will prevent any one else from interfering."

The train reached Albion in a pouring rain. A crowd had gathered, however, and listened to the governor with attention. The governor devoted most of his time to prosperity, and said in part:

"I ask you to compare conditions in 1896 and now. I don't want you to take the words of any one but to take your own experience right around here. In 1896, who was prosperous? There was not anybody prosperous. No one portion of our people can be really prosperous if there is not a good deal of prosperity coming to all."

Lockport, Oct. 31.—At Medina, where his train stopped for twenty minutes, Governor Roosevelt stepped from his car to a temporary platform. The governor occupied the time in addressing the crowd. He devoted much of his attention to imperialism and militarism.

While the governor was talking a man in the audience said: "Governor, I would like to have you explain the trust question."

"What about the coal employes in Pennsylvania?" said another.

"One at a time," said the governor.

"As to the coal employes in Pennsylvania, they have won a strike for an increase in wages. Do you think they would have won that strike four years ago?"

"No, no, no," shouted the crowd.

The governor then discussed the trust question at length, referring to Mr. Bryan's remedy of taking the tariff off articles used by the trusts and the remedy of the Republican party to get at the evil by a constitutional amendment, and stated in detail the history of the resolution to amend the constitution which was defeated last June.

In speaking of militarism, the governor referred to the posts located near Oswego and Buffalo and said the sentiment there was rather for an increase of the soldiers stationed there. He cited the fact that regulars had been stationed at the forts around New York for 118 years and said, referring to the fact that some had been sent to the Philippines.

"Some little time ago, a number of our citizens got up a petition to the war department to increase the number of soldiers in these forts, because the existing number was not enough to keep the big guns clean."

"I want to ask," said the governor, at the conclusion of his remarks, "if any of you here has ever been a single imperialist? I have never found one from the Rocky mountains to the Atlantic coast. I have met lots of expansionists; I am one myself."

Reaching Lockport, Governor Roosevelt was driven in a carriage to the opera house, where an audience was assembled that filled all the seats and standing room, while hundreds had been unable to gain admission. The governor's address here was devoted in large part to the question of prosperity, the speaker dwelling particularly on the position that prosperity cannot but help even the lowest wage-worker, and, in fact, help him to a greater extent than it does some of those who are known as the middle class.

Stylish hats for little money at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's. Open evenings.

"The New Store" is holding slaughter sales in silks, dress goods and made-up garments in silk. It's "bargain time" for the ladies now.

Silberstein & Bonds Company.

NEWS ABOUT THE STORE!

Silberstein & Bonds Company.

THE BEST SILK VALUES IN TOWN.

By actual comparison! Several customers who looked over all the Silk Displays, came back here and bought! And gave us more confidence in ourselves by saying: "Your styles are much superior to any we've seen, qualities decidedly better, and your prices are lower!"

Do you need any further arguments why you should come here to buy silks? For many years this has been known as the silk store—because you could always depend upon getting the best—without being compelled to wade through a whole lot of "cheap," careless stuff, before getting down to anything satisfactory. We wish to again impress upon you the fact that the prices we quote are upon silks from our regular stock, selected with utmost care—and every yard of it leaves our establishment with our guarantee as to its correctness of style and goodness of wear.

The satisfactory business that we've had since the opening of the season convinces us more than ever that people are not blind as to best values—and best store—

For notwithstanding the general unsatisfactory conditions existing—our business continues to grow—and this without any "circus" sales and "catch" prices on goods that nobody wants.

The best is always the cheapest—

And especially so when the BEST can be bought for the same or less than the cheaper sorts. The silk prices quoted in last evening's Herald will rule tomorrow, and we invite critical comparison with any offered you about town.

$2.50 Black Sateen Waists, $2.00

All-over corded—newsleeves and collar—fast color and has the appearance of silk waist—for durability there is nothing made that will give better satisfaction—of $2.50 value—at..... **$2.00**

$2.75 Flannel Waists, $2.25

All-over corded and trimmed with black Soutache Braid—In red and navy—these are entirely new goods and we simply offer them as a leader tomorrow—of usual $2.75 value, on sale tomorrow at..... **$2.25**

$1.25 Flannelette Waists 95c

New Flannelette Waists in neat French Flannel patterns, in blue, red and gray, regular price $1.50, special tomorrow..... **95c**

$1.75 Flannel Waists, $1.25

All-wool Flannel Waists in royal blue, red and navy, body and sleeves lined, and very nicely trimmed with black worsted braid, regular price $1.75, special tomorrow..... **$1.25**

$2.50 Flannel Waists, $1.95

Fine All-wool Flannel Waists, with silk dot embroidery, all lined, colors white dot on red, regular price $2.50, special tomorrow..... **$1.95**

Waists of Finest French Flannel
POLKA DOT EFFECTS.

With new sailor collar effect—Taffeta silk yoke collar and cuffs trimmed with Taffeta—and with long black Taffeta sailor knot—collars are red with black dot and black Taffeta trimming, white, blue dot and blue trimming, navy with red dot and red trimming, black with white dot and white trimming—one of the handsomest Waists shown this season— **$5.50**

FINE DRESS GOODS AT LITTLE PRICES.

With all kinds of "flaring" advertising around and about you—Wouldn't it seem sensible to be more careful than ever? Nobody is offering you a good dollar for fifty cents—nor is anybody doing business for glory. Compare! compare! quality first than price.

We're not doing the largest Dress Goods business in town without good reasons you know—and it's getting larger every day. We've the largest and best assortment of high-class Dress Fabrics at the head of the lakes—and we're not compelled to hold "circus" or "slaughter" sales to sell it—for, good merchandise well bought is half sold! And ours are bought from the best manufacturers of Dress Fabrics in Europe and America. Can you afford to overlook these facts in doing your dress goods buying?

Black Goods.

At $1.00—Satin finished Prunella, very stylish—regular value $1.25.

At $1.00—54-inch Black Broadcloth, all wool, good weight—fine finish, regular value $1 25.

At $1.00—52-inch Heavy English Serge, considered an extraordinary value at $1.25.

At $1.00—Imported Mohair Crispes, stylish and durable—were $1.25.

At $1.00—36-inch all-wool Poplins—the regulur-$1.25 quality.

At $1.00—54-inch Camel's Hair Zibolines. Please compare with what is shown elsewhere at $1.25.

At $1.00—French Whipcords—the handsome and durable kind—sold for $1.25.

At $1.25—Black Pebble Cheviots, Camel's Hair Zibolines, Wide Wale Cheviots, Unfinished Worsteds, Clay Serges, English Serges, French Whipcords, Satin Prunellas, Tailor Venetians, Draps de Ete and Granites—all regular $1.50 values; on sale tomorrow at $1.25 per yard.

At 90c—All-wool Venetians—54 inches wide and strictly all wool—in all the leading shades. Please compare with what is sold all over the town for $1.00 and $1.25—tomorrow's price 90c per yard.

Colored Goods.

At 85c—Mixed Colored Cheviots—garnets, browns and grays—would be splendid value at $1.

At 60c—Mixed Cheviots—splendid for hard ware—good weight and style.

At 50c—All wool, shrunken, heavy weight Cheviots and Storm Serges—should bring 75c—colors, black, blue and brown.

At 50c—56-inch Repellants, Homespuns and Zibolines—some of these were 60c; some 75c; some $1.

Umbrellas.

New ones have arrived and will be put on sale tomorrow—we might tell you of handles of silver, of gold and, with silver trimming, of carved ivory, with metal caps, or of the plain natural wood handles, with or without silver mountings, but we'd rather have you see them. We will, however, tell you of a few special numbers that will be on sale tomorrow:

Umbrellas of Silk Gloria, with genuine Congo Handle, sterling silver mounted, paragon frame and steel rod, several shaped handles, regular $1.25 value, on sale at..... **98c**

Of English Boxwood Handles, plain, paragon frame, steel rod, $1.75 value, on sale at ..... Silk Gloria, **$1.25**

Of pure Silk, imported Boxwood handles, cover and tassel, best paragon frame, steel rod, $3.25 value, on sale at..... **$2.50**

Women's Jackets, Automobile Coats, Wraps

"Security for buyers."

Years ago certain trade principles were laid out by ourselves that have been our constant standby ever since—to sell the very best—and, to protect our customers against getting anything but what we knew would give the best kind of satisfaction. We have never faltered in it—in fact, today those principles have been strengthened by this assurance;

"If you see any garments like ours that you can buy for less than ours, come back and get your money!"

"If you see any garments elsewhere that you prefer to ours, come back and get your money!"

Standing on this principle—our garments and prices must be right.

Don't you think so?

Fashionable Skirts.

From leading makers in the East—this fact establishes their stylishness—most of them will fit without alteration, but if it should be necessary we have trained fitters here to make the changes.

Dress Skirts at $5.00 of good Cheviot, lined with Percaline, five gore.

Dress Skirts at $10 of Cheviot, lined with Percaline, seven gored, effectively trimmed around the bottom with three bands of Satin.

Dress Skirts at $15 of excellent Cheviot, lined with Percaline, seven gores, seams plaited at bottom and trimmed with stitched bands of Taffetas.

Dress Skirts at $20 and $25 of finest Broadcloth, beautifully tailored and trimmed in the newest and most effective manner with Taffeta or Velvet.

Silk Waists. Exceptional Values Tomorrow.

$6.50 and $5.75 Black Taffeta Waists $4.50—150 New Black Taffeta Waists with all-over tucking and cording in all sizes, from 32 to 34—of regular $6.50 and $5.75 value, at $4.50.

$7 50 to $5.75 Black and Corded Taffeta Waists $5.50—100 of them in all, made from the best grade of Taffeta with new Bolero effect—and new Paquin Sleeve and new collar—regularly sold at from $5.75 to $7.50, at $4.50.

$5.75 Black Peau de Soi Waists $4.50—30 of them—in the very latest styles and perfect fitting—never sold anywhere for less than $5.75—tomorrow $4.50.

$6.50 and $5.75 Guaranteed Satin Waists $4.50—20 brand new Black Satin Waists, made with new cordings and tuckings—New collars and cuffs—of regular $6.50 and $5.75 value—$4.50.

IS TRUSTEE.

George Gould Takes Steps to Protect Countess De Castellane's Fortune.

Paris, Oct. 31.—The civil tribunal has appointed George J. Gould trustee for the countess of Castellane, his sister. According to the pleadings in the case, her husband, Count Boni of Castellane, spent 23,000,000 francs in four years, whereas his income from his wife's fortune is only 3,000,000 francs.

Second Annual Grand Ball
Given by Adas Israel Hebrew Congregation, for benefit of the building fund.
At Armory, Thursday Eve., November 1st.

HEDGING ON THEIR CLAIMS.

Milwaukee, Oct. 31.—John McCoy, who has had the placing here of large sums of money for the Republican party managers, received word from Chicago to scale down all the odds which have been offered on his blackboard for some time past. All bets on Indiana were forced off the boards some days ago. Yesterday the instructions were to scale down all the odds by 5000 on the majorities claimed for La Follette and McKinley in this state, and to take no more bets that Ohio, Kansas, Maryland, and West Virginia would go Republican.

NOTED MEN ISSUE APPEAL.

Prominent Wisconsin Men Urge Citizens to Do Their Duty.

Milwaukee, Oct. 31.—Paul D. Carpenter, a lawyer of note and influence, son of the late United States Senator Matt Carpenter, Theodore Kersten, the Chilton banker, who is a power in politics in Northern Wisconsin, and a dozen others equally prominent, have issued an address on "The Duty of a Good Citizen," which is to vote for Mr. Bryan. They nearly all voted for McKinley four years ago. The address says:

Friends and Fellow-Citizens: In the heat of presidential campaigns there are frequently rumors circulated and assertions made which under normal conditions a respectable individual or newspaper would be ashamed to advocate. The present struggle for political supremacy is not exceptional. As the election draws near the partisan press and speakers become bolder and bolder in their claims and statements, and it is at times difficult for the voter to discriminate between truth and falsehood.

Allow us, friends and fellow-citizens, to state our views and conceptions of what is now at stake, and our duties in relation thereto, as others have done heretofore:

Although four years ago numerous propositions were presented by the platforms of the contending parties, the public mind centered upon but one issue—monometallism or bimetallism. That question was passed upon in 1896 and decided by the election of William McKinley. In accord with the popular will, then expressed, our Republican friends took four years to legislate upon the subject, and gold is now the adopted standard of value. However much we may have differed in the past on the policy or expediency of bimetallism, all of us now are fully convinced that there is no disposition among Democrats to disturb the present result.

Higher and more pressing considerations present themselves at this time and require our most earnest attention. Are you prepared to approve the McKinley colonial policy, drawing to us at an immense sacrifice of blood and treasure distant Asiatic territory?

Have you ever considered that by the payment of $20,000,000 to Spain we bought into a foreign revolution and acquired (if anything) but a vague right of sovereignty, and that every foot of soil of the Philippine islands is private or municipal property? That the Philippine islands offer neither land nor popular demand for actual bona fide settlers? That the whole scheme affords an opportunity merely for aggregated capital and monopolists to invest, speculate or rob, as the case may be, as long as protected by a standing army and a powerful fleet? Even if their civilization is not ours, it ought to be borne in mind that they are Christians, believing in our God. They have an inalienable right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness as broad as ourselves, and every true American feels that it is not only un-American to oppose their struggle for freedom and independence, but that the present shotgun policy is a crime against them, as it is a crime toward ourselves.

Friends and fellow-citizens: Let not a single one neglect his duty. Vote like true Christians and freedom-loving American citizens. It is only by voting the Democratic ticket that we can protect ourselves and our posterity from this un-American, unconstitutional and un-Christian policy.

The address is signed by the following: Theodore Kersten, J. H. M. Wigman, Thomas Callen, Anton Bickel, Paul D. Carpenter, August Rebhan, Joseph Phillips, Andrew F. Greulich, George Ziegler, Joseph E. Host, M. H. Witzihs, James W. Murphy and Ignatz Czerwinski.

$25.00 REWARD!

For information furnished us within the next thirty days from date of this notice, that will lead to the conviction of any person or persons destroying, mutilating or disfiguring fences, buildings, signs or sign boards, or any property owned or controlled by the undersigned.

Dated Duluth, Oct. 25th, 1900.

LITTLE & NOLTE.
STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.
Per J. D. Stryker.
A. C. VOLK & Co.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON.
CROSBY & MARTINDALE.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
By H. H. Hanford.
PULFORD, HOW & CO.
By Calvin F. How, Jr.
MENDENHALL & HOOPES.

RAIN IN WISCONSIN.

Storm Causes Much Damage in the Wisconsin Valley.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 31.—A Tomah special to the Republican and Leader says: A terrific rain storm visited the country along the Wisconsin Valley division of the Milwaukee road last night, resulting in much damage. Several large washouts occurred and it is impossible to run trains over that division today. Trains are able to reach that part of the state by running around by way of this city.

TAGGART SURE OF INDIANA.

Indianapolis Mayor Says Bryan and Kern Will Carry State.

Indianapolis, Oct. 31.—Thomas Taggart, mayor of Indianapolis and Democratic national committeeman, claims Indiana for the Democratic national and state tickets. In an interview Mayor Taggart says:

"In my judgment the outlook for a Democratic victory was never brighter than it is in Indiana at the present time. The Democratic party is united, without internal dissensions or disaffections, while the Republican party has had all kinds of trouble with its workers for weeks. The Democratic party has made an honest, earnest and dignified campaign, while the Republican campaign has been one of villification, slander and abuse. I am satisfied that the Republican state committee will attempt to use Mark Hanna's boodle trust fund by corrupting men on election day—in fact, Chairman Hernley is quoted as saying they will carry Indiana by going out and getting them.

"At present we have four members in the house of representatives. I am satisfied that this number will be increased to seven."

Mayor Taggart added that he believed that there will not be an essential difference between the vote of Mr. Bryan and the vote of Mr. Kern, nominee for governor.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

(2)

TWELVE PAGES—SECTION TWO—PAGES 7 to 12

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1900.

LIND WILL BE ELECTED

Majority Will Be at Least Twenty-Two Thousand, Says Rosing.

Gaining Daily In Cities as Well as In Country Districts.

St. Paul, Oct. 31.—Chairman Rosing of the Democratic state committee has issued his first estimate of the outcome of the election in Minnesota. He says Governor Lind will have at least 22,000 majority; that the fusion candidate for railroad and warehouse commissioners will have a good majority; that the rest of the state ticket will be elected, and that the probabilities are in favor of the Bryan electors winning out. Here is Chairman Rosing's statement:

"Having received reports from every county in the state, and practically every precinct, from the same men who reported the situation to me in 1898, which enabled me to claim the state for Mr. Lind just previous to election by a majority of 20,000, which came within 250 of the actual results on election day, I am now ready to give an estimate of the results of the coming election.

"In the beginning of the campaign, none of us had much hope that Mr. Bryan would be able to carry Minnesota. This condition of mind was natural, because for forty years the state has always given its electoral vote to the Republican candidate for president, but now as the campaign is drawing to a close and after careful canvass, I feel justified in claiming that the state is very close on the presidential ticket, with the probabilities slightly in favor of Mr. Bryan. After careful investigating of the so-called silent vote, I believe that a large proportion of it will be polled for the Democratic national ticket; practically one third of the voters of the state have not expressed themselves, openly, one way or the other, but the above conclusions are drawn from private investigation as to the feelings of many of these men.

"Governor Lind's reelection is absolutely assured by a majority of not less than 22,000, and which is liable to reach 26,000 or 27,000. He is stronger with the people than ever before and gains strength daily in the cities as well as in the country districts. Hennepin county will give Governor Lind a majority of 4000, and there are indications that his majority may reach 6000 in that county. Ramsey's majority for Governor Lind will be at least 2,000, the body of the ticket will run perhaps stronger than Bryan. This is particularly true of the candidates for railroad and warehouse commissioners, who will be elected by a safe majority.

"The congressional situation is very encouraging for the Democrats in the state, even in the first district, the banner Republican district of the state, the Republican congressman is making the fight of his life for re-election, with the odds in favor of his opponent, the Democratic nominee. We claim absolutely two congressmen, with prospects of four."

ARMY STATISTICS.

Figures Given By Corbin In His Annual Report.

Washington, Oct. 31.—The annual report of Adjt. Gen. Corbin to the secretary of war for the year ending June 30, 1900, is a complete statistical record of the army of the United States. It shows that the regular army consists of 2434 officers and 63,866 enlisted men, and the volunteer army of 1548 officers and 31,039 enlisted men, a grand total of 98,790, not including the hospital corps, which is not counted as part of the effective strength of the army. The regular and volunteer army at present is distributed as follows: United States, 998 officers, of whom 76 are volunteer officers, and 18,888 enlisted men, all regulars; Alaska, 31 officers, 1088 enlisted men; Porto Rico, 98 officers, 2496 enlisted men; Cuba, 250 officers, 5468 enlisted men; Philippine islands, 2267 officers, 69,161 enlisted men; Hawaiian island, 6 officers, 219 enlisted men; China, 89 officers, 2060 enlisted men. There are 879 volunteers, enlisted men, in Porto Rico, and 30,200 in the Philippines. These are the only places where volunteer enlisted men are serving. Some staff officers are serving in nearly all of the places named.

The deaths reported in the army, both regular and volunteer, by the same division, are: United States, 14 officers, 261 men; Alaska, 3 men; Cuba, 7 officers, 146 men; Porto Rico, 36 men; Hawaii, 1 officer and 4 men; Philippine islands, 49 officers, 1393 men; at sea, 3 officers, 84 men; total, 74 officers and 1920 men.

During the year there were discharged from service 22,592 men; deserted, 3993.

The casualties in the Chinese campaign between July 1 and Oct. 1 were 9 officers and 200 enlisted men killed.

Gen. Corbin commends highly the operation of post exchange and the canteen, saying that the reports from the Philippines, Cuba and Porto Rico "indicate that the post exchange has become an absolute necessity." He says that the total amount received from the exchanges so far as reports show amounted to $1,915,862, with a net profit of $464,504.

In the statistics given is a table showing the chronological list of actions in the Philippine islands from Feb. 4, 1899, to June 30, 1900, together with the losses in killed and wounded. The totals show 33 officers and 476 men killed and 147 officers and 2076 men wounded.

FERRELL IS CONVICTED.

Express Messenger Lane's Slayer Faces the Electric Chair.

Marysville, Ohio, Oct. 31.—The jury at midnight returned a verdict of murder in the first degree, without recommendation, against Roslyn H. Ferrell for the murder, on the night of Aug. 10 last, of Charles Lane, an express messenger on a Pan Handle eastbound train. The murder was committed for the purpose of robbery. Ferrell secured $1000 in money from the way safe of the Adams Express company. The verdict carries with it the death penalty, which in Ohio is electrocution. A desperate effort was made to save the prisoner's life.

When the verdict was read Ferrell appeared to be taken by surprise and his face flushed. This was the first visible sign of emotion that had been shown by the prisoner during the trial, but he quickly regained his composure and was led to his cell.

LOOTERS AT WORK.

The Germans, French and Italians Pillaged at Pao-Ting-Fu.

Pao Ting Fu, Oct. 24.—The city of Pao Ting Fu has been divided into districts under the superintendence of the various nationalities represented in the occupying force. Looting is strictly forbidden in the British quarter, but the Germans, French and Italians have sacked their respective districts.

The international commission which is inquiring into the massacre of the foreigners here has ordered the arrest of three Chinese officials.

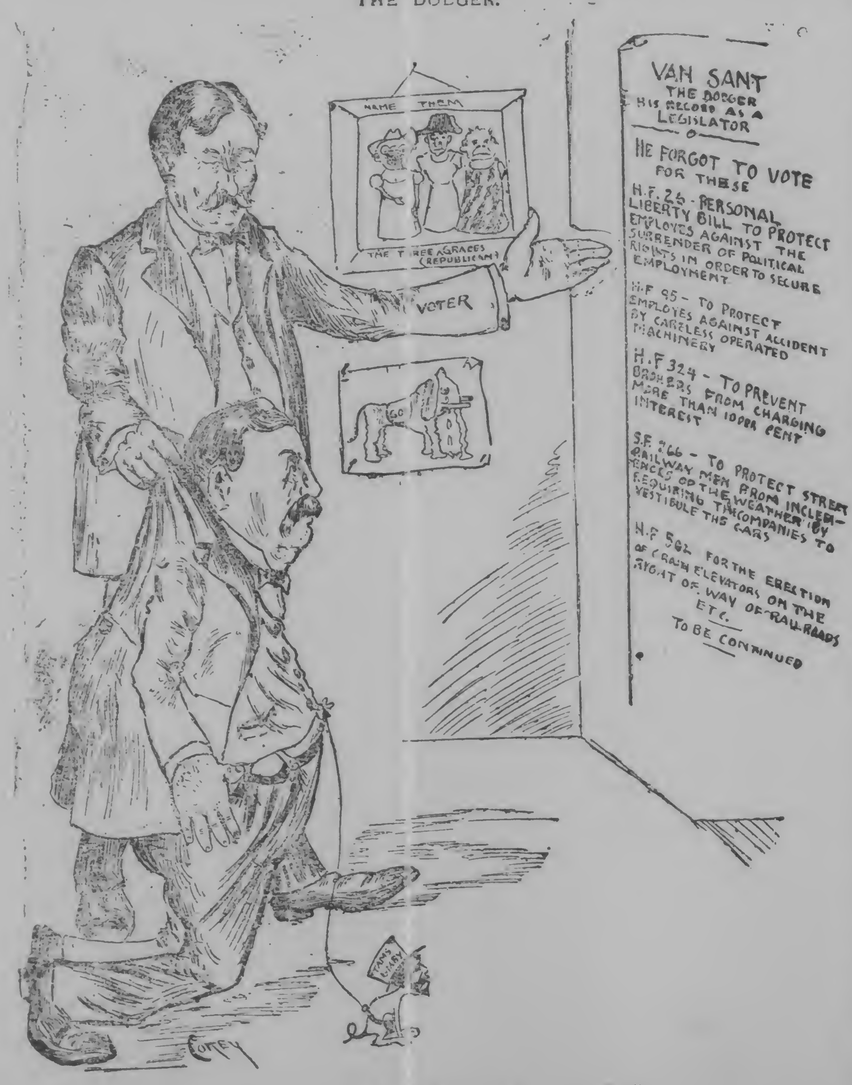
SHOT HER HUSBAND.

And Watched His Dying Struggles For an Hour.

Geneseo, Ill., Oct. 31.—William Hilger, a young carpenter of Hopple, is dead of wounds inflicted upon him with a pistol by his wife. According to the story Hilger told before his death, fully confirmed by the wife's confession, she shot him first in the temple as he lay dozing upon a sofa. He leaped for her and she shot him once in the neck and twice in the abdomen before he wrested the weapon from her.

The wounded man implored her to obtain help. The two were alone in the house. The wife refused and waited an hour for him to die. He carried $3000 life insurance. The desire for the money is the supposed motive.

THE DODGER.



UP AGAINST IT.

Our new Book Department is located next to elevator—all standard books on sale.

Freimuth's

All standard magazines and periodicals on sale in our Book Department.

Sale of McCreery & Co.'s Silks.

Continues tomorrow. This will be the third day of the great silk selling. Just as we predicted yesterday, the sales of today were just doubled over the day before—no reason why they should not double tomorrow over today. With fair weather in prospect, we expect a stampeding crowd at the silk counters. Every yard of silk sold at today's sale means the selling of three or four yards tomorrow. Every individual sale is a better advertiser than whole columns of newspaper talk. **We want this Silk Sale to stand on its own merits.** Remember that this sale embraces the most staple Black and Colored Silks that fashion commands—about their quality there is no doubt. **It Stands Good**—Our offer to refund you the money for any silk bought during this sale, found not as represented or not cheaper than any silk ever purchased before. The list attached here is just to give you an idea of how our prices compare with regular prices. CAN YOU RESIST THEM?

Black Taffeta Silks.

19-inch Black Taffeta, James McCreery & Co.'s price 60c. Our price, a yard — 45c

20-inch Black Swiss Taffetas, James McCreery & Co.'s price 85c. Our price, a yard — 59c

23-inch Black Swiss Taffetas, James McCreery & Co.'s price 95c. Our price, a yard — 68c

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.00 a yard Black Taffeta, our price, a yard — 75c

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.25 a yard Black Taffeta, our price, a yard — 87c

26 inch Black Taffeta, superb quality, James McCreery & Co.'s price $1.25. Our price, a yard — 87c

27-inch very fine grade Black Taffetas, James McCreery & Co.'s price $1.40. Our price, a yard — 98c

James McCreery & Co.'s 27-inch $1.50 Black Taffeta. Our price, a yard — $1.10

Black Satin Duchesse.

19-inch Black Satin Duchesse, James McCreery & Co.'s price 69c; our price, yard — 49c

23-inch Black Satin Duchesse, James McCreery & Co.'s price 95c; our price, yard — 69c

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.12½ quality Black Satin Duchesse; our price, yard — 75c

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.25 quality Black Satin Duchesse; our price, yard — 85c

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.48 quality Black Satin Duchesse; our price, yard — 98c

23-inch Black Satin Duchesse, rich quality, James McCreery & Co.'s price $1.89; our price, yard — $1.35

14-inch Black Satin Duchesse, Italian make, James McCreery & Co.'s price $2.25; over price, yard — $1.48

Black Italian Satin Duchesse, 24 inches wide, James McCreery & Co.'s price $2.50; our price, yard — $1.68

25-inch High Quality Black Italian Satin Duchesse, Jas. McCreery & Co.'s price $3.00; our price, yard — $2.00

Black Satin Duchesse.

James McCreery & Co.'s 25-inch $3.50 quality Black Italian Satin Duchesse, our price, a yard — $2.28

26-inch Black Italian Satin Duchesse, James McCreery & Co.'s price $3.75, our price, a yard — $2.48

27-inch best quality Black Italian Satin Duchesse, James McCreery & Co.'s price $4.50, our price, yd — $2.85

Black Peau de Soies.

20-inch Black Peau de Soie, James McCreery & Co.'s price 90c, our price, a yard — 68c

22-inch Black Peau de Soie, James McCreery & Co.'s price $1.25, our price, a yard — 85c

23-inch Black Peau de Soie, James McCreery & Co.'s price $1.75, our price, a yard — $1.29

24-inch Black Peau de Soie, James McCreery & Co.'s price $2, our price, a yard — $1.39

Black Gros Grains.

20-inch Black Gros Grain, James McCreery & Co.'s price $1.25. Our price, a yard — $1.00

22-inch Black Gros Grain, James McCreery & Co.'s price $1.75. Our price, a yard — $1.35

23-inch Black Gros Grain, James McCreery & Co.'s price $2.39. Our price, a yard — $1.69

Novelty Silks.

James McCreery & Co.'s 75c and $1.00 Novelty Silks at—per yard — 49c

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.00 and $1.25 Novelty Silks at—per yard — 59c

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.25 and $1.50 Novelty Silks at—per yard — 69c

James McCreery & Co.'s $1.50 and $1.75 Novelty Silks at—per yard — 75c

James McCreery & Co.'s $2.00 Novelty Silks at—per yard — 95c

Blankets.

200 pairs 10-4 heavy fleeced Cotton Blankets, White, Gray and Tan, pretty fast color borders, the 85c quality, tomorrow—a pair... 58c

200 pairs 11-4 Gray and Tan Blankets, handsome borders, $1.50 quality, sell tomorrow—per pair..... $1.15

100 pairs 11-4 all-wool Gray, White, Tan and Scarlet Blankets, all color borders, worth $5; special tomorrow, pair.... $3.48

75 pairs fine all-wool Gray Blankets, manufactured by Amana Society, Homestead, Iowa, heavy weight and very soft; none better made; good value at $5.50; special cut price, pair..... $3.88

Comforters—

3 cases fancy reversible Silkoline Comforters, full size, hand-tied, filled with good clean cotton, soft, light and warm, worth $1.50; price tomorrow, each..... $1.00

4 cases extra size Silkoline Comforters, beautiful colorings, fine laminated cotton down filling, hand-tied, worth $2.50; our special price—each..... $1.85

2 cases extra quality reversible French Sateen Comforters, finest cotton filling, light and soft as down, hand made, a bargain at $4.50; sells tomorrow, each..... $3.75

Bed Spreads—

2 cases extra size Bed Spreads, fine Marseilles patterns, ready hemmed, sold regularly for $1.35; sells tomorrow at—each..... 98c

Sheets—

20 dozen ready-made Sheets (torn, not cut), 2½ yards long and 2¼ yards wide, free from dressing, worth 50c, on sale tomorrow, each..... 45c

Towels—

100 dozen large size all-linen Huck and Damask Towels, hemmed and with knotted fringe, plain, white and colored borders, worth 30c, on sale tomorrow at—each..... 22c

Table Linens—

10 pieces 66-inch Cream Table Damask, heavy quality pure Irish Linen, free from dressing, splendid value at 85c, on sale tomorrow—per yard..... 67c

7 pieces full bleach Double Satin Table Damask, 2 yards wide, pure in finish, beautiful designs, real value $1.25; our price tomorrow, per yard..... 90c

Outing Flannels.

50 pieces heavy Fleece Lined Outing Flannels, light and medium colors, choice styles, worth 9c a yard—tomorrow, per yard..... 6½c

One case heavy fleece lined Wrapper Flannel, all neat designs, others ask 12½c; our price, a yd... 8½c

In the Cloak Room

Here is every woman's objective point at this time of year. Our Cloak Room is ready to receive you. We can show every new conception in Fall and Winter Outer Garments. Style, fit, fine materials and good workmanship are combined to give you that satisfaction that holds a customer for all time.

Black and castor color Kersey jackets—satin lined, stitched seams, collar and reveres faced with neutra and Marten fur, special good value for $20. Tomorrow's selling..... $15.00

Box Coats—One-half fitted backs, 25 inches long, high collars with wide reveres, 6-pearl button box front, satin lined, tailored seams, made from fine quality all-wool Kersey, colors—tan, castor, blue and black at..... $15.00

Short Jackets—Guaranteed satin lining, best quality Kersey, colors—blue and black, strictly all wool, stitched seams, storm and coat collars, double-breasted, all sizes, 34 to 44, special value for $12.50. For tomorrow's selling..... $9.00

50 all-wool Kersey jackets, colors—blue and black, double-breasted, 6-pearl buttons, storm and notched collars, Romaine silk lined, all sizes. You are asked $10 for jackets of this kind elsewhere. Our price... $7.50

Ladies' extra heavy Kersey cloth jackets made with high storm collar well lined with fine sateen, perfectly shaped and tailored in black only, regular value $8.50, tomorrow $5.95

Misses' Jackets—Tomorrow we will place on sale fifty all-wool Kersey jackets in colors, blue, red and castor, storm or coat collar, guaranteed satin lining, double breasted, all sizes, 14 to 18, a regular $10 jacket. Special selling $7.50

Misses' Jackets—In colors, cadet blue Melton cloth, lined with mercerized sateen, storm collar, double breasted, jacket trimmed with black braid. Special value for tomorrow at $3.95

Very good quality wool Kersey jackets, storm and coat collars, double-breasted, lined with good quality mercerized sateen, sizes 14, 16 and 18, at $4.75

Ladies' three-quarter lengths and Automobile Coats in fine Kersey cloth—in tans, castor, blue, brown and black, flare collars and reveres, double and single breasted, half fitted back, beaver and Marten fur trimmed. Prices range from—

$16.50, $19.50, $22.50, $25.00 up to $75.00

Children's Jackets—Good quality Persian lamb cloth, colors—blue, brown and red, double-breasted, storm and sailor collars attached, sizes 4, 6, 8 to 12 years, a $3.50 jacket—for tomorrow's selling..... $2.75

All-wool Beaver cloth jacket in colors castor, red, blue and brown, double breasted, storm and sailor collar attached, trimmed with fancy braid, sizes 4, 6, 8, 10 to 12 years, would be specially good value at $2.75. Sell tomorrow for..... $2.00

50 jackets made from good heavy-weight material—just the correct weight for school wear, colors—two-toned effect, sailor collar, trimmed with fancy braid, double-breasted, sizes 4 to 12—a jacket worth $2.50, sells for..... $1.75

Children's Long Cloaks

We received another shipment of choice stylish long box back cloaks for children 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 yrs., in all wool Kersey cloth, colors castor, red and blue, beautifully tailored. Don't fail to bring in the small folks Saturday and have them fitted. Popular prices prevail.

Dressing Sacques—All-wool Eiderdown in all colors, made with wide collars, trimmed with braid, all sizes..... 95c

Walking Skirts—In gray and blue, plaid back, heavy-weight golf cloth, stitched seams, 5-gored skirt, all sizes, a regular $7.50 value, for.. $5.75

Wrappers—Flannelette Wrappers, come in all the new fall patterns, nicely trimmed over shoulders with ruffles and braid fitted waist lining, skirt cut very wide, with flounce; our regular $1.25 wrapper, sells tomorrow..... $1.00

Carpets.

Our usual reliable qualities at prices that should attract every buyer tomorrow.

One lot extra heavy cotton Ingrains, regular 40c quality; for tomorrow, a yard... 30c

One lot of extra heavy all-wool Ingrains, worth 65c, for tomorrow, per yard..... 55c

One lot fine all-wool Ingrains, the best 2-ply quality made, worth 75c for tomorrow, per yard..... 65c

One lot extra quality high-pile Velvet without borders, regular $1.25 value—to close out patterns—special for tomorrow—per yard $1.00

One lot fine Wilton Velvets, rich Oriental effects, suitable for Rugs, $1.75 grades, for tomorrow at—per yard..... $1.40

We can show you a carefully selected assortment of Oriental and Domestic Rugs at very LOW PRICES.

Draperies.

Extension Sash Rods—each..... 5c

Sash Loopers—per pair..... 5c

Silkolines, 36-inch 15c values—per yard..... 12½c

Fine Cretonnes, in rich Oriental effects, for window seats, furniture covers and pillows—per yard..... 18c

One lot Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, fish net effects, regular 85c quality—per pair..... 68c

One lot Bobbinet Ruffled Curtains, 3 yds long, suitable for bedrooms, regular $2.25 value, a pair..... $1.69

One lot fine Bobbinet Ruffled Curtains, suitable for parlors, usually sell at $6 and $6.50—per pair $5.00

One lot Brussels Lace Curtains, choice patterns, $15 to $16.50 values—per pair $12.50

$4.25 Rope Portieres—assorted colors $3.50

$5.50 Rope Portieres $4.50

$6.00 Rope Portieres—new cords $5.00

Revival of Hallowe'en

Society Says That It Will Revive the Grand Old Festival on an Unprecedented Scale.

EXISTENCE OF FAIRIES

The grand old festival of Hallowe'en is to be revived this year on an unprecedented scale. Celebrations have been arranged at the White House, at the home of W. J. Bryan in Lincoln, Nebraska, and at most of the prominent social centers in the country; following, as will be seen, the lead taken in London and other places in Great Britain, indicated by our European correspondent.

London, Oct. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is to be a revival of Hallowe'en observances this year and large parties have been planned at some of the principal country houses.

Whether it is due to the extraordinary statements made by Professor Rhys at the recent congress of scientists held here or to the inspection of the Scottish folklore exhibits is not exactly discoverable.

The learned professor has reconstructed the anatomy of fairies and therefore presented to public confidence the principal part of the Hallowe'en paraphernalia.

Professor Rhys has discovered irrefutable evidence of the existence of fairies in not very remote times. He admits that the race is extinct now, so far as external appearance is concerned, but the question still remains may not these people gradually have become absorbed in the general population? If so, the fact may account for some of the queer "gifts" possessed by certain latter-day personages.

The learned professor says that the fairies whom these Hallowe'en customs were supposed to propitiate and defer to were a short, swarthy, stumpy race. In short, they were dwarfs. Are there not plenty of dwarfs today and do not the centuries tarry among us? Everyone feels obliged to Professor Rhys for having created a definite personality from what has generally been considered to be an innocent myth.

We can now return to our Hallowe'en practices and enjoy the renaissance of innocent childish faith in portents of good and bad influences without feeling that we are being imposed upon.

Professor Rhys thinks that the fairies made their habitations underground or in otherwise cunningly concealed places. They were hunters, probably, and fishermen, too, relying upon the results of tillage for their food.

This fits in exactly with Burns' description in "Hallowe'en" of the kind of a neighborhood where they were believed to reside.

"Upon that night when fairies light,
On Cassilis Downans dance,
Or over the lochs in sparkling blaze,
On frightly coursers prance."

Cassilis Downans were certain little earthy rocky, green hills in the neighborhood of the ancient seat of the Earls of Cassilis.

Continuing the Ayrshire bard says:

"Or for Colean, the rude is taken
Beneath the moon's pale beams;
There, up the Cove, to stay and rove
Among the rocks and streams."

The Cove was a noted cavern near Colean house called the Cove of Colean; which as well as Cassilis Downans, is famed in country story for being a favorite haunt of fairies.

On Hallowe'en night, the 31st of October (eve of all saints) according to the race's definite traditions, witches, elves and other mischief-making beings are abroad, on their horrid midnight errands, particularly these aerial people, the fairies, who are said to hold on that night "a grand anniversary" which the ancient chronicler.

From this statement it will be observed that the saturnalia of the occasion was participated in by all classes of beings including the ordinary every-day witch which even the Puritans stoutly believed in and which certainly were human as they burned like ordinary flesh when exposed at the stake.

The fairies were undoubtedly resident

They were a curious mysterious people whose principal object in life was to impress others with the belief that they were extraordinary mortals. To attain this end they kept close in their caves to provide them with milk and lived largely on the products of hunting. They could spin well enough to make a rude clothing which they wore. They had a language of their own and the fact that they were unable to speak the ordinary tongue added to their mystery, for when they occasionally went to market they did their business by means of signs, always counting in twos as they knew no further division of numbers. They were inordinately fond of music and dancing and some of the females were extremely beautiful, although always dwarfs.

There is little doubt that the "fairies" imitated and the Hallowe'en mummeries are the survivals of working charms and spells. They were so shrewd as to know when and where the "gilpies" and "lassies" would leave their lairs so that they could puzzle the thick-witted peasantry by apparently answering them.

One of the best ways for the questioner to go out on Hallowe'en to a "south running spring or river" where "three lickes leads me" and dip the left shirt sleeve. The next step was to retire for the night, placing the wet sleeve in front of the fire to dry. During the night an apparition would appear and turn the sleeve as if to dry the other side of it. The apparition was to represent the object of the lover's quest if his wishes were to be gratified.

The fairies were expert thieves and were never puzzled for horses or keys. They were also clever mummers and impersonations were exactly in their line of deceiving by appearances.

The first ceremony of Hallowe'en, according to Burns the bestow of the ancient celebration, was to "pull in field" each a stock or plant of kale. The young people were to go out, stand in hand, with eyes shut, and pull the first they met with. Whether it be big or little, straight or crooked, was prophetic of the size and shape of the grand object of all their care—the lassie or wife.

If any earth stick to the root it was tocher, or fortune, and the taste of the pith, or heart of the stem, indicated the natural temper and disposition. Lastly the stems or plants were placed above the head of the door, and the christian names of the people whom chance brought to the house, were, according to the priority of placing the route the minds in question.

Burning the nuts was a favorite charm. The name of each particular lad and lass was given to one nut and when it was placed in the fire if it burned quietly together it indicated fair sailing for the course of the courtship was supposed to be.

"The auld guid wife's weel-hoarded nits
Are roasted all round divine,
At mealie lads, and lasses' fates
Are there that night decided."

Here was an easy part for the fairy to play. The lad or lass was to steal out alone to the kiln, and darkling throw into the pit a handful of the old yarn, and when the roll was unwinded ask "Who holds?" The answer coming from the kiln-pit, gave the full name of the future spouse. Possibly the fairies were confederates.

Another test was to take a candle and go alone to a mirror, eat an apple before it and comb your hair. The face of your destiny would then be seen peering over your shoulder in the glass.

This is a test which admits of modern scientific with all the taint incidents that can be suggested by such a situation.

The "kemp" test consisted of sowing out to the barn-yard unpeeled hempseed, saying a handful of hempseed, harrowing it and anything else could be conveniently drawn after you and lastly, to invoke the spell the operator repeated the verse:

"Hemp-seed I saw thee; hemp-seed I saw thee;
And him or her that is to be my true love, come after me and pou thee."

The spell raiser was looked over by the left shoulder and beheld the person indicated in the attitude of pulling hemp.

ARTHUR FIELD.

USE FOR CANNON BALLS.

"Cannon balls for blasting!"

This sign hung in a conspicuous place before the door of a store on Atlantic avenue, led a reporter inside and started a bit of questioning upon the subject, says the Boston Daily Globe.

The proprietor said: "Last fall when the United States government sold all of the old cannon balls and solid shot, which for so many years were piled in pyramids along the main street of the navy yard at Charlestown, we purchased a lot of them, with little thought of converting them into anything beside pig iron. But a few weeks after we had stored them here I overheard a quarry owner complaining of the slowness and uncertainty of the old system of steel wedging used in getting out huge blocks of granite and after a bit of thought I suggested the use of cannon balls in the place of the steel wedges. We sent about twenty of various sizes and weights out to his quarry, and after the first trial he hurried a team in here with a note that read:

"'Tried the cannon balls; they are it. Send fifty more; have thrown the steel wedges away.'

"The experience of this man led us to send the cannon balls and solid shot to other quarry operators, and within the past month the orders have been coming in so thickly we can scarcely fill them from the stock on hand.

"The method used in getting out great cubes or monoliths from the granite and marble quarries has been to drive steel wedges along the line of the lower portion of the split made by a blast until the great chunk of stone topples over on its face.

"It required a deal of time and a number of men with big iron sledges and steel wedges to separate these masses from the quarry wall from which they had been started by the blast.

"The method now pursued with the cannon balls is to start the block of stone away by a light blast, and then between the quarry force and the block several of the smaller solid shot, usually the 4-inch sort, are dropped down into the aperture. Two men with crowbars give the block a little shake, and the instant the block moves in the slightest manner forward the shot take up their 'purchase' on the space made, when the large cannon balls, some weighing fourteen or fifteen inches and weighing 200 or 300 pounds, are dropped into the top of the gap. Now, the slightest outward far by levers on the big steel seed these heavy cannon balls dropping downward of their own weight, with an easy forward motion, the cube rises ever on its face.

"These shot do away with any driving; of necessity their great weight in proportion to their size forces them downward, and their form prevents any hamp of backward settling of the block.

"These cannon balls are also used as rollers, as they take up and go over the irregularities of the quarry surface, and can be rolled in any direction without resting, thus doing away with the old style wooden rollers.

They are also used to smoothe heavy chasing-out [illegible] He [illegible] are thrown over and [illegible] least has been [illegible] and these cannon balls are thrown on the mass."

ARMY NEWSPAPERS.

The newspaper habit clings to the Anglo-Saxon in all situations. The time will come when no army of any size will be without its newspaper, says the Indianapolis Press. Already most of the British regiments have their own newspapers, published once a month. The news, which is chiefly of matters appealing to the officers and men of the regiment and their families, but the papers also devote regular columns to sporting news, humor, poetry and other departments. All contributions are from members of the regiment. These papers are much in favor among officers and soldiers, and many of them are very well edited.

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp, very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

WHO'LL BE MY HEART'S DEAREST?
Hallowe'en formula duly observed this fin-de-siecle presidential year by fair Columbia.

"Mrs. Pinkham Saved me from an Operation."

Operations Avoided.

When a physician tells a woman suffering with ovarian or womb trouble that an operation is necessary, it of course frightens her.

The very thought of the operating table and the knife strikes terror to her heart.

And our hospitals are full of women who are there for ovarian and womb operations!

It is quite true that these troubles may reach a stage where an operation is the only resource, but such cases are much rarer than is generally supposed, because a great many women have been cured by Mrs. Pinkham's medicine after the doctors had said the operation must be performed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been very successful in curing ovarian troubles. In fact, up to the point where the knife must be used to secure instant relief, this medicine is certain to help.

Ovarian troubles are easily developed from womb troubles, and womb troubles are so very common that ovaritis is steadily on the increase among women. It is, nevertheless, a most serious trouble, and to recommend wrong treatment for it is a crime for which there cannot be too deep a penalty.

It is, therefore, with full consciousness of the seriousness of the disease and the steady failure of other medicine to cure it, that we present for ovarian and womb trouble **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** as the most certain to help of any medicine in the world to-day. Any person who could read the letters in Mrs. Pinkham's files at her office in Lynn, Mass., would be convinced of the efficiency of Mrs. Pinkham's Compound.

The strongest and most grateful statements possible to make come from women who have escaped the operating table by the use of this medicine. Let any woman suffering from these troubles, or anything which may develop into them, write and get Mrs. Pinkham's advice. If you are beyond the reach of the medicine, you will be frankly told so, but, if not, you will be fully and carefully and kindly advised.

The most serious of all the diseases of women, as well as the minor ills, are promptly overcome by

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Earnest Words of Gratitude.

MRS. F. M. KNAPP

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—After my child was born, blood poison set in, which left me with granulated inflammation of the womb and congested ovaries. I had suffered from suppressed and painful menstruation from a girl. The doctors told me the ovaries would have to be removed. I took treatment two years to escape an operation, but still remained in miserable health in both body and mind, expecting to part with my reason with each coming month. After using one bottle of the Compound, I became entirely rid of the trouble in my head. I continued to use your remedies until cured. The last nine months have been passed in perfect good health. This I owe entirely to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—MRS. F. M. KNAPP, 1528 Kinnickinnic Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

MRS. ANNIE HARTLEY

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your Vegetable Compound has completely cured me of the worst form of womb trouble, and made me a strong, healthy, robust woman. Before using **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, I suffered with severe pains in back and side, headache and nervousness. Menses would sometimes occur every two weeks, and once I had a severe hemorrhage which lasted a month. I was confined to my bed and the attending physicians told me I would have to undergo an operation as soon as I was strong enough. I read in one of your little books several testimonials from ladies who were cured by your Compound after having been told by their doctors that an operation was necessary, and I made up my mind then and there to commence taking your Compound. I did so and it has completely restored me to good health. I have gained twenty-two pounds since taking it and my flesh is as firm as a rock. My friends remark about the change in me. I am a living advertisement of what **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** can do, and have influenced many of my friends to try it, which has proved very gratifying in its results. I thank you for restoring me to health."—ANNIE HARTLEY, 221 W. Congress St., Chicago, Ill.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to publish the wonderful help **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has been to me. I was like a crazy person—could not eat or sleep; there was no rest for me day or night. Physicians examined me and said an operation was necessary. Before undergoing it, however, I determined to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound. I am so glad I did, for it cured me. I am a well woman now and can do any kind of work. I want this published throughout the land, so that all my suffering sisters may read, and if in any way afflicted with female troubles, they may be induced by my sincere statement to try this wonderful Vegetable Compound and be cured."—MRS. MARGARET BAMFORD, Centennial Ave., Crescent Beach, Revere, Mass.

MRS. ANNA ASTON

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to send you my testimonial stating the grand effect **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has had on my health. I was suffering to such an extent from ovarian trouble that my physician thought an operation would be necessary. Your medicine having been recommended to me, I decided to try it. After using several bottles I found that I was cured. My system was toned up and I suffered no more with my ovaries. Your medicine is the greatest boon on earth to suffering women."—MRS. ANNIE ASTON, Box 137, Troy, Mo.

$5000 REWARD Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who can show that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., Lynn, Mass.

Give teething baby the celebrated

BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM! FOODS

The crisp, light particles set lightly on baby's little stomach, which is learning its primary lessons in activity. It's time to change baby's food to something more substantial than "baby foods." The little system with its growing needs cries out for GRANOSE FLAKES, which are made of the entire wheat berry (Hull removed), thoroughly cooked and containing all the nutritive elements necessary to a growing child, are sterilized and partly digested. Avoid harsh burned grain and white pasty foods.

Ask your grocer for "Battle Creek SANITARIUM Food ;"—do not be imposed upon by the many foods sold on our reputation. Three cents for postage will bring you a sample and Booklet.

Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Taylor's COCOA AND CHOCOLATE

SOLD AT OUR STORES AND BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

Table and Kitchen

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a product of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, 719 Chamber of Commerce building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

(All Rights Reserved by Banning Co., Chicago.)

THE WHITE POTATO.

The Much Maligned Though Popular Tuber.

[illegible] ways selected for salads and hashing, as they do not cook soft, but retain their shape. This variety, however, should not be eaten by persons with weak digestion. Williams explains the difference in the two varieties. The floury or mealy potato is so constituted that all starch granules may be separated and broken up by heat before any considerable amount of starch is converted into dextrin, while the starch of the waxy potato, by some means, is more readily converted into dextrin, no doubt by the presence of sugar, and a large proportion becomes gummy or waxy before all the granules are broken up and thoroughly softened throughout. It is the presence of this dextrin that gives sweetness to the potato. It is really not to be preferred because the dextrin is in proportion to their size, weight for weight, as you would judge an orange.

POISON IN POTATOES.

The suggestion made that potatoes contain a poisonous principle called solanin, has distressed many of the timid ones, whose minds are continually harassed by the knowing ones who turn the searchlight of science on common daily things with startling results. Potatoes belong to the "Solanum" family, and being full brother to the deadly nightshade contain a certain amount of this element. But not to be harmful it must, unless exposed to the sun. When saying, bear this in mind. The poison when developed, gives the potato an acrid bitter and biting taste. Burying them in the earth, will remove this and restore their fresh, wholesome flavor. Deep paring will also remove the danger, as it is alleged, but this removes much of the valuable properties as well.

COOKING POTATOES.

It is conceded that one of the proper methods is to cook the potatoes in their jackets, steaming or baking them. This avoids loss of the potash salts, which are freely soluble in water and consequently lost when the potatoes are peeled and boiled.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Thursday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal. Cream.
Broiled Mutton Chops with Eggs.
Hashed Potatoes.
Rolls. Coffee.

LUNCH.
Eggs à la Beurre noir.
Baked Cakes. Cocoa.

DINNER.
Cream of Rice Soup.
Potted Pigeons. Mashed Potatoes.
Stewed Tomatoes. Cabbage.
Sour Orange Salad.
Green Apple Jelly. Whipped Cream.
Coffee.

Friday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal. Cream.
Boiled Salt Whitefish.
Cream Potatoes.
Hot Muffins. Coffee.

LUNCH.
Grilled Sardines. Celery Salad.
Fruit Roll. Cocoa.

DINNER.
Clam Bouillon.
Oyster Pies. Baked Sweet Potatoes.
Celery. Salad Lettuce.
Yeast Biscuit.
Steamed Cranberry Pudding.
Coffee.

Saturday

BREAKFAST.
Cereal. Stewed Figs. Cream.
Broiled Veal Cutlets. Cream Sauce.
Lyonnaise Potatoes.
Corn Bread. Coffee.

LUNCH.
Thin Slices of Cold Tongue.
Cottage Cheese. Stewed Prunes.
Milky Lunch Cocoa.

DINNER.
Cream of Celery Soup.
Jambalaya. Baked Potatoes.
Cauliflower au Gratin.
Chestnut Salad. Rice Pudding.

Sunday.

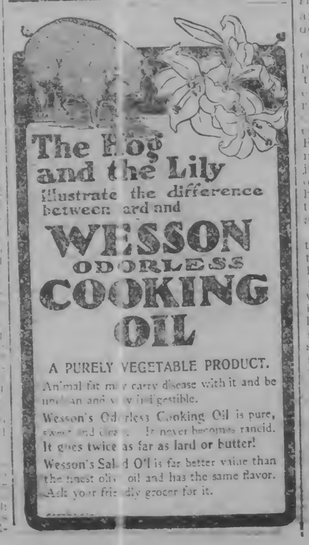
BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal. Cream.
Broiled Lamb Chops. Creamed Potatoes.
Waffles. Maple Syrup.
Coffee.

DINNER.
Purée of Mushrooms.
Roast Saddle of Mutton. Brown Sauce.
Black Currant Jelly.
Mashed White Potatoes. Brown Turnips.
Stewed Spinach. Lettuce Salad.
Lemon Pudding. Coffee.

LUNCH.
Cracked Oysters.
Brown Bread for Butter. Olives.
Fruit. Cheese. Cake.

RECIPES.

Below will be found a few of the most delicious appetizing dishes for the coming season. The potato of all others is used and recommended.



The Great Fashion King

Felix, the Famous Costumier of Paris, Tells of His Art In the Twentieth Century.

Foremost among the great fashion kings of the world today stands Felix, the master sartorial artist of Paris.

More hearts palpitate at his verdicts than at those of Cupid, more slaves bow down to his dicta than to the decrees of Buddha, and more pilgrims visit his shrine than do Mahomet's.

Felix has studied fashion until he is a past master in the modiste's art. By some indefinable trick this master juggler with colors and fabrics can create combinations which puzzle artists and confuse chromatic experts. No one before commissioned as viceroy for the fickle goddess ever has developed such bold and artistic effects as Felix. A walk through his show rooms is an education in taste and design.

Empresses and noble women, who are accustomed to subservience from all others go to him to obey instead of command. His hat is law. His time is more precious than that of most monarchs, and his presence is inaccessible to all but a few.

FELIX, THE GREAT DRESSMAKER.

The art of a costumier like Felix is on a par with that of a Rossetti or a Burne Jones or a La Farge. It is the result of a sublime appreciation of the beautiful in form. His costumes and his bonnets are pictures and poems, the only drawback, unfortunately, being that they never can become classics. Such is the fate of his inimitable art.

In writing a special article upon "La Mode in the Twentieth Century," Felix has done an unprecedented thing, and his editorial on this all-important subject will be eagerly read by women everywhere.

Felix has just electrified Paris with his famous palace of costumes, which is one of the glories of the exposition.

Paris, Oct. 21.—I am very happy to give you my ideas upon a question that interests all elegant women both in Europe and America, Fashion in the Twentieth Century! To speak truly, fashion is almost what it was fifteen years ago. I mean by that that the year has not created a style truly new and original. Several dressmakers have endeavored to restore to favor the crinoline of olden times, but the good taste of women has shipwrecked these attempts. How much more suggestive in effect are the present styles which, while veiling the charms of women, permit one to guess audaciously what one does not see. To toilettes of silk and brocade, which do not lack a certain character, owing to their richness, have succeeded the delicious mastery of lace and mousseline, which have the characteristics of the fashions of today.

The form of the skirt has changed little since the robe fourreau I made for Sarah Bernhardt for her first trip to America and which met with such a great success. To speak truly, and that is always my principle, La Mode is a meaningless word. Every elegant woman should have a style for herself, and should not servilely follow that of the moment, and that is what I wished to show by my Palais du Costume which was the great success of the exposition. The dressmaker should be an artist as well as a tradesman, knowing how to select for each woman the style that suits her best, and not to impose upon her a fashion which does not suit her. Another characteristic of the present time is that the woman of today is more practical than formerly and, having become accustomed to the excessive cheapness of the department store, she does not care to spend as much on her toilette.

Some pretty costumes still are made in silk; but in wool, for instance, the tailor gown is a favorite because of its cheapness. That is the why, I may add, confidentially, in closing, I have the intention of transforming my house into a large store where the stylish woman will find at a price less extravagant than that of the specialists all the novelties that belong to her toilette, in gowns, lingerie, gloves etc. etc. I will not say anything further. This will be the great event of the season.

FELIX.

SUGAR IS NOW KING

Experiments Have Proven It to Be the Best Known Recuperator.

TESTS ON THE ARMY

French and German Rations Include Extra Allowances of Sugar Cubes.

Washington, Oct. 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Will the twentieth century man be a candy eater, instead of a tobacco chewer or smoker? Will he fly to the syrup bottle instead of the wine bottle for his supreme muscular and mental stimulus?

Such a condition of things is distinctly foreshadowed by the results of certain experiments which are being conducted in Washington.

The latest subject of scientific experiment is sugar. Tests already obtained show that this common domestic article possesses marvelous recuperative and stimulating properties. The war department is interested in experiments being made with a view to having sugar cubes form a part of the rations of troops to be used on forced marches and under circumstances calling for unusual display of endurance.

In France and Germany army rations already include extra allowances of sugar cubes under certain circumstances. The authorities here are already satisfied that sugar does possess hitherto unexpected properties and are also interested in experiments being made with its sister product dulcine with a view to seeing if a unity of the two will not produce yet better results. It is also considered desirable to find some more palatable form in which to present the saccharine than the ordinary cubes. It is probable that it will be put in some vehicle now used by confectioners, such as caramels or bonbons.

In the event of this being done we shall be presented with the unique spectacle of an army marching to victory braced up by the stimulating products of the humbly man instead of those of the canteen.

Tests of the effect of sugar upon the vitality are made by means of the ergograph and ergostat. In the case of the former the first experiment made by the scientists is a trial of the strength of the finger. The middle finger of the right hand is made to lift a weight and the degree of lifting force registered. Tests proved that after sugar had been eaten the lifting force increased.

Fuller tests are made on a man whose strength has been depleted by turning a heavy wheel. This the ergostat test. Immediate results in the shape of additional strength are observed after the man has been supplied with sugar and the ergostat invariably registers increased force. The experiments made thus far thoroughly corroborate the tests made by German and French military experts.

Scientists also are making tests to prove whether the saccharine element in the chocolate tablets furnished to the French troops is not the main source of the strength contained in them.

It is believed that the basis of the wonderful sustaining power of the coca bean is the sugar contained in it. One of the reasons for assuming this to be the case is that the same wonderful process of endurance displayed by the natives of South America are paralleled by the feats of the North American Indian. The South American Indian uses the coca bean, and his North American brother exhibits precisely the same increase of power, derived from merely sucking a piece of sugar cane. The inference is, therefore, that the sugar in the coca bean is the source of the South American Indian's extraordinary powers of endurance.

The government is expected to order a number of tests to be made with sugar independently of those which are being conducted in relation to the war department.

In the event of the tests proving satisfactory, the police department in some of the larger cities will make tests of the use of sugar in the various forms which it will be sent out in under direction of the authorities. It is expected that the most convincing results will be obtained from those tests. The plan of action suggested for adoption by the police will include athletic tests. They will be made especially upon men whose muscular training has been developed so that it can be tested to a very fine point by such exercises as throwing the hammer, jumping, running, and in the case where river police are employed, by rowing. For this purpose instruments are being made which will register the force of the muscular movements of the limbs.

Another department which has been selected for these trials is the postoffice, where specially definite results are expected. The routes of the postmen are so exactly measured that tests can be made systematically without any interference with the ordinary duties of the employees.

In case the idea is carried out it is proposed that men employed at the various life-saving stations along the coast also shall be subjected to similar experiments. The calls upon their powers of endurance are frequent and severe and they will make the most careful reports on the results disclosed.

It is proposed to make provision for supplying the participants in athletic contests with opportunities for experimenting with the use of saccharine products, such tests of endurance as those made in long distance bicycle runs being admirably adapted for the purpose.

The establishment of the facts already ascertained upon an exact basis will be a most important scientific feat, as the use of sugar may be found superior in all respects to that of alcohol or tobacco for stimulative and recuperative purposes.

The discovery will prove of the highest importance to the medical profession for, although it has always been known that sugar contains carbon hydrates its full usefulness as a recuperative may not have been thoroughly appreciated.

It will be established that candies are not, when pure, possessed of such pernicious attributes as has been assumed, and the tirades which have been launched by scientific mountebanks at the delectable taffy stick will have to be brushed aside with other cobwebs of the nineteenth century.

Doubtless the best girl will welcome such heterodox statements with as much delight as surprise and economically disposed papas will feel resentful over the disclosure.

HERBERT E. CLAMP.

quested will be published in these columns as soon will publish under a heading of "Answers to Inquiries."

Jambalaya—Prepare a fowl same as for stewing. Cover with hot water and let boil for five minutes; then place where it will just simmer for one hour. Add one cup rice, half a pound of lean ham, minced fine, a teaspoonful of salt and dash of paprika. Cook slowly until rice is tender and has absorbed all the liquor. Add more hot water if necessary, as rice must not get dry until done. Dish with the chicken in the center and rice for border.

ADDRESS

To the Voters By Representative Clergymen of the United States.

We, the undersigned ministers of the gospel, declare our deep conviction that the war against the Filipinos is not right. We regard it as a war of conquest and directly within Mr. McKinley's definition of "criminal aggression."

We refuse to accept the undemocratic conclusion that, because the American people can by might govern colonies, they ought to do so. We deny that either the president or congress may rightfully govern any man anywhere outside the protecting restraints of the constitution. We agree with Benjamin Franklin that neither the obtaining nor the retaining of any trade is an object for which men may justly shed each other's blood." We feel bound to withhold our approval of the immoral use of the public authority even to accomplish an assumed moral end.

We hold that what is immoral for men to do acting singly is immoral for them to do acting collectively as a nation. Each step in a course of action must on moral ground be one that is not to be tainted with immorality. No end can justify immoral means to secure it. It is too late in human history to question that in the sacred name of religion we may kill some men in order to convert those who survive. "Love, not force, was the weapon of the Nazarene; sacrifice for others, not exploitation of them, was the method of reaching the human heart."

We desire to see America exercise her influence as a "world power" in a new rather than in the old way. We view with grave apprehension the tendency to make her what other nations are. We desire to see her become the supreme moral factor in the world's progress. Any great and permanent increase of her military establishment, with the cultivation of the military spirit among us, will indicate moral deterioration.

Herbert S. Bigelow, Cincinnati.
Henry E. Barber, Meadville, Pa.
Thomas Scott Rae, Maryland.
William T. Brown, Rochester, N. Y.
William M. Brown, bishop of Arkansas.
Robert C. Bryant, Lisbon, N. H.
Ellison Capers, bishop of South Carolina.
Joseph H. Crooker, Ann Arbor, Mich.
Lewis J. Duncan, Milwaukee, Wis.
Quincy Ewing, Greenville, Miss.
John Faville, Peoria, Ill.
W. C. Gannett, Rochester, N. Y.
N. P. Gilman, Meadville, Pa.
Frank O. Hall, North Cambridge, Mass.
John M. Henderson, Gerlaw, Ill.
Jenkin Lloyd Jones, Chicago.
Louis George Landenberger, St. Louis.
Charles R. Brown, Oakland, Cal.
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E. Emery Lyon, Chicago.
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John F. Spalding, bishop of Colorado.
John Lancaster Spalding, bishop of Peoria.
J. T. Sunderland, Oakland, Cal.
J. L. Stern, Cumberland, Md.
William M. Salter, Chicago.
Hiram W. Thomas, Chicago.
Joseph Brown Turner, Dover, Del.
Gustavus Tuckerman, St. Louis.
Earl W. Wilber, Pennsylvania.
L. L. West, Winona, Minn.
Francis M. Whittle, bishop diocese of Virginia.
Albert A. Whitman, Atlanta, Ga.
H. M. Simmons, Minneapolis.

Largest Armor Plate.

What is probably the largest single armor plate is to be used in the construction of the battleship Wisconsin. The plate will become the port plate of a turret on the vessel, and is being cut at an angle instead of being the arc of a circle, the idea being to better deflect a shot. What the armor plate is to a battleship, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is to the stomach. It resists the attacks of constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, and prevents malaria, fever and ague. It will restore a weak stomach to normal conditions. Anyone troubled with the above ailments will do well to try the Bitters at once. For fifty years it has stood alone while its many imitators have fallen.

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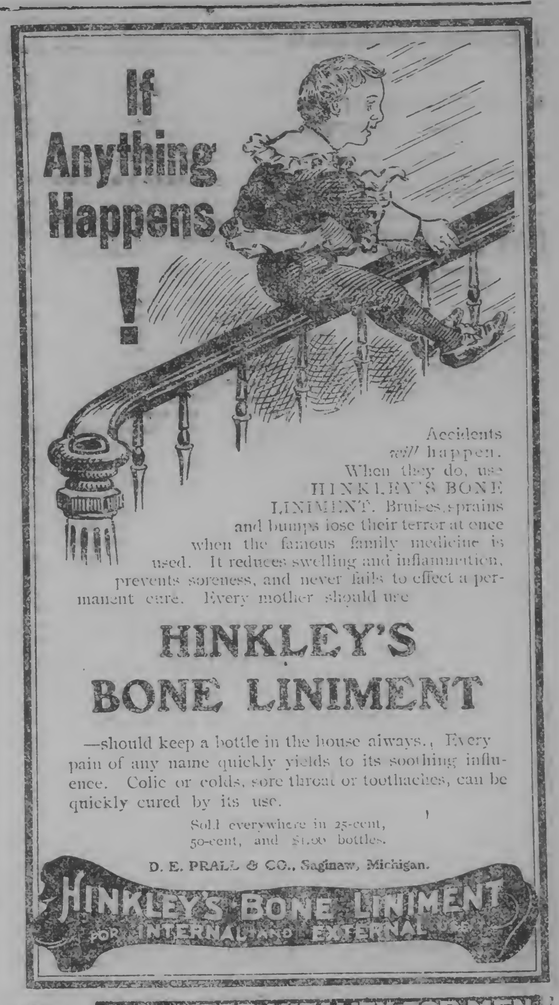

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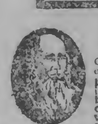

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MINDANAO NIGHT LIFE.

Surgeon McKenna, who has passed the last six months on the island of Mindanao, does not hesitate to maintain that the number of quadrupeds and insects enjoying existence in the moonlight of the tropics exceeds that of their daylight rivals; so much so, indeed, that whole species are represented only by nocturnal creatures, says the Indianapolis Press. Forests that remained as still as the grave under the glare of the vertical sun are all in an uproar within an hour after sunset.

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There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system, in a manner the patients cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits a ropy sediment will often be found and so medium particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark mottled appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

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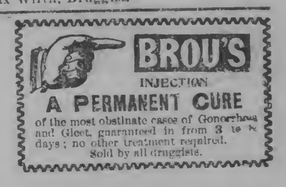

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STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.

District Court, 11th Judicial District.

SUMMONS.

Scott-Graff Lumber Company, a corporation,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Alice S. McKinley, John McKinley, Edward S. Farrell and William C. Turnbull, co-partners as Farrell & Turnbull,

Defendants.

State of Minnesota, to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the clerk of the above entitled court, and to file a copy of your answer in the office of said clerk of the above court, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to file your answer to the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

This action is brought for the foreclosure of a mechanics lien on real estate in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Attorneys for Plaintiff, Duluth, Minnesota.
301-2-3 First National Bank building.
Residence, 11 East Third street.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-26-Oct.-3-10-17-24-31.

nly Evening Paper in Duluth

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau. Synopsis of the weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Oct. 31.—The barometer is low over the Mississippi valley and the western lake region and Alberta, and high over New England states, Colorado, Utah and California. Light to heavy rains have fallen over New York, the Great Lakes and Mississippi valley regions and North Pacific states. The weather on Lake Superior continues rainy, with fresh winds, northwest at Duluth, but easterly at Port Arthur, Marquette and the Soo. Cooler weather prevails in districts lying between the Mississippi valey and Rocky Mountains, and warmer over Lake Superior, the Potomac valley and Rocky mountains.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	75	Medicine Hat	50
Battleford	48	Memphis	80
Bismarck	18	Miles City	42
Boston	74	Milwaukee	58
Buffalo	62	Minnedosa	48
Calgary	46	Montgomery	82
Cedar City	38	Moorhead	52
Charleston	72	New Orleans	82
Chicago	66	North Platte	52
Davenport	68	New York	64
Denver	36	Omaha	60
Detroit	68	Pittsburg	82
Dodge City	54	Port Arthur	50
Duluth	52	Portland	62
Edmonton	46	Qu' Appelle	30
El Paso	72	Rapid City	46
Escanaba	58	San Francisco	58
Galveston	82	Santa Fe	48
Green Bay	58	Shreveport	82
Havre	44	Spokane	46
Helena	42	St. Louis	80
Huron	54	St. Paul	58
Jacksonville	78	Sault Ste. Marie	54
Kamloops	44	Swift Current	42
Kansas City	74	Washington	72
Knoxville	76	Williston	48
La Crosse	64	Winnemucca	42
Los Angeles	74	Winnipeg	30
Marquette	54		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity. Rain and cooler tonight. Clearing and cooler Thursday. Brisk and possibly high westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—Forecasts: For Wisconsin—Rain tonight and Thursday. Probably snow by Thursday night.

For Minnesota—Threatening tonight and Thursday with rain east portion tonight. Cooler east portion tonight.

North and South Dakota—Fair tonight and Thursday.

Lake Superior—Brisk east to northeast winds. Rain tonight and Thursday.

Lake Michigan—Brisk southerly winds, probably shifting to northerly Thursday and possibly becoming high. Rain.

Lake Huron—Brisk to high southeast winds. Rain Thursday and probably tonight.

Census Figures and the Congress.

The census bureau has finally made public the figures showing the population of all the states and territories, some of the latter being estimated, however. The total is 76,295,220, of which 74,627,997 are contained in the forty-five states, representing approximately the population to be used for apportionment. This represents an increase of nearly 21 per cent in the population of the United States since 1890, which must be regarded by every one as a very satisfactory growth. The estimates ran all the way from 75,000,000 to 80,000,000, but most people regarded the latter figure as too high. Now that the exact figures are known, there is a basis for calculating what changes will be made in the size of congress or in the size of the congressional districts. Which shall be increased—the number of members of the house of representatives or the size of the congressional districts? The decision of this question is of vital interest to some members of congress. The general belief is that the basis of representation will be made 200,000, instead of 173,901, as at present. This will mean that the membership of the house will be reduced, and that some of the members will be legislated out of their positions. If the basis of representation be made 200,000 people, Minnesota will be entitled to eight members, instead of seven as at present.

Foreign to Our Institutions.

The Omaha World-Herald reprints an extract from a speech made in 1855 by Edward Everett on the Clayton-Bulwer treaty that is applicable to the paramount issue in this year's campaign. On that occasion he said: "It is the pride of military aggrandizement, the spirit of conquest that has purchased chains for Europe. It was this that brought Asia to the test in the morning of the world and has kept her seated in sack cloth and ashes ever since. This blasted Greece; this destroyed Rome. It was not a foreign enemy that laid the ax to the root of Rome's freedom; it was her own pro-consuls coming home after very successful wars of Asia, gorged with the gold of provinces. The spirit of military aggrandizement and conquest has done the same for Europe. Will they not do it here if we indulge them? Will they not give us vast standing armies, overshadowing navies, colossal military establishments, frightful expenditures, contracts, jobs and corruption, which it sickens the heart to contemplate? And how can our simple republican institutions, our elective magistracies, or annual or biennial choice of those who are to rule over us, unspirited by hereditary claims or pretorian guards be carried on under such influences?" As the Omaha paper points out, we have indulged in these things which Everett so deplored. At the very threshold of this indulgence the predictions of Everett have been verified. This indulgence gave us a vast standing army, which we are told must be largely increased. It gave us a "colossal military establishment, frightful expenditures, contracts, jobs and corruption, which it sickens the heart to contemplate," and men who are concerned for the welfare of the institutions of their country viewing this terrible array of un-Americanisms wonder if it will be possible for our simple republican institutions to be carried on under such influences.

RESPECTING THE TRUSTS.

Republican committees are circulating leaflets giving the vote in the house of representatives on the Republican proposition for an amendment to the constitution for the regulation and control of trusts and monopolies in the United States. The Democratic representatives in congress voted against this proposition practically as a unit. The Republicans are trying to make it appear that the Democrats in so voting defeated an attempt to destroy the trusts. But the reason for the Democratic attitude appears in section 2 of the proposed constitutional amendment, which says: "The several states may continue to exercise such power (namely, the power to regulate, define, prohibit or dissolve trusts), in any manner not in conflict with the laws of the United States." This is the "nigger in the wood pile." If this constitutional amendment were enacted and congress under the control of the party of monopoly and trusts, as it is today, should adopt an inefficient anti-trust law, as it did when it adopted the Sherman law, the states would be debarred from applying any remedies of their own. Today the inefficiencies of the Republican national administration can be corrected by the activity of states under Democratic control, notably Missouri and Texas. Under the Republican proposition the trusts would be absolutely safe so long as they could keep the Republican party in power at Washington.

That they would be safe as long as the present Republican leaders were in power is proven by the attitude of those leaders towards the trusts at the present time. Senator Mark Hanna said not long ago that there is not a single trust in the United States, and he repeated the assertion to a meeting of railroad men in Chicago, saying: "I want to say a little about trusts. Not much has been said about them, I suppose, because Mr. Bryan don't know anything about them. I said in a speech the other day that there were no trusts in the country, and got criticised in some of the papers. Now I want to make it a little stronger and say it again."

Senator Hanna is an intimate friend of the trust magnates. He is reputed to be a member of several trusts. He used his influence with the anthracite coal trust to patch up a temporary agreement with the miners because the strike might hurt McKinley's chances of re-election and the coal trust granted the request of its political friend and will expect favors in return. For the same reason, the trusts have paid Mr. Hanna's campaign assessments.

When asked if he favored the removal of the tariff duties on articles controlled by trusts Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican candidate for vice president, said he did not and the Republican congress would never repeal the duties. This would be an effective remedy for the trust evils, but the Republican leaders will not agree to its application. The removal of the customs duties would end the trusts monopolies and restore competition. The influential politicians who claim that there are no trusts or that the trusts are beneficial, and who themselves are heavy stockholders in such concerns, will never consent to the lowering of the tariff bars so that the American consumers may be rescued from the predatory trusts.

Some of the Republican leaders frankly say they are in favor of trusts. At the Roosevelt dinner in New York last Friday night, Senator Scott, of West Virginia, made this defense of the Standard Oil trust: "Rig it here I want to say I believe in trusts. They are a good thing. The Standard Oil company put in its lines to all the smaller towns where oil is produced, and if it was not for the Standard Oil company this prosperity that we have would not be there today." Senator Scott immediately recognized that he had made a faux pas, and standing up on his chair and pointing to the newspaper reporter over in the corner, said: "If that newspaper man puts that down I will make trouble for him." The only reporter present was I. I. Leveen, representing the New York City News bureau, who officially reported the remarks. This news bureau is strictly non-partisan, and its object is to gather only the facts. He was not scared by the West Virginia senator's threat and he fulfilled his duty as an honest and faithful reporter by correctly stating all that was said and all that happened. Senator Scott has not denied the story, and others who heard his remarks have confirmed it.

As Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, says, "Senator Scott's declaration is a frank avowal of the purposes of the Republican party if they should be successful in this campaign. While Mr. Hanna has been saying that 'there are no trusts, and that the laws against trusts were passed by the Republican party,' and the lesser lights have been asserting the Republicans early were opposed to trusts, Mr. Scott, when he supposed himself surrounded by trust magnates only, thought it well to express the deliberate purpose entertained by him and his associates. This seems to have been very kindly received by all his hearers, aroused no word of protest, no expression of dissent, but was doubtless appreciated by all. This declaration by a member of the Republican national committee, one of the responsible men in charge of the campaign in New York, will make it impossible for the Republicans any longer to conceal their real purpose, or even to make a decent pretense of doing so. It is now for the people to determine whether or not they propose to endorse, in addition to imperialism in the Republican party, their support of the trusts. Every man who now casts a Republican vote, does so with the full knowledge that the purpose of the leaders of the Republican party is to support and maintain the trusts, to foster and encourage them, because he is assured by the high authority of Mr. Scott that they are good things, and that the present prosperity is due to the Standard Oil company.

How can the people expect from a party with leaders entertaining those views, any honest action against the trusts?

A LARGE STANDING ARMY.

Mark Hanna is evidently worried by the army question. The people of the United States do not want a large standing army, but that and the policy of colonization or imperialism, or whatever you may style it, are inseparable. Mr. Hanna fears the verdict at the polls on this question and he is now trying to allay the apprehensions of the people who are unalterably opposed to militarism in any degree. With this object in view, he has caused a statement for the press to be issued by the Republican national committee. It is a specimen of rank mendacity. The committee had already declared that the president in December, 1898, asked congress for a "temporary increase" of the regular army. Mr. Root's idea that the president really asked for a "reduction" of the army now strikes the committee as peculiarly brilliant. "Reduction" sounds better than "temporary increase." It is a lie, but apparently the moral law is suspended at headquarters during the last two weeks of the campaign. So Mr. Hanna's committee bursts into print again with the statement: "Secretary Root recently called attention to the fact that in the fall of 1898, when President McKinley recommended the retention of 100,000 men in the army, he was arguing for a decrease and not an increase." It is worth while to repeat that the president did not recommend "the retention" of 100,000 men, and that he did not argue for a "decrease." On the contrary, in his annual message of Dec. 5, 1898, four months after the close of the war with Spain, he asked for a permanent increase of the army to 100,000 men.

The secretary of war in his annual report said:

"It is earnestly recommended that the regular army be permanently increased to 100,000 men and the requisite officers."

And the president in his message said:

"The importance of legislation for the permanent increase of the army is manifest, and the recommendations of the secretary of war for that purpose has my unqualified approval."

The Republican house passed a bill embodying this recommendation. The Democrats in the senate opposed this permanent increase, and with the anti-imperialist votes forced the adoption of Senator Cockrell's bill limiting the enlistment of 37,000 volunteers to two years, and providing that the regular army shall revert to its former size (27,000) on the same date—July 1, 1901.

A regular standing army of 100,000 was the Republican imperialist program before the outbreak of any hostilities in the Philippines. It is the Republican program today. The string of falsehoods emanating from the Republican national committee indicates that Mr. Bryan has fought the administration party to its knees on the army question. Instead of defending the "permanent increase" of the regular army to 100,000, proposed by the president nearly two years ago, and as they ought to do if the increase is necessary and wholesome, the Republican managers have resorted to wholesale lying to cover up the actual record.

There is no reason why the burden of a large standing army should be placed on the American people. Every thousand men—that is the strength of a regiment—cost $1,000,000 per annum. If the army is raised to 100,000 men it will add to the expense of the war department, in profound peace, $100,000,000 per annum. Are people anxious to carry this huge burden? Is it just to impose this tax on the people that an aristocratic specialty may be built up? Is it good sense to take 75,000 men from active employment and make them wasteful consumers? Would it not be better that those men should become producers, and at the same time larger consumers, honoring the walks of civil life and adding to the wealth and dignity of the country?

News from the war department, obtained by a Republican organ, the Chicago Tribune, and published a little over a week ago, said that the department's estimates were being prepared on the basis of a permanent regular army of 100,000 soldiers.

Thus it is evident that the re-election of President McKinley and a Republican congress would result in a standing army of 100,000 men, unless a sufficient number of the Republican representatives agreed not to vote for such a measure. Will Page Morris place himself on record on this question? Will he agree to vote against a permanent increase of the army? The Herald challenges him to a fair and square, unequivocal answer to this question.

Republicans are circulating a card among railroad men intended to show the great prosperity which has been brought to the railroad worker under the Republican administration. It prints in large type these figures showing the contrast in the number of railroad men employed and the gross amount of their wages in the years 1895 and 1899:

1895	785,024	$445,505,261
1899	928,924	522,967,896

But if these figures be examined closely it will be found that while a larger number of men was employed, supposing the Republicans' statistics to be correct, the rate of wages fell, taking their own figures, from $568 to about $562 per man, a curious commentary upon some of Carroll D. Wright's statistics of increasing pay.

Lieut. Commander Wainwright's order in regard to hazing at Annapolis is clear and emphatic. He says: "The sentiment of the country is against hazing. The law against it is explicit. While the immorality of hazing in its milder forms may not be evident to all, the fact that it has frequently led to brutality, cowardice and lying is manifest. Investigations by officers and members of courts have frequently met with such denials or convenient forgetfulness or ignorance as to throw a stain upon the character of many cadet witnesses. Sailing close to the wind in matters of testimony is not compatible with the character of an officer, whose first requirement is that he be a gentleman."

A lately deceased New York millionaire, Samuel M. Pingle, left a fund with which to provide a home for indigent ex-millionaires. He had been in that "fix" himself, but was plucky and lucky enough to climb up the financial ladder again, and he had a soft spot in his heart for men who had once been rich, but had afterwards been broken on the wheel of fortune. The trustee of the fund has purchased an historic mansion on the Hudson where hereafter men who have made big fortunes and lost them can retire, and dream of the pranks played upon them by the fickle goddess whom they once courted so assiduously.

The Topeka State Journal well says that the question as to what kind of coin Mr. Bryan would use in paying the public debt seems inopportune. Nobody is paying the public debt at present nor is anybody likely to do so for some years to come. He has said what he will do about the Philippines and the trusts, is not that enough for any voter who is yet undecided as to how he will cast his ballot?

Says the St. Paul Pioneer Press: "How is this about Bryan and Towne casting an anchor to windward by preparing to exploit the mineral treasures of the Philippines?" Nothing at all—only another Pioneer Press falsehood for campaign purposes, like its equally false statement that Governor Lind recently said the American soldiers fighting the Filipinos should be hanged.

Says the Cincinnati Enquirer: "Gen. Harrison may vote, but he will not make a speech, and he will not stand at the polls at his precinct in Indianapolis on election day. The man who is probably the greatest leader the Republican party has had since the civil war will count for bare one for his party on Tuesday of next week."

The sugar trust is using the Porto Rican tariff, so kindly adopted by the Republican congress and president, to bankrupt the sugar planters of the island, buy in their plantations for a song, devote them to the raising of sugar by pauper labor and sell their product to American consumers at extortionate prices. Yet Page Morris says the sugar trust did not want the tariff.

Grover Cleveland says he has been again misquoted and misrepresented, but if he would speak out plainly when he says anything at all, instead of being so mysterious and obscure, he might not be pestered so much. His veiled and misty language is a sufficient temptation to reporters to pad it with presumptions, and clarify it with conclusions.

Miss Mildred Holland, the actress, proposes to present every dramatic critic in the country with a year's accident insurance policy good for $100. They don't need it, says the Kansas City Times. The political reporters and banquet reporters are the boys who require that sort of protection.

Signor Cisneros declares if the government of intervention does not keep its promises the Cubans will fight for their liberties. It is plain, the senor thinks, in the event of McKinley's election the Cubans are likely to be Filipinoed. And why should he not reach that conclusion?

Bar silver to the value of $20,000,000 has been purchased by India for coinage purposes during the current year. The profit to the government resulting from the transaction has been $1,500,000. All this has taken place in a gold standard country.

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch thinks that Professor Triggs' opinion that Rockefeller is greater than Shakespeare is suggestive of what Shakespeare might have written of such a character as Rockefeller.

Grover Cleveland denies having said it looks like a landslide for Bryan, but there are a good many people who believe he would have come close to the truth if he had said it.

If, as the Republican committee claims, New York is safe for McKinley, why is it necessary for Roosevelt to make a show of himself?

Somebody is going to be awfully surprised on the morning of Nov. 7.

JUST FOR FUN.

Washington Star: "When you gambles," said Uncle Eben, "it makes a heap o' difference wif de police whether de crowd is collected to shoot craps or bet on de election."

Indianapolis Press: "Did you hear about Jones? He went down to the tax office and kicked because they had not assessed him high enough."

"Great Scott!! And I came near lending him money last week! What a narrow escape!"

Detroit Journal: "I just now saw her get off a car facing forward."

"Yes, she affects an extremely masculine air, in public."

Pittsburg Chronicle: "Judge Blizzard has resigned," said the Observant Boarder, who was reading the news from West Virginia.

"Well, I told you the other day that the signs indicated a mild winter," added the Cross-Eyed Boarder.

Chicago Tribune: "How does it happen?" asked the aged statesman, jeeringly, "that you are not in the Hall of Fame? Surely you have been dead long enough?"

But Liberty merely yawned and said:

"Yest, you make me excessively tired. Ring off!"

Detroit Free Press: She—Did you tell Mr. Luggs my hair was red?

He—I did not.

She—He says you did.

He—I did nothing of the kind. He asked me and I told him it was the color of a popular novel.

Philadelphia Press: "Congratulations, old man!"

"What for?"

"Oh, don't be hypocritical. Joakley tells me your rich old uncle died last week."

"Joakley thinks he's funny. A pretty young widow moved in next door to my uncle, and he's dyed his hair and mustache."

THE UNCONQUERABLE SPIRIT.

Springfield, Mass., Republican: How do our imperialists explain the continuance, it might be said the revival, of fighting in South Africa? The Boers have just wiped out a British garrison and captured Jacobsdal, within a few miles of Kimberley. Yet the British elections are over and the news of the overwhelming Salisbury-Chamberlain victory at the polls is now known from Cape Town to the Zambesi.

Mr. Chamberlain said on the stump, in his bitterest style, that every vote for a Liberal was a vote for the Boers, that Boer hopes rested entirely on the success of the liberals in overturning the government at home. Presto! The government wins, yet the Boers fight on regardless of the tides in British politics. Now this is not in accord with the rules of the game, as proclaimed by high imperialist authority. The Boers by this time should have surrendered, every one, or gone meekly to their homes. London's "smart society" is vexed and muttered demands are going up to the premier's office to replace Lord Roberts with the "cold blooded" Kitchener, who could be depended upon to suppress this "lawlessness" in "our new possessions."

Professor Dean C. Worcester of the Taft commission writes home from Manilla in exactly the same vein that Mr. Chamberlain employed on the stump. The Filipinos, he says, rest their hopes upon Bryan's election and all their resistance is now due to his political program and prospects. How does Professor Worcester explain the continued struggle by the Boers? Yet, to his mind, the Filipinos resist solely because of Bryan.

Professor Worcester and his fellows in the business of conquest ought to read what Professor Moses, another member of the Taft commission, has written about a forgotten race that the Spaniards tried to conquer in Chili three centuries ago. In his "Spanish Rule in America," Professor Moses presents a picture of the 100 years' war which the Araucanians successfully waged in defense of their liberties. Molina, the historian of Chili, wrote of the Araucanian that he was "invincible," that "he cannot be made to submit to the bitterest reverses of fortune. His losses themselves, so far from dejecting or dismaying him, appear to inspire him with more strength and valor." After trying for forty years to conquer them the Spanish governor-general tried in an interview to impress upon the Araucanians the great power of the king of Spain. And the ambassador of the Araucanians replied:

We are not ignorant of the power of your prince, which extends from east to west. But we are not to be despised, for although we are a small people, we have nevertheless hitherto resisted his immense power. Your ideas respecting peace are very different from ours. By peace we understand an entire cessation of hostilities, which is to be followed by a complete renunciation on your part of any pretended right of control over us, and the restoration of all those lands which you have occupied in our territories. You, on the contrary, under that name, seek to subject us, to which we will never consent while we have a drop of blood left in our veins.

Perhaps the spirit of the Araucanians still lives in some of these "small peoples" around the world. It may be that the Boers have it—they act as if they had. It may be that the Filipinos have it—the future will show.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: One touch of nature takes the whole world in.

A man's feet make his shoes; a woman's shoes make her feet.

When a girl is really in love her nose turns cold whenever she passes him.

A man died a few years ago and accused the devil of inventing the "salad sandwich," and he hasn't let up on him yet.

The women allow themselves lots of privileges. They will get themselves photographed with low-cut dresses on and no sleeves, but a man can't even have his picture taken in his dress suit.

McKinley vs. Hoar

President Answered By a Republican Senator In the Philippine Controversy.

Nobody who will avail himself of the facts will longer hold that there was an alliance between our soldiers and the insurgents, or that any promise of independence was made to them.—Mr. McKinley's Letter of Acceptance.

We formed an alliance with Aguinaldo; our general wrote to him an official letter asking his co-operation. Admiral Dewey denies, with some indignation, that he said the things which Aguinaldo relies on as forming an alliance, but the military commanders do not deny it; they confess it; they reported it to the department of war and to the president. Twice did the commanding generals representing the United States give express assurance to that effect by their own confession.—Mr. Hoar's Speech in the Senate.

WHO BEGAN HOSTILITIES?

It has been asserted that there would have been no fighting in the Philippines if congress had declared its purpose to give independence to the Tagal insurgents. The insurgents did not wait for the action of congress. They assumed the offensive, they opened fire on our army.—Mr. McKinley.

The president's proclamation claiming sovereignty and ordering Otis to enforce it had been made public. Aguinaldo had met it by a counter proclamation declaring that if there were any attack made upon the Viscayas he and his people would fight. * * * The words justice, freedom, righteousness seemed to be disappearing from our vocabulary. Then, after the capture of Manilla, when Gen. Otis had declared that not more than 5000 soldiers would be necessary to keep the peace in that entire archipelago of 1200 islands, they saw we were hurrying over reinforcements and increasing our naval and our military strength. Then came the tone of demand and of authority. Our generals were demanding with unconcealed threats the contraction of their lines and the expansion of ours.—Mr. Hoar.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR BLOODSHED?

Their unprovoked assault upon our soldiers at a time when the senate was deliberating upon the treaty shows that no action on our part except surrender and abandonment would have prevented the fighting, and leaves no doubt in any fair mind of where the responsibility rests for the shedding of American blood.—Mr. McKinley.

If we had dealt with them in the treaty of peace as we dealt with Cuba, there would have been no war.

If we had not hurried reinforcements to Manilla, both of ships and of men, strengthening the forces of our army and navy there after Spain had yielded, there would have been no war.

If the urgent request of Agulnaldo, after the outbreak of the 5th of February, that hostilities might cease had not been met by the declaration of Otis that "fighting must go on," there would have been no war.

If Agulnaldo's offer to withdraw his troops and make a wider belt between the two armies had been met in a like spirit, there would have been no war. If senators had not been talking about holding on to all they could get, about making money out of their great act of liberation, about keeping from the people of these islands their liberty and their independence, for purposes of gain and trade, there would have been no war.—Mr. Hoar.

OUR RIGHT TO GOVERN THE FILIPINOS.

It is our purpose to establish in the Philippines a government suitable to the wants and conditions of the inhabitants and to prepare them for self-government, and to give them self-government when they are ready for it and as rapidly as they are ready for it. That I am aiming to do under my constitutional authority, and will continue to do until congress shall determine the political status of the inhabitants of the archipelago.—Mr. McKinley.

Our Imperialistic friends seem to have forgotten the use of the vocabulary of liberty. They talk about giving good government. "We shall give them such a government as we think they are fitted for." "We shall give them a better government than they had before." Why, Mr. President, that one phrase conveys to a free man and a free people the most stinging of insults. In that little phrase, as a seed, is contained the germ of all despotism and of tyranny. Government is not a gift. Free government is not to be given by all the blended powers of earth and heaven. It is a birthright. It belongs, as our fathers said, and their children said, as Jefferson said and as President McKinley said, to human nature itself. There can be no good government but self-government.—Mr. Hoar.

OUR TITLE TO THE PHILIPPINES.

Our title is good. Our peace commissioners believed they were receiving a good title when they concluded the treaty. The executive believed it was a good title when he submitted it to the senate of the United States for its ratification. The senate believed it was a good title when they gave it their constitutional assent, and the congress seems not to have doubted its completeness when they appropriated $20,000,000 provided by the treaty. If any one who favored its ratification believed it gave us a bad title they were not sincere. Our title is practically identical with that under which we hold our territory acquired since the beginning of the government and under which have exercised full sovereignty and established government for the inhabitants.—Mr. McKinley.

When hostilities broke out, Feb. 5, 1899, we had no occupancy of and no title of any kind to any portion of the Philippine territory, except the town and bay of Manila. Everything else was in the peaceful possession of the inhabitants. In such a condition of things, Mr. President, international law speaks to us with its awful mandate. It pronounces your proposed action sheer usurpation and robbery. You have no better title, according to the law of nations, to reduce this people to subjugation than you have to subjugate Mexico, Hatai or Belgium or Switzerland. This is the settled doctrine, as declared by our own great masters of jurisprudence. You have no right, according to the law of nations, to obtain by purchase or acquisition sovereignty over a people which is not actually exercised by the country which undertakes to convey it or yield it.—Mr. Hoar.

REGARDING OUR MOTIVES.

This shows to my countrymen what has been and is being done to bring the benefits of liberty and good government to the people of the Philippines. Every effort has been directed to their peace and prosperity, their advancement and well being, not for trade or commerce, not for exploitation, but for humanity and civilization and for the protection of the vast majority of the population who welcome our sovereignty against the designing minority whose first demand after the surrender of Manilla by the Spanish army was to enter the city that they might loot it and destroy those not in sympathy with their selfish and treacherous designs.—Mr. McKinley.

Now, what kind of Americanism, what kind of love of liberty is it to say that we are to turn our guns on that patriot people, and wrest from them the freedom that was almost within their grasp, and hold these islands for our own purposes in subjection and by right of conquest, because the American flag ought not to be hauled down where it has once floated, or for the baser and viler motive still that we can make a few dollars a year out of their trade? Mr. President, that is the doctrine of purest ruffianism and tyranny. There is nothing of the Declaration of Independence therein. There is nothing of the constitution of the United States in it. There is nothing of the fathers in it. There is nothing of George Washington in it or of Thomas Jefferson. There is nothing in it of the old Virginia, or of the old South Carolina, or of the old Massachusetts.—Mr. Hoar.

RAILROAD TAXATION.

What Was Lost By Republican Defeat of Gross Earnings Bill.

Were railroads in Minnesota taxed as in Iowa and Wisconsin, they would pay one-fourth higher taxes than now.

Were they taxed as high in proportion to earnings as in Illinois, Minnesota railways would pay double their present taxes.

Were they taxed as high in proportion to earnings in New York, the taxes of Minnesota railways would be increased over 150 per cent.

WERE THEY TAXED IN MINNESOTA AS IN MASSACHUSETTS, THE REVENUE FROM RAILWAYS IN THIS STATE WOULD INCREASE OVER 200 PER CENT.

Were railroads taxed as other property, and paid the usual rate on 50 per cent of market value, their taxes in this state would treble.

AND YET A REPUBLICAN LEGISLATURE WITH AN OVERWHELMING MAJORITY WHICH HAD ABSOLUTE POWER TO PASS OR DEFEAT ANY BILL—THE SENATE STANDING 41 REPUBLICANS TO 16 DEMOCRATS AND POPULISTS — PERSISTENTLY AND DELIBERATELY FOUGHT AND KILLED A BILL TO RAISE THE GROSS EARNINGS TAX ON RAILROADS ONLY 25 PER CENT.

From Jan. 1 to April 12, the almost united voice of the people and press of the state had thundered for the passage of the bill. Governor Lind in his inaugural message had urged the measure as "imperatively necessary," and supported his plea with law and facts. The official reports of the state auditor and of the railroad and warehouse commission yielded statistics which were incontrovertible. The state constitution demanded equal taxation, and the statistics showed that other property owners paid three times the taxes, in proportion to value, that the railroads paid. But a Republican senate, in defiance of the guaranty of the constitution which the senators had sworn to support and in defiance of the will of the constituents they were elected to represent, voted down a bill to simply submit to the people the proposition to raise the railway tax rate a slight degree in the direction of just and equal taxation.

A Ballad of Halloween.

All night the wild wind on the heath
Whistled its song of vague alarms;
The poplars tossed their naked arms
All night in some mad dance of death.

Mignon Isa hath left her bed
And bared her shoulders to the blast;
The long procession of the dead
Stared at her as it passed.

"Oh, there, methinks, my mother smiled,
And there my father walks forlorn,
And there the little nameless child
That was the parish scorn.

"And there my olden comrades move,
And there my sister smiles apart,
But nowhere is the fair, false love
That broke my loving heart.

"Oh, false in life, oh, false in death,
Wherever thy mad spirit be,
Could it not come this night," she saith,
"To keep a tryst with me?"

Mignon Isa hath turned alone;
Bitter the rain and long the years;
The moonlight on the cold gravestone
Was warmer than her tears.

All night the wild wind on the heath
Whistled its song of vague alarms;
The poplars tossed their naked arms
All night in some mad dance of death.

—Smart Set.

Delighted!

Many people who attended the

Piano Sale

And bought at $128 Pianos that are usually sold at $350. I have a number of bargains left, as follows—

Decker Brothers Upright	$175
Vose & Sons Upright	$160
Chickering Upright	$265
Fischer For	$75

Monthly Payments.
Open Evenings.

Geo. W. Tietz,
28-30 W. Superior St.
Over The Fair.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Friday, November 2nd.
"There ain't no sense in doin' nuthin' for nobody what won't do nuthin' for you."
J. R. Sterling Presents the Dramatic Comedy Success of the Season,
Rose Melville
in Sis Hopkins the Pastoral Comedy Hit.
Second season, revised and reconstructed. Large Company. Special Scenery. Catchy Music. Clever Specialties, including the Famous Snakentine Dance.
Prices, 25c, 50c and 75c

Maccabee (HUNTER BLOCK) Hall
"Maccabee Carnival" **Tonight!**
Meals served noon and evening by the ladies. Big time tonight.

Sixth Avenue Theater Tonight!
(Formerly Turner Hall.)
Andrew McPhee's Big Company
"The Rev. Arthur Medway."
Prices—10c, 20c and 30c.
Last performance tonight.

Reservation of Seats
For Season Tickets
Star Lecture Course,
at First M. E. Church,
Saturday, Nov. 3d, at 1:30 P. M.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT!
"Burton's Big Variety Company."
Three Hours of Fun. Don't miss it this week.

W. A. SCOTT, Pres. Duluth, Minn. R. L. McCORMICK, Vice Pres. Hayward, Wis. A. D. GOODMAN, Sec. & Treas. Duluth, Minn.

DULUTH UNIVERSAL MILL CO. 196 DULUTH UNIVERSAL PATENT DULUTH, MINN.

Duluth Universal Flour.
We have just completed our new up-to-date mill. Mr. Scott is going to make a most excellent grade of flour. It is our intention to run this mill constantly, and we believe, if the people of Duluth and vicinity will give us a fair portion of their trade, we will be able to do so. All grocers in Duluth will sell this flour. Ask them for it.

Duluth Universal Mill Co.
AN INDEPENDENT MILL.

Miraculous Cure by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have effected cures in cases of Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Rheumatism, Scrofula and other serious diseases of the Blood and Nerves, when all other means known to the medical profession have been tried and failed; they have saved many who were on the brink of Consumption, and have restored to the helpless invalid the full use of limbs long had long been powerless. That such wonders have been performed by this great life-giving medicine is the best guarantee that it will not disappoint when used for simpler ailments.

At all druggists or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., postpaid on receipt of price 50 cts. per box, six boxes $2.50.

Richard D. Creech, of 1062 Second Street, Appleton, Wis., says: "Our son Willard was absolutely helpless. His lower limbs were paralyzed, and when we used electricity he could not feel it below his hips. Finally my mother, who lives in Canada, wrote advising the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I bought some. This was when our boy had been on a stretcher for an entire year and helpless for nine months. In six weeks after taking the pills we noted signs of vitality in his legs, and in four months he was able to go to school. It was nothing else in the world that saved the boy than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."—*From the Crescent, Appleton, Wis.*

FIERCE FIGHT.

Game Nine Messenger Successfully Defends Cash Against Band of Robbers.

[illegible]

TO THE WOMEN.

Helen Gougar Expresses a Few Thoughts on the Political Contest.

An address to the women of the United States.

Greeting: A great national political contest is at hand. On the 6th of November the people of the United States will decide by the ballot box on national issues affecting the weal or woe of the nation. There are great issues involved in the contest, issues which should be considered in the receding, not the season of excitement on election days. William McKinley, the present incumbent of the presidential chair, is asking for re-election and consequent endorsement of his official actions for the past three and one-half years. We know what he will do in the future by what he has done in the past. Behold what he has made sacred assaults upon the purity, peace and prosperity of Christian home life of our people. I ask that all women, regardless of party, work, pray and vote for his retirement from office. In the Suez treaty he has not only disregarded the written laws of the land by violating the constitution, but he has, with amazing immorality, raised the American flag in protest to tyranny and accomplished by compulsion the taxing of a people who must consider the rights of women in both the state in which their game is killed and in that to which it is shipped. Further confusion results from diversity in holding sessions. In some laws the open seasons, in others the closed, are stated, and in these documents may be found all possible variations of division and exclusive dates named. Again, exceptions are granted upon expressions to such a degree as to obscure the intent of the law.

The close season in California for most game is from Oct. 15 to July 15; for canada deer, fawn, elk, antelope, mountain sheep, at all times; valley quail, pheasants, partridge, wild turkey, August 15 to Oct. 1; mourning quail, Dec. 15 to Sept. 1.

In Minnesota the close season for deer is kept five twenty days in November; is from Nov. 21-Nov. 1; moose and caribou with antlers except five days, Nov. 5-10; from Nov. 10 to Nov. 5; moose and caribou, without antlers, at all times; quail, partridges, ruffed grouse (pheasants), Dec. 1-Oct. 1; sharp-tailed, white-breasted grouse, pinnated grouse, prairie chicken, turtle dove, snipe, Nov. 1-Sept. 1; pheasants (Chinese, English, Mongolian), until Sept. 1, 1901; woodcock, upland plover, Oct. 31-July 4; wild duck, goose, brant, or any aquatic fowl, Jan. 1-Sept. 1.

Pennsylvania's close season for deer, elk, is Dec. 1-Nov. 1; for squirrel, black, gray or fox, Dec. 16-Oct. 15; hare, rabbit, Dec. 16-Nov. 1; quail, partridge, pheasant, prairie chicken, pheasant, wild turkey, Dec. 16-Oct. 15; pheasants (Chinese, English, Mongolian), until May 31, 1902; woodcock, Dec. 16-July 1, and Aug. 1-Oct. 15; upland or grass plover, Jan. 1-July 15; rail, reedbird, Dec. 1-Sept. 1; and wood-duck, wild fowl, May 1-Sept. 1.

Tennessee has a close season for deer from Nov. 1-Oct. 1; quail, partridge, ruffed grouse, prairie chicken, pheasant, English, Mongolian, or Chinese, pinnated grouse, any introduced game birds or game birds at all times, good on Washington and Kent counties only, March 1-Oct. 1; partridge, grouse, prairie chicken, etc., less pheasants, Dec. 1-Aug. 1; mourning dove, Dec. 1-July 15; snipe, duck, wild goose, swan, April 1-Sept. 1; and Dec. 15-March 1.

In Michigan the close season for deer is kept special dates, protected at all times; Dec. 15-Sept. 1; moose, elk, caribou, antelope, mountain sheep, mountain goat, Nov. 1-Sept. 1; bobwhite, California quail, mountain quail, Oriental pheasants, grouse, Chinese, copper, golden, Mongolian, ring-necked, silvery, until Oct. 15, 1901; partridge, grouse, prairie hen, native pheasant, ptarmigan, Dec. 1-Aug. 15; prairie chicken, introduced in Kitties and Kalkaska counties, Dec. 1-Oct. 1, 1901; Dec. 1-Aug. 15; plover, rail, sandhill crane, mallard, redhead, teal, canvas back, wood duck, spoonbill, gray or black duck, spirited or other wild duck, swan or other game or water fowl, March 1-Aug. 15.

Under section 1 of the Lacey act every package containing game animals or birds, when shipped to interstate commerce, must be clearly marked, so as to show the name and address of the shipper and the nature of the contents. Railroad and express companies should call the attention of their agents to this provision, and insist that all packages must be properly marked here before shipment. Packing or marking shipments of game in such a way as to conceal or obscure the nature of the contents of the package may be considered an evasion of the act, the penalty for which is the same as for violation. Recently a state law of Wisconsin a fine of $25 is provided for false marking of packages containing game.

In some states the prohibition against export is so broad as to include not only dead game, but also live animals and birds intended for propagation. Legislation aimed directly at the sale of live game for such purposes is found in at least one state, Montana, which declares that any person who shall willfully catch, trap or otherwise restrain for the purpose of sale or domestication, or any other purpose, any buffalo, elk, moose or mountain sheep, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Delaware, North Carolina and Tennessee have stringent laws prohibiting the export of quail, dead or alive, out of the state. Such laws may sometimes interfere seriously with efforts to obtain birds for restocking depleted coverts, and seem to be unnecessarily severe.

Twenty-eight states prohibit trade in certain game. This traffic is of two kinds: sale of game or market traffic, and killing of game for sale, or market hunting. Killing for sale is prohibited in Alabama, Indiana, Iowa, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Wyoming, and some of the counties of Maryland. In Kansas, Colorado, Idaho and Montana the sale of all game protected by the state law is prohibited. In Arizona big game and wild turkeys, and in Washington all big game, and all upland game are subject to the same restriction. Hides of deer and other big game can not be lawfully sold in Arizona, California, Florida, Idaho, New Mexico, Oregon, Texas, Washington, or Wyoming. Under the state laws of Illinois, New Mexico and Pennsylvania certain game killed within the state can not be sold at any time, but the sale of the same kind of game imported from other states is permitted at certain seasons.

In the majority of states possession, transportation or sale of game during the close season is illegal.

Doves are protected in a number of states, and birds other than game practically throughout the United States at all seasons. In some of the states certain facts are declared to constitute conclusive evidence of violation of law. Among these may be mentioned possession of game out of season in Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, New York, Oregon, Utah, Washington and in receipt of game for shipment in Connecticut, Ohio, South Dakota, Vermont and West Virginia.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

FEDERAL GAME LAW

Prohibits Shipments of Birds Killed in Violation of State Laws.

DETAILS OF THE LAW

Shippers and Game Dealers Now Find Themselves Inadventually Breaking It.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Oct. 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The act of Congress, approved May 25, 1900, has given new interest to the restrictions imposed by the various states for the protection of game. This act supplements existing state laws by prohibiting the shipment from one state to another of birds killed in violation of local laws, and by subjecting birds brought into a state to the same restrictions as those possessed for birds produced within the state. A knowledge of local laws is, therefore, essential to intelligent observance of the requirements of the federal laws.

The need of a brief compilation is shown by the fact that shippers, transportation companies, and game dealers sometimes find themselves in the position of inadvertently violating laws with the provisions of which they are unfamiliar and the requirements of which they have no ready means of ascertaining.

Violations of law based on the killing of game may be grouped under three heads: (1), Manner of capture; (2), time of capture, and (3), object of capture. Under the first head may be included prohibitions against pursuing deer with hounds, netting quail, killing birds before sunrise and after sunset, killing wild fowl with swivel guns, or pursuing them with steam launches, similar regulations which are so common and so similar in their restriction that a detailed statement is unnecessary.

Under the second head comes close seasons, affording protection for terms of years and certain days against killing on certain days of the week. Immediately under the third head are those which make it unlawful to kill game on decoys, or capture birds alive, or to ship game beyond the limits of the county or state.

No question in game protection is more important than that of the seasons during which birds and animals shall be protected, yet, strange to say, there is none in which state game laws show greater diversity, and none in which they are more subject to change. Even the laws of adjacent states show little uniformity in this respect, and in some states changes in game seasons are made at nearly every legislative session. This lack of uniformity often defeats the purpose of provisions intended to afford a game opportunity to recuperate. It also introduces needless confusion and makes compliance with the provisions of the federal law difficult for shippers and game dealers, who must consider the close seasons in both the state in which their game is killed and in that to which it is shipped. Further confusion results from diversity in holding sessions. In some laws the open seasons, in others the closed, are stated, and in these documents may be found all possible variations of division and exclusive dates named. Again, exceptions are granted upon expressions to such a degree as to obscure the intent of the law.

The close season in California for most game is from Oct. 15 to July 15; for canada deer, fawn, elk, antelope, mountain sheep, at all times; valley quail, pheasants, partridge, wild turkey, August 15 to Oct. 1; mourning quail, Dec. 15 to Sept. 1.

In Minnesota the close season for deer is kept five twenty days in November; is from Nov. 21-Nov. 1; moose and caribou with antlers except five days, Nov. 5-10; from Nov. 10 to Nov. 5; moose and caribou, without antlers, at all times; quail, partridges, ruffed grouse (pheasants), Dec. 1-Oct. 1; sharp-tailed, white-breasted grouse, pinnated grouse, prairie chicken, turtle dove, snipe, Nov. 1-Sept. 1; pheasants (Chinese, English, Mongolian), until Sept. 1, 1901; woodcock, upland plover, Oct. 31-July 4; wild duck, goose, brant, or any aquatic fowl, Jan. 1-Sept. 1.

Pennsylvania's close season for deer, elk, is Dec. 1-Nov. 1; for squirrel, black, gray or fox, Dec. 16-Oct. 15; hare, rabbit, Dec. 16-Nov. 1; quail, partridge, pheasant, prairie chicken, pheasant, wild turkey, Dec. 16-Oct. 15; pheasants (Chinese, English, Mongolian), until May 31, 1902; woodcock, Dec. 16-July 1, and Aug. 1-Oct. 15; upland or grass plover, Jan. 1-July 15; rail, reedbird, Dec. 1-Sept. 1; and wood-duck, wild fowl, May 1-Sept. 1.

Tennessee has a close season for deer from Nov. 1-Oct. 1; quail, partridge, ruffed grouse, prairie chicken, pheasant, English, Mongolian, or Chinese, pinnated grouse, any introduced or game birds or game birds at all times, good on Washington and Kent counties only, March 1-Oct. 1; partridge, grouse, prairie chicken, etc., less pheasants, Dec. 1-Aug. 1; mourning dove, Dec. 1-July 15; snipe, duck, wild goose, swan, April 1-Sept. 1; and Dec. 15-March 1.

In Michigan the close season for deer is kept special dates, protected at all times; Dec. 15-Sept. 1; moose, elk, caribou, antelope, mountain sheep, mountain goat, Nov. 1-Sept. 1; bobwhite, California quail, mountain quail, Oriental pheasants, grouse, Chinese, copper, golden, Mongolian, ring-necked, silvery, until Oct. 15, 1901; partridge, grouse, prairie hen, native pheasant, ptarmigan, Dec. 1-Aug. 15; prairie chicken, introduced in Kitties and Kalkaska counties, Dec. 1-Oct. 1, 1901; Dec. 1-Aug. 15; plover, rail, sandhill crane, mallard, redhead, teal, canvas back, wood duck, spoonbill, gray or black duck, spirited or other wild duck, swan or other game or water fowl, March 1-Aug. 15.

Under section 1 of the Lacey act every package containing game animals or birds, when shipped to interstate commerce, must be clearly marked, so as to show the name and address of the shipper and the nature of the contents. Railroad and express companies should call the attention of their agents to this provision, and insist that all packages must be properly marked here before shipment. Packing or marking shipments of game in such a way as to conceal or obscure the nature of the contents of the package may be considered an evasion of the act, the penalty for which is the same as for violation. Recently a state law of Wisconsin a fine of $25 is provided for false marking of packages containing game.

In some states the prohibition against export is so broad as to include not only dead game, but also live animals and

117-119 West Superior Street, Duluth.

The New Store

117-119 West Superior Street, Duluth.

Slaughter Sale of Silk

DRESS SKIRTS, WAISTS and PETTICOATS.

Commencing Tomorrow, Thursday at 8 a. m.

You can buy any one of our **Silk Dress Skirts** up to the very best we have at a **Slaughtered Price.** We will sell:

Our $15.00 Taffeta Silk Dress Skirt	Our $18.50 Taffeta Silk Dress Skirt	Our $22.50 Taffeta Silk Dress Skirt	Our $25.00 Taffeta Silk Dress Skirt	Our $27.50 Taffeta Silk Dress Skirt	Our $30.00 Taffeta Silk Dress Skirt	Our $32.50 Taffeta Silk Dress Skirt
$10.50.	$12.50.	$15.00.	$18.00.	$18.50.	$20.00	$22.50

We Have too Many HIGH CLASS SILK WAISTS,

So We Slaughter the Prices on These. We Will Sell—

Our $4.48 Silk Waists, Blacks and Colors ---- $3.75 | Our $6.98 Taffeta Silk Waists, Black and Colors ---- $5.00 | Our $7.00 Silk Waists, Blacks and Colors ---- $6.25 | Our $10.00 Silk Waists, Blacks and Colors ---- $7.50

We have too many **SILK PETTICOATS** so we slaughter the price on them. We offer our $4.50 Silk Petticoats, all colors, for ---- $3.00 | We offer our $6.50 Silk Petticoats, all colors, for ---- $4.48

Remember—Every Silk Garment on the second floor will be offered at a **slaughtered price** during this sale. You know the high class character of our stock—our window contains a sprinkling, but only a sprinkling—you must see the stock—it is the right time to buy, take advantage of this sale—first come, first served, and the more the merrier. "THE NEW STORE," 117 and 119 West Superior Street, Duluth.

HAVE TO CUT PRICES.

British Steel Manufacturers Are Meeting American Competition.

London, Oct. 31.—British steel manufacturers who supply plates to the shipbuilders of the Clyde, are cutting rates in order to prevent their business from going to the United States.

L. B. Quinn, assistant editor of the Ironmonger, said to a correspondent yesterday:

"Unless the British steel man dashes prices ruthlessly every big hull on the Clyde will be fitted with American plates.

"American manufacturers not only supply first-class plates at exceedingly low prices, but they exercise every ollice new to please their customers. The Keen competition now prevailing allows the British and the Americans in the steel trade plus as in a very difficult position. We are compelled to go to Spain for our ores, whereas the American manufacturers have plenty of it at their very doors."

ENTHUSIASTIC CONVERTS.

There Are Thousands of Them Who Believe as This Woman Does.

Mrs. Ira Knowlton, of Butte, Montana, is a most enthusiastic convert to the virtues of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets as a cure for obstinate stomach trouble. She says: "I had poor digestion nearly all my life. It now seems to me that for years I never knew what it was to be hungry, to have a good natural appetite.

I was troubled with gas in stomach, causing pressure on the heart, with palpitation and short breath. Nearly everything I ate soured on my stomach, sometimes I had cramps in the stomach which almost resembled epilepsy.

Doctors told me I had catarrh of the stomach, but their medicines would not reach it, and I would still be a sufferer had I not, in sheer desperation, decided to try Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

I knew they were an advertised remedy and I didn't believe anything I read about them, as I had no confidence in advertised remedies, but my sister, living in Pittsburg, wrote me last spring telling me how Stuart's Tablets had cured her little daughter's of indigestion and loss of flesh and appetite, and I hesitated no longer.

I bought a 50-cent box at my drug store and took two of the large tablets after each meal and found them delightful to take, being as pleasant to the taste as candied candy. Whenever during the day or night I felt any pain or uneasiness in the stomach, or about the heart, I took one of the small tablets, and in three weeks it seemed to me as if I had never known what stomach trouble was.

I keep Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in the house and every member of our family uses them occasionally after a hearty meal or when any of us have a pain or ache in the digestive organs."

Mr. E. H. Davis, of Hampton, Va., says: "I doctored five years for dyspepsia, but to two months I got more benefit from Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets than in five years of the doctor's treatment."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest as well as the simplest and most convenient remedy for any form of indigestion, catarrh of stomach, biliousness, sour stomach, bloating after meals, sympathetic heart trouble.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is not a cheap catharetic but an active, digestive remedy, containing the pepsin and diastase which cures weak stomach lack and they cure stomach troubles because they digest the food eaten and give the weak, abused, over-worked stomach a chance to rest and recuperate.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold in every drug store in the United States, Canada and Great Britain.

CUT CORBETT ADRIFT.

George Considine Has Severed Relations With "Pompadour Jim."

New York, Oct. 31.—George Considine, the matchmaker of the Broadway Athletic club, and the former manager of Jim Corbett, admitted yesterday to a reporter that it was true he had severed his relations with "Pompadour Jim."

"I will issue a statement in a few days," said Considine, "relative to my sudden departure for England with Corbett and tell all I know about the Corbett-Courtney fight. As my name has been linked with this unfortunate affair, in justice to myself and reputation I will let the public know how I stand in regard to the match.

"While at London I visited the National Sporting club and was present the night the Mike Leonard-Dixon fight. I was much impressed with the way the club conducted its contest and like the idea of the referee being stationed outside at the ring, as it gives more innovation and another law is passed in this state to regulate boxing I will introduce the idea at the Broadway club.

"The power of the referee in boxing bouts in England is supreme. The pugilists are warned only once, and the least violation of rules is punished by disqualification. Most of the bouts terminate in decisions in a manner this is the order at the National Sporting club. Draws at this organization, I have been informed, are rare occurrences; there the bouts, if inconclusive among the spectators, so manifest at our clubs, are unheard of. Members and guests are only permitted to applaud during the rest between rounds. I have seen members of the aristocracy in England at the National club being called down for being too enthusiastic while the combat was in progress. I was treated coolly by the British sports, especially by Matchmaker Bettinson of the National club. The day before I left London for home I came across Kid Mercer. He had just arrived from Ireland. He did not say anything to me about his future relations, but I guess he intends to remain abroad for a long period."

BANK FOR THE CHURCH.

Mennonite Brethren Decide to Organize a Church Bank.

McPherson, Kas., Oct. 31.—The Mennonite Brethren church of Kansas proposes to go into the banking business. The bank is to have a capital of $5,000, and is to be run strictly as a money-making institution. The stock will be subscribed by members of the church.

The stockholders will receive a small percentage of the profits, but the greater part of the money earned will go into a missionary fund to be handed by the Mennonite Brethren Missionary association of North America. The money is to be used for foreign missions, principally in India, where the church is already doing missionary work. The church also has missions among the American Indians. This was decided at the general conference of the church at Buhler. Delegates were present from the territory extending from Manitoba to Texas. The following committee appointed by this conference will have charge of the bank: Abraham Shellenberger, of Alta; John Harms, of Hillsboro; Frank Ediger, of Buhler.

The Mennonite Brethren church has a membership of about 25,000.

A man's morals are an index to his business and domestic affairs. If you drink and cannot control your desire for liquor, you are injuring yourself, your family and your business. Stop today. Take the Keeley Cure. Call or write to the Keeley Institute, 615 10th st. So., Minneapolis, Minn.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

STRONG OPPOSITION.

Islanders Protest Against Being Sold to the United States.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., Oct. 31.—The report that the Danish West Indies are to be sold to the United States has evoked strong popular opposition to the proposed transfer. Monday night the inhabitants of the island of St. Croix held a torchlight procession by way of protest against the sale. The gathering was largely attended and the parade included many of the most influential inhabitants. The whole proceedings were of the most orderly description.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The coroner's jury in the finding of the body of Mrs. Charles A. Keffer on a public road, eight miles below Reading, Pa., early Monday evening, shot to death, developed yesterday when the body of her husband was found in a coal cave at Reading. He had chided the police during the night and killed himself early yesterday. The wife of some his wife 24 years old. In his pocket was found a farewell letter to his mother. He says he was driven to commit the crime by his wife, and that their married life had been very unhappy.

Orders have been sent to Pekin detaching Gen. James K. Wilson from duty as chief of staff under Gen. Chaffee and directing him to return to the United States.

Gen. Benjamin Flagler, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., died in New York yesterday.

A Denial.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The following appeared in the Winona Republican the evening, Leading republicans here I question that this is performed to your paper for publication.

THOMAS E. HILL.

Winona, Minn., Oct. 30.

To the Editor of The Republican:

My attention has been called to an article in The Duluth Herald stating that Capt. Van Sant never employed Catholics, and that he had given instructions to captains on his boats to employ none. I am at the present time captain of one of his boats, and I am also a member of the Catholic order of Hibernians. Many of the men employed by Capt. Van Sant are Catholics, and I am absolutely certain that no such instruction were ever given or thought of by him. The Hibernians, of Duluth, who are also Catholics, were in his employ for years, and there is not a man on the river who does not know and our relations both. I am a Democrat, but am doing everything in my power for the election of Capt. Van Sant, as are all his men, who have always found him not only straight and square, but watchful of their interests and full of kindness when misfortune has overtaken them. The statement is as false and slanderous as the balance of the Hibbert ed matter.

J. E. HANLEY.

"A dose in time saves lives." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. Trial Size 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH HAY-FEVER 50 CTS. ELY BROS. NEW YORK

WOMEN IMPRISONED

[illegible]

Take One

On Approval

[illegible]

The WM. RESOR & CO., Cincinnati, O.

Established 1845. Address Dept. 11.

AFTER SIXTY YEARS.

Youthful Lovers Are Married In Their Old Age.

[illegible]

DEATH BEFORE MARRIAGE.

Bridegroom's Legs Were Cut Off in a Railway Wreck.

[illegible]

LION GOT HIM

[illegible]

The best method of cleansing the liver is the use of the famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Easy to take. Never gripe. Max Wirth.

CABLE FLASHES.

A Berlin dispatch says Lieut. Prince Bernard von Arenberg, son of the German statesman, Prince von Arenberg, Bismarck's old opponent, who was sentenced last June, after a second trial, to imprisonment in a fortress for three years and six months for murdering in a peculiarly atrocious manner a prominent half-breed named Cain in German Southwest Africa, has secured a revision of sentence by which the penalty is increased to fifteen years' imprisonment in a fortress. It appears that the homicide was due solely to political reasons, Cain being suspected of being a British spy.

The local London government board announces the discovery of a sailor who is recovering from a malady of the "nature of the plague" on board the British steamer Ben Lomond, which arrived at London from Cebu, Philippine Islands, Oct. 26. The steamer and everything on board of her have been disinfected. The patient is detained at a hospital near the mouth of the Thames.

"A white-faced tribal revolt" says the Tangier correspondent of the London Daily Mail, "has broken out in Morocco against the provincial governors. Serious fighting is anticipated. The French are preparing an expedition to suppress Moorish bandits, who are active in the Algerian Hinterland."

Several bands of carlists have appeared in the neighborhood of Barcelona, Spain. Three priests have been arrested in Barcelona in connection with the Carlist activity. Their quarters were searched and important documents were found.

A London dispatch says the Sportsman announces that the prince of Wales has cancelled his retainer of "Tod" Sloan for 1901.

Monday's earthquake in Venezuela destroyed the town of Guarenas, resulting in the loss of twenty-five lives.

The Famous Shoe Dressing for Ladies' and Children's Shoes only 5c a bottle.

GREAT SHOE OFFERS

Every Thursday we make it a point to offer the strongest inducements to shoe buyers that are to be found in Duluth. Tomorrow will be no exception. We're determined to make it mighty interesting from a money-saving standpoint.

$2.39 Ladies' Vici Kid or Velour Calf Shoes—lace or button, to different styles of lasts. Positively the best value ever offered in the city at the price **$2.39**

39c FIRST QUALITY RUBBERS Cheaper than a cold—isn't it? Ladies' Storm Rubbers—all sizes and widths. **39c**

14c.... Ladies' and Misses' Rubbers; small and medium sizes, while they last... ..**14c**

49c Ladies' Flanned-lined Glove-Kid Slippers, regular price 75c; special tomorrow, at—per pair **49c**

69c Ladies' Persian Warm Slippers, hand-turned soles, regular price $1.00; special tomorrow, at—per pair..... **69c**

49c Ladies' all-felt House Slippers, regular price 75c; special tomorrow, at—per pair.. **49c**

98c Ladies' One-strap hand-turned Slippers, common sense or opera lasts, regular price $1.25; special tomorrow at—per pair..... **98c**

$1.39 Misses' Kangaroo, Box Calf or Heavy Kid Shoes, button or lace, well worth $1.75, in sizes 11½ to 2, special tomorrow at, a pair. **$1.39**

$1.19 Children's Kangaroo Box Calf or Heavy Kid Shoes, button or lace, sizes 8½ to 11; cheap at $1.50, special price tomorrow..... **$1.19**

THE FAMOUS

111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
The Bargain Shoe Store of Duluth.
RUBBER HEELS PUT ON WHILE YOU WAIT.

YOUR KIDNEYS!

After you tire of using the so-called kidney remedies without any benefit, use **Lincoln Sexual Pills** and be forever rid of those dull pains in your back. Discard that old fogy idea of "pain in the kidneys" and have all your bladder and urinary troubles cured, and your nights made restful by the use of nature's greatest assistant—**Lincoln Sexual Pills.**

Price, $1.00 per box—buy of your druggist or sent by mail on receipt of price, in plain wrapper.

LINCOLN PROPRIETARY CO., Fort Wayne, Ind.
For sale in Duluth by Max Wirth, Druggist.

THE FERRY PROBLEM

No Reason to Believe That It Will Be Continued After Today.

A TEMPORARY PLAN

Arrangement Sought to Continue It Ten Days But Not Yet Accomplished.

With consistency worthy of a better cause, and threatening corder pethy, or some other correct affliction, the Park Point ferry problem continues to tresspoodonic across the intellect of citizens in general and residents of Park Point.

The question today is on the possibility of getting across the canal tomorrow, without swimming. At noon the consensus of opinion was that Park Pointers would be giving imitations of Aphrodite floating on sun-kissed waves by this time tomorrow, but there is still a possibility that the steam ferry service may be continued.

By stipulation the judgment in the injunction suit brought last summer by L. J. Hopkins and others, restraining the city from operating the ferry in any manner, will be filed in the district court tomorrow. After that is filed the members of the board of public works are liable to be tried for contempt of court if the ferry is allowed to run by the city. However, an effort is being made today to have the taxpayers, who secured the injunction order, agree to another stipulation by which the city can be allowed to continue the ferry service until Nov. 1, by simply paying the wages of the men necessary to operate the boat. Capt. Ryan has consented to donate the services of the Estelle to the city during these ten days if the taxpayers will agree to hold off the filing of the injunction judgment. At noon today the men named with Mr. Hopkins in bringing the injunction had indicated no desire to enter a further stipulation.

At present the city has no right to operate any kind of a ferry across the ship canal. A charter amendment is to be presented at the election next Tuesday giving the city that right, but at present there is nothing in the city charter or state laws authorizing the city to spend a cent for the ferry. This was well known to the city officials when the Park Point ferry injunction proceedings were instituted last summer. The court granted the injunctional order restraining the city from continuing the service, but the city, sparing for time, served notice for an appeal to the supreme court, thus preventing the filing of the district court's judgment. This was considered quite a technical victory for the city, and provided for the continuation of the service till the end of the present season's navigation. However, late in September, Mr. Richards, the attorney for the taxpayers, discovered a point in the new Groene charter by which he would appeal from the proceedings of the council to the district court and then to the supreme court, or certain claims allowed by the council. Had they taken this step the taxpayers could have held up Capt. Ryan's pay indefinitely, and stopped the ferry then and there. This was considered a technical victory for the taxpayers. Then came the stipulation by which it was agreed between Attorney J. Richards and City Attorney Mitchell that if the taxpayers should agree to hold up Capt. Ryan's pay the city would agree to terminate the contract on Nov. 1.

Unless the taxpayers can be brought about to another stipulation the city will be compelled to carry out its end of this agreement tomorrow.

It is estimated that it would only cost the city $125 to run the ferry for those ten days, since Capt. Ryan has offered the boat free. At the end of that time it will be known whether or not the proposed charter amendment is carried, and the future of the ferry hangs on that.

Park Pointers are stirring up considerable interest in the proposed amendment and have strong hopes of carrying it through by a satisfactory majority.

THE LUMBER RATE.

Cleveland Report That It Is $3 Is Denied.

For several days past there has been a persistent report from Cleveland that the head of the lake lumber rate is $3. Though inquiry has been made among both shippers and vessel men it has failed to disclose the existence of a rate other than $2.50, which latter seems to be very firm. Vesselmen say that it is only another instance where the people at Cleveland think they know head of the lake conditions better than those who are doing business here, or else the shippers at the lower ports are making a determined effort to raise a big fleet of lumber vessels to the head of the lake with the exception of getting a $3 rate. The presence of a large fleet here would naturally force the rate down from the present standard.

AMUSEMENTS.

"SIS HOPKINS."

When the awkward, ungainly, philosophical country girl walks on the stage in the first act of "Sis Hopkins," which will be presented at the Lyceum Friday, one naturally wonders why it was that no one thought to give the stage such a quaint and interesting character before. The character of Sis is one to which a person can lend a good deal of thought, not alone because the part is purely a comedy part, but because it is true to life and there are girls in the homes of the country towns of Indiana who are as like Sis as two pears are like one another.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's
Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of
Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

GOV. LIND'S COMING

To Speak at West Duluth First and Later at Normanna Hall.

O'BRIEN TO SPEAK

Well Known St. Paul Man to Address West Duluth Voters.

The fusionists of Duluth will have two great meetings tomorrow evening in the western part of the city. Governor John Lind will make his second appearance here during this campaign. His first appearance, however, was unexpected and was so brief that it could hardly be given the name of a political visit. It was at the time of the Bryan meeting here on Oct. 1. All he had to say then was to remind the voters that the Republican prediction that the election of a fusion governor would mean the loss of the credit and standing of the state in financial matters had not been verified and that on the contrary Minnesota never stood better in the financial centers than it does now and the credit of the state was never better. This time he will address the voters at more length and will tell them why the election of a fusion governor has not brought disaster or discredit to the state of Minnesota, but has caused it to stand higher than ever abroad and to be believed by the great masses of the people at home.

Governor Lind's canvass throughout the state was only begun two or three weeks ago, but already it has brought terror and dismay to the Republicans, who have been so confidently predicting the election of Capt. Van Sant. Before Governor Lind took the stump they did not realize the hold which he has upon the voters of the state, but as they have seen the enormous crowds that flock to hear him and cheer him to the echo, there has come upon them a realization of the fact that the task of electing Capt. Van Sant is a bigger one than they had counted on—that they are up against it, as common parlance very effectively expresses it. Every attack made upon his administration has been met by the governor with such force and convincing argument that his enemies have been confounded. They have found that the governor is a veritable buzz saw that is to be respected and approached with exceeding caution by any one having hostile intentions.

Governor Lind's next appearance tomorrow evening will be at Great Eastern hall, in West Duluth, and it is expected that he will open his address there shortly before 8 o'clock, at as early an hour as he can reach the hall. He will speak about an hour and will then go to Normanna hall, where he will speak for the balance of the evening.

After Governor Lind closes at West Duluth, the platform will be taken by Hon. Chris. C. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, one of the most effective speakers in Minnesota, and one of its most popular men. His name is known everywhere and Duluth knows him well, too, for he has appeared here several times.

At the West End the meeting will be held at Normanna hall and Henry Truelsen, the fusion candidate for congress, will open the speaking there. It will be his first speech in Duluth this campaign and the ex-mayor will warm the boys up in his most enthusiastic style. The speeches which he has been making everywhere throughout the district have been effective and, though his opponents have sought to belittle him his arguments have been unanswerable. He has been dignified in his speech, has avoided anything like personalities or bitterness and has conducted a clean, straightforward and vigorous campaign. Mr. Truelsen will conclude his speech there when Governor Lind arrives and will then go to Great Eastern hall and at the conclusion of Mr. O'Brien's address will talk to the voters.

French Republican Club.

The French Republican club was addressed at Central hall at Twelfth avenue west last evening by Donat Boyer, of St. Paul. L. Forrest presided at the meeting. Other addresses were made by G. D. LeSage, Sheriff Sargent, E. M. Patterson, candidate for county commissioner, and J. P. Johnson, candidate for clerk of court.

First Voters Organize.

The Republican First Voters' club organized last evening at Republican headquarters by the election of A. H. Wigdahl as marshal with power to choose his aides. Addresses were made by Frank D. Adams, F. E. Searle and E. L. Millar. The club will act as a special escort for Hon. Knute Nelson this evening.

"The New Store" is holding slaughter sales in silks, dress goods and made-up garments in silk. It's "bargain time" for the ladies now.

KILL THAT PAIN

Whether acute or chronic, external or internal it will yield at once to MULL'S

LIGHTNING PAIN KILLER.

This remedy stands alone amongst recent discoveries—It is unique. Any and all pains are not only instantly killed, but a permanent cure follows its continued use. Absolutely safe and harmless—no opiates, ammonia or capsicum. 25c and 50c bottles. Ask your druggist or write The Lightning Medicine Co., Muscatine, Iowa.

Pioneer Kidney Cure is a vegetable specific for all kidney and bladder trouble. A dollar draft in each $1.00 box guarantees this statement.

For sale by all druggists.
Trade supplied by LEITHHEAD DRUG CO.

No goods exchanged during this sale.

STACK & CO.

Come early. First choice is preferable.

Bought at 25c, 50c and 75c on the Dollar,

A Part of Three

BANKRUPT STOCKS

Also a portion of J. D. Weir's Linen Stock of New York City at Half Price.

The stocks consist of Underwear, Hosiery, Blankets, Comforters, Cloaks, Skirts, Men's Shirts, Shirt Waists, Dress Goods, etc.

An opportunity seldom, if ever, equalled to get staple merchandise, not summer goods, but immediate wants, at--

25c, 50c and 75c on the Dollar.

300 dozen all wool Hose, some ladies,' some misses,' some boys,' some infants', all in one great lot, worth 25c a pair, at..... **15c**

100 dozen Misses' and Boys' all wool Underwear, worth 50c and 75c a garment, your choice at the low price of..... **25c**

250 dozen Misses' and Boys' Heavy Fleece Lined Hose, worth 21c a pair. Our special low price only—per pair..... **10c**

2000 Spools Corticelli Sewing Silk, 50-yard spools, guaranteed first quality, per spool..... **2½c**

200 pieces Table Oil Cloth, worth 20c per yard. Sale price—per yard..... **12½c**

100 pieces Cotton Crash, the kind always sold at 5c, at..... **2c**

25 pieces Turkey Red Table Damask, worth 25c a yard, at..... **15c**

10 pieces Bleached Damask—worth 35c a yard, at..... **19c**

2000 yards Remnants Unbleached Muslin, worth 7c a yard, at..... **3½c**

50 pieces plain Domet, worth 7c a yard. Sale price, per yard..... **3½c**

Ladies' Jackets, heavy Cheviot lined throughout, in black and colors, storm collar, worth $6.50 **$3.69**

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!

2000 lengths all wool ingrains, worth from 65c to 90c a yard, choice at..... 33c

HALLOWE'EN ENTERTAINMENT.

Clan Stewart Gives Delightful Entertainment at the Armory.

The reputation of members of Clan Stewart for being royal entertainers was never better exemplified than last evening, and it was an entertainment that well repaid the large audience that, notwithstanding the inclement weather, completely filled the Armory. As early as 7 o'clock the people came flocking in, and shortly after 8 o'clock, when Chief Henry Taylor stepped on the stage, preceded by Piper John Drew, and started the proceedings with a few appropriate remarks, every available seat in the large auditorium was occupied. The gallery was also crowded.

Mr. Taylor welcomed the ladies and gentlemen in name of Clan Stewart, and hoped they would spend a pleasant evening. He advised those who did not understand the derivation of the word "Hallowe'en" to read Burns' poem on that subject. He told a story of the Scotsman who was asked what was meant by the silver, golden and jubilee wedding, and replied that the silver wedding was at the end of the twenty-fifth year, the golden at fifty and the jubilee was when the man died. In conclusion, he thanked the audience for braving the storm, and trusted that the program submitted by Clan Stewart would be both instructive and amusing.

Miss Mary Burnett sang with much feeling "Jock o' Hazledean," and received an enthusiastic encore. Miss Jennie Thomson gave a fine violin solo, "Auld Robin Gray," and at the close was warmly applauded. A very pretty duet was given by Misses Burnett and Malcolm, "Ye Banks and Braes o' Bonnie Doon," their voices blending very sweetly. Miss Thomson also gave "Scottish Selections" on the mandolin. She showed herself as proficient with the mandolin as with the violin, and the selection was well received.

Professor John Smith danced "The Highland Fling," and to the majority of the audience it looked the very poetry of motion. He had to respond to an encore by giving "The Sword Dance." A feature of the program, and one which was greatly appreciated by the large audience, was "Home, Sweet Home," illustrated, and the pictures of Scotland, as well as the moving pictures, "London Fire Brigade," "Lord Dundonald on His Way to the Relief of Ladysmith," "Charge of the Twenty-first Lancers," "Maj. Wilson's Last Stand," were fine. The animated pictures ranged from the sublime to the ridiculous. Mr. Henry manipulated the Kinematograph, and under his able management the various pictures, both animate and inanimate, were put on the canvas in a masterly way.

The second part of the program was equally enjoyable, and altogether the concert was one of the most delightful that has ever been presented by Clan Stewart to a Duluth audience.

HALLOWE'EN NIGHT.

Carry the Gates Indoors and Chain the Steps Down.

Tonight's the night, and it will be very good advice to all owners of movables that are located outside of buildings, such as gates and signs and such, will do well to bring them inside of the house early this evening. It is Hallowe'en tonight, and, in accordance with the custom of old, more or less mischief may be expected, for which it will be well to be prepared in advance. The police will probably be on the lookout to prevent the mischief overreaching the bounds of innocence, but the city is large and the policemen are not many, and these facts, taken together with the further fact that the numbers engaged in the work of celebrating the reign of disorder will be great, are an assurance that something will be accomplished.

The mischief will run all the way from tick-tacks up to switching signs and gates. The tick-tack is an instrument that is innocent enough, but that is capable of producing a very satisfactory effect. If a family is quietly pursuing their evening occupations, having forgotten what the night is the clatter of a tick-tack on the window is warranted to jar their nerves satisfactorily, and stir up thoughts of burglars.

There will be some Hallowe'en parties, where the old superstitions of the day will be carried out.

November Weather Data.

In twenty-nine years the normal temperature for Duluth weather during the month of November has been 29 degrees above zero, and the lowest November temperature in twenty-nine years was 29 degrees below zero. This cold day was recorded in 1875. It will be interesting to know that from past records it is figured that only about 1.61 inches of rain will fall, still it is liable to exception for in 1880 nearly three inches fell. On Nov. 22, 1886, a foot of snow fell.

Mouse Had Treed Them.

A business man of this city, who has recently introduced a telephone at his home, says he has discovered a new use for the instrument. A few days ago the bell rang furiously just as one of the proprietors of the store happened to be alone and was waiting on some customers. He was rather confused at leaving them, but managed to excuse himself for a few moments. Rushing to the 'phone he yelled "Hello" as quickly as possible. No sooner had he placed his ear to the trumpet than he heard his wife exclaim in imperative tones, "Charlie, Charlie, come home as quick as you can. We are all treed on the dining room table and a mouse is on the floor and won't let any of us get down."

PALMER HELD.

Must Await Action of Grand Jury on the Charges Made.

The preliminary examination of Rosswell H. Palmer terminated suddenly last evening with the state's closing testimony regarding liberties alleged to have been taken with Annia Mausolf. The second and similar charge in which little Mary Makowski appeared was dismissed on motion of the prosecution on the ground that the state did not have sufficient incriminating evidence.

In the first case about six young girls from 13 to 15 years of age testified that they had been in Mr. Palmer's office at various times and received money from him. The defense relied entirely on cross-examination and did not put a witness on the stand. The case was submitted to the court with very little argument on either side.

Judge Edson, after reviewing the evidence, said that the disclosures were such that he would hold the defendant for investigation by the grand jury, which meets a week from today.

Mr. Palmer's bond was fixed at $1000, and Alfred Merritt, T. A. Merritt and M. M. Clark went on it as sureties.

Do not get scared if your heart troubles you. Most likely you suffer from indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and gives the worn out stomach perfect rest. It is the only preparation known that completely digests all classes of foods; that is why it cures the worst cases of indigestion and stomach trouble after everything else has failed. It may be taken in all conditions and cannot help but do you good. Max Wirth.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD

SEP 1 1900 THRU OCT 31 1900

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